

EThis Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitade of low test, short weight, atum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N.Y.

## WILLIAM O'BRIEN.

The Speech for which He is Prosecuted.

"I defy all the powers of darkness and injustice to stand against us!"

The speech made by William O'Brien, M.P., to his constituents at Mitchelstown on the estate of the Countess of Kingston, on Tuesday, August 9, and for which he is to be prosecuted,

is given below.

An army of policemen, a reserve of military, and a host of bailiffs were in the town waiting for the order to commence the evictions. Be-fore dawn that day some twenty cattle were captured and brought in triumph to the town. In the evening a meeting was held in the market square, which was presided over by the Rev. Dr. McCartby, C.C. There was a large

Mr. William O'Brien, M.P., who was received with tremendous cheering, said :—I expected to find you in the thick of the battle to day, and ind you in the thick of the battle to-day, and you are all here, but where is the crowbar brigade? (Groans). Why, I expected to find them drawn up here to-day in all the pomp and glory of war with Captain Plunkett and Mr. O'Grady at their head (groans).

They have been, I believe, brave enough to go

NIBELING AT EVICTION,

wandering about in search of an old cabin that wandering about in search of an old cann that is uninhabited and is without a defender, and making a cattle-lifting raid and walking off with a dozen of odd cows belonging to a poor old widow. Mr. O'Grady is getting a little timid about his costs, and he was determined at all events to grab something before the Land Bill will come and sweep him and the Countess of Kingston into oblivion (cheers). They are afraid to carry out their evictions, and are just in the plight of the Tory Government They are atraid to carry out their evictions, and are just in the plight of the Tory Government that dare not suppress the National League (cheers). They have not tackled even the Plan of Campaign manifully (cheers). They do not tackle honestly or aboveboard its upholders; and here I'm preaching it to you to night, and let them touch me (cheers). They will not do it, but they are capable of attempting to evict from an old house when they think there is nobody in it to defend it; but we won't stand it. You know that this is an attempt to rob the tenants on the Kingston estate of the right that they will be entitled to in a few lays. When the Land Bill is law there is not a lease-holder on this estate who won't be entitled, in spite of the Countess of Kingston and Mr. O'Grady to walk into court and claim a bigger reduction than we went for under the Plan of Campaign. The justice of your claim is now recognized by the law of the country. This new Land Bill is a confersion that you were more than right and more than moderate in your demands (cheers); and I can tell you that the English people wen't stand any infamous attempt to shut out the tenants from the rights to which they are entitled, and if it is tried it will be the last infamous and dastard thing they ever shall attempt against Irish tenants, and speaking here as your representative, and, I dare they are entitled, and if it is tried it will be the last infamous and dastard thing they ever shall attempt against Irish tenants, and speaking here as your representative, and, I dare say, in the hearing of some bailiffs and some policemen, I tell you that if they carry out these evictions they will not be upholding the law, but defying and evading the law and the intention of Parliament (loud cheers). You would not be men if you did not RESORT TO EVERY HONEST MEANS IN YOUR POWER

TO RESIST THEM (PEAR, HEAR), and I tell you here to night that I would blush for you as men and the English people would despise you and say serve you right if you were to lie down tamely and submit tamely and without a blow to a foul and intolerable outrage of that sort (hear, hear, and cheers). Now, for the last few weeks there has been a sort of truce on both sides. As we thought, Mr. Pamell held out the clive branch. He was willing and we were willing to test this new Land Bill and to give it a fair trial, and to see whether anything could be done to restore peace and harmony by means of it. But I warn the landlords not to answer us and our clive branch by coming as these people came last night, to robyou of rackrents which this Land Bill declares to be intolerable and unjust ones; and if they come to-morrow or after to despoil you of your homes and to prevent you getting the redress that Parliament intended, remember this—you that Parliament intended, remember this—you are the men whose struggle has won this Land Bill for the tenants of Ireland (cheers), and I can tell you that the Irish people will not allow you to be victimized by either the Countess of Kingston or the Government, victimized because you forced the Tory Government in spite of themselves to give this Land Bill and

PULL DOWN THE BENT ROLL

of the landlords of Ireland (cheers). I have been tempted to say more than I intended, for I had no notion that I would have such a great meeting here to address at a moment's notice, and shall have another opportunity within the next few days, if the crowbar brigade turn up, to give them a bit of my mind (hear, hear). tell you to rest as secure as the heavens above tell you to rest as secure as the heavens above us in the justice and strength of your cause. I defy all the powers of darkness and injustice to stand against you (cheers); and why? You are looking only for twenty per cent of a reduction in your reuts, and that and more every man of you will get when you get into the Land Court, as you will be entitled to do in a fortnight hence, and will any man tall me that he is not entitled to will any man tell me that he is not entitled to more than twenty per cent. if the landlord's commission is not to turn out a hideous force commission is not to turn our a niceous rarce (hear, hear). What we have to do is to hammer this case into the English mind, and make all England ring with it. I, for my part, will take care, so far as my humble powers can, to help to make this eviction campaign, if they attempt it, a dear and expensive job for the castle. it, a dear and expensive job for the castle, and for Dublin Castle (greans and cheers). I ask you not to be caught napping (hear, hear). I ask you to be as alive and vigilant night and day as the corps of bailiffs up in the castle (cheers). I believe that it you do, these evictions will be the last eviction campaign that ever will be witnessed in Ireland, and that it is not the tenants' nor the tenants' organization that will go down, but it is landlordism and the Tary Government that will sink together into the same grave and will never rise again to into the same grave and will never rice again to curse the lives and interfere with the peace and happiness of the Irish people (cheers).

They use an old hearse in Jackson to peddle

TERRIBLE HOLOGAUST

IN THE THEATRE ROYAL, EXETER.

Over a Hundred Lives Lost-Flames on the Stage Produce a Fatal Panic in Which Many are Crushed to Death.

London, Sept. 5.—A theatre at Exeter took fire this evening during a performance of "The Romany Rye." The occupants of the pit, after an awful struggle, escaped, but many of them greatly injured. There was only one exit from the gallery. The rush there was terrific. Scores were trouden under foot and suffocated. A fire escape was brought to a window and many were trodden under foot and suffocated. A fire escape was brought to a window and many inside were rescued. Sixty corpses have been removed. The injured survivoes were sent to a hospital. The mortality is estimated at 100.

The structure burned was the Theatre Royal. It was built after the latest designs, and was elaborately fitted, being considered one of the prettiest in the Kingdom. There was a full house to night, and everything was all right until the end of the third act, at 10.30, when a drop scene fell and in a moment the whole stage was a mass of fire.

A WILD PANIO ENSUED.

The occupants of the stalls, pit and dress circle escaped after dreadful crushing, many being badly bruised. The actors and actresses were in their dressing rooms when the fire began, and all escaped. The fire originated in the flies and spread rapidly, filling the theatre with a dense smoke. The occupants of the upper circle and gallery rushed to the windows, screaming frantically. Many jumped from the windows and were injured. Others were rescued with the aid of ladders. The fire blazed fiercely, lighting up the whole city. People were seen flocking to the scene in thousands enquiring for friends.

The scene inside the theatre when the fire broke out was an awful one. Some men implored the audience to be cool, but it was impossible to check the frantic rush. The theatre hose was brought into use in a few minutes, but the water had little effect on the flames. The actors and actresses were taken from the windows with the aid of ladders. They let averething except what they wore at the

from the windows with the aid of ladders. They lost everything except what they were at the time. Up to the present time 130 bodies have been recovered. They are almost unrecog-nizable. Thirty injured survivors have been taken to the hospitals. The fire burned throughout the night. Search for the bodies throughout the night. Search for the codes proceeds slowly. In many cases every shred of clothing is burned off and the bodies look black and raw. There are various reports as to the origin of the fire. It as only certain that the flames broke out in the scene shifter's department. Those who escaped say that the special exit was promptly opened.

A POLITICAL PICNIC.

WINNIPEG, Man Sept. 4.—The political picnic held at Morris on Saturday under the auspices of the Winnipeg Workingmen's Conservative association was in many respects of a most extraordinary character. About three hundred attended. All the Provincial and three traordinary character. Anoth three individual statended. All the Provincial and three Federal ministers had been invited to be present, but none turned up. The reason of this, as far as the Provincial ministers are concerned, is obvious, the object of the picnic being to support the Federal Government's policy on the disallowance question. The Dominion ministers had not yet returned from the West." Addresses were read on the Morris Fair Grounds. The speakers were C. P. Bowers, ex-provincial treasurer; Dr. Orton, ex. M.P.; Mr. Whitta, a member of the anti-disallowance deputation to Ottawa last spring, and Mr. Leacock, M.P.P. Mr. Brown contended that Mr. Norquay should have secured the necessary funds before sending the bill to Ottawa for disallowance. Dr. Orton counselled patience, while Mr. Whitla delivered a most fiety incendiary address. The Red River, he said, would be built even if they had to burst Confederation to do it. It was not Sir

## OTTAWA COUNTY CAMPAIGN.

[Special Correspondence] On Sunday, after Mass, meetings were held throughout the country. By far the largest and perhaps the greatest political demonstration ever held in this section of the Province was the Hull meeting. About four thousand attended, and although Mr. Cormier could not count many supporters in the vast multitude, still the best order and good will prevailed.

The speakers on the Liberal side were Mesars The speakers on the Liberal side were Mesars. Tremblay of Montreal, Tremblay of Ottawa, Prefontaine, M. P., Chas Devlin, jr., and the candidate, Mr. Rochon. Hon. L. O. Taillon, Mr. Leclerc and Chas. Leduc were present to champion the Tory cause. Mr. Taillon was allowed extraordinary latitude. He was one of the first speakers and made a fair speech. Notsatisfied he insisted upon answering Mr. Dev-lin, whose able and telling speech, which created unbounded enthusiasm, seemed to sorely trouble him. Mr. Taillon was at a great disadvantage. Having accepted the responsibility of all that his predecessors had done, he could not well establish a good case. It was amusing to observe how readily his arguments were disposed serve how readily his arguments were disposed of and how coldly his remarks were received. Mr. Leclero came to his assistance, but seemed to make matters worse. It was a great field day of oratory, and the speeches were excellent, particularly those of Messrs. Prefontaine, Tremblay and Rochon. As for Mr. Devlin, his friends observed with pleasure that he spoke better, with more freedom and force than during any previous convenies any services. ing any previous campaign; and it is now confidently expected that his health is strong

SPECIAL CABLE NOTES. THE MARQUIS OF LORNE'S PROPOSAL TO SETTLE

enough to permit of his accompanying Mr Rochon in his tour through the county.

THE IRISH QUESTION-A G.T.R. DIVIDEND. TORONTO, Sept. S.—The following apecia cable appears in this morning's Globe:—

LONDON OFFICE OF THE "GLOBE,"

The Marquis of Lorne contributes an article in the current number of the Liberal-Unionist in which he asks whether a wholesome local autonomy cannot be granted Ireland by the organization of provincial chambers, on the model of what Canadian statesmen wish Canada to become, in Dublin. A council or delegation from the several provincial chambers might meet at College Green to pass ordinances affecting inter provincial interests. Irish representation in the Imperial Parliament would still be

retained. retained.

A Grand Trunk dividend is announced at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the first preference stock. This is a half per cent, better than the general anticipation and caused a sharp upward movement in the company's stock, all of which show a rise on the week. Canadian Pacific shares are a trifle better. Other railway stocks are steady, except New Brunswick, which has fallen 1 per cent. Canadian Government securities are without change and there is no movement to note in land or financial shares.

## THE POLICE ATTACKED.

Durain, Sept. 5.—At a Nationalist meeting at Middleton, 10 miles from Armagh, several policemen, who were detailed to keep order, were attacked and badly injured.

THE WORLD OVER.

Foreign and Home News in Brief.

CABLE. Mr. Fresch, the French Consul General, has left Sofia.

The safe in the office of the Credit Mobilier, Paris, has been robbed of 125,000 francs.

The treaty Powers have ratified the Literary and Artistic Copyright convention.

Prince Ferdinand has forbidden Bulgarian officers to act as newspapers correspondents. Dr. Ross, of Cock, who is accused of poisonng his wife has been committed for trial.

ing his wife has been committed for trial.

'Mgr. Persico, the Bapal lenvoy, delivered an address before a vast audience in Limerick cathedral on "The Progress of Catholicism."

Every trace of Colorado beetle has been destroyed in Germany by timely use of disinfectants in the fields where the peats appeared.

The peace-ble condition of the Afghan fron-tier enables General Komaroff, the Russian commissioner, to return to St. Peteraburg. The

reports of skirmishes between Heratese and Russian troops are without foundation. Ayoub Khan, after his sacape, proceeded toward Afghanistan. He was seen at Shah Rood, in the Province of Khorassan, travelling

n a south-easterly direction. At a trades union congress at Swansea, a resolution condemning the Government for suppressing public meetings in Ireland was passed by 85 to 7.

The Gaekwor of Baroda, accompanied by suite of sixty persons, besides several ladies of his harem, is coming to England. He will be the guest at Oxford of his brother; Prince Sampatrao, and his cousin, Prince Gampatrio,

who are studying at the university. The Temps says that M. Waddington, French Ambassador at London, has delivered to Lord Salisbury France's reply to the latest British proposals regarding the neutralization of the Suez canal. The reply amounts practically to acceptance of an agreement with England. Only a few details remain to be settled. The entents includes an understanding relative to the New

includes an understanding relative to the New Hebridea Many noted Americans went to Hawarden on Sunday to pay their respects to Mr. Gladstone, and attended church where he read the lessons of the day. After service the path from the church door was lined on both sides by American visitors, who greeted Mr. Gladstone with much warmth as he passed on his way home. He returned each greeting cordially.

Advices from Chardjui on the Oxue say the Russian Court Chamberlain Mitchigeff, Prince Demidoff and a party of millionaires are inspecting the cotton fields of Bokhara with a view to selecting a suitable situation on the line of a projected Samarcand railway for a cotton mill.

The Russian Minister of Finance, who visiting Novigorod, received an address from the merchants there expressing attafaction with the Government's measures for the protection of national productions and trade, and asking that stringent edicts be issued to render foreign competition powerless, and subject all foreigners to special taxes. The Minister responded favor-ably and said that the present line of taxation had been dictated by the Czar himself.

The Emperor Francis Joseph arrived at Neutra, Hungary, yesterday morning, and was enthusiastically received by the people, who turned out cn masse to welcome him. Many addresses were presented to the Emperor. One addresses were presented to the Emperor. One of them was from the Jewish inhabitants, and, in accepting, the Emperor said, "Justice commands absolute equality of rights for all religions." In the evening the Emperor was entertained at a banquet by the Archdukes Alfrecht, Wilhelm and Joseph. The town was illuminated and the Emperor was serended.

Last night's official press confirms the statement made on Saturday that there will be no meeting of the Czar and Emp ror William. The North German Gazette says: "The re-The North German Gazette says: "The repeated statements that a meeting is about to take place at Stettin emanate from Austrian and French sources, and are based upon pure conjecture. Nothing exists to justify the sup-position that the Czar is coming to Stettin. It is idle guess work on the part of the newspapers to speak of a renewal of the treaty between Russia and Germany expiring this month, see ing that there is no such treaty in existence.

In the House of Commons last evening Sir James Fergusson, parliamentary secretary to the foreign office, said the Government had no information concerning the last reported seizures of British vessels in Behring's Straits, but they had received advices regarding seizures made by American revenue cutters on the 2nd, 12th and 17th of August. The Government was in communication with the United States Government in reference to the matter.

## AMERICAN.

The New York Commercial Bulletin's fire record for August shows a total loss in the United States and Canada of \$8,317,500, against \$13,000,000 in August, 1886.

It was stated at Newport last night on goo authority that Admiral Luce would be relieved from the command of the North Atlantic squadron this week and be made president of the college here.

The great stove moulders strike, which begun in St. Louis last March, spreading over the entire country, and was kept up here by the aid of the International Moulders' Union long after t had succumbed, has been finally settled

In his address on the subject of Ottawa's death rate, in the Dominion Methodist church last night, Rev. Mr. Carson said that the death rate in Ottawa was 28 for every 1,000 of the population, which was 30 per cent. greater than any other city in Ontario, and 20 per cent. higher than London, England.

The Manitoba Local Government have completed all preparations for the legal struggle on Wednesday and are confident of winning the day in all the cases, including Mr. Browning's. The election for the North-West council for the Macleod district yesterday, resulted in the return of Haultane, of Macleod, by a small majority.

It was reported that Mr. Norquay had raised money for the Red River Road, but enquiry at the Government office fails to corroborate the rumor. Work on the road, however, is progres-sing. Mr. Norquay is not expected back for ton days.

The Canadian Pacific has largely reduced grain rates from the West to Port Arthur, from three to five cents per hundred pounds A convict named Alex. Dougherty, of Strat-ford, hanged himself in the dungeon of the

Kingston penitentary, to which he had been sent for misconduct.

Mr. Thomas Tait, a highly respected farmer of Centreville, was burned to death this afternoon. He had started a bush fire which spread rapidly, and, being alone, it is thought he was surrounded by the fire in trying to stop it spreading. He was one of the oldest residents of the Township of Camden. Shortly after midnight this morning fire broke out in the property room of the Grand Opera House, Toronto, but it was extinguished before a great deal of damage was done. The

Hanlons had commenced a week's engagement last night. Quebec L'Evenement last night comes out strongly against Chief of the Fire Brigade Dorval for returning the cheque for \$50 sent by the Dominion Government, through Sir A. P. Caron, to remunerate the men of the fire brigade. L'Evenement that sits very imprudent

action, and one savoring of politics. It seems that the news sent Sunday night quote finest August 121c to 122c, and finest that Sir Andrew Stuart had been sworn in as July 12c, fine goods at 111c to 111c, and other administrator of the prevince during Lieutenant-kinds at 101c to 11c. Present appearances are Gevernor Masson's absence is premature. The very much against an average fall production, Canadien, of Quebec, yesterday says:— owing to the continued drouth; and unless Contrary to what cortain newspapers rains come speedily, a short make for balance have announced, Sir Andrew Stuart of season will be an established fact,



Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government, Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Stromest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's the only Baking Fowder that does not contain Ammonia, Lime, or Alum. Sold only in Gans.

PRICE BARING POWDER CO. ST. LOUIS. OHICAGO.

has not been named administrator in the absence of the Hon. Mr. Masson. We believe that we are not far off having a lieuten ingovernor given to the provisce. Rumors point to the name of Hon. Judge Augers, H. n. Judge Cassault, Hon. Mr. Robits lie and Hon. Judge Baby, any one of whom may possibly be chosen

## COMMERCE.

Weekly Review of Montreal Wholesale Markets.

FLOUR, GRAIN &c.

FLOUR.—There has been an improved demand on local account, and also more call for flour for Lower Ports and N. wfound and shipment, and fresh ground, which is very searce, has commanded about 50, per bbl. more unoney. Several good round lots of Superiors, Paten's and Extras have been taken for Newfound and at full figures. Manitoba flour has changed hands at \$4.20 to \$4.30 for strong bakers, and at \$4.05 to \$4.10 for medium. Sales of 75 per cent. at \$4.20 to \$4.30 for strong bakers, and at \$4.05 to \$4.10 for medium. Sales of 75 per cen's. Outario patents have transpired at \$4.50 to \$4.65, and of 90 per cent. at \$4.05 to \$4.15. We quote:—Patent, (Ont-rio) \$4.05 to \$4.70; Strong Bakers' (American), \$4.25 to \$4.50; Strong Bakers' (Manitob n) \$4.25 to \$4.35; Strong Bakers' (Canada), \$4.00 to \$4.05; Superior Extra, \$3.95 to \$4.00; Extra Superior \$4.00 to \$4.05; Superior Extra, \$3.95 to \$4.00; Extra Superior \$4.00 to \$4.05; Superior Extra, \$3.95 to \$4.00; Extra Superine, \$3.80 to \$3.85; Fancy, \$3.60 to \$3.70; Spring Extra, \$3.50 to \$3.60; Spring, \$3.50 to \$3.60; Spring, \$3.30 to \$3.40; Fine, \$3.15 to \$3.20; Middings, \$2.90 to \$3.00; P. Hards, \$2.50 to \$2.60; Octario bags (strong) b. i., \$1.85 to \$1.95; Ontario bags (spring extra), \$1.75 to \$1.80; Ontario bags (superfine), \$1.60 to \$1.70; City Strong in sacks of 140 lbs. (per 195 lbs), \$4.40 to \$4.55. Oxtmeat, kto.—There is a little b thereform in Oxtmeal, and holders claim they have been able to obtain better figures. We grote ear lots

in Oatmeal, and holders claim they have been able to obtain better figures. We quote car lots of standard, \$3.90 to \$4.00; jobbing, lots \$4.100 to \$4.20; granulated, \$4.25 to \$4.40; in bags \$2.00 to \$2.10 for ordinary, \$2.15 to \$2.25 for granulated. Command is steady at \$2.50 to \$2.65 per bbl. for yellow.

Bran.—The market has been active, and prices have advanced 50c to \$1.00 per ton, sales of car lots being reported at \$15.50 to \$16.00 per ton, some holders asking higher prices. Shorts ton, some holders asking higher prices. Shorts \$16.50 to \$17.50.

WEHAT.-In this market there is nothing doing on spot, and prices in consequence are purely nominal; We quote prices here nominal as follows:—Manitoba No. 1 hard 85c to 86c. Canada white and red winter nominally 80c. CORN.-Engagements have been made in

Chicago for shipment via Montreal, and prices here may be quoted at 51c to 52c in bond. FEAS.—The market remains firm at the late advance, prices being quoted at 68c to 69c per 66 lbs., some holders asking 70c. Later reports of the crop are a little more favorable.

RYE .- The market is completely demoralized, and if a lot were forced on the market, dealers say that it would not fetch over 45c per bushel We quote nominally 45c to 50c per bushel.

OArs.—There is a steady demand for local

and Western requirements at firm prices, sales having been made at 30c to 31c per 32c lbs. BUCKWHEAT.—The crop looks pretty well, and if it esc pes the early frost, a good yield may be expected, Prices are nominal at 40c to 43c per

BARLEY.—The market is quiet but steady, a few cars of malting grades having been taken at 52c to 55c per bushel, feed descriptions being quoted at 45c.

Malt.—There is a fair seasonable business in

progress at steady prices, which we quote as collows: - Montreal 85c to 90c per bushel, and Ontario malt 70c to 80c.

SEEDS,—Although very little if any actual business is being done here, there is a steadier feeling, and prices rule about as last quoted, namely:—Canadian timothy \$2.75, and American at \$2.50 to \$2.60, Red c'over seed \$5.50 to \$6 per bushel, Alsike \$5.50 to \$6.25, and flax seed \$1.10 to \$1.25.

## PROVISIONS, &c.

PORK, LARD, &c.—A slight improvement in the demand for hog product is noticed, and we have sales to report of Chicago short cut clear at \$18 for city and country delivery. Montreal at \$18 for city and country delivery. Montreal short cut mess pork is now very scarce, and is quoted at \$18.50 in jobbing lots. Chicago mess in bond firm at \$15.25 to \$15.50. We quote :— Montreal short cut pork per bbl., \$18.50 to \$00; Canada short cut clear per bbl., \$18.00 to 00.00; Chicago short cut clear per bbl., \$18.00 to 00.00; Chicago short cut clear per bbl., \$18.00 to 00.00; India mess beef per bbl., \$00.00 to 00.00; India mess beef per tca., \$00.00 to 00.00; India mess beef per tca., \$00.00 to 01.00; India mess beef per tca., \$00.00 to 01.00; India mess beef per tca., \$00.00 to 01.00; India mess beef per tca., \$00.00 to 00.00; India mess beef per tca.

## DATRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—Ohoice creamery has changed hands at 24c and Eastern Townships at 21 to 22c, and as high as 23c has been paid in the Eastern Townships for fancy collections. Ohoice selections of Western have been placed at 20c, although 185c and 19c is high enough for quotations of fine goods. Recent sales are reported of attribute to the Eastern Townships at 20c to of straight lots of Eastern. Townships at 20c to 20lc and of straight Western at 18c to 18lc. We

14

CHEESE. -The decline of 6d in the public cable has given the foreign market an appearance of weakness, which, however, has not yet been reflected here to any appreciable extent. We FRUITS, &c.

APPLES.—Receipts are somewhat lighter, but owing to the large supply of plums, peaches and other fruit, they are ample for the requirements of the trade. Sales have been made within the

of the trade. Sales have been made within the past few days at \$1.50 to \$2.25 for, ordinary to good varieties, fancy stock selling at \$2.50, sales of 100 bbls. of fancy selections being reported at the latter figure.

PEAS.—Receipts are very heavy, Hudson River barrels selling at \$2.50 to \$4 for ripe stock, and at \$4.50 to \$5.50 for green. Kegs are worth \$2.75 to \$3. Canadian Bartletts are selling from \$6 to \$6.50 for firsts, and at \$4 to \$5 for seconds. Flemish Beauty 70c to 75c per basket, and barrels \$4 to \$5. 70c to 75c per basket, and barrels \$4 to \$5.
PEACHES.—The supply is good, and prices are
very reasonable, sales being reported at 75c to
\$1.25 per basket, fancy stock realizing \$1.50 per

basket. The quality of Canadian peaches has greatly improved of late.

Prous.—The market is fairly active the large supplies and cheap prices having induced a good demand. Green and blue plums have been placed at 40c to \$1 per basket, according to unal tree.

qual ty.

Grapes — Receipts baye been very heavy, and prices have rapidly declined, sales being made yesterday at sign to fic per li.

Musemalons — There is a very fine display of muskmel no on the market, and sales have been

made at from \$2 up to \$6.50 per dez., according to size and quality.

WAIRBMELONS — The supply is fair, and business has been done at 15c to 25c each, as to size ness nas ocen done at 150 to 200 each, as to size and quality:

BANANAS.—There is considerable over ripe stock offering, which has sold at 75c to \$1; but good reds are quoted at \$1.25 to \$1.75, and yellows at \$1.50 to \$2.50

good reds are quoted at \$1.25 to \$1.75, and yellows at \$1.50 to \$2.50.

COCOANUTE.—The demand is rather alow, but prices are steady at \$4.75 to \$5 per 100.

SPANISH ONIONS.—There is a fair demand for Spanish onions at \$3.50 to \$4 per case.

ORANGES—The demand is light and supplies are small, prices being quoted at \$4.50 per box.

LEMONS—Messina and Palermo lemons are selling at \$3 to \$5 per box, and at \$5 to \$6 per case.

Naples are quoted steady at \$4.50 to \$5 per box, and at \$8 to \$5 per case.

POTATOES.—The early group of potatoes on the

per box, and at \$5 to \$5 per case.

POTATOES.—The early crop of potatoes on the I-land of Montreal has never been surpassed, either for quality or yield, and from recent reports we gather that the late varieties promise a better yield than a few weeks ago. Sales are reported at \$1.25 to \$1.75 per brl, and 50c to 60c per bushel, as to quality.

### GENERAL MARKETS.

CANNED FISH—Canned mackerel are still very carce, and latest sales in round quantities were made at \$4.65 per case, and we quote \$4.65 to \$4.85. In lobsters there is a firm feeling, and prices are well maintained at \$4.80 to \$5 as to

PICKLED FISH.—The chief business is in dry PIONLED FIBH.—The chief outliness is in any cod for which there is a good enquiry. The market being firm at \$4 per quintal, at which figure sales are being made. Green cod is quiet and quoted at \$3.75 to \$4 per bbl. Cape Breton herrings are quoted at \$5.25 to \$5.40 per bbl.

FIBH OIL.—The market for steam refined seal oil held very steady with last sales at 48c. In cod oil the situation is weak and demoralized, the last sale of Newfoundland being reported at 30c on the wharf, and we quote nominally at 30c to 32c. Cod liver oil is at-ady at 70c to 75c. STRAM COAL.—Cape Breton coal is firm at \$3.10 to \$8.20 for cargoes, and at \$3.75 to \$4 delivered. The great difficulty is in getting

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Ecos.—There is still a dregging market for a large portion of the stock held here. Of course 15c can be got easily for sing e cases of strictly fresh eggs, but the run of sales is from 14c to 44c.
Honey.—The few lots of new strained arriv-

ing meets with rather slow sale at 9 to 12c as to quality and size of package. In 10 to 40 lb tins sales are reported at 9 to 10, and in 5 lb tins at

Hors.-It is now generally admitted that there will be a fair average crop of hops both in this province and Ontario. New Canadian are quited at 20c for choice, and we quote 15 to 20c as to quality.

BEANS.—Sales of a few small lots in both

pags and barrels have been placed at \$1.60 to 31.75 per bushel, whilst choice hand picked are beld at \$1.80 to \$1.35.

Ashes.—There is still a steady market at about former prices, business having transpired in first pots at \$3.75 to \$3.80 per 100 lbs.

# FARM AND GARDEN.

It is a mistake to suppose that sour, fer-mented slop for hogs is better than a fresh mixture that is sweet and clean.

Sunflower seed is often fed to poultry, but if too much be given it will cause the feathers to fall off, as it promotes early moulting. Although it is supposed that the hog eats anything, yet it rejects many grasses and weeds that are readily eaten by sheep and cattle.

When the leaves of plants assume a yellow tinge the application of fifty pounds nitrate of soda (salt petre) will often cause them to again become green and thrifty.

If in a very fat condition the chances are that the hen will show an inclination to set. Even the so-called non-setters on becoming fat will attempt to hatch a brood.

Animals are subject to sunstroke as well as human beings if compelled to suffer excessive heat. The pasture should always contain a few shade trees, and also running water.

The free use of insect powder in the stable will greatly lessen the annoyance to stock from flies, but the stalls and floors should be kept clean. Dusting the legs of horses with carbo-late of lime will aid in preventing attacks from

A subscriber writes that he considers a cow three-quarters Jersey fed one-quarter corn meal about as good for butter as any he can find. He has a small herd of such cows whose butter sells at a handsome advance over the average price.

The dairy cow may be regarded as a machine for transforming the food which she receives into milk, butter and cheese. She has no power, however, to produce something out of nothing. The best she can do is to perform her work economically. 📶 Farmers will find it to their advantage to corn outton in a weak brine for home consumption.

The hams can be smoked and used like dried beef, or they can be boiled. The corned mutton will be found an agreeable change from sausage and spare ribs. Tomato vines will endure quite an amount of

cutting and trimming and often renew them-selves when nearly dead. If the branches be too thick it will be of advantage to out some of them out from a few vines where a limited amount of early fruit shall be deared. Hogs kept in confinement will eat charcoal or even bituminous coal with relish, and they are also fond of rotten wood, these substances seeming to furnish a desired, if not necessary, condiment or appetizer. Oharred corn once a

swine. Store beets, carrots, parsnips and turnips in bins in the cellar and pack them in dry sand or earth and, they will keep well for winter use. This method will enable the farmer to use them at any time, which will not be the case if they be stored in mounds in the open air.

week is a welcome variation in the fare of

. Sassafras is a nuisance in any field, but it can not be destroyed very easily except by grubbing it out, removing all the roots. Being a hardy and persistent plant it must be killed in its younger stages. If allowed to overrun a field it will entail nearly as much labor as is required to clear new land from brush.

An observing writer remarks that farmers may naturally be divided into three classes :-1. Those who grow crops below the average, and whose lives are a struggle with poverty. 2. Those who graw average crops and make a living by careful industry and close economy.

JACKETS IN ENDLESS VARIETY JACKETS IN ENDLESS VARIETY

For Mantles, Dolmans, Jackets, Ulsters, and Dolman Ulaters, come direct to us, where you will find the latest novelties at lowest figures.

B. CARSLEY.

3 PAIR CAS.IMERE HOSE, 73e 3 PAIR CASHMERE HOSE, 73c 3 PAIR CASHMERE HOSE, 73c 3 PAIR CASHMERE HOSE, 73c

3 PAIR CASHMERE HOSE, 73c S. Carsley is selling 3 pair Ladies' Shaped shmere Stock ngs for 73c, worth \$1.25.

3 PAIR CASHMERE HOSE, 73c

S. CARSLEY

STOCKINGS STOCKINGS STOCKINGS STOCKINGS STOCKIOGS SILK SILK SILK SILK

S. Cars'ey leads in Ladies' Silk Stockings, Largest stock in Janada and best value.

S. CARSLEY.

REAL SCOTCH UNDERWEAR REAL SCOTCH UNDFRWEAR

For Ladies' and Children's Real Sc. tch Underwear go direct to S. Carsley's. Always the lowest in price, and largest stock to select from.

S. CARSLEY.

WANTED. - TUTOR FOR THREE Children, and who would Children, and who could do some light sewing. For particulars, address F. S. McDONALD, St. Luke, Que. 5-1

CREAM BALM

CREAM Senses of Taste, Smell, Hearing. A quick Relief. USE A positive Cure. HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail registered. 80 cts. Circulars free. ELY EEOS., Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

BABY'S BIRTHDAY. A Beautiful Imported Birthday Card sent to any heby whose mother will send us the manes of two or more other bables, and their parents addresses. Also a handsome Dismond Dye Sample Card to the mother and much valuable information.

Wells, Richardson & Co., Montreal.

3. Those whose crops are always above the

average, and who are prosperous. Those making use of driven wells should remember that the patent expired two years ago and that the wells put down since then are free of any royalty; also, that the right of any person claiming to act as an agent of the natentee should be clearly established before money is paid him. It is a good rule in all such cases to go slow and act with neighbors.

Grease of any kind will destroy lice on cattle, but the use of greass to a great extent will injure the cattle. If a single animal be infested with lice, all the others will soon be in the same with hee, an the others will soon of in the same condition. A pound of carbolate of lime mixed with a bushel of fine, dry dirt freely scattered on the backs of the animals is a harmless remedy, and will prove successful if used daily. Sometimes it is difficult to distinguish between a green and a ripe watermelon. The

tween a green and a ripe watermelon. The ripe melon has a rougher appearance, cracks when pressed and gives off a dull, heavy sound when tapped, while some contend that the drying up of the "ourl" at the connecting end is also a sign of ripeness. The green melon is smooth and bright, and gives off a loud, clear sound when tapped with the fingers. Farmers generally do not yet fully appreciate the value of bran as a feeding substance. It contains less oil than corn meal, but one-fourth more flesh forming, hone-building material. It is therefore less heating and more healthful. By

analysis its manurial value after being fed to animals is rather more than double that of meal. Bran can usually be bought in the fall for about one-third less than in winter.

Cream is more valuable than butter, since it is equal to both butter and buttermalk, although the impression seems to prevail who host milk producers that the one great and on y legitimate and of which and its cream is to make butter and

producers that the one great and on ylegitimate and of milk and its cream is to make butter, and a sense of, waste and misuse involuntarily arise whenever either is used for any other purpose; while, in fast, butter making is the least useful purpose for which milk is employed.

As the only effective remedy for agricultural depression in Great Britain, Professor Wallace, of the Edinburgh University, urges farmers to contract the size of their holdings, abandon the purchase of artificial manures, oil cake and cattle purchase of artificial manures, oil cake and cattle oods, rely on the natural produce of the land for meat, production "and every other kind of stock management;" in short, return to the nor-

nal state of things in the days of our forefathers.

Profit in agriculture means hard work and plenty of it. Instead of a few old long sums and box hives and brimstone for the bees in the fall, with no management, the present demands the best movable frame hives with large capacity for surplus, simple in construction and admitting of ease and speed in handling—one that will winter well on summer stands with out further packing or protection, with entrance easily contracted or enlarged, and with a brood chamber that can be expanded as will.

will.
Should it not be so important to get early pigs the later spring and early summer would be much the better time to have sows farrow. Both sows and pigs do better now, especially if allowed to run in grass or clover. They will allowed to run in grass or clover. They will live and thrive on this with very little other feed. The green grass diet keeps the sow from becoming too fat and prevents danger of fever. As soon last the pigs are dropped give the sow warm bran mashes, and after a few days add grain on mashes, and after a few days add grain or meal, but let her run at grass and pick up as much of her living as she

will. It will be fashionably mortifying to admi not having been to Europe in the summer 1887.