strength and wholesomeness. More sconomical than he would challe the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitade of low test, short weight, along or the house in regard to it.

ROYAL

RAKING POWDER CO., 108 Wall street, N.Y.

WANTS AN ENQUIRY.

Parnell Asks for a Special Committee-The Government Opposes the Request-A Nationalist Dies in Prison.

LONDON, July 9 .- In the House of Commons to day Sir Willred Lawson, Home Ruler, asked whether the Government would grant the appointment of a committee of the House to enquire into the charges against the leaders of the National party in the House of

Right Hon. W. H. Smith, the Government leader, said the House was incompetent to enquire into the charges. A proper enquiry could be obtained only through the ordinary

PARNELL TAKES THE INITIATIVE

tribunals.

Mr. Parnell later gave notice to the House that on Thursday he would submit a motion for the appointment of a committee to in-quire into the authenticity of the letters pub-lished by the Times in its articles on "Parnellism and Crime," and those read at the recent trial of the suit of O'Donnell against the Times, in which he and other Nationalist monoers were charged with serious crimes. his would also ask the Government to appout a day to discuss the subject and give founded charges made against him by Attorney General Webster in the trial of the suit of O'Donnell against the Times. Mr. Parnell's remarks were greated with loud

cheers from the Irish benches. THE GOVERNMENT REFUSES.

Hon, W. H. Smith stated in the House of Commons to-night that the Government will decline to give a day for the discussion of Mr. Parnell's motion to appoint a committee of inquiry into the charges made by the Times against the leaders of the National party and the authenticity of the letter supporting these charges. The Parnellites intend, therefore, to raise a debate on a motion to adjourn.

REVIEWERS REVIEWED. New York, July 8.—The Tribune has the following from Mr. G. W. Smalley in London: The press on the O'Donnell trial is not very instructive. The views expressed are on both sides partisan; honest, no doubt, but prejudiced. All the Unionist papers consider a strong prima facie case against Mr. Parnell made out. All the home rule papers are confident that the letters on which this prima facie case rests are forged. Mr. Parnell's atatement in the House of Commons convinces, so far as I can see, only those who were convinced before. His denials covered the whole ground. He spoke coldly and contemptuously amid silence hardly broken except by Irigh cheers. The Liberals observed in the house an attitude of reserve which they certainly do not in private or in the Gladstonian press. Mr. Parnell's speech was the result of a conference with his English allies, who profess entire confidence in his

THE "TIMES" RETORTS. The Times retorts upon him this morning with two long articles, and makes its points sharply enough. Mr. Parnell based his denial in part upon the theory that Mr. Egan's letter to Carey was admittedly found by the police in Carey's house, and that police evidence is worthless. No, says his accuser, that was not alleged and is not admitted. Mr. Parnell says that his "Dear E." letter about "making it hot for Foster," is alleged to be in the handwriting of his secretary, Mr. Campbell, It was not so alleged, answers the Times; the Attorney General expressly said that he did not know whose handwriting it was. Mr. Parnell told the House that he had been two days in court, ready to give evidence. Yes, replied the Times, you were there on a subrana, and would have had to go to jail if you had not obeyed the summons of the court. "The signature of the fac-simile letter," says Mr. Parnell, "is one I had not used since "But you told the House last year," ories the Times, "that the signature was an audacious fabrication, containing only two letters which bore any resemblance to any letters in your own signature! And the Times winds up with a fresh challenge to Mr. Parnell to bring an action for libel. Other Unionists journals think that in no other way can the issue be fairly tried. You may udge of the heat generated by this controversy from Mr. I. P. O'Connor's remarks. Nobody would think of calling Mr. O'Connor, to use an expression which this trial has made to classical, mealey-mouthed, even in court in order to gain an advantage over his political opponents; that the Attorney and fashion as assembled to day to witness the har, was gullty of a scandalous violation of all the decencies and of all the traditions of his profession; and that Mr. Walter, the proprietor of the Times, uses the foulest weapons ever employed since—note the phrase—since the well-merited death of Titus Oates Vet ordinary matters. He now observes that Sir the phrase—since the well-merited death of Titus Oates. Yet I think that Sir Henry James continues to practice in court, the Attorney-General is still Attorney-General, and the Times came out this morning as usual. The Daily News follows Mr. O'Connor's lead, and pronounces the charges against Mr. Parnell absurd and the documents produced in support of them mere rubbish. Then this zeelous advocate discharges its whole armory of adjectives on Mr. Walter and the Attorney-General. It acouses the latter of using his position as a member of the Government to obtain official information for the purposes of his private practice, of bringing silly and infamous charges, and of making defamatory asper-sions of the grossest kind, which he declined to support in any way, and conclude :- "It is he, not Mr. Parnell, who stands upon his al. The judgment of the English public,

like that of the press, follows, to some extent, party lines, but among impartial men—it such there be—held in suspense; nor will it be determined by mere violence on either side."

MANDEVILLE DIES IN PRISON. LONDON; July 9.—Mandeville, the Irish Nationalist, a nephew of O'Mahony, the Fenian head centre in America, died yesterday in prison, where he had been committed for a breach of the Crimes Act. In announce. ing the death of Mr. Mandeville, Mr. O'Brien of Ireland, and that he was killed by the rigorous treatment in prison. Mr. O'Brian asked Mr. Balfour what official information there was in regard to the death of Mr. Mandeville, and whether the Government would take any measures to secure an ade-quate enquiry into the cause of death. Mr. Balfour replied that the existing system of law was sufficient to insure a proper enquiry, if any were necessary. Mr. O'Brien considered the reply unmeaning and evasive, and stated that he would renew the question on Thursday if he found that the Government were not making an enquiry into the matter, and that he would challenge the opinion of

PERFECT HEALTH.

Can only be attained by carefully attending to the laws of nature as expressed in the wants of the system. To do this successfully requires the use of Burdock Blood Bitters occasionally, to secure the regulating and strengthening effect of this eplendid medicine.

MANDEVILLE TO HAVE A PUBLIC FUNERAL

DUBLIN, July 9.—A public funeral will be given the late Mr. Mandeville in Mitchellstown, and will be made the occasion of a great demonstration. A large number of Parnellites and Liberal members of Parliament will attend.

PARNELL, AND IMPERIAL FEDERA-TION.

LONDON, July 8.—Mr. Rhodes, a Cape Colony deputy and a supporter of Imperial confederation, recently wrote to Mr. Parnell assuring him of a large addition of colonial assuring him of a large addition of colonial support to Irish home rule if the Irish members would retain representation at Westminster in their plan thus furnishing a precedent for colonial representatives. Mr. Parnell replied that if Mr. Gladstone provided for Irish representation at Westminster. ing the death of Mr. Mandeville, Mr. O Brief, declared in the House of Commons to day in his next home rule measure the Irish that Mr. Mandeville had been injured by would cheerfully concur, valuing the position brutal treatment in prison. He was kept thus given them in the Imperial system. This many days on bread and water, and would have died of starvation but for the compassion of the officers of the prison. Mr. Healy writes that Mr. Mandeville died for the cause should be accorded them. Mr. Khodes then and that he was killed by the wrote offering £10,000 on his own behalf and £100 on behalf of Mr. Morough, an Irish resident at Kimberly, to the Irish party.

> When Baby was sick, we gave her Casteria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. Whan she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

FOLLOWS HIS GRANDFATHER.

Bentin, July 7-Emperor William continues his grandfather's state social policy and in most of his acts follows in the steps of the old Emperor William rather than those of his father. A bill passed in the Federal council on Thursday last promises that working people who are incapacitated, or who have arrived at the age of 70, shall receive an A fireman, cvidently smitten with some-body, gave the following toast: "Cupid and his torch, the only incendiary that can kindle his torch, the ancineer cannot quench." women 14 pfennings weekly to the fund, and the Government is to contribute a third of the required sum. It is estimated that the bill will affect 12,000,000 persons.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A LETTER FROM BOULANGER.

At the last meeting of the Patriots' League of Fall River, Mass., the following letter was read from Gen. Brutanger, whom the League had chosen as its honorary president :-

PARIS, 9th May, 1888.

Monsieur le Prasident,—I have received your letter by which you inform me of my election as honorary president of the League of Patriots of Fall Rivor. I was very much impressed by this token of sympathy, which is all the more proclous seeing that it comes from Frenchmen living so far away from the mother country. Please be my interpreter with the members of the League to express to them my grathuic, and to assure them that I will preciously preserve the recollection of this mark of esteem which they have given

Please accept, e ::. GENERAL BOULANGER.

BOULANGER'S WAR CRY.

Paris, July 7 .- General Boulanger, apeakrans, July 7.—General Boulanger, spears 150 40; catenoal, granulated, bits., 50 to. ing at a banguet at Rennes to-night, vehemently attacked the Chamber of Deputies for the futility of its work. He said: "It is the futility of its work. He said: "It is the futility of its work. He said: "It is the futility of its work and this sintster time to end this Chamber and this sintster volume of business was done. The demand time to end this Chamber and this sinister constitution. The great volue of the people must make itself heard at the elections. The nation must declare its wil. Let us arise and defend the republic. Let dissolution and revision happeforth he car only a.m. May revision henceforth he cur only am. May that one cry alone rally us and enable us to attain that end."

VIVE LE CANADIEN.

An old man, Charles Roy, who moved from near Quebec to Middleton, Mass., four years ago, has attained the ripe age of 106 years on the 15th January last. He lived 102 years in Canada. His wife died fifteen years ago at the age of S4 years. He went to Mid lieton to live with his boy Jean Baptiste, who is 78 years old. Charles Roy had 15 children, pine of whom are living. Jean Baptiste is the father of 16 children. Of his brothers and sisters Charles has 12 children, Michel has 15, Auguste has 15, Francois has 13, Pierre has 14, Rose has 9 and Joseph 5. And these grandchildren have families, and even the lourth generation are parents. The five generations number 700 persons now living. Mr. C. Roy is in good health, weighs 185 pounds, and promises to live long yet. He is a veteran of 1812 and a patriot of 1837.

DOCTORS DIFFER AND PATIENTS DIE.

The "art of healing" seems to lack even the "the "art of healing" seems to tack even the
"dignity of an experimental science." The
new school of medicine has been over hasty in
discarding the methods of the old. We learn
from the Medical Record that in the Pennsylvania Hospital from 1845 to 1847, when vene section prevailed in the treatment of pneumonia, only 1 in 16 patients died from the disease. From 1884 to 1886 the proportion of deaths was much greater—1 in 3.2. In the United States Army between 1840 and 1884, when bleeding was a part of the treatment, the when bleeding was a part of the treatment, the mortality was only 1 in 11.5, while between 1855 and 1859, after venesection was abandoned, the mortality from pneumonia increased to 1 in These facts and figures show that bleed ing may be resorted to with the best results in the early stages of pneumonia. The use of the lancet would have saved many who now mould in the clay, victims of pneumonia and medical

A MARRIAGE AT RIVER DU LOUP.

RIVER DU LOUP, en bis, Que, July 4.—Seldom, perhaps never, has there been seen in dignity. The ceremony was performed by Monsigneur Edmond Langevin, vicar-general of Rimouski dicese, and the service was grand and impressive. The mu-sical part of it was ably conducted by two of sical part of it was any conducted by two of her intimate friends. Mrs. C. E. Pouliot and Miss Taschereau. The happy couple left by the Halifax express. They will make a tour of the Lower Provinces and some of the seaside resorts of the Eastern States, Old Orchard in particular, and then go via Portland to Montal which is the their home. particular, and then go via Fortiand to Mont-real, which is to be their home. The wedding presents formed a splendid array of gold, silver, diamonds and other gems, Japanese goods and works of art, costing several thousand dollars.

This is tough weather for the aspiring graduates to give license to orstory. It is worse, however, on the perspiring audi-

ences.

COMMERCIAL.

MONTREAL GRAIN AND FLOUR .- The grain market has continued quiet and no business importance has been done. There was little enquiry for peas and oats, which are at steady prices. We quete:—Canada rod winter wheat, 96c to 97½c; Canada white, 96c to 97½c; Canada spring, nominal; No. 1 hard Manitobs. 96: to 98c; No. 2 do., 95c to 96c; No. 1 Northern, 94c to 95c; peas, 85c) \$76. outs. 49c to 50c; bothern, 95c to 95c; peas, 85c 87c; outs, 49c to 50c; barley, 55c to 60c; corn, 72: to 75c, duty paid.

There was no important feature in the flour market, the demand from both ex-

Mess pork, western, per trl. \$17 00 to \$17 50; to \$1; dry wood, 4 50 to 5 25; green wood, short out, western, per brl. 318 50 to \$10 00; 4 25 to 4 75; soft wood, 2 50 to 3 50; hency, thin mess pork, per brl. \$17 50; hams, city b. 10 to 10½; tallow, clear. 3½ to 40; tillow, per lb. 12½c to 13½c; hams, canvassed, low, rough, 1½ to 20; lard, No. 1, lb. 11 to per lb. 12½c to 13½c; hams, green, per lb. 00c 12½; lard, No. 2, lb., 10 to 11; straw, load,

Asnes .- Business in ashes was quiet, and the market was stoady owing to ment offeringe. We quote first pots \$4.10 to \$4 20, and second do. \$3.75 to \$3.90 per 100 lbs.

Eggs -There was a stronger feeling in the eug market and a further advance of he per lozen has taken place, owing to the brisk demand and the scaroity. All the off-rings were taken at 17c to 17h, and even 18c was paid for some lats.

BUTTER. -The butter market has continued ment in the export trade, but some creamery has been received for through shipment to Glasgow. Local trade has been fair at steady prices. We quote:—Creamery, 18 to 20d; Townships, 18 to 19; Morrisburg, 17 to 18; Vestern, 16 to 17c.

CHEESE. -Business is quiet. Quotations are: -Finest colored, 91 to 951; do. white, 98 to 93c; medium to fine, 83 to 94. MAPLE SUGAR AND SYRUP -The market continues quiet, syrup being quoted at 600 to 75c per gallon as to size of cans. In word

510 to 6c are the quoted rates, quiet and steady at 7c to Sc per lb. DRIED APPLES -The supply is light and prices are firm at 7c to 710 per lb. PINE APPLES .- A fair enquiry is reported

with a moderate business at 17c to 20s each. ORANGES -A good demand continues for oranges at firm prices, sales of Valencias being reported at \$9 to \$11 per case. A lot of 100 hoxes of Jaffa oranges has been received. and sales are reported at \$3 per box of one hundred.

LEMONS .- In sympathy with the late sharp decline in New York of \$1.50 to \$2.00 per box prices here have rescinded considerably, car lots of New York fruit being offered at \$4 75, single cases being quoted at \$5 to \$5 50. The supplies now on the water for New York are eaid to be large, being estimated at 250,000 box€#.

STRAWBERRIES -The receipts of Western herries have been heavy this week up till Wednesday, and sales were freely made at 60 to 7c per quart by the crate. The flush of receipts is now said to be over and prices are quoted at 60 to 8c. BANANAS-A fair sale has been experienced

at \$1.25 to \$1 50 per bunch for both red and yellow. Some over ripe fruit has sold for lower figures. COUGANUTS. - Sales have been made during

the week at \$4 per bag of 100. CALIFORNIA FRUIT.—A very good demand is reported, the present heated term being favorable for sales. Pears have sold at \$4 per box, plums at \$3 per box, peaches at \$2 25, apricots at \$2, and tomatoes in small boxes at \$1,

ONIONS.-Egyptian opions are selling at \$2.50 per crate.

POTATOES.—New potatoes have made their appearance, and old are almost unsaleable in round lots.

A fair business has been done in leather. but at prices which clearly denote that stocks are still in excess of requirements. We quote ordinary No. 1 sole nt 131c to 191c, and choice No. 1 R.A. solo at 2110 to 221s. A sale of rough leather was reported at 171c, and we quote 171c to 202. Buff has been placed at 11c up to 14), waxed upper 25c to 28c, and Scotch grained 30c to 32c. Pebble 10c to 12c, and enamelleu 14: to 15c.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

been offered at under \$19, but the Londonderry people it is said are not pushing sales just now. In har iron there have been sales

at 20, and it is said that low and unprofitable

at 20, and it is said that low and unprofitable as this rate is, it has been shaded. Sheets, \$2.50 to \$2.65 and plates, \$2.25 to \$2.40. Tipplates, \$4.25 for I.C. charcoal, and at \$3.90 to \$4 for cokes. Canada plates, quiet and steady at \$2.50. Ingot tin, 25c, and copper at 183 to 193; lead is quoted at 31c to 285 for pige and 4 to 4 le for sheets.

LEATRER.

35c for pig and 4: to 45c for sheets.

Although business in Scotch pigliron can-

HIDES AND SKINS.

The price of green butchers' hides are down to all round, the actual prices being 6c, 5c and 4c for Nos. 1, 2 and 3. Tanners are atill paying 7c for No. 1. Lambskins are up to 35c each and clips are selling at 25c each. Calfskins 5c.

TORONTO MARKETS.

TOBONTO, July 9 - Grain receipts were one load of goose wheat at 4722, and one load arrived at the age of 70, shall receive an allowance beginning with \$30 and increasing to \$60 per annum. Women are to receive old timothy at \$16 to \$19. Straw steady at two-thirds of allowance given to men. The money is to be raised by subacriptions of employers and the employed. The bill provides to the straw steady at the state of the straw steady at players and the employed. The bill provides that men shall subscribe 21 pfennings and two-thirds of subscribe 21 pfennings and the first at 12 to 22 to 170 that men shall subscribe 21 pfennings and the first at 12 to 20 to 180. Straw steady at 160 to 170 that men shall subscribe 21 pfennings and the first at 12 to 20 to 180. Straw steady at 160 to 180. Straw steady at 160 to 180. Straw steady at 160 to 180 97c to 98c; wheat, spring, per bush, 82c to 88c; wheat, goose, per oust, 75c to 77c; barley, per bush, 50c to 56c; cate, per bush, 53c to 55c; peas, per bush, 00c to 70c; dressed bogs, per 100 lbs, 80.00 to 88.50; chickens, per bush, 20c, butter per bush, 18c. pair, 55c to 80c; butter, per pound rolls, 18c to 22c; eggs, new laid, per doz, 16c to 17c; potatoes, per bag, 75e to 90c; apples, per barrel, \$4 25 to \$4.75; onions, per doz, 00e to 15c; onions, per bag, 00; turnips, white, per bag, 40e to 50c; rhubare, per doz, 25e to 30; cabbage, per doz, 60a to \$1.00; celery, 40a ro 75:; heets, per peck, 25c to 35:; paraloy, per doz, 15c; asparagus, per doz, 00c to 75c; radish, per doz, 003 to 203; luttuce, 000 to 20c; peas per bar, \$1.25) carrote, per doz, 40c; hay, \$12 to \$18; atraw, \$7 to \$10.

LONDON MARKETS.

London, July 9 .- Grain-Red winter, \$1 55 to \$1 62; white, \$1 55 to \$1 62; spring, \$1 55 to \$1 62; corn, \$1 15 to \$1 30; ryo, flour market, the demand from both export and local buyers being slow, consequently business was quiet, with prices ateady all round. We quote:—Patent winter, \$155 to \$162; corn, \$115 to \$130; rye, \$155 to \$148; do. feed, \$110 to \$115; outs, \$145 to \$160; patent spring, \$475 to \$150; peas, \$105 to \$115; outs, \$145 to \$150; peas, \$175 to \$150; peas, \$105 to \$15; beans, bushed, \$50 each; a bunch of 22 at \$615 each; one doz-mat \$5.45, and 17 at \$550; each \$400; atrong bakers, \$440 to \$450; to \$100. Vegetables—Petatees, new, per attraction bags—Extra, \$200 to \$205; city strong bakers, \$200 to \$205; city strong bakers, \$200 to \$205; city strong bakers, \$100; onions, per bushed, \$150 to \$2; onions, to 00c; flanks, green, per 1b, 00s to 00s; lard, 3 00 to 4 00; clover seed, bus, 4 30 to 4 50; western, in pants, per 1o, 101 to 00s; lard, Alarks seed, 4 50 to 5 25; Timothy, Canadian, in pails, 0s to 10s; cacon, per 1b, bush, 0 00 to 3 00; Hurgarian grass ed, 11c to 111c; shoulders, 00c to 8c; tallow, com. refined, per 1b, 52c to 6s.

Asurs Britisher to substitute of the form of the fo FRUIT-Goosebearter, S: q .; cherries 8a to 10: q.; dried apples, it., 6: to 80; eranberries, qt, 15:; maple syrup, gl, Sl to Sl 25; do sugar, lb, 12: to 15:. MEATS—Pork, 7 25 :0 7 50; pork, by qr, 8c to 90; beef, \$5 50 | with offerings moderate. At Liverpool there to \$6 50; muiton, by qr, 8 to 120; mutten, by carcais, 7c to 00c; spring lamb, per lb, 11c of half a cent on the week for good to prime to 00c; vest, by qr, 5c to 6c; vest, by carcass, cattle, but the improvement has not extended 3c to 6c. Hides, No. 1, 0c to bulls and inferior stock proportionately. 30 10 60. HIDES -Hides, No. 1, 00 60; No. 2, 0; to 50; No. 3, 00 to 40; Caliskins, 5c to 7c; do dry, 16c to 18c; wool, quiet and featureless, with no important 211 to 23; sheepskins, \$1 to \$175 feature to note. There has been no improved lambskins, 15; to 25c. Fish—White fish, per lb., 8c; sea salmon, 25c to 35.; fresh haddock, 7c; halibut, 15; flounders, 8c; fresh end, 82; salmon trout. 8c; trout, 20c; herring, dozen, 25c; pike, 7c; mackerel, lo., 10c; black bass, 8c; perch, doz ,25.; smelte, 15, 10c; muller, 1b, 4c. POULTRY (dressed)—Cnickeus, pr, 50 to 70c; ducks, pr, 75c to \$1; geese, each, 50 to 703; geese, per lb, 6 to 70; tur-keys, per lb, 11 to 13c. POULTRY (undressed) -Chickens, 50 to 700; chickens, sp, 400 to 500; ducks, 50 to 700; turkeys, each, \$1 25 to \$2; turkeys, per lb, 13 to 14e; 20 to \$00. Live Stock—Milch cows, \$35 to \$50; live hoge, cwt, \$450 to \$600; pigs, pr, \$4 to \$6; 1st beeves, \$4 to \$5; spring lambs, \$4.

LIVE STOCK.

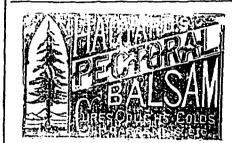
TORONTO LIVE STOCK. TORONTO, July 9.—The extra large run of 36 loads quite swamped our market to-day, and the result was something like a general break in butchers' cattle, and in a minor degree through other branches. Export was doing well, the only drawback being the quality. A few lots for shipment to Liverpool sold readily at 54c per round, and an active demand existed for more of the same quality. Butchers' cattle were off quite four dollars a head in general, and sellers thought themselves remarkable lucky who arranged their deals on an average reduction of three dollars. There was tolerably extensive buying for Montreal. notwithstanding that the meat markets there are in none too lively a condition. We had plenty of trade here, but the figures ruled low, and the market from a financial point of

view was a very poor one. CATTLE -- An excessive supply -- a supply of perhaps twenty loads more than we could have done with very severely crippled our lapse in values, severe as it was, must have been more serious still. Prices were very much off. Export cattle were wanted, and better business could have been done had the quality been up to the required standard; as it was, values ran from 41c to 5c, and occasionaly 54c for really superior. Among the export sales were one

FULL WEIGHT Although business in Scotch pigliron cannot be called active, a few sales of the leading brands continue to be made at about former quotations. Calder, Summeries and Gartabarrie being quoted at \$18.25 to \$18 50. A new brand of Scotch pig called Arysome has been sold at \$18. Eglinton and Daiwellington are steady at \$17 to \$17 50. Coltness is quoted at \$19, and Siemen it is said has treen offered at under \$19 in the London. PURE

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest, and most healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Po der does not contain Ammonia, Lime, or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK.



sold at \$61; a lot of 10, averaging 1,200 lbs, sold at \$36; a lot of 5 springer cows sold at \$34 each. Butchers cattle was at next lower prices; among the sales were 18 head, averaging 1,075 lbs, sold at \$45 each; a lot of eighteen, averaging 1,100 lbs, sold at \$45 rach; six head, averaging 1,000 lbs, sold at \$33 each; four head, averaging 825 lbs, sold at \$25; a lot of 21, averaging 1,075 lbs, soll at \$40 each, and ten head, averaging 950 lbs, sold at \$30 each ; 17 head, averaging 975 los, sold at \$33 each ; 3 steers, averaging 900 lbs, sold at \$36 each; a lot of 23, averaging 1,075 lbs, sold at \$36 each; a lot of eight, averaging 1,200 lbs, sold at \$40 each; a lot of eleven, averaging 950 lbs, sold at \$34 each; a lot of seven, averaging 900 lbs, sold at \$30 each. Some inferior stuff was left unsold.

SHEEP -A large run, especially of export, for which the demand was good ; about three bundred were offered and sold at an average of four cents. Among the sales were 33 head at \$6 each; a bunch of six at \$5.30 each; a bunch of 27 at \$5.73 each; a bunch of 70 at \$6 each; a bunch of 22 at \$6.15 each; one

CALVES-A large run; prices were off, and

ca'es ranged from two dollars to five, with not more than half a de zeu deals at better figures. Hogs -- About 300. all told Prices were easier Fat were \$6.25 to \$6.50, heavy about

BRITISH LIVE STOCK.

\$6, while stores went at \$5 75 to \$6.

The improvement of last week has been more than sustained, and a further advance is cabled. All receiving markets report a materially better trade and higher prices, with all closing steady. Receipts from Canada and the States have been light. Liverpool, Glasgow and London report a steady demand at higher prices than were entrent a week ago was a steady demand at an advance Prime Canadian steers were at 134c, good to choice at 13; poor to medium at 12; and inferior and bulls at 9: to 10 to. There has been a fair demand for sheep, with trade in fairly good snape. In Liverpool, best sheep were cabled at 14c, secondary grades at 12c to 13c, merinos at 111c to 1210 and inferior and rams at 9: to 101.

MONTREAL STOCK YARDS, POINT ST. CHARLES.

The receipts of live stock for the week ending July 7th, 1888, were as follows:—1,075 cattle, 500 sheep, 153 higs, 153 cilves; left over from lat week, 317 cattle. Total for week, from lat week, 317 cattle. Total for week, 1,392 cattle, 500 sheep, 153 hogs, 153 calves. Exported and sold during week, 1,376 cattle, 500 sheep, 153 hogs, 153 calves. On hand for sale, 16 cattle. Receipts last week, 3,70 cattle, 331 sheep, 455 hogs, 274 calves. Exports for week ending June 7th, 1888, 1,143 sheep, 190 hogs; do. last week, 1,902 sheep, 121 hogs. Business was unusually dull during the week. There were no sales of export cattle, and the There were no sales of export cattle, and the scarce and no demand. There was the usual supply of poor animals, which sold readily but at very low prices. The general impression is that, although there are plenty of cattle in the country, good grass shippers will not be so plentiful, owing to the dry weather which has dried up the grass in certain parts of the West.
Hogs, sheep, lambs and calves about the same
as last week. We quote the following as being
average values:—Export, good average, 1,250 average values:—Export, good average, 1,250 to 1,400, 5c to 5½c; do., medium, 1,100 to 1,200, 4½c to 5c; butchers', good, 1,000 to 1,100, 4½c to 4½c; butchers', medium, 3½c to 4c; butchers', culls, 3c to 3½c; sheep, good, 3½c to 4½c; hogs, 6½c to 6½c; lambs, each, \$3.50 to \$4.00; calves, each, \$4.00 to \$7.00.

HORSE MARKET.

VEEKLY REPORT MONTREAL HORSE EXCHANGE

MONTREAL, July 7 .- The receipts of horses for the week ending July 7th, 1888, at the Montreal Horse Exchange, Point St. Charles, market. Had it not been for the accident of were as follows:-140 horses; left over from much better quality in all the round run, the , previous week, 20; shipped during week, 132 sales for week, 2; average, \$150; on hand for sale and shipment, 17. Arrivals of thor for sale and shipment, 17. Arrivals of thoroughbred and other imported stock at the stables for week, and snipped per G. T. Ry. Thursday at 7.15 p.m. ex ss Montreal; 4 horses consigned to T. R. Mitchell of Blyth, Ontario,; ex ss Oirce. 33 horses consigned to Messrs. Galbra th Bros. of Janesville, Wis. ; 17 consigned to W. Carter of St. Cloud. These horses went through dozen, averaging 1,300 lbs, sold at \$4.50; a to Obicago, a distance of 887 miles, in 42 hours, lot of 20, averaging 1,300 lbs, at 410 per pound; a lot of 20 head, averaging 1,300 lbs, American buyers in and the local trade slow.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN

Our Stores will close at one o'clock on Saturdays, as usual, during July and August. S. CARSLEY.

JULY SALE.

ANNUAL JULY SALE.

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During the July Sale the Centre Tables at Carsley's Print Store will be devoted to Remnants of Prints all at half price.—Copied.

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SALE OF GIMP JET S. CARSLEY.

Go to S. Carsley's for cheap Hosiery. Hosiery heavily reduced for the July cheat sale.—Post.

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MONTREAL, 10th July, 1888.

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