The Bay Town, After an Eight Years' Interval—Livelier Places in Florida—A Well Without a Bettem — Representatives Who Should Account for their Stewardship. [SIGHTS LETTER.]
TALLAHASSEE, Fla., April 10. — Or

awaking this morning from a sound sleep, a train of ideas was running through my head at a rapid rate, and as some of the readers of Progress are fond of light literature. I will endeavor to crystalize some of these luminous thoughts into something like palpable form. For example, I passed tew days since, and at once your new bay steamer by that name passed through my mind, while the place itself so strongly reminded me of St. Andrews that I could not help but make a note of it. The same ad streets, with scattered residences and grassy roads, without shade trees, and man beings to be seen few and far between-the whole town flattened out, and the only noise to be heard was the wind whistling along the house tops and telegraph wires. Of course, there is a vast lifference in the temperature—here mercury 80°, St. Andrews in this month of April getting up into the 50s. I am glad, however, to think that St. Andrews has bright prospects before her, through the rmed American syndicate and the Algonquin hotel—for it is high time that so beautiful a place, from natural ddvantages, were resurrected and brought into the world's eye once more. Formerly a large West India business was conducted herebut for years everything has been dormant, and the once fine wharves have been going to decay ever since. Two years ago-in company with our popular friend, Mr. Wilson, M. P. P., and the late Mr. George Grimmer, of excellent memory-I rode through the streets of St. Andrews. I had not been there for ten years before. Everything looked the same as if not more than a day's interval of time had transpired. The same boys (apparently), dressed exactly alike, were sitting on the ends of the wharves, barefooted, trying to catch fish with long poles, but even the fish did not seem to have any ambition to bite, as the boys never brought any to the surface.

Ten years before I saw a man jogging round the corner of a street with a broker straw hat on his head, in a two-wheeled eart, and he had not yet got round the corner when I saw him two years ago. I suppose he is round by this time. The ne two young girls who, on my previous visit, were looking out of a second story window, straining hard to see something down the street, were to all appearance the identical girls who were doing the same thing ten years before, as if they had been on the watch (for a young man, perhaps) during all that time. The weathercock that had been bent over on one of the church spires continued in the same shape Nobody seemed to have ambition enough to go up and straighten it out. Like the hower of Pisa, its want of perpendicularity same bevy of gentlemen whom I saw ten years before focussed in front of the postoffice, smoking pipes and cigars, in earnest conversation, perhaps over the "Scott act"-gentlemen of leisure, apparentlywere still transfixed to the very same spot, as if they had not eaten or drunken anything since I saw them ten years before But perhaps your readers will begin to think I am carrying my allegory a little too far.

We next called at the custom house to see our old friend, Collector Gove, and even in him we could discern no difference. In appearance he was not a day older: but what there was for him to do I could not very well understand, for there was not a single vessel in port, and the "oldest in habitant" could not remember the day when he last saw a square-rigged ship. I wharves, half filled with water, the very same, I thought, that was lying there ten years before. My friend Gove, however, must not think I am trying to do away with ended. ubt, he finds plenty of employment, my chaffing to the contrary, actwithstanding. I am glad to believe new and prosperous era

for the introduction of water works-not a the sides, is the rule. Our well is of this turning a little brackish, a couple of darkeys, feet beneath—the theory therefore is that in digging the darkies disturbed one of the wick, (as far as circumstances will allow so given for the water to run out and find spective constitutions)—that is to say, take sent in some other direction. At all events St. John for example, and upon their re-

carrier. She is in very good humor at present. But as regards the water works in process of introduction Tallahassee will never know the great blessing of the supply but for fire purposes, and I am surprised to learn that there is not a single fire engine in the place—wells and buckets being the

works, run by steam power—the modus operandi is interesting, but I have not room here to explain it. Think of freezing ice with the mercury at 85! At present the factory is idle, consequently we have to make our ice cream out of hot water, and as to "sherry cobblers" and "gin cocktails" has been promised by my friends here from think of a country without ice!

and judging by his looks and actions we some time before the flood. Gilbert is his them some day, when we come to publish name, but I call him "Old Hundred." Of our second Political Volume. course he was once a chattel, and if he were interest in him. He is now alone in the world, and there is very little fellow feeling among the Southern darkeys for one another. So poor "Old Hundred" paddles about in his own way, uncared for, and he caring suppose, is the true type of humanity the world over.

Yesterday afternoon I was present in the House of Representatives, having been provided with an excellent seat by the usher on the floor of the House, near the speaker's chair, so that I would see and hear, to great advantage. The occasion was most interesting, and the hall was crowded with members of both branches, and ladies and gentlemen, natives and visitors. The attraction was an address to be delivered by Senator Call, (a nephew I believe of ex-governor Call,) just returned from Washington, who, having been elected by the representatives of Florida (according to the constitution which governs all the states alike, I suppose) to serve them as Senator in Congress, he now returns and meets his constituents (the representative body) in order to lay before them an account of his stewardship. The hon. gentleman was introduced by the speaker of the house. His appearance was dignified and commanding-his voice fine and language that of one well accustomed to public speaking, flowing in phrases well set, and words and ideas grammatically put together and captivating. He spoke for an hour and a half, and I was so taken with him I could have listened without wearying for another hour and a half. Of course it is necessary to state the tenor of his address-it was based upon his services in the senate of the United States, in behalf of the South, the state of Florida in particular. Although strongly Democratic as all the South is, and although his party was defeated at the recent election for president, he spoke magnanimously of the incoming administration, was willing to accept the inevitable and loyally stand by the constitution, whatever the party in the ascendent, and yet without sacrifice

of principle. It seemed to me an excellent arrangethe second branch of Congress, to comeforward and inform the people through them, how he had discharged his duties

The rates of the sectory and the sectory are rates of the sectory are respectively. during the congressional session, just

It might be observed here that the political balances of the American constitution are so nicely adjusted that the power of the that St. Andrews is about entering upon a people is even more strongly and fairly expressed through the senate than the repre-But I am in Tallahassee now, not St.

Andrews. An effort is being made here state in the union has as much to say in the senate as the largest, each and all of the day too soon. The whole dependence for states sending two members, and two only to that branch of the legislature. Therewells and water tanks. The clay soil is so fore as all measures have to pass through stiff that it can be cut like cheese—a well the same ordeal in both houses, and the 40 feet deep without a single stone to brace concurrent action of both is necessary to become law, the interests of each individual pattern cut as smoothly down as if the sides state are better looked after or protected, were red granite. Finding the water supply from the fact already shown, viz: that a short time since, contracted to go down the well in the bucket, a distance of about the well in to clean it out, for which they were lation), when it comes to the senate Florida. whereas New York sends 40 representa-The result was they did not only is as strong as New York, for both are on send up a large quantity of accumulated silt and debris, but they actually knocked the bottom out of the well, in other words the soil is so singularly fissured that rivulets run underground in all directions, many feet beneath—the theory therefore is that wer strata veins, hence a new channel is arising from political differences in the rewe have been without water ever since (I would just ask our temperance friends here don, Ellis and Skinner to meet the people

A TRAIN OF THOUGHT if we cannot get water to drink what is to be done?) Not quite so bad, however, so long as Mr. McKenzie on the next corner is willing to supply our wants, and our domestic does not object to be our water.

The Bay Town, After an Eight Years' Interrepresentatives of the other sections of the

> ex-governor Bloxham and his excellent lady at their mansion yesterday, where we such as an antique gilt side table over only appliances in case of fire
>
> Then there is an ice factory near the gas
>
> hundred years old, once the property of
> Louis XVI. of France, afterwards of

after receiving so much kindness and atten-tion from friends, to make such things puband "mint juleps" to say nothing of "soda water," no one can indulge in these luxuries until they set the chemicals to work at the mill, which will be, I am informed, "next week"—but "next week," to my knowledge, active politics, he was, up to four years ago, has been promised by my friends here from governor of Florida four years—and he time to time for the last two months. Only is still called "Governor Bloxham," and spoken of on all sides as one of the best think of a country without ree!

It is somewhat remarkable to what age the colored people in the south attain. We have a man doing light work about our place, who announces himself to be 106, several ex-lieutenant governors in New should take him for an antediluvian, born Brunswick, we hope to say as much for

I do not know, PROGRESS, that I shall so still there would be someone to take an have time before leaving to write you many more letters; but I have notes enough stored away to fill a volume when written out on my return. If more of our people could be induced to spend the winter months in this delicious climate and among for nobody but himself, which after all, I kind friends, they would return, as we fee that our party shall, renewed in health and happy in the recollection of the many weeks of enjoyment we have put in here at Talla-G. E. F.

TO THE EDITORS OF PROGRESS: The following notice appeared in Mr. Watts' paper, Secular Thought, of March 30:

paper, Secular Thought, of March 30:

For several Sunday evenings past special sermons have been delivered in Halifax, N. S., by the Christian ministers and an eminent professor of the lower provinces, upon "Christian Evidences." The last three of the series up to date were as follows: The Attitude and Demands of Secularism, by Rev. I., G. Stevens; Future Life, by Prot. Vroom, of King's college, N. S., and "Cumulative Evidences of Christianity, by Rev. J. Roy Campbell of Dorchester, N. B. Mr. Chas. Watts is now delivering replies to these lectures, on Sunday evenings, at Science hall, Toronto, and a special article by him on each of these subjects will appear in our next and subser-

I do not know if Mr. Watts intends to visit this city again, but if he does, I hope us whether there is anything or not in his teaching. I was one of those who heard him lecture here, last summer, and I must say that when he challenged anyone to come forward and disprove his statementsthat, if true, would destroy the very foundation of Christianity-I felt that some of our cleverest ministers should have been there to defend their teachings, and also show the fallacy of his utterances.

If Watts is allowed to come here and hold undisputed sway, it is hard to tell what the consequences may be, and our ministers will have to bear the largest share of the responsibility.
St. John, April 4. A Churchman.

Is It Safe Insurance?

Members of the I. O. F. have reason to be interested in the argument of Mr. W. ment on the part of the State representa- Fitzgerald, superintendent of insurance, on tives to call upon their representative in the subject of the act incorporating the Foresters' Supreme court. He said, in the

The rates of the society are acknowledged to be very much less than the rates required by the gov-ernment standard, due allowance being made for the expense element which is certainly in the For-

cesters reduced to a minimum.

It is asserted by the chief ranger that the rates are founded upon certain mortality tables, but the persons who formed the tables for the society appear to have fallen into the error of supposing that a premium which was intended to carry a risk for one year was sufficient to carry it throughout life. It is also asserted that a large revenue is derived from lapses sufficient to compensate for the deficiency in the rates. If this be the case, then the funds so derived in the past must be in the treasury and the society should not hesitate to have their liabilities under their policies or endowment certificates submitted to a valuation. It is, however, reasonably clear that it is only among the younger lives that

APRIL NIGHT.

How deep the April night is in its noon,
The hopeful, solemn, many-murmured night!
The earth lies hushed with expectation; bright,
Above the world's dark border, burns the moon,
Yellow and large; from forest floorways strewn
With flowers and fields that tingle with new birt
The moist smell of the unimprisoned earth
Comes up, a sigh, a haunting promise. Soon,
Al: soon, the teeming triumph! At my feet
The river wish its stately sweep and wheel
Moves on, slow-motioned, luminous, grey like stee
From fields far-off whose watery bollows glean
Aye with blown throats that make the long hour

sweet,
The sleeplesss toads are murmuring

ream. —A. Lampman in Scribner's Magazins.

SAILING OER THE BAY.

THE LAND OF EVANGELINE

On board City of Monticello; Wednes day morning. Ten minutes before we start for Digby. The passengers are on deck admiring four-masted ship Lord Downshire. Old gentleman with white beaver in saloon thinks \$2 a barrel is as much as any apples are worth; old gentle-man with red cloud tied in a grandmother's knot thinks so, too. Both agree that one barrel of potatoes is better in a large family than four barrels of apples. We swing out from the wharf; none of

the crowd thereon are weeping. Probably know that dear ones are safe while on board. We are out in the harbor. Old gentle-

man with white beaver comes on deck. He thinks steamer will swing round now. swings! We are off. With whistles blowing we pass the beacon. Man comes hat; he also rings the bell. It is a half-hearted, salaried ring; evidently thinks it a chestnut. I guess it is. We scud past Partridge Island. The island does not look a fit place for white dresses and linen dusters. The picnic season is not here just yet. Now we are on the bosom of the brin

deep; the same looks like a large mill pond this morning. There are very few ruffles on it. A woman in the salo be seasick or not; thinks she will. An other woman tells her not to think about esting; story done; seasickness gone. I go on deck. Young man tells me it is going to be a fine day. I am glad. He spent one day and one night in St. John says he never saw so many good-looking girls before. He belongs to Nova Scotia He is going home from the backwoods o Massachusetts; is a great admirer of the the profanity line. Says they beat the earth. I think so, too, since I met him. Ten o'clock a. m.; man with white beaver breaks out all over saloon. Subject: Cattle.
We are now nestling alongside Digby's

taking in freight. I am watching Evange-line deck hand in corduroy trousers juggle some trunks. He has one lock near off, and has a hole in bottom of another trunk. He is ably assisted by Indian with wooden takes passengers from Yarmouth train to Annapolis. Evangeline is noted for her green chairs and benches in great profusion. Now she's off for Annapolis. got a good start on us; so now we're off. Digby's colder than Carleton Heights, N. B. Passengers all go in saloon. attracted by loud talking at forward beaver and red cloud. They think we will catch the Evangeline yet. Man with red utes. The Evangeline is piling on steam The general opinion is that we'll catch her We have six miles to go yet. Two commercial-looking young men are agreeing with the old gentlemen in everything. The fat commercial fellow has caught hold of a pin, by mistake. He meant to pinch the other fellow. Man with white hat says, all think this is a fine boat. The Portland stone cutter thinks we are going faster.] steam. I don't think we will want any tombstones this trip, though. Man with line. He came down in her one day when she was racing. He won't do it again. He thinks they're reckless. Man with strong tenor veice bets cigars we don't beat her. He backs out. It's all the same. neck." We are laughing at the Evangeline's passengers. Man with white hat makes believe throw them a rope. They We arrive at Annapolis. Tide is low

so we have to swing round to reach the wharf. Swinging takes some time. Evangeline comes up; is a small boat; reacher the wharf; lands passengers. They laugh at us. We don't laugh. Crowd on wharf to see the boat in.

Annapolis seems to be a very busy and prosperous place. It has more negroes, of all sizes, shapes and forms, to the square inch than any other place in Canada. is the land of Evangeline. The W. & A. train which arrives is drawn by an iron Evangeline. The passengers that go to Windsor on it were brought here in the boat Evangeline. Everything here is ST. JOHN ACADEMY OF ART.

The people say they don't want a small steamer on the Bay route again. There is some comfort in coming across now. Everything is first-class. The Monticelle is large and roomy, and fitted out in the best of style. The officers all know their business and mind it. Capt. Fleming is king. Steward Lang and Mrs. Lang are the friends of every passenger, and their large corps of assistants are here, there large corps of assistants are here, there and everywhere when they're wanted, and seem to think of nothing else but the comfort of travellers. I might here remark that all the offices and hands on board are new men, with the exception of the captain, mate, purser, baggagemaster and cook.

NOW IN STOCK! CONTRACTED FOR PREVIOUS to the ADVANCE IN RAW SILK

The Largest and Best Assorted Stock of BLACK and COLORED SILKS and

bitters ever imported into the Lower Provinces.	
65 QUALITIES IN BLACK SILKS AND	SATING
BLACK FAILLE FRANCAIS	
BLACK GROS DE LONDRES.	6 QUALITIES.
SATIN DE LYON	
DUACK SATIN LUXUK	
MUNICH BLACK SILKS	
BLACK C. B. SATINS.	.9 "

60 Shades comprising all the Fashionable Tints for Spring and Su FAILLE FRANCAIS and SATIN MERVEILLEUX. Taffeta, Glace and Surah Quadrille; Printed Pongee, new designs,

MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON. The Right Article at Right Price.



one is deeply interested, and which absorbe a large amount of time and attention. To those who may this Spring require

A New Range or Cook Stove.

we especially address ourselves, as we feel that we can fill any want in this line better than we have ever before been able to do. and respectfully solicit the attention of

not equalled anywhere, and embraces the latest and best goods made by the leading foundries in the country. We also have always on hand a full line of Repairs for all the Stoves we sell.

 ${f VARIETY}$ and ${f EXCELLENCE}$

EMERSON & FISHER, 75 and 79 Prince Wm. Street.

STOVES, RANGES and HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

More Clothing Given Away FREE!

"OAK HALL"

Clothing House,

5 MARKET SQUARE, ST. JOHN, N. B. Register your Name early by calling or sending

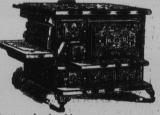
SCOVIL, FRASER & CO.

LOOK FOR RED LIGHT.

FOR GOOD VALUE

Union and All-Wool Grey Flannels; Ladies' and Children's Wove Hoslery; Ladies' Vests; Black and Colored Cashmeres; Gloves; Jerseys and Jersey Coats, Embroidered Cloth Table Covers; Gent's Ribbed Shirts and Pants, etc., etc.,

General Dry Goods Store, 179 UNION STREET. 179



STOVES!

Our celebrated GURNEY STANDARD
RANGE has no equal. It is made from
the very best iron, put together by the very
best stove-fitters with all the latest improvements, and, therefore, is the quickest
cooker and best baker in the market.
Every one warranted. Also, a good line
of Cook Stoves.
Second-hand STOVES and RANGES

always on hand, with a good stock of Tinware and Kitchen Furnishings.

COLES & PARSONS, 90 Charlotte Street. NOW OPEN WITH A NEW STOCK OF

Wall Paper, Window Shades, Etc. F. E. HOLMAN, 48 King Street.

STUDIO BUILDING, 74 GERMAIN ST.,

SAINT JOHN, N. B. SCHOOL-ROOMS are now open to Pupils until 5 every day in the week, except Saturfrom 10 until 5 every day in the week, except Satur day afternoon.

The sim of the School is to give Pupils a gboot training in DRAWING AND PAINTING

The course taught consists in—
Drawing from Models and objects;

the Antique;

Life,
Still Life.
Painting from Life. Lectures on PERSPECTIVE, including Parallel Angular and Oblique Perspective; casting Shadow by gas light and sun light; Beflections in the mirror and water. A specialty is made of Portraiture in this School. Pupils are taught to draw them in Charcoal and Crayon, and to Paint them in Pastel and Oil. Principal JOHN C. MILES, A. R. C. A.
Assistant-FRED H. C. MILES
AT SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

DR. SCOTT'S Electric Hair Curler.

LADIES who wish to quickly Bang, Crimp or one of these per invariant method, should have For sale by A. CHIPMAN SMITH & CO.,

Charlotte Street GENERAL AGENCY FOR THE Province of New Brunswick

The Commercial Union Assurance Co. (Limited), OF LONDON.

and Phoenix Insurance Co., of Brooklyn,

A. C. FAIRWEATHER,

Barrister-at-Law, General Agent.

BARNHILL'S BUILDING, ST. JOHN, N. B

Awhile wi He toiled But ever the In sure and Kept like With Chian No injury And men w Along the Till thou To weave f The vanis Far on the Craving the
Abhorring
A cruse of t
Mingled f
While in the
We see th
Death wal
A little dust
Tho withe

WHEN "Yes, I Avenue the her debut Stephen I reading-roo

she was, a made with Dr. Griffin. ever landed party were but they ha and fully de I had never fore I engage The Louist papers prais unanimous a I thought no ing her a No a success of public did n dollar that I pended in ac out her repu Of course, n thropic. I t back to the "At the fit new about to

Davenport, I had acted it a had all the se Mary Anders changed from stairway mov and whenever strated Miss Dr. Griffin sa door's on that way in Boston poving at first way in Boston noying at first Miss Anderso Miss Noile Miss Neilson, ing to impress the superiori After that the "For examp the centre do Neilson never always uses the severely, and doors, which it cult to canvas same system I

and properties only knew that from other star whether the do would do for he ginal with hers nature and not nature and not
"It was impin the party, in the party, ihelpless, and so had no friends
could send boxe.
Nobody called
knew nobody or hearty were happ
theatre from e
Everything was
never appreciate
their ignorance;
were so afraid
enced that they
"When I cam
for The Lady of
astonished that a
about what a lage

about what a lac that she had alv correctly, and the stumes to her. arked that he