

Clyde, after five years' service at Nanaimo, removed to the United States, and was succeeded by the Rev. A. H. Anderson, who continued in charge until his removal about two years ago to British Guiana, the pulpit remaining vacant until the arrival from Scotland in July, 1887, of the Rev. J. Miller, who is now in charge. Mr. McElmon remained in charge of Comox for about five years, during which time a fair congregation was organized and a comfortable church erected. On his removal to Washington Territory, he was succeeded by the Rev. James Christie, who continued in charge until May, 1887, having been transferred to Wellington, formerly associated with Nanaimo. Mr. Dunn continued in charge of Langley and associated stations for about ten years, supplying an extensive district besides being largely instrumental in the erection of two comfortable churches almost, if not altogether, free from debt. Mr. Dunn having taken a well-earned furlough of six months, visited Ontario, and was received by the General Assembly of 1886 as a minister of the Presbyterian Church in Canada. Mr. Murray, after labouring for some years over an extensive district in the interior, with Nicola for his centre, returned to Nova Scotia, where he was called to the pastorate of an important congregation in New Glasgow, which he resigned, returning to his old charge at Nicola upon Mr. Chisolm's removal to Kamloops in May, 1887. Mr. Nicholson, after labouring for a short time in the Victoria district, and afterwards as teacher of the Victoria High School, returned to the Eastern Provinces. After the division of the congregation in 1866, the pulpit of the First Presbyterian Church, Victoria—except fortnightly supply from Mr. Jamieson for six months—continued vacant until the arrival of the Rev. John Reid from England in 1877. During a period of about five years the congregation, under Mr. Reid's charge, enjoyed considerable prosperity. On Mr. Reid's return to England the pulpit was supplied by the Rev. Mr. Smith—who had been a minister for some time of the Methodist Church—for about a year, and after him by the Rev. D. Gamble, a minister of the Presbyterian Church in the United States, for about the same length of time.

In the summer of 1882 the Rev. Dr. Cochrane, convener of the of the Home Mission Committee, visited British Columbia by appointment of the General Assembly. After his return a more vigorous policy was adopted in reference to work here, looking in the direction of the Committee's assuming, if not the whole respon-