

Carleton Place Herald

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READING NOTICES are inserted at 10 cts. per line, first insertion, and if the same matter continues, at 5 cts. per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without specified instructions will be inserted till for and charged accordingly.

The business office of THE HERALD is open every morning from 7 to 9 o'clock, and on Monday and Saturday evenings to 9 o'clock, to receive notices, notices, and notices needing printing.

NOTICE.—All copy for changes of advertisements should be in on Saturday evening, or not later than 9 o'clock on Monday morning. As THE HERALD goes to press on Tuesday morning the necessity for this rule is obvious.

A file of this paper may be seen at McKim's Advertising Agency, Montreal, and at Gibbons' Agency, Toronto.

All money letters should be registered, and all correspondence addressed to

THE HERALD,
Carleton Place, Ont.

THE HERALD.

TUESDAY, MAY 16TH, 1916

In the Quebec provincial elections, nominations were held yesterday, when 22 Liberals and 3 Conservatives were elected by acclamation.

PRODUCTION TO CAPACITY.

Is the farmer justified in believing that the firm tone of the horse market and the present high prices for livestock rest upon a secure foundation? May he look forward with any confidence to the next season's or next year's market? Should he prepare, as against an advertised shortage and high prices for all classes of farm animals, by breeding a larger number of mares or of cows, sheep, hogs and poultry? We are confident that the farmer has never been in a more secure position than the present, as regards the extension of his breeding operations, but, to form more easily his own conclusions, the following facts are submitted:

HORSES.

Since the outbreak of the war, the British Remount Commission has purchased in Canada 13,000 horses, 8,000 have been bought by French contractors and 22,000 by the Canadian Department of Militia. The Department of Militia is now engaged in buying an additional thousand head. The British Remount Commission has purchased over 700 since March and is buying daily in Montreal. French contractors are anxious to obtain supplies and are arranging to buy all that are available both in the East and in the West. It is understood that, as a result of the purchases already made, army buyers are finding it increasingly difficult, both in United States and in Canada, to readily secure the number of horses which they require, particularly of the type suitable for heavy cavalry or heavy artillery.

In addition to the purchases for army account, commercial activity from two distinct quarters has exerted a very evident influence upon the Canadian horse market during the past three or four months. Since the beginning of the year, 6,000 horses reached the Winnipeg Stock Yards from Eastern Canada and 5,917 were shipped from the same yards westward, mostly to Saskatchewan. During the months of January, February and March, 1,805 horses were exported to the United States. A few hundred more went forward to the same market in April. The horses exported were good farm chunks weighing from 1,300 to 1,500 lbs. As high as \$500.00 a pair was paid for animals possessing extra quality and conformation. This new movement in the horse market is having its effect upon prices all over Canada.

Buyers report that the better classes of drafters and farm chunks are getting scarce and hard to buy. The same holds true of good big roadsters and saddlers. The noticeable scarcity of good horses of these descriptions illustrates the facts that demand has already overtaken supply and makes it very evident that all the really good sound mares in the country should be bred this year. It cannot be too strongly emphasized however, that they should be mated only with strictly high class sires. The number of horses rejected by army buyers clearly indicates that there is no place for the unsound horse or for the misfit. Such animals have been, and now always will be a drag on the market. Breed to the best if you would have the best. Unsound or malformed mares are just as bad as unsound stallions. It is easier to raise a good animal than a poor one. Manage the work this spring in order that the best mare on the farm may be regularly returned to the horse. Next year a good crop of sound, healthy colts will be as good as a bank account. Canada is likely to enter shortly the commercial export market and that market will require all you can produce.

The United States will take no action at present against Great Britain.

The Germans captured 500 yards of British trenches, but lost them in a counter-attack.

Major Asselin, Nationalist, having raised the battalion which he was authorized to recruit in Montreal district that corps will shortly leave for the front.

Hon. J. A. Oimmet, K.C., P.C. former Minister of Public Works under Sir John Macdonald and former Justice of the Court of Appeal, died at Montreal aged 69.

LULL AROUND VERDUN

Artillery Duels Only Reported in Long Battle.

French Troops Have Retaken Many Trenches, and the Enemy Has Been Forced Back at Hill 304 and at Hill 287—German Attacks on Fort Douaumont-Vaux Line Have Been Renewed.

PARIS, May 15.—A marked lull in the fighting Saturday night and Sunday is reported from the Verdun region. The vicinity of Le Mort Homme was subjected Saturday night to a violent bombardment by the German artillery. This and intermittent artillery duels Sunday at various points comprise the only activity in this sector.

A German attack was made Saturday night on French lines in the Bois des Loges, between Premieres and Beauvraignes, south of Roze. The attack was repulsed.

Two French mines were exploded Sunday in the sector of La Fille Morte in the Argonne, destroying German trenches.

A French squadron composed of ten aeroplanes dropped forty-three shells on the railway stations at Nantillole and Briellules and on bivouacs, in the regions of Mont Faucon and Romagne. The same night aeroplanes dropped 11 shells on the dirigible hangar at Metz-Frescati.

After bombarding the French lines in the sector between the Bois d'Avocourt and Hill 304 on Friday night, the Germans made two attacks on the left bank of the Meuse Sunday, one to the west of Hill 304 and the other, in the nature of a surprise attack, on the eastern slopes of Le Mort Homme. Both attacks failed completely. After these assaults the German guns lessened the severity of their fire on this bank of the river. On the east bank and in the Woivre there was comparative calm all day.

The French made further progress in the vicinity of Hill 287, while the Germans gave their attention to the east bank of the river, renewing their attacks on the Fort Douaumont-Vaux line, in the region of the Bois de la Callette. These attacks were preceded by a very violent preparatory artillery fire, but the French lines were held at every point and the Germans were repulsed with serious losses.

After the failure of these attempts, the Germans shifted their attack slightly to the west, to the north of Thiaumont farm. The French fire curtain here blocked all progress.

A renewal of the German activity at Les Eparges, at the foot of the heights of the Meuse, was undertaken by a strong reconnoitring party assisted by a heavy bombardment. The Germans were unable, under the French fire, to leave their trenches.

MARTIAL LAW RELAXED.

Premier Asquith Relieves Dublin of Hard Restrictions.

DUBLIN, May 15.—The great modification in the regulations of martial law gave the people of Dublin Sunday a freedom of movement strongly contrasting with the restrictions imposed since the rebellion. All may now come and go as they wish between the hours of four in the morning and midnight. During the remaining four hours they must keep within doors.

It is generally understood that Premier Asquith is responsible for this relaxation. The Premier's study of conditions and the sentiments of the people apparently convinced him that there was no great element of rebellious spirit remaining.

Mr. Asquith's chief occupation since his arrival in Dublin has consisted in seeking a method for the adjustment of the Irish crisis and in ascertaining whether it would be advisable to return to the former system of government or adopt a change of rule more in accordance with the wishes of the people. The Premier has also given some attention to minor factors, these having to do with the disposal of the remaining rebel prisoners and compensation for the material damage done in Dublin.

LIVING ON DOGS.

Belgian Situation is Reaching an Alarming Phase.

LONDON, May 15.—Coincident with reports of a food crisis in Germany news has reached here from a highly authoritative source that conditions in Belgium are approaching an alarming phase. At a recent meeting of the Belgian Relief Committee at the Mansion House Mr. Asquith stated that the Belgian population was on short rations. Matters have now attained such a pitch that dogs are being slaughtered for food.

The suggestion is made that, while the German authorities in Belgium are keeping strictly to the letter of their contract with the American organizers of Belgian relief and are not attempting to divert any supplies sent for the Belgian population, their requisitions upon the home produce of the country are so heavy that foodstuffs sent into the country by the agency of the Belgian Relief Committee are inadequate to meet the necessities of the population.

Freighter on Rocks at Detour Light.

SAULT STE. MARIE, May 15.—A telephone message from Detour Sunday night reports a large freighter on the rocks about two miles off Detour light. The identity of the vessel is unknown.

STRUGGLE AT ERZINGAN

Russians Engaged in Effort to Take Military Centre.

Turks After an All-day Battle Have Compelled the Grand Duke's Troops to Retire at Some Points—Another Russian Army Has Taken Town of Rowanduz in Mesopotamia.

PETROGRAD, May 15.—The Russian forces near Erzingan, an important military centre 100 miles west of Erzerum, in a battle with the Turks captured 30 officers and 365 men. The Russian left wing also gained a victory over the Turks and captured prisoners and loot, including 2,000 rifles. On the following day the Turks, having concentrated in considerable forces, assumed the offensive, and after an all-day fight compelled the Russian advance guards to retire in some places.

In the direction of Mosul the Russian troops in Mesopotamia have occupied the Rowanduz region, where they defeated enemy detachments and captured three guns.

Saturday night's official communication concerning these operations says: "In the direction of Erzingan detachments of our regular troops in conjunction with territorial reserves, following a merciless night attack powerfully organized by the enemy on a lofty range dominating the whole adjoining region, took prisoner in the course of the engagement 30 officers and 365 soldiers of Turkish infantry."

"The troops forming the advance guard of our army easily checked an enemy offensive movement in the region of Mamakhatun."

"On the left wing of our army one of our columns having defeated the Turks in an engagement which lasted two days, made prisoners and captured an undamaged gun, over 2,000 rifles, many thousand cartridges, and a large quantity of gunpowder and other material."

"In the direction of Balbut we everywhere repulsed attacks by the Turks, who suffered heavy losses. In the direction of Erzingan and in the region of Aschkala, the Turks, having concentrated in considerable forces, assumed the offensive, and after a desperate fight lasting the whole day, compelled our advance guards to retire in places. Finally, however, they ceased the offensive owing to the extremely heavy losses inflicted by our fire."

"In the direction of Mosul our troops in Mesopotamia have occupied the Rowanduz region, where they defeated enemy detachments, which during the precipitate retreat abandoned three guns and some war material."

The Constantinople official report of Sunday says: "In the Caucasus region the enemy having been driven from his positions in the sector of Kope, north-west of Erzingan, and having renewed his offensive which failed on the 11th, began a series of violent attacks in order to recapture lost positions on the Kope mountains and at Bahtli, north of Kope. The attacks were repulsed. Our efficacious artillery fire made terrible gaps in the retreating hostile columns. We captured about 300 prisoners. On the other sectors of the front there have been small fights between patrols."

Two Russian Armies Moving.

PETROGRAD, May 15.—A Russian army has entered Mesopotamia from the north, and has taken Rowanduz, 82 miles north-east of Mosul. Announcement of the taking of the town made last night was the first official intimation that there are two Russian armies engaged in the Mesopotamian operations. The other army recently took Kasr-i-Shirin, on the Persian side of the Persian-Mesopotamian frontier, and is supposed to be preparing to advance down the Dila valley against Bagdad. Mosul is on the Tigris, 200 miles north of Bagdad.

TO CONSIDER PENSIONS.

House Will Probably Pass Report of Committee Unanimously.

OTTAWA, May 15.—Legislation will, it is understood, be introduced to-morrow to give effect to the report of the Committee on Pensions. It will probably pass unanimously.

The committee's recommendation, it will be remembered, included a schedule of pensioning on an appreciably higher scale than has hitherto prevailed. There are also a number of provisions as to the classes into which different degrees of disability, warranting pensioning, are divided. As a result of the passage of this legislation, the Canadian private soldier will be placed in an exceptionally favorable position as compared with the amounts of pensions paid by the other dominions, Great Britain and the other warring nations.

Germans Bombard Greek Village.

LONDON, May 15.—The Salonica correspondent of The Daily Mail under Sunday's date, says: "After a forty-eight hours' pause the Germans have resumed their violent bombardment of the French positions. They threw shells into a Greek village, which they believed was occupied by the French, fourteen inhabitants, including several women and children, being killed."

Turks and Bulgarians on West Front.

THE HAGUE, May 14.—Germany, it is stated, is sending heavy reinforcements into Belgium, including detachments of Turco-Bulgarians, to offset the presence of the Russians on the western front. Military experts here believe this important movement foreshadows another attempt to reach Calais and pressages a big battle.

An order in Council was passed providing for automobile license reciprocity between Ontario, New York and Michigan.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

BIRTHS.

GILES—In Carleton Place, May 13th, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Giles, a son.
Sawyer—In Beckwith, 7th Line, May 11th, to Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Stewart, a son.

MARRIAGES.

POWELL HENDERSON—At the home of the parents, May 13th, by Rev. J. W. S. Lowry, Mr. Alfred J. Powell, of Lorneburg, Sask., to Miss Janet Agnes (Nettie) Henderson, daughter of Mr. David Henderson, of Beckwith.

DEATHS.

MCROSTIE—At Superior, Monday, May 15th, John H. McRostie, eldest son of the late Peter McRostie, of Carleton Place.
WARREN—In Carleton Place, May 11th, Mary McCulloch, widow of the late James Warren, aged 64 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BECKWITH COUNCIL.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipal Council of the Township of Beckwith will meet at the Township Hall on Saturday, May 27th, 1916, at 10 o'clock a.m., as Court of Revision, and afterwards for General Business.

J. W. ROBERTSON,
Tp. Clerk.

APOLOGY.

THE statement that Mr. Alfred Ireton wrote the milk sent by him to the cheese factory is a been circulated and I have been accused of originating it. I have no recollection of ever having made that statement, and if anything I ever said could be so construed I was much mistaken. I have no foundation whatever for making any such accusation against Mr. Ireton. I will try and freely make and publish this notice in order to undo any injury that could have been done Mr. Ireton by anything said by me in that respect.

Dated 11th day of May, 1916.



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Cashel Lad

Inspected and enrolled under the Stallion Act of Ontario, Certificate No. 1934, dated to December 31, 1916, will be permitted to serve a limited number of Mares during the season of 1916 at his Owner's Stable, Carleton Place. Will be pleased to show this fine animal to intending breeders.

CASHEL LAD (Reg. 12775) is a handsome horse of true Clydesdale type, a bright bay in color, with strip on face and legs white, foaled April 30th, 1911, bred by Ed. M. Meyer, of Cashel, Ont. Sir Gay Sprig, imp. 7270; grand sire Gay Everard, imp. 5542; Dam, Lavina, 1917; by Luthian Boy imp. 388; grand dam Mand of Bethesda, 1 614, and so on for many generations.

W. A. NICHOLS,
Owner.



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We have everything in Tinware that the careful house-keeper could desire at this busy season.

Sauce Pans, Pails, Dippers, Boilers, Carpet Sweepers, Carpet Beaters, etc.

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Come and fill any deficiency in your kitchen, no reason why you should be short of anything when purchasing is so easy here.

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