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ST.JOHNSEMI-WEEKLY SUN

DO YOU NEED CLOTHES?

If you do send in your order if you can't come yourself. We'll do as well as if you was present. State color, breast measure length of inseam of pantleg. You can get your money back

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FIENDS INCARNATE.

and Fingers Chopped Off One By One.

And His Body. Saturated With Oil Burned to a Crisp, in the Presence of a Mob Two Thousand Strong.

NEWNAN, Ga., April 23 .- In the presence of nearly 2,000 people, who sent aloft yells of defiance and shouts of joy, Sam Hose, a negro, who committed two of the basest crimes, was burned at the stake in a public road one and one-half miles from here this afternoon. Before the torch was applied to the pyre, the negro was deprived of his ears, fingers and other portions of his body. The negro pleaded pitifully for his life while the mutilation was going on, but stood the ordeal of fire with surprising for-titude. Before the body was cooked, it was cut to pieces, the bones were erushed into small bits and even the tree upon which the wretch met his fate was torn up and disposed of as

NEWNAN, Ga., April 23. Sam. Hose, the nurderer of Alfred Cranford, and the ravisher of his wife, was burned at the stake two miles from here this afternoon, in the pres-

ence of 2,000 people.

Sheriff Brown, to save bloodshed and the destruction of the jail, turn-the negro over to a big party of cit-

A procession was quickly formed and the doomed negro was marched at its head through several streets of the town. Soon the public square was reached. Here former Governor At-kinson of Georgia, who lives in New-nan, and Judge Freeman, came hurin a buggy, importuned the crowd to let the law take its course.

The assemblage heard the words of the two speakers in silence, but the instant their voices died away, shouts of "On to Palmetto; burn him; think of his crime," arose and the march

Mrs. Crawford's mother and sister who are residents of Newnan, identi-

"To the stake," was again the cry, and several men wanted to burn the negro in Mrs. McBiroy's yard. To this she objected strenuously and the mob. complying with her wish, started for

Leaving the little town, whose Sun day quiet had been so rudely disturbed, the mob, which numbered nearly 1,500 people, started on the road to Palmetto. A line of buggles and vehicles of all kinds, their drivers fighting for position in line, followed the procession, at the head of which, closely guarded, marched the negro.

One and a half miles out of New nan, a place believed to be favorable to the burning, was reached. A little to the side of the road was a strong pine tree. Up to this the negro was marched, his back placed to the tree and his face to the crowd, which jostled closely about him. Here for the first time he.

WAS ALLOWED TO TALK. He said: 'I am Sam Hose. I killed Alfred Crawford, but was paid to do it. Lige Strickland, the negro preaches at Palmetto, gave me \$12 to kill him." At this a roar went up from the from the crowd. The intelligence imparted by the wretch was spread

"Let him go on; tell all you know about it," came from the crowd. The negro, shivering like a leaf,

continued his recital. "I did not outrage Mrs. Cranford Somebody else did that. I can identify him. Give me time for that." The mob would hear no more. The clothes were torn from the negro in en instant. A heavy chain was produced and wound around his body. He said not a word to this proceed ing, but at sight of three or four knives slashing in the hands of several members of the crowd about him, which seemed to forecast the terrible ordeal he was about to be put to, he sent up a yell which could be heard for a mile. Instantly a hand grasping a knife shot out, and one of the negro's ears dropped inito a hand ready to receive it. He pleaded pitifully for mercy and begget his tor-mentors to let him die. His cries went unheeded. The second ear went the way of the other. Hardly had he been deprived of his organs of hear ing than his fingers, one by one. ware among the members of the yelling and now thoroughly maddened crowd. The shricking negro was quickly deprived of other portions of his anatomy, and the Words: "Come on with the oil," brought a huge can of kerosene to the foot of the tree where the negro, his to foot, was striving and tugging at of spars.

his chains. The can was lifted over the negro's head by three or four men and its contents poured over Sickening Details of a Horrible

Lynching in Georgia.

him. By this time a good supply of brush, pieces of fence rails and other firewood had been placed about the negro's feet. This was throughly saturated

AND A MATCH APPLIED Negro Chained to a Tree, His Ears quekly over the pile of wood. As it licked the negro's legs he shricked once and began tugging at his chains. As the flames crept higher and the smoke entered his eyes and mouth Hose put the stumps of his hands to the tree back of him and with a terrible plunge forward severed the up-per portion of the ha'ns which bound him to the tree. His body held to the tree only by as far as the thighs, lunged forward, thus escaping the flames, which roured and crackled about his feet. One of the men nearest the burning negro quickly ran up and pushing him back said: "Go back there into the fire," and quickly coupled the disjointed links of the

> The road for a distance of half a mile on each side of the burning negro was black with conveyances and was simply impassable. The crowd surrounded the stake on all sides, but none of those nearer than 100 feet of the centre were able to see what was

Yell after yell went up, and the progress of the flames was communi-cated to those in the rear by shorts

from the eye witnesses.

The torch was applied about halfpast two, and at three o'clock the body of Sam Mrse was limp and life-less, his head hanging to one side. The body was not cut down. It was cut to pieces. The crowd fought for places about the smouldering tree, and with knives secured such pieces of his carcuss as did not fall to pieces. The chain was severed by ha the tree was chopped down and with such pieces of the firewood as had not burned were carried away as

The negro's heart was cut into sev eral pieces, as was also his liver. Those unable to obtain the shastly relies themselves paid their more for-tunate possessors extravagant sums for them. Small pieces of bone went for 25 cents, and a bit of the liver have, in response to these repeated riedly upon the scene and standing up crisply cooked said for 10 cents. As adv soon as the negro wals seen to le dead there was a tremendous strug- produce of Canada preferential treatgle among the crowd which had witnessed his tragic end to secure the souvenirs. A rush was made for the stake, and those near the body forced against it and had to fight for their freedom. Knixes were quickly produced, and soon the body was dis-

membered. PALMETTO, Ga., April 24.—The eacher, who was implicated in the Cramford murder by Sam Hose, was found swinging to the limb of a persimmon tree within a mile and a warter of this place early today. Before death was allowed to end the sufferings of the negro his ears were cut off and the small finger of his left hand was severed at the joint. These

On the chest of the negro was a piece of bloodstained paper attached by an ordinary pin. On one side of this paper was written: "New York al-We must protect our ladies;

The other side of the paper contained a warning to the negroes of the neighborhood. It read as follows: Boware all darkies. You will be treated the same way."

The mob is still on the hunt for

other negroes, and probably more will be lynched. One report says they have killed Afbert Sewell, a very offensive black man.

A VANCOUVER FRACAS.!

City and Federal Government Dispute the Claim to an Island.

VANCOUVER, B. C., April 24.-A sensation was caused today by the arrest of Theodore Ludgaire, the representative of Stewart & Wells of Chicago, and the workmen he took out to Dead Man's Island to build a out to Dead Man's Island to build a saw mill there. Messrs Stewart & Wells, the representatives of a Chicago syndicate, obtained the lease of the island from the department of militia at Ottawa, but the city claims the island. Mayor Garden warned Ludgate that he would not be allowed to prepare with the most. to proceed with the work. Ludgate publicly announced that he would start the work of clearing the island this morning. The mayor ordered the police force out, and when the Chicago party arrived they were warned off. They persisted in landing, and were arrested as trespassers. The case will come up in the police court this afternoon

FREE AT LAST.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., April 24 .- The Canadian liner Gaspesia arrived here today, convoyed by the sealer Kite, after being eighty days from Paspebiac, sixty-five of which she was frozen in ice floes in the Gulf of St. Lawrence. The Gaspesia is considerably damaged through being nipped among the floes. Her rudder being body covered with blood from head disabled, she was steering by mean

PARLIAMENT.

The Estimates Brought Down By Hon. Mr. Fielding

Show How Utterly False Were the Promises of Retrenchment Under Liberal Rule.

The Oil Barons Have More Friends in the Cabinet Than Have the Maritime Farmers and Fishermen.

OTTAWA, April 21,-This was gov-

In the senate this afternoon Hon. Mr. Ferguson enquired if the government steamer Stanley made a special trip between Pictou and Georgetown on Sunday, the 16th inst., for the purpose of conveying Frederick Peters of Victoria to Prince Edward Island, and if a special train on the Prince Edward Island railway from Georgetown to Charlottetown was run on the same day and for the same purpose. If so, by whose orders were these special services rendered and at whose expense?

Hon. Mr. Scott said the minister of n orine authorized the Stanley to convey Mr. Peters across either on Saturday or Sunday, he being a member of the Prince Edward Island legislature. Mr. Peters was absent from the last session of the legislature and vould have lost his seat had he not been there in time. He had no knowledge of any special train. Mr. Peters palld his fare.

Senator Prowse pointed out that Mr. Peters had been a resident of Prince Edward Island and had gone to British Columbia to live. He had left his constituency unrepre last session and now wanted to get to not think the government had any right to put its hands into the treasury to pay for a special trip of the Stanley and special trains. It was

When Hon Mr. Fielding moves the house into supply, Mr. McNelli will offer an onendment re the statem of Mr. Chamberlain and other im ial statesmen in favor of imperience to make propositions in made any attempt to secure for the ment in the markets of the United Kingdom, which would be of invaluable value to the farmers and other producers of Canada, would set in motion a great tide of immigration to our shores, people the vast wheat areas of the west enhance farm values in the older provinces, pro-mote the unity of the empire, and especially deliver it from dangerous dependence upon a foreign power."

OTTAWA, April 24.—Answering Mr. Bell of Pictou, Hon. Mr. Blair said that the Canada News Co. had a three years' contract for the privilege of for capital account. selling papers on the Intercolonial, paying \$12,600 for that period, \$11,100 in cash and \$1,500 in advertising. The same company paid \$200 a year for the news stand privilege at Halifax and \$500 a year for the same privilege

Replying to Mr. Powell, Hon. Mr. Blair said that 400 men were employ-ed by the Intercolonial shovelling snow on or about the 18th of February, the date of the provincial election. Mr. Blair stated that the snow fall on that occasion was unprecedented. The cost of shovelling was

was \$1,400.

Mr. Pope asked some questions about the appointment and dismissal of Mr. Harris, late traffic manager of the Intercolonial. Mr. Blair's reply

in full is as follows: "Mr. Harris's services were dispensed with after some months' experience that, though an active, cap-able, energetic officer, he showed a lack of judgment in his method of dealing with the public in connection with the business of his office, which led to unnecessary friction and dissatisfaction. Upon leaving the service he was paid six months' salary as a retiring allowance, having ren dered valuable service in connection with the agreement made with the Grand Trunk for the use of terminals in Montreal and of their line from Montreal to St. Rosalle. Mr. Harris was in the government employ from November, 1897, to August, 1898."

Hon. Mr. Sifton explained that the mounted police force in the Yukon numbered 264. Mr. Davis of Saskatchewan moved

his resolution that oil should be on the free list. This western member, who supports the government, contended that the oil duty was a great injury to the west, and that it enabled the Standard oil people, who had bought out the Petrolia industry, to make undue profits of three quar-

Mr. Fraser of East Lambton (liberal), who represents one of the oil districts, protested against the abolition of the protection on oil. He claimed that if oil were made free the Canadian industry would be placed in danger and a large number of men would be thrown out of employment. He read testimonials prove that the Canadian oll was bet-

ter oil than American. Mr. Ellis supported Mr. Davis' mo-

tion, stating that \$600,000 worth of oil paid \$400,000 duty, or 66 p. c. This duty ought not to stand. It was paid by farmers, fishermen and others, who could not use gas or electric light as a substitute. The tax was especially ounts to \$2,834,000, the largest item becomes the country of the country of the largest item becomes the country of the country of the largest item becomes the country of t oppressive in the maritime provinces, which last year paid \$110,000 duty on \$189,000 worth of oil. He said Hon.

Pressive tax.

Hon. Mr. Fielding moved that debate be adjourned. He said the tariff should be dealt with as a whole and the house would do well to make no declaration until the budget was brought down.

Mr. Fielding, as a maritime man, ought to be willing to remove this op-

Mr. Davin opposed the amendment, advising Mr. Davis to divide the house in order that the government might learn what the opinion of parliament was.

on the subject of coal oil.

Mr. Beattle (conservative) of Lon-

don, said that both governments had made mistakes in reducing the oil duties. The changes of duty had reduced the price received by the producers for crude oil without reducing the price to the consumer:

Mr. Johnston (liberal), the recently

ected member for Lambton, made his maiden speech in favor of protection to the oil industry.
Mr. (diver (liberal) of Alberta, said

e on the whole supported the government tariff policy, but was not so ould not be 'mproved. He maintain ed that oil being an article of general consumption by the poorer people, ought to be taxed a little lower than the average, or say 20 per cent, in-

Mr. Richards (liberal) for Lisgar, said that the understanding in Mani-toba when he was a candidate, was e no duty on oll or farm imprements. He thought the government might ablish the duty and give a bounty in-

Mr. Morek (conservative) of Jacdes, said in his campaign Mr. Haur-er had made a campaign speech con-tenning protection on oil Mr. Monck had him self agreed to advocate aboli-tion of the duty.

After further discussion, Mr. Davis closed the debate, still insisting that oil should be free. Being a good party man, he said that he would accept Mr. Fleiding's motion to adjourn.

This occasioned derisive laughter, which increased when Bergeron, Davin and other opposition members stood up to demand a recorded vote.

Mr. Fielding's amendment was carded by a vote of 68 to 30, Legris, Snet-

Mr. Ellis was paired, but took occasion to explain to the house that if he had voted he would have voted

egainst the amendment. After some discussion on the quesion of seeds, grain and liens in the Northwest, the house adjourned. Hon. Mr. Fielding explained that the budget speech will be made next

Tuesday. Before the house rose, Mr. Fielding submitted the estimates for next year. THE ESTIMATES.

The total expenditure estimated in this first draft for 1899-1900 is \$41,528,-900 for current account, and \$4,758,000 The proposed increase in current ex-

penditure over the current year is \$555,000. There is a nominal decrease in capital expenditure, but these accounts are usually largely deferred to the supplementary estimates.

The increase in the public debt

charge is very large, namely, \$421,000, and \$270,000 additional is to be spent cn the Yukon. The savings pank interest is charged at three per cent, showing that Hcn. Mr. Fielding has changed his

his mind permanently as to reduction The civil government salaries' increases are \$19,000. In 19 cases in the civil service payments are to be made "notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the civil service act."

Mr. Mulock carries off the honors by increasing the cost of his inside Mr. Fisher asks for \$80,000 instead

of the previous vote of \$75,000, for experimental farms; \$40,000 instead of \$30,000 for agriculture and dairying, and puts on a new item of \$20,000 for an Illustrating station. There is a lecrease from \$80,000 to \$60,000 for advances for milk and cream at dairy stations, and one of from \$85,000 to \$70,000 in the cold storage appropria-

Militia pay and allowances are slightly increased. The annual drill is raised from \$300,000 to \$400,000; military properties, from \$131,000 to \$164,000; the Royal Military College, from \$55,000 to \$70,000; the cartridge factory, from \$50,000 to \$103,000; defence of Esquimault, from \$75,000 to \$109,000.

Monuments for the battlefields of Stoney Creek and Burlington call for

\$886,000 charged to capital is to be spent on artillery and fortress arma-ment, as against \$281,000 this year. Dr. Borden provides for 12 days' drill of the entire militia.

The appropriation for militia clothing is increased from \$150,000 to

The railway department's pre capital expenditure includes \$445,000 for increased accommodation at St. John; \$100,000 for strengthening iron bridges; \$20,000 for air brakes; \$5.000 for new machinery at Moncton; \$15,000

Canals—charged to capital; amounts to \$2,834,000, the largest item being for the Soulanges, Gallops, Trent Boston and

and Welland canals.

The sum of \$354,000 is to be spent or the St. Lawrence ship channel. Chargeable to income are \$12,000 for Halifax drill hall, \$15,500 for the Kentville building, \$12,000 for the Liverpool building, \$3,500 for the Windsor build-ing, and \$1,900 for a drill shed in that

New Brunswick has only the Marysville building, \$4,000,
Mr. Tarte will spend \$100,000 on pub-

HARBORS AND RIVERS. HARBOAN

New Brunswick—
Buctouche—Repairs to wharf, \$1,000,
Burnt Church—Wharf, \$8,000.
Campbellton—Repairs to Ballas

pairs to Custom House wharf, \$6,000. Olifton breakwater—Creosoted block stone tallus and repairs, \$9,500. Cocagne—Repairs to wharf, \$1,500. Dalhousle—Repairs to Ballias harf. \$2,500. Main River Bridge Wharf, \$1,200.

Richbucto—Pier repairs, \$4,000. River St. John—Including tribu-taries, \$16,000. River St. John—Dredging between iver and Grand Lake, \$1,500.

St. John harbor-Negro Point breakater, \$5,000. St. John harbor-Hydrographic sur-

St. John harbor-Repairs to and exer.sion of protection works at base of Fort Dufferin, \$800. Shippegan harbor-Extension and epairs to protection work, \$2,400...

Prince Edward Island—
China Point, \$1,500.

McGee's pier, \$1,500.

Miminigash—Harbor works, \$1,000.

Miminigash—Breakwater, \$1,600.

New Lindon—Repairs, \$350. General repairs to piers and break

Souris Kinight's Point breakwater tc. \$16,000 Summerside harbor-\$30,000. Tignish—Repairs to breakwater and xtension, \$3,000.
Total for P. E. Island, \$68,450.

OTHER ITEMS. The appropriations for the Queen's statue is increased from \$7,000 to \$12,-No changes are yet proposed in the

No changes are year mail subsidies.

In the lighthouse service, the salary of F. J. Harding, St. John, is increased from \$1,400 to \$1,600.

There is an apparent decrease in the inspectors and

office inspector is raised to \$2,600. A vote of two thousand dollars is sekel for the widow of John Camp-bell, ratiway mail clerk, New Bruns-wick division, who was killed in a rallway accident in 1889.

The minister of finance gives notice of two important government bills tonight. One is to implement the promise last year when the Soms of Englard incorporation bill was before
parliament, viz., that the ministry at
this session would introduce a bill affecting fraternal societies in general. The title of the proposed measure is "Respecting the incorporation of benevolent societies." The bill will be closely scrutinized, representatives of the different fraternal organizations being here enquiring about the measure already.

The other bill is to amend the insurance act. It proposes to furnish a means whereby companies may be in-corporated by letters patent, instead of having to come to parliament for incorporation.

WOODSTOCK.

WOODSTOCK, April 24.—The mayor has been in communication with Mr. Carvell, M. P. P., with regard to having the bill to allow the town to take stock to the extent of \$50,000 in a Tulp mill or other enterprises altered so that instead of taking spock the town may give a bonus of a certain The immigration expenditure is in such an enterprise. This is a result creased from \$258,000 to \$350,000; the such an enterprise. This is a result of negotiations now going on between parties in the town and an agent of parties in the town and an agent of a party of capitalists willing to en-gage in the pulp business. A deputa-tion is ready to start for Fredericton at any time, but Mr. Carvell does not think that it will be necessary for them to go. If the deputation goes it will consist of the mayor, H. P. Bard, Alex. Henderson and Hugh'

1 The Presque Isle express this afternoon was delayed some time, the track near Caribou being under

This afternoon fire broke out in the attic of Mrs. R. K. Jones' house. After some difficulty in getting at the fire the flames were easily subdued. The damage was not at all heavy.

DOMESTIC ECONOMY. Mulligan—The grocer charged me 30 tints a count for this mate.

Mulligan—Bedad! an' thot's too high. A mon mud how to ate half a dozen pounds in order to git his money's worth.—Judge.

St. John, Halifax. Montreal Markets

are fully reported in every issue of the CO OPERATIVE FARMER. They are especially written for that paper, are absolutely reliable and are alone worth the price of a year's subscription. Send for a FREE SAMPLE COPY. From 16 to 20 pages, twice-a-month, \$1.00 a year. Address:

CO-OPERATIVE FARMER

NOVA SCOTIA NEWS.

HALIFAX, N. S., April 18.— The Maritime Electrical Association held its annual session here today. A half dozen papers of interest to the members of the profession were read. Tonight a banquet was given to the vis-

itors by the Halifax men.
T. G. McMullin of Truro will erect

a big pulp mill on the Salmon River, Colchester county.

The civic campaign is well under way. Mayor Stephen held the first of a series of public meetings tonight. He will be followed in the same line by ex-Alderman Hamilton, who is pushing him have.

by ex-Alderman Hamilton, who is pushing him hard.

HALIFAX, N. S., Aprils 19.—The board of trade today, unanimously, adopted a resolution asking the dominion government to erect a new post office building in this seity. At present the customs and post office departments are in the same building, and merchants claim that it is increly large enough for one department. The board also decided to telegrath the Ottawa authorities to secure for Halifar the same regulations as to customs permits as was formerly cure for Halifar the same regulations as to customs permits as was formenly in vogue, here, and which have recently been made the rule in St. John. WOLFVILLE, April 15.—The annual reception of the Athenaeum Society of Acadia was given in College hall on Friday evening. J. W. Ferris and G. F. Dixon, predent and vice-president, received the guests. A number of Kling's College students were present, with the badges of white and blue. The Seminary was well represented. An excellent programme of music was given. A vocal sole by Mr. Pidgeon of St. John was a special feature of the evening.

The Masons of Wolfville held their first meeting on Friday evening in their new hall in the McKenns block. The formal dedication will take place later.

Mrs. David Freeman who after a wisit to Eritish Columbia, spent the winter in Blanfon at the home of her sun, New Chanles Freeman, has returned to working and

amendment. Beattle and Craig, government supporters, voted for the amendment. Dayls, Richardson and Oliver coursed laughbor by supporting the amendment.

The mounted police in the Yukon will cost \$500,000, or \$150,000 more than this year.

The sum of \$40,000 is to be spent in surveying all Canadam railway routes to the Klondyke.

\$38,000 worth of new plant is to be put in the printing bureau.

An additional \$15,000 will be voted for future expenses of the International convention.

The salary of the Nova Scotia post office inspector is raised to \$2,600.

methods of caring for and protecting the grounds.

William Harnis of Wolfville, Acadis, '33; Frederick Young of Paradias, Acadis, Mand T. E. Armstrong of Middleton, graduate this month from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Baltimore.

J. M. Terry, formerly of this county, is prospering in Denver, Col. His has recently become the owner of a bullding on. Third avenue valued at \$10,500.

The Recording Index, presented to the college library, by the junior diass of Acadia, is a very useful present, and the gift is the more appricated as the members were obliged too day themselves, the planture of possessing a class flag in order to make this conation to the institution.

The old parsonage at Berwick, which has been the home of so many Baptis, ministers in the past, has been sold, and a site secured on Commercial street, where a new and commodious dwelling will be erected.

Rev. W. Weeks, marbor of the Walmerstreet Baptist church, Boronto, with Mrs. Weeks, has returned from a three months'

Rev. W. W. Weeks, master of the Walmer street: Baptist church, Derento, with Mrs. Weeks, has returned from a three months' trip to England.

The Stott act prosecutions against the liquor sellers of Kentzille still go on. Some time ago the temperance people agreed not to moilest the hotel Reepers, providing they sold liquor only to gnests. The pledge was troken, an as a result several dealers have been fined.

Mrs. (Rev.) Charles Freeman has arrived from Brandon, Man, and will spend the summer at the home of her father. Dr. Baten, Canning, Rev. Issiah Wallace, with Mrs. Wallace, is spending a well sarned holiday at the home of his son, Rev. W. Wallace, the esteemed pastor of the Elmira Baptist church, New York.

IFALIFAX, 'Apxil 21.—Nathan Gris-

HALIFAX, 'April 21.—Nathan Gris-wold was drowned in Bedford Basin this afternoon a squall striking his heat in sight of his home on the Dartleast in sight of his home on the Dartmouth side. Griswold is jut out of Dorchester, having served a term of two years for a burglary committed within six mouths of his marriage. For thirty years the Griswold family, father and sons, have from time to time been in and out of Dorchester penitentiary. A brother is row in Dorchester, and several of them are dead. The unfortunate main who was drowned today was 26 years old.

An instance of red tape at the Victionial general hospital was furnished tonight. Patrick Leblanc, a sailer tendefat. Patrick Leblanc, a sallor from a schooner, broke one of his arms. The hospital ambulance was belephoned for and arrived. The injured man rose to get on the conveyance, when the official in charge said that if the sallor could stand he could walk to the hospital or get on his own team, and he drove off. A cab was then obtained and the wounded man got there alhead of the ambulance, which irove out empty.

EXTENDED TO ALL.

WASHINGTON, April 24.— Assist-Secretary Melklejohn of the war de-partment, has issued an order extend-ing the immigration laws of the Unit-ed States to Cuba, Porto Ricq and the Philippine Islands,