FRENCH MAKE ANOTHER GAIN IN FLANDERS

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HOME EDITION

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BERNSTORFF PLANNED TO WRECK C. P. R.

BERNSTORFF GANG PLOTTED RAID ON CAN. PAC. RAILWAY TO STOP TRAFFIC

Kaiser's Ambassador To U. S. Had Instructions To Wreck Great System and Carry On Widespread Sabotage Activities In Canada and United States.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 10.—Secretary Lansing said today the telegrams exposing von Bernstorff had not been sent through the state department, thus leaving the inference that they must have moved through one of the neutral legations.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 10.—Further exposition of Ambassador Bernstorff's activities in the United States, including the destruction of the Canadian Pacific Railway at several points, was given today by Secretary of State Lansing, who made public three telegrams which passed between the ambassador and the German foreign office.

The statement follows: "The secretary of state published two telegrams from the German foreign office to Count von Bernstorff in January, 1916:

January 3. Secret. General staff desires energetic action in regard to proposed destruction of Canadian Pacific Railway at several points a view to complete and protracted interriuption of traffic. Captain Boehm, who is known on your side and is shortly returning, has been given instructions. Inform the military attache and provide the necessary funds.

(Signed) ZIMMERMANN."

Sabotage in Canada.

"January 26: For military attache: You can obtain particulars as to persons suitable for carrying on sabotage in the United States and Canada from the following persons: 1, Jos. MacCarrity, Philadelphia; 2, John P. Keating, Michigan avenue, Chicago; 3, Jeremiah O'Leary, No. 16 Park Row, New York.

Approved by Casement.

"One and two are absolutely reliable and discreet. No. 3 is reliable but not always discreet. These persons were indicated by Sir Roger Casement. In the United States sabotage can be carried out on every kind of factory for supplying munitions of war. Railway embankments and bridges must not be touched. Embassy must in no circumstances be compromised. Similar precautions must be taken in regard to Irish pro-German propaganda.

"(Sgd.) Representative of General Staff."

Bernstorff's Reply.

The following telegram from Count von Bernstorff to the foreign office in Berlin was sent in September, 1916:

"September 15: With reference to report A. N., two hundred and sixty-six of May tenth, nineteen sixteen. The embargo conferee in regard to whose earlier fruitful co-operation Dr. Hale can give information is about to enter upon a vigorous campaign to secure a majority in both Houses of Congress favorable to Germany, and requests further support. There is no possibility of our being compromised. Request telegraphic reply."

VON BERNSTORFF DIRECTED WHOLE ESPIONAGE GAME

U. S. State Dept. Now Satisfied He Was the Chief Conspirator.

O'LEARY IS EXPOSED

Head of Truth Society a Casement Man—Noted Writer Involved.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 10.—In its latest step of exposures the state department believes it has removed the last doubt that Count von Bernstorff was the directing head in America of the German machine for espionage. The revelations of the part played by Jeremiah O'Leary was not unexpected, and the fact that his name was suggested by Sir Roger Casement, who later was executed in England on the charge of treason, already had been indicated in earlier disclosures made by the department.

Who Is Hale?

The injection of the name "Dr. Hale" into the German organization was something of a surprise, however, and gave immediate rise to speculation as to just what individual was meant. Dr. William Bayard Hale, acting as a newspaper correspondent, was then in Germany, and admittedly close to the Berlin Government.

Secretary Lansing adhered to the same policy of silence today as has characterized previous disclosures, adding this last chapter of German perfidy without comment or interpretation. It has been understood that the state department and the department of justice have other records of Bernstorff's activities.

Publication of the German foreign office's message, referring to J. O'Leary as president of the American Truth Society, telegraphed the president that he and many other Americans would not vote for Mr. Wilson on account of his international policy.

The president replied from his summer home at Shadow Lawn, under date of September 29, 1916:

"Your telegram received. I would feel deeply mortified to have you, or anybody like you, vote for me. Since you have access to many disloyal Americans, and I have not, I will ask you to convey this message to them.

"(Signed) WOODROW WILSON."

GREAT FIRE AT GUAYAUQUIL.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, Oct. 9.—Fire today did damage estimated at one million dollars in the principal section of the city. The buildings burned include the magnificent Government Palace and a number of the city's most important stores.

THE RUSSIAN CABINET

Official Announcement of Kerensky's Coalition Ministry.

Petrograd, Oct. 9.—The coalition cabinet as announced officially is composed of the following:

Premier, A. F. Kerensky; minister of foreign affairs, M. I. Terestchenko; interior, M. Nikitin; agriculture, M. Avskentieff; labor, M. Gvozdeff; supplies, M. Prokopovitch; finance, M. Bernatzky; religion, M. Kartasheff; public welfare, M. Kishkin; trade and industry, A. I. Keonvaloff; justice, M. Malyoutovitch; education, M. Nalaskin; war, Gen. Verkhovsky; marine, Admiral Verdervski; state controller, M. Smyrnoff; president of the Ecumenical Council, M. Tretyskoff; minister of ways and communications, M. Liveresky.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Montreal, Oct. 10.—Napoleon Vermette, aged 40, was killed last night in the Angus shops of the C. P. R. at Hochelaga. He fell on a planing machine, and was crushed to death. Arthur Laroche attempted to save Vermette and one of his hands was badly lacerated.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 51; lowest, 29.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 40; lowest, 30.

TOMORROW—FAIR AND COLD.

Toronto, Oct. 10—8 a.m.

Forecasts.

Moderate to fresh east to north winds; a few scattered showers, but mostly fair and cool today and on Thursday.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	56	48	Clear
Calgary	74	48	Fair
Winnipeg	50	32	Cloudy
Port Arthur	46	30	Cloudy
Parry Sound	44	28	Clear
Port Stanley	48	32	Cloudy
Buffalo	48	36	Fair
Toronto	51	32	Cloudy
Kingston	48	30	Fair
Ottawa	48	28	Clear
Montreal	42	32	Cloudy
Quebec	46	36	Cloudy
Father Point	44	34	Cloudy

Weather Notes.

Several depressions exists on the continent this morning, the most marked of them covering Saskatchewan.

In the Maritime Provinces rain has fallen.

Elsewhere in Canada the weather has been fine.

STATES RAISES COAL EMBARGO BY LAKE PORTS

Shipments of Fuel Can Now Be Forwarded to Canada.

STATEMENT BY GARFIELD

Fuel Administrator Says Canada's War Industries Must Be Kept Going.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 10.—The embargo on coal shipments to Canada was lifted today by the fuel administration, which declared that shipments can go forward through lake ports without endangering the supply of the northwestern states.

STATEMENT BY GARFIELD.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 10.—Whether there will be a coal shortage in the United States this winter depends, Dr. H. A. Garfield, the fuel administrator, declared today, entirely on the extent of the demand which has not been disclosed.

"If our industrial development, from the war and other causes," said Dr. Garfield, "has grown beyond our ten per cent increase in production over last year, then we must go short. We have no figures at hand to tell what developments has been.

Dr. Garfield's statement was made in connection with an announcement of the lifting of the embargo on coal exports to Canada. Permission for shipments to go forward again was given when it was found that they would not endanger the supply of the Northwestern States.

Must Keep Canada Going.

"This action was taken," it was announced, "because it is vital that Canada's war industries be kept going at full blast in order that she may remain an effective ally of America in the war. The American Northwest will be properly supplied.

"Canada got approximately 19,000,000 tons of coal, anthracite and bituminous from this country last year. This year she will receive the same amount, plus an increase pro-rated on the excess over last year's production, substantially as though she were a state function. The fuel administration is working on the pro-rating plan."

Figures submitted to the fuel administration by the geological survey, it was said, show that the United States is now nearly a month ahead of last year's production at this time.

OVER NINE THOUSAND INVALID SOLDIERS IN HOME HOSPITALS

Another 4,000 Beds Will Be Added Before End of Year.

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—Four hundred and fifty-two returned soldiers were added to the strength of the military hospitals commission command during the week ending September 22, according to figures just compiled. The total number of patients being cared for by the commission on that date was 9,068. The next bulletin or two, however, will show a very large increase, as somewhere in the neighborhood of 3,000 men have arrived in the dominion since September 22.

The commissioners recently published a record of its accommodation, and the figures shown was slightly over 11,000. In January, 1917, there were just 2,600 men on the strength of the military hospitals commission command, with accommodation about equal. These tremendous strides in housing the ever-increasing stream of returned men are being maintained by a building program which, it is expected, will add another 4,000 beds by the beginning of the new year.

There were on September 14, 21,324 Canadian sick and wounded in the Old Country, an increase of 296 during a week.

PEACE IMPOSSIBLE, SAYS MICHAELIS DEMAND PRUSSIAN SOIL

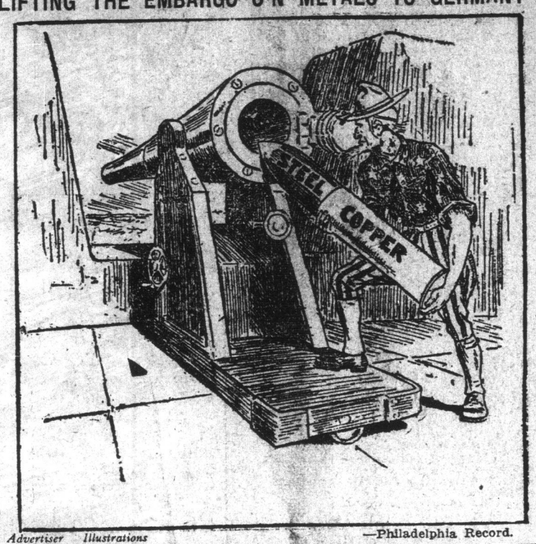
Amsterdam, Oct. 10.—The German chancellor, Dr. Georg Michaelis, in speaking of peace, said, according to advices reaching here today, that as long as Germany's enemies demanded any German soil, as long as they tried to drive a wedge between the German people and their Empire, peace was impossible.

LIBERALS OF VANCOUVER WILL STAND BEHIND PARTY CHIEFTAIN; BREWSTER'S DESERTION OUTRAGE

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 10.—The Progressive Liberal Association, at a meeting last night, passed a resolution reaffirming its allegiance to Sir Wilfrid Laurier as leader of the Liberal party, and its support of the Winnipeg platform, and disapproving of Premier Brewster joining the government of Sir Robert Borden.

Jas. Martin criticised the action of Mr. Brewster as an outrage.

LIFTING THE EMBARGO ON METALS TO GERMANY



Advertiser Illustrations —Philadelphia Record.

LOSSES OF GERMANS ESTIMATED AT 20,000

British Headquarters in France, Oct. 10.—No estimate of the German losses is possible, but they are believed to have been exceedingly heavy. The British and French losses are reported to have been light. Conservative calculation was that the German losses aggregated 20,000.

ANOTHER ADVANCE FOR FRENCH IN THE FLANDERS OFFENSIVE; BRITISH FRONT FORCED BACK BY HEAVY COUNTER-ATTACKS

Paris, Oct. 10.—A further advance has been made by the French troops which took the offensive yesterday in Belgium in conjunction with the British. Papegoet Farms has been captured, the war office announced, and more prisoners have been taken.

FORCED BACK SHORT DISTANCE.

London, Oct. 10.—Several counter-attacks were made by the Germans last night in the neighborhood of the Ypres-Staden railway. Today's official statement says these attacks were repulsed, but that south of the railway on a front of 2,000 yards, the British advance troops were forced back a short distance.

THE GERMAN REPORT.

Berlin, Oct. 10.—Via London.—The German battle lines on the Flanders front, from Poelcapelle to the south of Gheluvelt, are held firmly by their defenders, says today's army headquarters report. Repeated hostile attacks upon this front of approximately eight miles, all broke down with the heaviest losses, it is declared.

BRITISH GOVERNMENT TAKES OVER RUM

London, Oct. 10.—Beginning today, the admiralty announces that it will commandeer all rum in the United Kingdom. No one owning or controlling stocks of rum shall, without the consent of the admiralty, buy, sell, remove or otherwise deal in it.

UNION COLLEGE HEAD ANSWERS NORTHCLIFFE

Montreal, Oct. 9.—Rev. Dr. Charles Alexander Richmond, president of Union College, Schenectady, N. Y., and president of the New York State College Presidents' Association, at the induction of Rev. George Adam, as pastor of Emmanuel Congregational Church here tonight took issue with Lord Northcliffe on a reported statement of his lordship in the United States that America is fighting, not to make the world safe for democracy, but to make it safe for the United States.

"That is very wide of the truth," said Dr. Richmond. "America has gone into this war because she sympathizes with the nations that are fighting for liberty and democracy. It so happens that self-interest and conscience are on the same side."

He added that the motive which impelled the United States to enter the war was a motive of sympathy with the nations fighting in the sacred cause. The induction service was presided over by Rev. Dr. Hugh Pedley, who recently resigned the pastorate of Emmanuel Church.

WASHINGTON UNAWARE OF NORTH SEA AFFAIR

Washington, D. C., Oct. 10.—Publication today of reports that the Washington Government was expecting a big naval operation in the North Sea drew an official statement that the navy department knew nothing on which such a story could be based.

ST PAUL STRIKE OFF.

St. Paul, Oct. 10.—By unanimous vote the striking employees of the Twin City Rapid Transit Company last night agreed to an order of the Minnesota public safety commission which terminated the strike, four days old.

KING CONSTANTINE AND SOFIA CABINET IN CLOSEST TOUCH

Athens Court and Bulgars Were Working Hand In Hand.

Athens, Oct. 10.—Revelation follows upon revelation in the parliamentary inquiry into the doings of the pro-German cabinets of Skouloudis and Professor Lambros. The latest personage to appear before the commission of inquiry is Mr. Naoum, formerly Greek minister at Sofia. His evidence gives the measure of intimacy that existed at the time of the Greek mobilization in 1915, between the official circles in Sofia and the royal court at Athens.

Naoum testified that the mobilization provoked stupefaction and panic in Sofia, but that the Bulgar newspapers hastened to announce that a division had arisen between the king and Venizelos and that the Greek Government would have to resign.

Thereupon Naoum rang up the foreign office at Sofia and asked for the issuance of a denial, but failed to get it done, because, as he stated, Bulgarian political quarters were convinced of the disagreement in question, and were only awaiting the resignation of Venizelos, which actually happened. The news of his resignation, deliberately published in advance so as to reassure Bulgarian public opinion, which had been badly frightened by the Greek mobilization.

DOLLAR A DRINK

New York, Oct. 10.—The law providing for the invoicing of every gallon of alcoholic liquors has led many prominent members of the liquor trade to predict the price of whiskey will probably range from 50 cents to $1 per drink during the next three years, or that whiskey and other like beverages will be sold by the ounce.

It is also predicted that the treating habit will practically be abolished. There was a meeting of the liquor interests here yesterday to discuss matters.

GERMAN SAILORS PLANNED MUTINY TO BRING PEACE

Capelle Declares Attempt Was Made Along Russian Line.

RADICALS ARE BLAMED

Sensational Scenes in Reichstag When Exposure Was Announced.

Copenhagen, Oct. 9.—Vice-Admiral von Capelle, German minister of marine, announced in the Reichstag today that a plot had been discovered in the navy to form a committee of delegates on the Russian model and to paralyze the fleet so as to force the Government to make peace. The guilty parties have been arrested and have received their just desert, the minister added.

Blames Radicals.

Admiral von Capelle attempted to link the Radical Socialists with the plot. He said the ringleader had discussed the plot with Deputies Haase and Vogtherr in the Radical Socialist conference room in the Reichstag Building. The deputies had called attention to the dangerous nature of the plot.

Socialist deputies interrupted the speaker with cries of dissent. Deputy David of the Majority Socialists, demanded that the Government produce proof and that the Reichstag should suspend judgment in the meantime.

Chancellor Michaelis, earlier in the session, had referred to the affair, rumors of which had evidently had gained public circulation. He declared he could not co-operate with nor recognize a party which put itself outside the pale by activities directed against the fatherland.

The disclosures in connection with the Radical Socialists if true, came most opportunely to help the Government out of its embarrassment over the interpellation regarding pan-German propaganda. Admiral von Capelle hammered home his statement with a declaration of necessity for a proper "enlightenment of the military forces."

ALLIED ADVANCE CARRIED STRING OF STRONGHOLDS ALONG HEIGHTS

The British-French Blow of Tuesday Wonderfully Successful.

GERMAN DEFENCE WEAK

One Division Caught Unaware Was Almost Annihilated—Stories of the Fight.

British Front in France and Belgium, Tuesday, Oct. 9.—The blow struck by the British and French forces today against a wide section of the German defences between the Houthoist Forest and Broodzinde has resulted in another great success. Over much of this front the attacking troops swept forward to a depth of 1,200 yards or more, overrunning many important strongholds of the scattered enemy.

This afternoon the Allies were digging in almost on the outskirts of Houthoist Forest. Further south they had gained the Passchandaele Wood within less than 1,000 yards of Passchandaele Village, thereby wrenching away almost all that remained to the Germans of their famous Passchandaele-Gheluvelt Ridge system of fortifications.

German Losses Heavy.

Again the German losses have been great, and reports from all along the line indicate that their organization and morale were hit hard. It has been another wonderful performance on the part of the Allies, and the victory has been more remarkable because of the tremendous natural difficulties to the advance. The rain the past two days has turned much of the battleground into a morass, through which the French and the men of the British Empire floundered knee deep. How they could make their way forward over such ground, much less fight over it, is the amazing thing.

This very fact undoubtedly contributed to the day's triumph. German prisoners say nobody on their side had thought the Allies would advance under such conditions. The approach of the mud-covered Allied troops, coming through the marshes before German lines apparently unnerved the enemy.

Continued on Page Nine.

BISHOP STRINGER SAFE

Arrives at the Yukon After Cruise Along the Arctic Coast.

Dawson, Y. T., Oct. 10.—Bishop Stringer of the Anglican Church, has arrived safely at the Yukon, after a summer's cruise along the Arctic coast. He hoped to make Coronation Bay on his trip, but when 200 miles east of Herschel Island he was forced to turn back by the ice.

He is accompanied by Archdeacon Whittaker on his way to the coast with three native children for the Caricrass Indian School.

RUBE BENTON AND CICOTTE HOLDING BATTERS WELL IN OPENING INNINGS

The batting order:

Chicago.	New York.
J. Collins, lf.	Burns, lf.
McMullen, 3b.	Herzog, 2b.
E. Collins, 2b.	Kauff, c.f.
Jackson, r.f.	Zimmerman, 3b.
Felsch, c.f.	Fletcher, s.s.
Gandil, 1b.	Robertson, r.f.
Weaver, s.s.	Holke, 1b.
Schalk, c.	Rariden, c.
Cicotte, p.	Benton, p.

Chicago.

First Inning—J. Collins up. Ball one, foul strike one, ball two. J. Collins fouled out to Rariden, who took the ball near the grandstand. McMullen up. Strike one, foul, strike two. McMullen struck out. Eddie Collins. Strike one, foul strike two, foul, ball two, ball three. E. Collins singles to centre. Jackson up. Ball one, strike one, ball two. Benton threw out Jackson at first. No runs, one hit, no errors.

First Inning.

New York.—Burns up, foul, strike one, ball one, foul strike two, ball two, foul. Burns struck out.

Herzog up. Strike one. Cicotte was working the ball around the knees. Foul, strike two. Herzog flied out to Felsch, who did not have to move to take the ball.

Kauff up. Ball one, J. Collins dropped Kauff's high fly and the batter reached second.

Zimmerman up. Strike one, ball one, strike two. Zimmerman scratched an infield hit, Kauff going to third.

Fletcher up. Ball one, foul, strike two. Fletcher forced Zimmerman, McMullen to Eddie Collins.

No runs. One hit. One error.

Second Inning.

Chicago—First Half—Felsch up. Ball one, strike. Felsch fouled out to Hoelke.

Gandil up. Ball one. Gandil also sent up a high fly to Hoelke.

Weaver up. Ball one. Weaver slung a single over shortstop.

Schalk up. Ball one, ball two, strike one. Weaver stole second. The umpire had called him out, but then discovered that Fletcher had dropped the ball. Ball one (on Schalk), ball two, ball three. Schalk flied out to Burns.

No runs. One hit. One error.

Polo Grounds, N. Y., Oct. 10.—The New York Giants, having executed, as they declare, a strategic retirement to prepared positions on the Polo grounds, found themselves confronting the Chicago White Sox in the third game of the world's series. The champions of the National League had their backs to the wall to ward off the onrushing pennant winners of the American League, who have captured two straight games, and need only to annex two more to win the honors of the series.

35,000 Fans On Hand.

An early turnstile count indicated over 35,000 persons jammed into the vast concrete and wooden stands of the Brush stadium, with more coming while play was under way.

"We will try and make it four straight," said Manager Rowland as he led his white-stockinged warriors on the field. It will be either Cicotte or Russell against the Giants. We want to end the series here."

Manager McGraw realized the handicap his club was under and had a few tart things to say to his men in the club house before the contest.

Weather Clears.

A threatening morning cleared toward game time. A chilly, rasping wind scudded across the field and, while it made the fans shiver with the cold, it swept away great banks of leaden clouds, and there was a cheer when the sun broke through and blue sky appeared. Later the breeze began to drop out. The playing field was unblanketed and the diamond was found to be in good shape, though the outer meadows were somewhat slow.

Over behind the Chicago bench several hundred Chicago fans made merry with jibes at the Giants. In this they were assisted by a body of the Royal Rooters of Boston, who, having no series of their own, came over to New York to pick on their ancient foes.

Cheers for Giants.

The Giants received a big hand when they came on the field for batting practice. Sallee and Schupp took part in practice, and it was figured that either one or the other would surely face the Sox.

The home club wore their usual suits of white and white stockings with lavender band, while the White Sox, who did not come upon the field until shortly after 1 o'clock, also wore white uniforms with dark blue caps. The Sox wore white stockings with blue and red stripes.

KERENSKY'S NEW COALITION GOVT. TAKES CONTROL

Policy Will Be in Accord With Entente Allies.

RESTORE FIGHTING POWER

Ministry Pledges Itself To Meet Wishes of Various Parties.

Petrograd, Oct. 9.—Delayed—The new coalition government assumed control of Russia today, replacing the council of five organized a month ago. Announcement was made that the new government intends to carry out an active foreign policy with "the purpose of making peace in agreement with our allies as soon as possible." Meanwhile the Government will take steps to bring the army to its highest fighting power and to restore economic and social tranquility to the country.

Four Democrats in It.

The new coalition cabinet, including four members of the constitutional democrat party and one independent, seems to have met with the approval of the Petrograd press, except the radical, Novia Nishin, which is pro-German.

In addition to carrying out an active foreign policy the new government will issue an official statement declaring that the serious internal difficulties of Russia is due chiefly to the Korniloff rebellion. The new government pledges that its business acts will be on the basis of agreements between representatives of the bourgeoisie, the taxpaying elements and the revolutionary democracy.

Three Principal Aims.

It points out that the success of such a program is possible only if the nation is united. The Government's statement in conclusion says that it has three principal aims:

To raise the fighting power of the armies and navies.

To bring order to the country by fighting anarchists.

To call the constituent assembly as soon as possible.

STEAM RESERVE WILL BE ORDERED USED TO REPLACE HYDRO LACK

Especial Meeting of Commission To Deal With Matter.

Toronto, Oct. 10.—Regarding the increasing shortage of electric power in Ontario, Sir Adam Beck, chairman of the Ontario Hydro Power Commission, stated this morning that some of the municipalities having steam reserve would shortly be notified that they must use them instead of hydro. A meeting of the Ontario Hydro Power Union has been called for Tuesday next to consider this and other matters.

NO AGEEMENT YET, BUT NO RUPTURE IN UNION CONFERENCE

Premier Borden Continues To Do All the Negotiating.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—There is no coalition as yet. There was another conference this morning, and after it came the statement that there had been no agreement and no final rupture. Calder, Sifton and Crerar are still in Ottawa, and show no signs of moving. Sir Robert Borden is doing all the negotiating for his side, and leaves his associates in darkness.

There is a report that Premier Murray of Nova Scotia has been sent for, and is wanted to take a place on a Canadian war cabinet that would be distinct from the general cabinet.

THE WAR SITUATION

Field Marshal Haig, with the help of the French, has struck another successful blow in the Ypres salient, and the German tenancy of the dominant ridge east of Ypres is nearing an end. The British yesterday captured further sections of the ridge in the direction of Passchendaele, and British guns now dominate that part still in German hands, as well as the railway centres of Staden, Roulers and Menin and the railroad between Roulers and Menin.

Retreat Near.

One more stroke, perhaps two, and the Germans must bow before the superior power of the Allies in Flanders and retreat. Should the Germans retire to the line of Bruges-Trieit-Courtrai-Lille they would relinquish their hold on the greater part of the Belgian coast now used by them for submarine bases. Their retirement to this line also would make a sharp salient north of Lille, unless they chose to give up that stronghold and retreat to Tournai.

Tuesday, the British and French made their gains under difficult conditions. The weather was stormy and ground was waterlogged from the rain of several days.

OTTAWA'S ASSESSMENT.

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—The total assessment of this city is given by the assessment commissioner at $111,472,000, and the population as 101,545, increases respectively of $1,776,297 and 988.

HIGH PRICE FOR HALIBUT.

Prince Rupert, Oct. 10.—Halibut had the highest price in history of fishing here. A boatload of 2,000 pounds sold for 18 1-8 cents per pound, landed at the wharf.

UNFILLED STEEL TONNAGE.

New York, Oct. 10.—The unfilled tonnage on the books of the United States Steel Corporation of September 30 last was 2,833,477 tons, a decrease of 573,572 tons from August 31, according to the monthly statement of the corporation issued today. This is the successive monthly decrease in the figures since the high record of last April.

BOTH FEET CUT OFF.

Dauphin, Man., Oct. 1.—William Bell, a young lad from Hamilton, Ont., attempting to board a freight train a few miles out of Gilbert Plains yesterday, was thrown between the cars and had both feet cut off.