

16

COUNTRY.	CODING.	Imported.	Entered for Home Consumption.	Difference.
		\$	\$	\$
Great Britain	Woolens, viz., Blankets	172,294	198,124	+25,830
United States	"	28,998	28,822	- 176
Great Britain	" Carpets	651,497	648,974	- 2,523
United States	"	14,251	13,953	- 298
Great Britain	" Flannels	261,646	259,359	- 2,287
United States	"	68,095	67,054	- 1,041
Great Britain	" Tweeds	93,337	926,684	+833,347
United States	"	19,026	9,507	- 9,519
Great Britain	" Clothing, &c.	759,439	771,245	+11,806
United States	"	128,446	128,448	+ 2
Great Britain	" Worsted and Yarn	66,051	65,209	- 842
United States	"	5,655	5,655	0
Great Britain	Other	5,130,623	5,177,773	+ 47,150
United States	"	147,014	18,304	- 128,710

It will be observed that the values of the item "Woollens, Other"—Great Britain—\$5,130,623; United States, \$147,614, vastly exceeds in magnitude the aggregate sum of all the other items entered for Great Britain whose details are given, and thus forms a Depository or Dump in which very many other "Differences" may be comprehended and concealed.

It is important to note this entry "Other" or "All other," or "All other, N. E. S.," (Not Elsewhere Specified.)

PROOF THAT ALL THESE FIGURES ARE FABRICATED.

TABLE presenting the Final or Dominion Differences in Statement No. X, arranged in Columns of Positive and Negative terms, showing the excess or defect of the values of Goods entered as "Imports" when compared with the values entered for "Home Consumption," on which Duty is paid.

COTTONS AND WOOLLENS.

Positive Terms or Excess of Values entered for "Home Consumption" over Values of "Imports."		Negative Terms or Defect of Values entered for "Home Consumption" as compared with Imports.	
<i>Positive Terms.</i>		<i>Negative Terms.</i>	
2	1	90	1
150	2	100	2
562	3	158	3
673	4	176	4
750	5	300	5
1,599	6	519	6
1,600	7	842	7
3,119	8	1,043	8
7,150	9	1,048	9
7,424	10	1,470	10
8,488	11	2,287	11
11,806	12	2,523	12
35,830	13	3,466	13
		3,705	14
		6,683	15
Total... .. 69,183		Total..... 24,350	

It is the character, construction and relations of these Positive and Negative Terms which develop and prove their artificial manufacture, and the fabrication of the quantities from which they are derived.

PROPERTIES OF THE FIGURES EMPLOYED.

No. 1.

TABLE showing that the "Differences" in Statement No. X, when properly grouped, form an Arithmetical Progression from 1000 to 25,000 and upwards, no single term being repeated in any group of terms.

SUMS OF THE "DIFFERENCES" GROUPED.

[illegible]

It will be shown in another chapter that all the "Imports" and "Entries" for "Home Consumption" can be put in the form of an Arithmetical Progression.