General News.

BOMBAY, MAY 26.—A native reports that the ameer of Afghanistan announces his determination to take the field himself unless his generals speedily quell the revolt of the Ghilzais.

St. John, May 26.—Thomas MacLellan, president of the insolvent Maritime bank, has been detained in jail by the liquidators as a witness. MacLellan intended leaving for the United States last night.

Ottawa, May 25.—Mr. Pope to-night gave notice of a resolution confirming an agreement between the government and the Western Counties Railway company, and granting half a million dollars to carry out that agreement.

—A sound body and a contented mind are necessary to perfect happiness. If you wish to possess these, cleanse your blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is perfectly safe to take, and is a thoroughly reliable, highly concentrated, and powerful blood purifier.

Toronto, May 29.—Premier Mowatt, of Ontario, is investigating particulars of a revolting case of body snatching at Fergus, the body of Mrs. Gardner having been taken from the grave, and discovered dissected in a Toronto medical school. Great indignation prevails in the neighborhood of Fergus.

—The Montreal conference of the Methodist church in session at Kingston, adopted a strong resolution on the Scott act, protesting against mutilating the act, pledging the members to adopt all means to procure prohibition, declaring want of confidence in the senate on this question, and urging a union movement of all churches in Canada in the endeavor to procure prohibition.

Bucharest, May 26.—A plot to assassinate the sultan of Turkey was discovered last Thursday. Extraordinary efforts were made to conceal the discovery The effect on the sultan is visible in the terror he exhibits. He made his usual weekly visit to the mosque hurriedly, instead of with the usual slow pompous parade.

Ottawa, May 27.—Yesterday afternoon the remains of the late John Campbell, M. P., were forwarded by the C. P. R. train to Montreal. The Nova Scotia members provided a large wreath, and a smaller one was sent by Senator Boyd. Most of the Nova Scotia representatives in Ottawa and several New Brunswick members formed a procession to the station.

ATTACKED BY CROWS.—A correspondent at Georgetown writes to the Charlottetown *Examiner*: "Mr. Thomas Fisher, of Gasperaux, while ploughing in his field was attacked by about twenty crows and badly cut about the head and face. Had it not been for the timely arrival of Mr. Donald W. Steele, who appeared on the scene with gun in hand, he would no doubt have a hard time of it."

—The first train on the C. P. R., reached Vancouver, Monday night. On a shield on one side of the engine was a banner with the inscription, "Our National Highway," and on the other, "From Ocean to Ocean." The whole train was draped with bunting and banners. The town had been tastefully decorated for the occasion with arches, evergreens, etc.

—A fish story; "A farmer residing near Fairfield, Iowa, started a fish pond four years ago with three German carp, about two inches long and very small. He now reports his stock at 12,000, after having sold hundreds for stocking ponds in other parts of the state. The fish are said to be tame as chickens, and a source of great pleasure to the family."

HALIFAX MARKETS.—The following quotations are dated May 27th, and are furnished us by Messrs. Mumford Bros., Argyle St. Butter, choice dairy, 18 to 19; rolls in boxes, 17 to 18; eggs, per doz., 10; hams and bacon, per lb 8 to 10; beef, quarters, 6 to 7; hogs dressed, 6 to 7; mutton, by carcass, 8 to 9; lamb, do., — to —; veal, do., 4 to —; turkeys, per lb., 18 to 20; potatoes, $1.25; oats, bush., — to 37; hay, ton, $12.00 to $14.00; wool skins, 70 to 90; dried apples, per lb., 5 to 6.

—Life seems hardly worth the living to-day to many a tired, unhappy discouraged woman who is suffering from chronic female weakness for which she has been able to find no relief. But there is a certain cure for all the painful complaints to which the weaker sex is liable. We refer to Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" to the virtues of which thousands of women can testify. As a tonic and nervine it is unsurpassed. All druggists.

—The *English Mechanic* gives a method of giving new oak wainscotting and other inside finish an antique look. Liquid ammonia of a strength of 880 degrees is exposed to the air in a room or any other compartment which can be made air-tight, together with the oak to be stained. The gas combines with the tannic acid of the wood and turns it a deep and permanent brown; the darkness of the shade depends upon the amount of ammonia and the length of exposure.

Minneapolis, Minn., May 19.—The *Evening Journal's* Duluth special gives particulars of the explosion of four tons of nitro-glycerine eight miles from that city yesterday. Nine residences and as many other buildings were totally or partially wrecked, and the trees in the vicinity were torn into shreds. The shock and concussion were plainly felt in Duluth, and many panes of glass were broken in Oneota, five miles distant. The loss is estimated at $40,000. The nitro-glycerine was valued at $6,000, and the loss in unmixed materials was also heavy. No one knows what caused the explosion.

A NOVA SCOTIAN WANTED.—A Waterville, Me., despatch of the 24th inst. says: "Maud Mason, a young lady of 19, the only daughter of Major. Fred. Mason, was seen riding on horseback at nine o'clock last evening with a stranger who was on foot. Not returning at the usual hour the town was aroused and search made. At two o'clock, the horse was found hitched in a lonely grove on the bank of the Wesconsikeag. No trace of the young lady has been discovered. Foul play is feared. The stranger turns out to be one George Blair from Nova Scotia. He is 23 years old, of medium height and wears a brown mustache. The police at all points are notified to look for him. He has a wife and child who lately arrived here."

THE YANKEE MACKEREL FLEET.—*Shelburne, May 24.*—Thirteen sail of American and Nova Scotian mackerel seiners were in port last evening. The fleet is laying on and off the shore waiting for the advent of the mackerel. Not a fish of the kind is to be found on the southern grounds and it is expected some close shaving will be done on the three mile limit as soon as they put in an appearance on this coast. Capt. Lorway in the Triumph is right in the midst of the fleet and keeps an eagle eye on the movements of the Americans, anchoring amongst them every evening. The Yankees find the Triumph too swift a boat to do any fooling with and they have been very wary and treaty-abiding so far.

SMALL POX.—THE DREADED DISEASE IN THE WEST INDIES.—*Santiago De Cuba, May 24.*—Owing to the neglect of the government in not enforcing vaccination, isolation and disinfection, the small pox has become an epidemic in the city. It is estimated that there are 500 cases apart from those outside. The death rate is estimated at 60 per cent., due to the fact that some 35,000 of the population of 40,000 are supposed to be wholly unprotected by vaccination. The disease is spreading rapidly, especially among 29,000 blacks. Medical men expect thousands will be swept away if stringent measures are not taken. Steamers and other vessels sail daily to Havana, New York, New Orleans and other ports. The epidemic in Jamaica is not over. Last month over 400 cases existed, and spread all over the island, almost exclusively among the blacks. New cases are constantly appearing, and there is a heavy death rate.

DOMESTIC ECONOMY.

As a matter of economy it will pay every householder to keep a bottle of Yellow Oil on hand for accidents and emergencies, in case of pain as a handy relief, and for wounds, burns, bruises and injuries. Rheumatism, neuralgia, quinsy and many painful diseases treated internally and externally by it often save large medical bills.

Items of a Trip from New York to Colorado, via. Panama and San Francisco.

[Contributed.]

At 1.15 p. m., Dec. 31st, 1886, the elegant steamship "City of Para," of the Pacific Mail S. S. Co.'s line, loosed from her moorings and began to move down New York harbor. A snow storm was raging from the north-east and the thermometer nestling in the neighborhood of zero. However, the prospect of summer weather in three days cheered the hearts of the passengers and they began at once to admire the first object of interest, Bartholdi's Statue. On Bedloe's island stands the gift of France, and its colossal size and strongly cut features, were well scanned by the eager sight-seer.

We soon were through Hell Gate and out at sea, and the story of the two following days is briefly told, for the sea was very rough and we were out of sight of land; passed Cape Hatteras Saturday evening, Jan. 2nd, and the storm having subsided and the sea being less furious we began to assume our normal condition and enjoy the situation. Sunday was observed by services of the Episcopal form. The climate was evidently changing as we were now in the Gulf Stream. The following day we were able to gather some fine specimens of a sea weed peculiar to these waters.

Tuesday morning we sighted land for the first time, it being Watling's Island, the one first seen by Columbus. It is also called San Salvador, but the charts use the former name. It is 926 miles from New York and the beginning of the grand scenery of the West Indies. This point is within the tropics, and we saw some fine specimens of tropical fish, among them the "flying fish"; a whole school of them would rise from the water and fly about 100 yards. The scenery along the islands is beautiful. Green grass takes the place of the snow-covered hills of New England, and large mangos, palm and cocoa trees instead of the leafless oak and maple.

We stopped at Fortune Island, to leave mail, and here the natives and officers of our ship exchanged courtesies in the way of giving us shells and coral for a large cake of ice and some wine. Fortune and the neighboring islands, make a strong plea for the re-establishment of reciprocal trade with this country. That is where his head is level. The erection of artifical barriers to trade between this country and Canada is a device of barbarism. The more trade between the two countries, the more profit for both. We have taught Canada a bad lesson, which she has too easily learned.

But Sir Charles shows less wisdom when he discusses the prospects of retaliation in case President Cleveland should use the powers placed in his hands by Congress to proclaim non-intercourse. He thinks that the imperial government would retaliate by putting a discriminating duty on grain from this country. This is to say, if Uncle Sam, getting into bad temper, should bite off a piece of his own nose, John Bull would fire up and bite off a larger piece of his own nose.

What a spectacle it would be to see two venerable parties carrying on a warfare of this sort!

So far Great Britain has been too wise to adopt a course which would increase the price of bread for its people, but it is evident that our Chinese policy has excited retaliation and rivalry abroad which has shortened the market for our products. We cannot expect to sell unless we buy. —*Boston Herald.*

—On the 6th, Olivia King, wife of the late George King, and mother of the post master of Lockbartville, Kings, passed peacefully away at the ripe old age of 95 years and 4 months. The deceased was a member of the so-called Methuselah Cleveland family, and third cousin to the father of Grover Cleveland, president of the United States. This Cleveland family are descendants of Moses Cleveland, who came from England to United States, and who had the title of Knight. At the time of the American war he had two grandsons. One of these named Benjamin, came to this country, giving rise to the Nova Scotia Clevelands. The other son remained in U. S., and Grover Cleveland is his decendant. Mrs. King, says the Halifax *Journal*, was the last of her family. She had a family of nine, eight of which are yet alive, the oldest, Mrs. Benjamin Mason being 69 years of age. Mrs. King was born at Horton in 1792. She was hearty and well with all her faculties good till about three weeks before her death, when she had a fall, which no doubt hastened her death. She was loved and esteemed by all who knew her, and no doubt her mind and congenial manner contributed toward lengthening her days."—*Herald.*

—The June *Wide Awake* with its tempting frontispiece, "The First day at the Beach," opens with a stirring story "The Chase of the Meteor," by one of the group of Boston novelists, Edwin Lassester Bynner. To keep company with the frontispiece, is a delightful pictorial vacation paper, by Amanda B. Harris, "Down in Sandwich Town," full of reminiscences of Daniel Webster and the famous salt marshes, old inns, early Massachusetts history, and with it the story of Sandwich glass-works. But the great feature of the number is, of course, the opening of the new serial by Charles Egbert Craddock; "The story of Keedon Bluffs" was designed for two numbers, but it has been resolved to give the story entire in five or six numbers. Mrs. Mollie Moore Davis in her "La Rose Blanche" story, "A New Dog," gives a brightly cultured and very polite. Among them were some very superior musicians.

Both as pianists and singers they were greatly admired. Their jewelry was very costly and abundant, evidencing a great taste in that direction.

Our next stop was at San Jose (san oozay) the sea port of Guatemala. The evening before our arrival there, we were treated to the rare sight of an active volcano. At intervals of from ten to twenty minutes Isulco would shoot to the height of 200 feet a mass of flame and smoke remarkably brilliant, and then the molten lava slowly coursed down from its fiery crater. Its grandeur can only be appreciated by the eye witness, as words fail to fully give the impressions one has at the spectacle before him. Surely "Herchel's" theory of geological formation must be established when an active volcano is studied. Directly behind San Jose is a volcano that nearly destroyed the town in 1883. During our stay here the passengers indulged in some modest fishing, and the writer assisted by some other youths succeeded in taking a southern shark twelve feet in length. Red mackerel are plentiful in these waters and are a very gamey fish. Here we were able to see the famous group of stars known as the "Southern Cross."

Our next stop was at Champerico, where we took on board coffee as we had at the other ports. We anchored in the land-locked harbor of Acapulco, Mexico, on the morning of Jan. 18th. The day before (17th) we were called upon to witness a sad sight, that of a sea burial. One of the firemen having died, our visit at Acapulco was very interesting. Here we saw the native Mexican at home, and studied his customs. We visited the park, a perfect garden of tropical fruits and flowers, the ancient churches, the fort, some private gardens, their public markets, and witnessed some of their amusements. Here I bought finest oranges for 50 cts. per hundred, and other fruits pro rata. The natives like American money, but try in all possible ways to cheat the Yankees. We got a variety of specimens of pottery, coral, &c.

After leaving this port we did not stop again until arriving at San Francisco. Eight days of delightful sailing over the smooth Pacific, encountering no storm from Cape Flattery to our destination. Perhaps the most delightful and enchanting view of the entire trip was the entering of the "Golden Gate" to San Francisco bay. The sun was low in the west as we passed its velvety sides, and their reflected beauty in the water together with the sparkling of the receding tide lent a peculiar beauty to the scene. Near the south side is Seal Rock with hundreds of glossy seal sporting by its base, while from a Cliff House at the waters edge to the very city, lies on a gradual ascent, "Golden Gate Park" unsurpassed for beauty in America. We sailed nearly around the city where our good ship was docked, and here our journey by water was ended.

San Francisco is in her best garments in January and February. The grass was green and flowers all in bloom, the climate mild and warm, yet an occasional chill seemed to reach me when I remember the snow and ice of Nova Scotia.

A visit to the Chinese quarters where 30,000 orientals are closely packed in close quarters, is very interesting, and would arouse a missionary spirit in the average man. They do not care to bury their dead in America. So they boil the body until the flesh leaves the bones, and then send the bones to China for interment. This as well as other barbarous customs is prohibited by law—yet is done in certain cases without detection.

A delightful climate and fine location gives to San Francisco a good name, but in no eastern city did I ever see so much poverty, and entire California is so overcrowded by fortune seekers, that great distress exists among the poorer classes, who find that "all is not gold, that glitters."

The overland trip from California to Denver, Col., is ever varied by mountain and plain. Nevada is largely an alkali desert, while Utath is mountainous. We stopped at Salt Lake City the home of the Mormons, long enough to see the temple of Brigham Young, and Mormon Tabernacle. From this point we pass through Black Canon over Marshall Pass a height of 10,858 ft., and thence through Grand Canon into the state of Colorado, reaching Denver after a ride of three days.

Denver the "Queen City of the West" is one of surpassing grandeur. It gives evidence of being the next city in size to Chicago. Real estate is receiving a boon which is miraculous. I know of a man selling a lot of land that cost $1 ten years ago, for the round sum of $50,000, a few days ago.

I shall not discuss this subject further, but will conclude by saying that the trip from New York to Denver, via the Isthmus and San Francisco is one of the finest in the world, it passing through a delightful climate, so much so that I saw no storm, no cloudy weather from Jan. 2nd to April 12th.

HARRY E. WILSON,
Longmont, Col.

"BITE YOUR NOSE OFF."—Sir Charles Tupper, the Canadian minister of finance, in presenting the annual budget to the Dominion parliament, makes a strong plea for the re-establishment of reciprocal trade with this country. That is where his head is level. The erection of artifical barriers to trade between this country and Canada is a device of barbarism. The more trade between the two countries, the more profit for both. We have taught Canada a bad lesson, which she has too easily learned.

But Sir Charles shows less wisdom when he discusses the prospects of retaliation in case President Cleveland should use the powers placed in his hands by Congress to proclaim non-intercourse. He thinks that the imperial government would retaliate by putting a discriminating duty on grain from this country. This is to say, if Uncle Sam, getting into bad temper, should bite off a piece of his own nose, John Bull would fire up and bite off a larger piece of his own nose.

What a spectacle it would be to see two venerable parties carrying on a warfare of this sort!

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London, May 27.—The Canadian Gazette of to-day says that the increase in iron duties has aroused much disappointment in British commercial circles, though the injury to British trade may not prove so permanent or far reaching as it seemed at first sight. The moment of its infliction is none less inopportune for Canada's welfare in this country. By the exercise of her rights at this moment, when the Pacific mail subsidy and other imperial questions of moment to Canada are under consideration, something has been done to cool the ready sympathy of British commercial and other circles.

ASTONISHING SUCCESS.

It is the duty of every person who has used *Boschee's German Syrup* to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing Consumption, severe Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Pneumonia, and in fact all throat and lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all Druggists to recommend it to the poor, dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 50,000 dozen bottles were sold last year, and no one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the *German Syrup* cannot be too widely known. Ask your druggist about it. Sample bottles to try, sold at 10 cents. Regular size, 75 cents. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers, in the United States and Canada.

Gaudaur Gains.

HANLAN DEFEATED IN THE CHAMPIONSHIP RACE AT PULLMAN.

PULLMAN, MAY 30.—Gaudaur won the race by four open lengths; time, 20.29.

The official time was 19.30. The race was rowed almost from the start in a driving rain.

CHICAGO, MAY 30.—The clouds were leaden this afternoon and the water on the Calumet course a little rough, but Hanlan and Gaudaur started promptly in their three mile race, for five thousand dollars and the championship of America. Hanlan had a trifling lead, pulling a short quick stroke of 43 to the minute. Gaudaur kept close, with a long steady sweep of about 38 to the minute. Gradually Hanlan forged ahead, and at the end of the first mile he was fully a boat length in advance. There had been gossip that if Hanlan would lead to the turn it was nearly certain he would be the winner, but if Gaudaur reached the buoy first, Hanlan would never catch up on a stern chase. Great, therefore, were expectations of Hanlan's friends to see him nearing the turn clearly ahead of Gaudaur and gaining all the time. The wind suddenly freshened and huge drops of rain began to fall. The lake was soon lumpy from end to end, the downpour being almost blinding. Hanlan turned first, two lengths ahead. Time 10.02. He was pulling about 35 strokes to the minute, and Gaudaur struck about the same gait. Hanlan stopped an instant for some purpose but did not lose the lead. He kept well to the front, as from the start, until entering the third mile. There Hanlan commenced to flag. His stroke became so uneven and he pulled with such exertion that many believed his boat was leaking, or had shipped a choppy sea. Gaudaur was rowing magnificently and showed the same long, steady sweep he had taken at the outset but faster. With machine like precision he passed poor, struggling Hanlan. A boat's length of water between them could be seen, then another, at last three. Hanlan spurted and closed the gap, but could not keep up the pace. Again Gaudaur's great sweep began to tell. A single glance was enough. Hanlan turned a second and saw himself irretrievably beaten. Gaudaur was six lengths to the fore. Seeing Hanlan surrender all hope, Gaudaur magnanimously slackened speed and passed the stand an easy winner by four lengths. Time, 19 30. It was a fine performance, under adverse conditions.

Gaudaur broke the record. The best previous time—his own against Teemer, over the same course—19.54.

Perhaps the Richest Place on Earth.

The jewelry district, as known to the trade, embraces the block bounded by Broadway, John street, Maiden Lane and Nassau street, New York city, taking in both sides of John street and Maiden Lane. To this small part of Manhattan island, not much over two acres in extent, gravitates a great deal of the gold and silver dug from mines all over the earth, and diamonds and precious stones gathered from South America and the reefs of Africa.

The value of the jewels and jewelry stored away in safes and vaults in the little district aggregates $175,000,000. To keep their precious goods from the hands of burglars or loss by fire, the jewelers dare not depend upon the police, though there is a policeman walking his beat on every one of the four sides of the district all night long. They have organized the "Jewelers' watch," consisting of six men, who, when the owners leave their places at night and go uptown or miles away to their homes in the country, take possession of the district.

All night long the six men are going through the buildings with lighted lanterns prying in every darkened nook or closet, or wherever it may be possible for a thief to hide himself. There are two offices of the jewelry watch, one in Maiden lane and one in John street. Keys to every building hang in rows from pegs along the office walls. One man stays in each office in charge of the keys, while the other four are going through the buildings. When a watchman enters a building he leaves a red lantern on the sidewalk in front and takes a white lantern with him inside. This is done that Chief Murname, who is in charge of the jewelry watch, may know by going out on the street just where his men are. Belated strangers passing through the district often wonder what the red lanterns mean on the side walk.

In every building there is a register which times the visit of the watchman. It is a clock with a peg stuck in the side. The watchman pulls out the peg, there is a whirring noise and the hour and minute are marked on a piece of tape in the clock. This operation is called "pegging up." Every watchman must "peg up" at each visit, for these pieces of tapes are critically examined by the proprietors when they come to the store the next day. Nine visits to each building every night is the rule.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Is It a Key to the Mystery?

The New York *Mail* and *Express* says it has often been thought by mariners, and those intimate with astronomical phenomena, that many of the sudden and mysterious disappearances of vessels four at sea could be accounted for by their being struck by meteors and meteoric stones. This theory appears to have some foundation by the following statement of Capt. Swart, of the Dutch barque J. P. A., bound for Quebec, and one of the first statements of the kind ever made public. On March 18, the ship, in lat. 37 39 minutes north, and long. 57 W., experienced a severe storm. About 5 o'clock in the evening, a meteor was observed flying through the air; it presented the appearance of balls, one was very black and the other brightly illuminated; the latter appeared as if ready to drop on board amidships; the vessel was hove to under storm sails, and the meteor dropped into the sea close alongside, making in its flight a tremendous roaring noise before falling into the water. The upper atmosphere was suddenly darkened, while below on board everything appeared like a sea of fire. The force of the meteor on striking the water caused the latter to form heavy breakers, which swept over the vessel, rocking fearfully. At the same time such a suffocating atmosphere was caused as to cause perspiration to run down the faces of all on board and greatly oppress the breathing from the great amount of sulphur in the air. Immediately after, solid lumps of ice fell on the deck and riggings became covered with an icy crust, caused by immense evaporation, notwithstanding the fact that the thermometer registered 66 degrees. The barometer during the phenomenon oscillated violently, so that no reading could be taken. After close examination of the vessels and rigging, no damage was found on deck, but on the side where the meteor fell into the water the vessel appeared all black, and some of the copper sheathing was terrible blistered. The affair was followed by an increase of the wind to hurricane force.

Shelburne, May 30.—Over fifty sail of American seiners are on this coast. The Advance under this command of Capt. Knowlton, arrived yesterday to assist Capt. Lorway in looking after the fleet. A fleet of twenty sail got underway this morning and proceeded to the westward, followed by the two cruisers. Mackerel have struck in and are being taken by the trap fishermen, but owing to dense fog prevailing the Americans are unable to do successful work with their seines. Capt. Lorway is under orders to follow the fleet when they leave for the North Bay and the Advance will probably be in charge of this station during the summer.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

Marriages.

BENT—LONGMIRE.—At Young's Cove, on the 30th ult., by Rev. W. H. Warren, Mr. George M. Bent, of Granville Centre, to Miss Annie E. Longmire, of Young's Cove.

Deaths.

VROOM.—At Middleton, on April 19th, Hennigar Vroom, aged 61 years.

BISHOP.—At Melvern Square, May 23rd, James Bishop, aged 76 years.

SNELL.—At the Alms House, of congestion of the lungs, May 25th, Mrs. Fannie Snell, aged 78 years.

FOSTER.—At Bridgetown, on the 30th ult., after a lingering illness Susan Ann, beloved wife of Mr. Jacob Foster, in the 78th year of her age. For about 52 years she had been a member of the Baptist Church, and her life has been one of quiet waiting and patient endurance.

New Advertisements.

Wanted to Purchase!

FARM containing Fruit Trees, Shrubbery; convenient to Town or Village. Value about $10,000.

Apply to
DR. MORSE,
Lawrencetown, April 25th, '87. 3mpd.

GENTLEMEN'S
SUITINGS!
—:AT:—
Runciman, Randolph & Co.'s.
A NEW STOCK
—:OF:—
SUPERIOR CLOTHS,
—SUITABLE FOR—
Youth's and Gent's
SUITS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
Melton Cloths
—:AND:—
Fancy Ottomans
For Ladies' Jackets.
New Dress Goods
Latest Styles and Fabrics.
New Printed Lawns,
LIGHT PRINTS,
FANCY PRINTS,
In Ends from 4 to 9 Yards.
Embroidered Table Cloths
NEW CRETONNES,
LACE CURTAINS & SCRIMS,
GENT'S
FANCY SCARFS & TIES.
OUR
CARPETS!
THIS SEASON
ARE VERY CHEAP.
Bridgetown, N. S., May 18th, '87.

New Advertisements. | New Advertisements.

Moosewood
BLOOD AND TONIC BITTERS!
ARE fast becoming known as the great APPETIZER and TONIC, they give you a bright feeling and good appetite when you are feeling languid and poorly and not worth a cent, they will regulate the bowls and cure dyspepsia, and by their tonic properties to the digestive organs prevent this troublesome complaint.
TRY MOOSEWOOD BITTERS IF YOU WANT TO FEEL BETTER. Sold by all Druggists and by
A. B. CUNNINGHAM, - DRUGGIST, - ANNAPOLIS.

FARMERS ATTENTION!!
—WE HAVE OPENED A—
Warehouse at Bridgetown, in Charge of E. A. CRAIG,
and are prepared to give the Farmers in the Annapolis Valley
FARM MACHINERY.
of the BEST KIND and at LOWEST PRICES Ever Offered.
A Full Stock of Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Seed Sowers, Drills, Mowers and Rakes, Always on Hand.
TOP BUGGIES A SPECIALTY.
TIPPET, BURDITT & CO. E. A. CRAIG, MANAGER.

DRYSDALE & HOYT,
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
MONUMENTS, TABLETS, HEADSTONES, Etc.
IN AMERICAN AND ITALIAN MARBLE. Also
Granite and Freestone Monuments in the most Graceful Designs.
Curbing and Fencing Lots in Cemeteries
A SPECIALTY.
MANTLES, TABLE TOPS,
SOAP STONE, FOR STOVE LININGS, TO ORDER.
WE respectfully beg to solicit a share of public patronage, and hope by strict attention to business, square dealing and promptness in filling all orders, to merit the same.
Our Mr. Drysdale achieved a reputation throughout this County during his connection with Mr. O. Whitman, as foreman of his marble works, for the excellence and perfection of his work, and all persons favoring us with their orders may rest assured that the same careful attention in all details will be exercised.
WE WILL BE FOUND FOR THE PRESENT,
One door west of W. Y. Foster's,
BRIDGETOWN, N. S.
A. J. DRYSDALE. W. J. HOYT.

IF YOU HAVE COLIC, Use Simson's Liniment.
IF YOU HAVE NEURALGIA, Use Simson's Liniment.
IF YOU HAVE DIPHTHERIA, Use Simson's Liniment.
IF YOU HAVE RHEUMATISM, Use Simson's Liniment.
IF YOU HAVE INDIGESTION, Use Simson's Liniment.
IF YOU HAVE A LAME BACK, Use Simson's Liniment.
IF YOU HAVE STIFF JOINTS, Use Simson's Liniment.
IF YOUR HAIR IS COMING OUT, Use Simson's Liniment.
IF YOU HAVE A SPRAIN OR BRUISE, Use Simson's Liniment.
IF YOU HAVE SORE THROAT OR CROUP, Use Simson's Liniment.
IF YOU HAVE CHILBLAINS OR TENDER FEET Use Simson's Liniment.
If you have Contraction of the MUSCLES, Use Simson's Liniment.
SIMSON'S LINIMENT
IS good for almost all external and many internal diseases in man and beast. No home is complete without it.
BROWN BROS. & CO.,
Chemists and Druggists, - - Halifax, N. S.

New Goods.
—AND—
Prices to SUIT Most Everyone!
—Comprising—
Dry Goods, Groceries, Rubbers, Wall Paper and Bordering, Men's and Boys' Summer Hats, Crockeryware, Glass Ware, Carpeting, Flour, Meal, Fish, Lime and Salt, Etc., Etc.
Please Call & See my Stock.
WANTED:
GOOD BUTTER AND EGGS.
T. C. BISHOP.
Williamston, April 25th, '87.

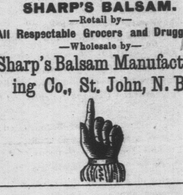
PAINTS!
To Beautify & Preserve
THE subscriber has just received a large, fresh supply of Best PREPARED PAINTS for Outside and Inside Work or Use, WHITE LEAD, BLACK LEAD, ROOFING and MINERAL PAINTS, VARNISHES and PURE GRAINING COLORS, ALABASTINE and KALSOMINE, WHITING and
PORTLAND CEMENT,
RAW and BOILED LINSEED OILS, PAINT and WHITE WASH BRUSHES, GLASS and PUTTY, LIGHT and HEAVY
HARDWARE,
IRON and STEEL, Various styles.
For sale by
H. FRASHER.
I would say to my customers that I shall endeavor to supply them as usual with the best quality of
Hard & Soft Coal
—in season.—
A Small Lot of BLACKSMITH COAL still on Hand.

Specialties.
WINDOW GLASS
—:AND:—
NAILS!
ANYBODY IN NEED
—OF—
ABOVE GOODS,
—will find that I have a—
VERY LARGE STOCK,
bought direct from manufacturers.
RICHARD SHIPLEY
Bridgetown, May 4th, '87. tf

SPRING STOCK, 1887
Just Received and to Arrive, Now Due.
—10 CASES—
Staple & Fancy Dry Goods,
—2 CASES—
READY MADE CLOTHING,
—1 CASE—
New Ties, Scarfs, Shirts, Collars & Cuffs,
—1 CASE—
Men's Hats, Late Spring Styles,
—3000 ROLLS—
Wall PAPER,
good patterns and very LOW in price.
—14 CASES—
BOOTS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS,
—250 BARRELS—
FLOUR, Choice Brands, Corn Meal, Oatmeal, and Graham Flour; a full stock of Molasses and Sugars.
—10½ CHESTS—
Of that Choice TEA and General Groceries.
—25 BUSHELS—
Choice Timothy and Clover Seed very Low by the Bag or Bushel.
Full Stock of Field and Garden Seeds.
Highest Prices Paid for EGGS in Cash or Exchange for Goods.
JOHN LOCKETT.

HURRAH!
Schr. 'IVICA,'
will leave this port for ST. JOHN on her regular trips on
FRIDAY, APRIL 1st, 1887,
Freight handled with care as usual.
Lime & Salt always on hand; for sale low
Apply to
J. H. LONGMIRE,
Bridgetown, March 28th, '87. tf
Bridgetown Grocery
JUST RECEIVED
two carloads CHOICE
FLOUR, MEAL
—AND—
MIDDLINGS,
—AT—
BOTTOM PRICES.
—Full assortment of best—
GROCERIES
in the market.
Canned Goods a Specialty.
—TRY OUR—
TEAS and COFFEES,
they are SUPERIOR to any that have been offered yet.
CONFECTIONERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Fruits in the Season, Domestic and Foreign.
Thompson & Shaffner.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertisements may be left for THIS NEW YORK

Sportsman's Delight!


The EUREKA
Breech-loading Fire Arms Cleaner.
1st. It is the simplest Cleaner for Guns, Rifles and other breech-loading Fire Arms that has been brought before the Sporting Public.
2nd. It is handier to carry in your pocket than any other.
3rd. This Cleaner will last you a life time.
4th. It will not choke, scratch nor mar the inside of the finest barrel.
5th. It will clean all breech-loading Fire Arms in a trice.
6th. It is the Cheapest, Best and most Perfect Cleaner made.
7th. It brings a smile to the sportsman's face that uses this Cleaner.
PRICE, $1.00.
Sent by mail or express to any address in the Dominion on receipt of price. Send money order or registered letter. Give number of cartridge or shell. Address,
WM. E. FORSTER & CO.,
Manufacturers and Patentees,
LAWRENCETOWN, N. S.

SHARP'S BALSAM
—OF:—
HOARHOUND
—AND:—
ANISEED!
—has no equal as a—
Speedy and Effective Cure
—for all—
PULMONARY TROUBLES.
It will Cure CROUP in one Minute.
It will Cure a COUGH in one Day.
It will Cause the WHOOPING in WHOOPING COUGH to Cease at Once.
DO not accept the numerous substitutes always offered, but insist upon having
SHARP'S BALSAM.
—Retail by—
All Respectable Grocers and Druggists.
—Wholesale by—
Sharp's Balsam Manufacturing Co., St. John, N. B.

Miss Mary D. F. Dodge,
WILL be pleased to receive at ELM COTTAGE a few pupils for instruction on the
PIANOFORTE and ORGAN,
on and after the 1st of April. Terms moderate.
Bridgetown, 23rd April, '87. tf

MAILS
Lawrencetown to Bridgetwater!
THE subscriber having the above mail is prepared to
CARRY PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT
in first-class style
Mails leave Lawrencetown, Monday and Thursday at 7 a. m.
FARES.—$4.00 each way; Extras furnished on any other day for $5.00 each.
C. W. PHINNEY,
Contractor.
N. B.—Any information given by J. W. James, P. M., Lawrencetown.
Lawrencetown, May 3rd, '86. 6m.

IT IS NOT POSSIBLE
To Enumerate the Full Line of Goods in Stock and Ready for Inspection.
—:If you want:—
Wall Papers,
—come and select from the best—
English & American Goods. Newest Design
—:If you want:—
Men's and Boys' Hats and Clothing,
OR DRESS GOODS,
in Serge, Cashmeres, Fancies, Ginghams, Seer suckers, and
PRINTS, in the Newest Styles,
OR Tweeds, Cottonades & Checks,
OR Boots & Shoes,
OR China, Glassware and Earthenware,
OR BEST GROCERIES,
OR Jewelry and Tableware,
OR Anything Else.
Call & Examine My Stock.
J. W. WHITMAN.

Clearing Out Sale.
—As I have decided to make a—
Change in My BUSINESS,
—I offer my—
Entire Stock
—AT A—
Sweeping Reduction
—now is the—
TIME FOR BARGAINS
—IN:—
Boots & Shoes
WANTED:
POTATOES and DRIED APPLES for which will I will pay the Highest Price.
W. J. ST. CLAIR.

Save the Natural Teeth.
DR. GOSSELIN, Operative Surgeon Dentist, does up stairs over the BLUE STORE of Mr. J. H. FISHER, Granville St. He has Teeth, and the most difficult and painful Operations are treated successfully. All the various filling materials used in Bridgetown, May 4th, '87. tf