Mr. Speaker, if questions Nos. 1,988, 2,196, 2,197 and 2,271 could be made orders for return, these returns would be tabled immediately.

I ask, Mr. Speaker, that the remaining questions be allowed to stand.

## [Text]

#### CIDA—LATIN AMERICA DIVISION

### Question No. 1,590-Mr. Reynolds:

- 1. On what date was the Latin America Division of CIDA set up?
- 2. On what date was it declared unilingual French?
- 3. Who is the Director of this Division and what is his salary?
- 4. How many employees of the Division are practicing or were former Roman Catholic priests and what are their qualifications for the job?
- 5. How many employees are employed full- and part-time in the Division and what were their previous occupations?

Hon. Allan J. MacEachen (Secretary of State for External Affairs): 1. The creation of the Latin America Division was approved on September 22, 1972 with effect from July 1, 1972.

- 2. It was never declared unilingual French. It was however declared a French-language unit in September, 1973. A French-language unit uses French as its main language of work within the Public Service. Service to the public, however, is always assured in both official languages.
- 3. The Director of the division is Mr. Pierre Tanguay, his classification is SX-1 and his salary range is from \$27,000 to \$32,500.
- 4. It is the policy of the Government that answers should not be given to questions that are obviously contrary to the spirit of the Canadian Bill of Rights.
- 5. Forty-three employees are employed full-time. There are no part-time employees.

# NATIONAL DEFENCE—MANPOWER AND SALARIES

#### Question No. 2,476—Mr. Gauthier (Roberval):

- 1. What is the strength of the Canadian Armed Forces stationed outside Canada (a) in what countries are they stationed (b) what is the strength in each country?
  - 2. What is the strength of the Armed Forces stationed in Canada?
- 3. What is the salary range for (a) officers (b) warrant officers (c) sergeants (d) other ranks?

Hon. James Richardson (Minister of National Defence): 1. The strength of the Canadian Armed Forces stationed outside Canada was 7,821 as of March 31, 1975. (a) and (b) see table following Part 3.

- 2. 70,311 as of March 31, 1975.
- 3. (a), (b), (c), and (d)

## Insert question No 2476

	Minimum	Maximum
General	\$44,000	\$54,000
Lieutenant General	33,000	42,000
Major General	29,000	37,000
Brigadier General	25,500	32,500
Colonel	27,000	30,600
Lieutenant Colonel	23,160	26,400
Major	19, 260	22,620
Captain	14,160	19,200

## Order Paper Questions

Lieutenant (Commissioned from the Ranks)	\$11,340	\$16,980
Lieutenant	7,860	14,340
Chief Warrant Officer	16,620	17,940
Master Warrant Officer	14,844	16,560
Warrant Officer	13,284	15,216
Sergeant	11,640	13,896
Master Corporal	10,524	12,732
Corporal	10,224	12,432
Private	4 800	9,000

In addition, there are two specialist trades with 847 members, representing 1.33 per cent of the total strength of the other ranks, who have higher maximum salaries:

Chief Warrant Officer	18,300
Master Warrant Officer	17,100
Warrant Officer	15,996
Sergeant	14,976
Master Corporal	13,812
Corporal	13,512

### Total Strength Summary-Outside Canada

Country	Total
Australia	8
Austria	1
Belgium	88
Bermuda	95
Britain	188
China	4
Cyprus	797
Czechoslovakia	2
Egypt	877
France	4
Germany	5,111
Ghana	2
India	2
Iran	2
Israel	23
Italy	5
Japan	2
Kenya	10
Korea	2
Lebanon	2
Netherlands	40
Nigeria	1
Norway	9
Pakistan	19
Poland	2
Russia	7
Tanzania	2 7 2 2
Turkey	2
United States	512
Yugoslavia	2
Total	7,821

# CANADA COUNCIL—GRANTS TO VICTOR-LÉVY BEAULIEU AND NICOLE BROSSARD

#### Question No. 2,590-Mr. Cossitt:

Did Victor-Lévy Beaulieu or Nicole Brossard ever receive grants from the Canada Council or from any other source whatsoever in