

by which Normal schools, or schools for the formation of teachers, were established in the cities of Quebec and Montreal.

“6. We have placed in the Appendix an extract from Lord Aberdeen’s despatch of 1st January 1835, (Appendix No. 2) explaining the ground on which the Royal Assent was refused to a Bill that had passed in 1834, for very generally conferring a corporate capacity on all institutions for education in the Province. A Bill of somewhat a similar nature, but framed apparently with an advertence to Lord Aberdeen’s objections, was passed this year, but it received some amendments in the Council, and was not returned to the Assembly till after there had ceased to be a quorum in attendance.

“7. The general system of elementary Education established by the successive enactments we have described, commencing in 1829, may be stated as follows. The whole province is divided into school districts, which, under the Bill that expired in May last, amounted to 1,344, and by the Bill which was lost in the first session of this year, would have been increased to 1,657, notwithstanding the repeated comments of the standing Committee of the Assembly upon the excess of their numbers. In each district, a school may be established at the discretion of the visitors, and an additional one for girls in each parish; a parish generally containing several districts. Every school may receive from the funds of