

OAK HALL

Going With a Rush

OAK HALL



No matter how good the outside of a suit is, if the "insides" are not good you know the result. "Sovereign Brand" is good, both inside and out, and is guaranteed to retain its shape.

Our Gigantic Removal Sale Is Certainly Going Some

Our Removal Sale is drawing the crowds beyond our fondest hopes. The goods are being moved rapidly, purchased by hundreds of pleased and satisfied customers. Many are also taking advantage of the SUBSTANTIAL REDUCTIONS we are making on the very handsome models we are showing for spring, 1910, in MEN'S, BOYS' and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING. No matter what your clothing needs may be, we can save you dollars while our GIGANTIC REMOVAL SALE IS ON.

We Only Take Time to Mention a Few Extra Specials for Friday and Saturday

100 Young Men's Suits at \$6.95

Here is certainly a snap for the young men who take sizes 31 to 35, single-breasted styles, in black clay worsted, black vicuna, fine fancy worsteds and tweeds. These suits range in price from \$12 to \$18, but out they go at... **\$6.95**

Choice of All Our Men's D.B. Colored Suits Now at Only Two Prices

Lot No. 1, priced up to \$12.00, for... **\$6.95**
Lot No. 2, priced up to \$18.00, for... **\$10.95**
Sizes 36 to 40.

100 Pairs Men's Overalls Regular \$1, for 65c

This lot comprises both Plain Blue and Stripe Overalls, with bib and braces and smocks to match. At each, only **65c**

125 Children's Buster and Sailor Suits at \$2.78

All sizes, from 4 to 8 years, and values up to \$5.50, for only... **\$2.78**

Boys' Short Pant Suits for Big Boys

32 and 33 sizes, both in 3-piece and 2-piece Norfolk styles. Values up to \$5.50, now only... **\$1.98**

Boys' Shirtwaists

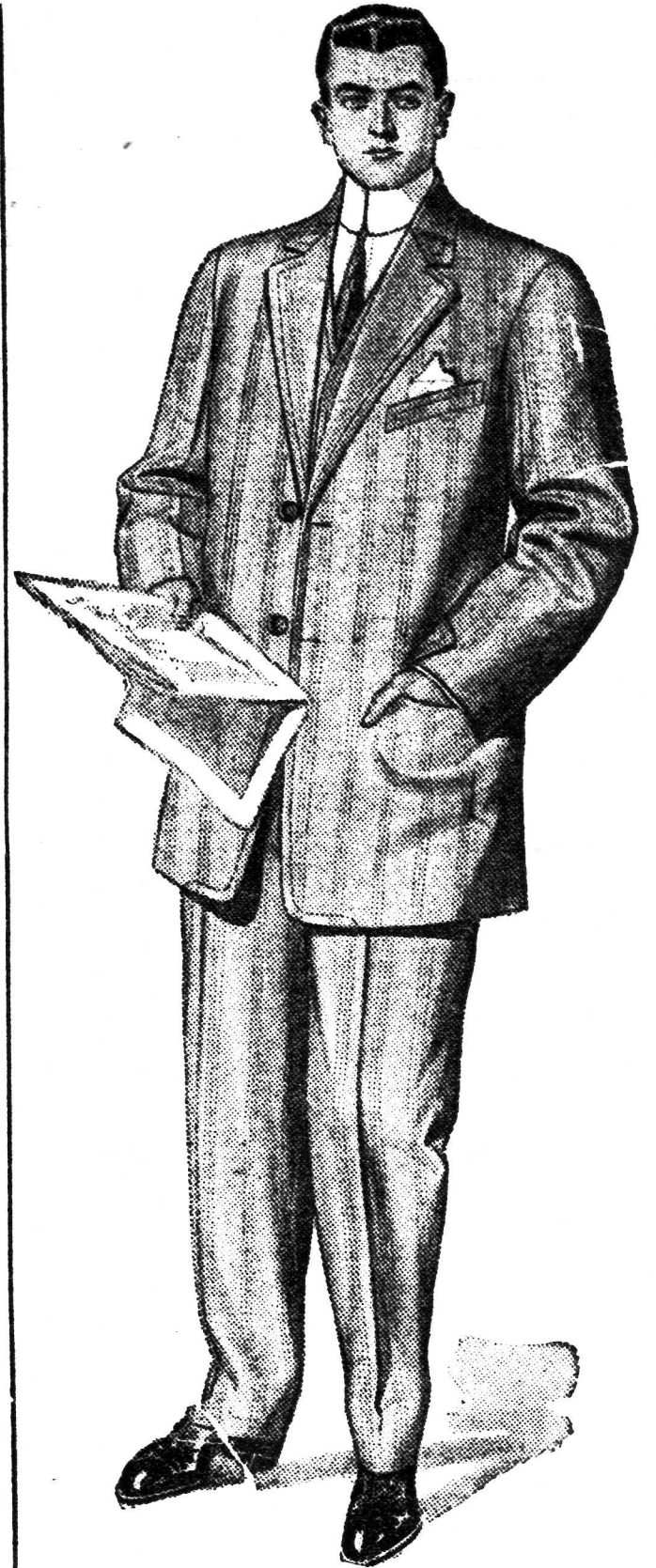
All sizes 6 to 12 years, clearing now at... **48c**

Advance Showing of Swell Lines in Our Furnishing Department

Gloves, Shirts, Neckwear.

See our new shapes in Collars. They're it. Caps from... **25c to \$1.50**

Belts, Underwear, etc. This department is now replete with all the wanted lines up to the minute for spring, 1910.



"SOVEREIGN BRAND" Suits are stylish and becoming. They are economical from first to last. They are recommended by thousands of intelligent men, and we believe you'll like them the best of any clothes you ever wore.

OAK HALL 154 Dundas Street OAK HALL

HARP CRITICISM OF DOMESTIC SCIENCE

Too Much Fuss and Feathers Says Critic—Simplified Spelling Progress.

Toronto, March 30.—At the Ontario Educational Association convention today, Mr. John Dearnish, M. A., of London, Ont., discoursed on the year's progress in simplified spelling. During the past year the cause of simplified spelling has made exceedingly good progress. Among its promoters are such prominent men as Sir James Murray, Dr. Henry Bradley, Sir Wm. Ramsay, William Asher, Dr. W. W. Keat, T. J. Macnamara, M. P., Right Hon. James Bryce, Frederick Furnival and Stanley Jevons. The Ontario branch of the British Society expect to do good work this year. Nova Scotia leads the Dominion in spelling reform. Its education department has a list of about 3,300 simplified words. To show the growth of the system it was pointed out that two of the large newspapers in the province use the new spelling almost exclusively, while the calendar of the Normal College, the most important training school in Canada—is printed in the improved manner.

The Simplified Spelling Society of the English-speaking peoples now includes over 7,000 university professors, collegiate and other teachers. Mr. Andrew Carnegie, believing that the most serious obstacle in the way of English becoming the world language is its irrational spelling, is its most generous supporter. At present a word-book is being prepared to give within the limits of a school dictionary the best of the old and new spellings. In his speech the speaker said: "The Germans and French have made great progress in reforming their spelling. We should not be behind any nation in a reform of this kind. I would urge that all the printed notices and publications of the schools be in the simplified spelling. 'Spelling without tears' is coming within sight of our children in a very short time."

Want an Organ. The public school department adopted a resolution this morning requesting the department of education to publish an educational gazette for the purpose of keeping the teachers posted.

DYSPEPSIA, GAS, HEARTBURN AND ALL MISERY FROM A BAD STOMACH VANISHES

A Little Diapiesin Makes Your Out-of-Order Stomach Feel Fine in Five Minutes.

The question as to how long you are going to continue a sufferer from indigestion, dyspepsia or out-of-order stomach, is merely a matter of how soon you begin taking some Diapiesin. If your stomach is lacking in digestive power, why not help the stomach to do its work, not with drastic drugs but a reinforcement of digestive agents, such as are naturally at work in the stomach. People with weak stomachs should take a little Diapiesin occasionally and there will be no more indigestion.

ed on all departmental regulations, instructions and reports—an official organ of inter-communication. A resolution from the Wentworth Teachers' Association, requesting the department to deduct only one mark instead of two for each mis-spelled word in entrance examinations, until such time as the department adopted a simplified spelling, was also adopted. A resolution of the Toronto Principals' Association approving of the Federal Government's proposal to establish a general system of technical education, was referred to the committee on resolutions.

William Linton, Galt, former vice-president, was elected president of the public school department. J. W. Rogers, M. A., Toronto, vice-president; Chas. G. Fraser, Toronto, secretary; J. T. Curtis, Seaford, treasurer; R. A. Ward, Toronto, and G. A. Cole, Toronto, were elected auditors.

The proposal for bi-lingual schools was condemned.

The New Officers.

The following officers were elected today: Public and High School Trustees' Department—President, Dr. White, of Lindsay; vice-president, Rev. J. Bell, Dufferin, city; secretary-treasurer, A. Werner, Elmira; representatives on advisory council, J. J. Morrison, Arthur, and J. H. Langton, Parkhill. Commercial Section—President, C. E. Jamieson; vice-president, D. M. Walker; secretary-treasurer, J. J. Bailey; councilors, W. Ward, E. C. Shrigley, W. McNab, H. Hammond, and Misses Mallory and Doherty.

Too Much Uniformity. "From the present product of domestic science schools, I say, with the Psalmist, 'Good Lord, deliver us,'" and Mr. Lyman C. Smith, B.A., before the high school principals' section, said something equally strong about the products of the manual training system, only worse.

"From the present product of domestic science schools, I say, with the Psalmist, 'Good Lord, deliver us,'" and Mr. Lyman C. Smith, B.A., before the high school principals' section, said something equally strong about the products of the manual training system, only worse. "and get down to business. Our present courses of manual training and domestic science will not meet the emergency. There is too much fuss and feathers. What the people want is that a student may be turned out from a manual training school a finished workman, and our system of manual training does not do this. "It may look pretty to see a photograph of a group of young ladies in white caps and aprons very intently engaged in stirring something in a bowl, while their instructor strikes an attitude, with folded hands, or a number of boys very busy with a chisel, plane or hammer, while the walls are decorated with towel-rack, match-

box, etc., but this is not going to satisfy the public.

"I have yet to hear of those trained by the methods employed in the domestic science school alone becoming practical housekeepers."

"The inspectors simply cannot, from the present methods, give impartial judgment on the work."

"I suppose nature study has bid us farewell, because she felt herself unappreciated. A new department is made in driving—I beg your pardon—in art. The evident intention is to make artists. Should not rather the kind of drawing to be adopted and the carpenter to draw plans for his projected work?"

"At present in the high schools we are compelled to comply with every whim of the inspectors. Suddenly it is discovered that some subjects are the principal ones in the curriculum, and every few years sees a change. Innovations, such as oral compositions, are a positive detriment. We are crowded with vexatious regulations, and too much direction from central authority. No originality, no independence, can exist. Better had a man break every command in the decalogue than depart one jot or tittle from the regulations. I don't even think the present system of inspection is equal to that of some years ago. Absolutely the sole object of the inspection appears to be to see whether the regulations are carried out or not. In the past inspectors were inspirations. They are not now."

NO. 3 COMMITTEE WILL ASK FOR \$18,000 MORE

Estimates for Year Were Finally Completed at Meeting Last Night.

At the meeting of No. 3 committee of the city council last night, the estimates for the year were revised, and in the present form will be sent to the finance committee. The estimated expenditure for 1910 is \$108,145 30. Last year the expenditure was estimated at \$90,163 98.

The changes made last night were due to the addition of \$10,000 for a steam fire engine for the East End. The fire department has increased more than \$1,500 over last year, and the street watering has jumped \$2,600.

The comparative figures are as follows:

	1909.	1910.
Fire Halls—		
No. 1.....	\$21,268 98	\$22,794 58
No. 2.....	4,975 00	5,546 63
No. 3.....	5,919 00	5,329 71
No. 4.....	5,892 00	5,159 88
No. 5.....	5,892 00	5,539 50
New engine.....		10,000 00
Water for fire service.....	\$580 00	\$825 00
Street watering.....	8,000 00	10,600 00
Repairs, etc.....	1,450 00	2,500 00
Street lighting.....	23,500 00	30,000 00
Market expense.....	700 00	750 00
Repairs of buildings.....		900 00
Ins. etc.....	335 00	850 00
Paving, etc.....		850 00
Totals.....	\$90,163 98	\$108,145 30

A new fertilizer is now being made in Norway from the moror from tifying the sugar liquid, which was formerly difficult to dispose of.

USES OF CONCRETE WERE DEALT WITH

Papers Read at the Cement Convention Now Being Held in This City.

ENGINEERS GIVE OPINIONS

Concrete is All Right for Spans of Bridges Not Over 100 Feet in Length—Profitable Sessions.

Excellent papers and interesting discussions marked the afternoon and evening sessions of the cement convention in the board of trade rooms yesterday.

The papers read at the afternoon session included "Concrete Bridges," by Mr. A. W. Connor, of Toronto; "An Analysis of Concrete Bridge Failures," by Mr. J. H. Langton, of Parkhill; "The Causes of Failures in Some Bridges," by C. W. Boynton, of Chicago, and "Concrete," by Jas. Bell, of St. Thomas. These papers were of deep interest, and caused considerable discussion. In all a most optimistic view of the possibilities of concrete and cement was taken.

A Splendid Address. Mr. A. W. Campbell, deputy minister of railways of Canada, formerly good roads commissioner for Ontario, and known universally as "Good Roads" Campbell, gave a fine paper on "The Engineer and His Finished Work." He dealt at some length with the matter of inspection, and urged that it was poor economy to have a cheap inspector or a municipal work. Good, practical men were needed, not the man who was strong on theory but weak on practice, but the man who knew good work, and would insist upon this being done. He pointed out that nearly every municipality was an offender in this regard, and there should be more attention paid to inspection as the scores of failures throughout the province testified. An inspector should be appointed, not for his local pull, but for his ability, and he should insist upon the carrying out of the engineer's orders rather than be guided by any feeling for the contractor.

Concrete Bridges. County Engineer Talbot followed, with a paper on the "Construction of Concrete Bridges." In practice he found that concrete manufacturers could compete with steel bridges in spans up to 100 feet, but beyond that he did not think it wise or profitable to compete. Mr. Talbot made a plea for experienced designers for this sort of work, and also stated that counties made a mistake in paying for bridges out of the current revenue rather than by debentures covering a term of years. There was a necessity for some central supervision by the Government of the inspection of bridges, and he declared that all plans should be submitted to the Government for their approval. This would make for better, and more thorough construction work.

Considerable discussion took place on the paper. Mr. Richard L. Humphrey, of Pittsburgh, one of the best-known authorities on the American continent, took the ground that the concrete bridge manufacturers could compete with the steel bridge, both in price and quality. Mr. Gustav Kahn, of Toronto, did not think so, and others voiced the same opinion.

Mr. James Pearson, of Toronto, read a paper on "Concrete Pavements." He gave a history of the paving which was first invented by Mr. John L. Macadam, and dealt later with asphalt and concrete.

The latter was not suitable as a wearing proposition, but was used extensively in lanes and areas where the traffic was light. For automobilizing concrete was the better, and if there came a time when roads should be set apart for this alone, concrete should be put down.

In the Ring.

The exhibition in the Princess Rink attracted a large crowd. According to the figures given out by Manager A. M. Hunt over 1,900 people passed through the turnstile, a considerable increase over the preceding days.

Thursday is Citizens' Day, and all Londoners are particularly invited to be present. Everything is in fine working order.

There will be a banquet in the Teemash House this evening, at which the city council and others will attend.

IN DEFENCE OF PRIMERS

Whitney Says That the Province is Satisfied With Them

Toronto, March 31.—Sir James Whitney, who in the absence of Hon. Dr. Pyne, through illness, is acting minister of education, referring to the criticism of the public school primers by members of the Ontario Educational Association today, made the following statement:

"As a public question I have every reason to know that the new Ontario readers are perfectly satisfactory to the province. Another province has already adopted them, and others may follow."

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More bread and Better bread —And the Reason for it

A STRONG FLOUR can only be made from strong wheat. Manitoba hard wheat is acknowledged the strongest in the world—and that is the kind used for Purity Flour.

But that's not all. Every grain of this wheat contains both high-grade and low-grade properties. In separating the high-grade parts from the low-grade the Western Canada Flour Mills put the hard wheat through a process so exacting that not a single low-grade part has the remotest chance of getting in with the high-grade.

Of course this special process is more expensive to operate but it means a lot to Purity flour users—that's why we use it.

It means that Purity Flour is made entirely of the highest-grade flour parts of the strongest wheat in the world.

It means a high-class, strong flour and therefore yields "more bread and better bread."

Purity may cost a little more than some flours, but results prove it the cheapest and most economical after all.



WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED MILLS AT WINNIPEG, GODERICH, BRANDON

IF YOUR DEALER DOES NOT HANDLE PURITY FLOUR

H. RECHNITZER & Co., 422 Park Avenue

DRIVES CATARRH MUCOUS FROM NOSE AND THROAT

Catarrh Sufferers Get Relief in Two Minutes

Perhaps you think it is necessary to spit out mucus or blow it through the nose. It may be that you think you have catarrh so badly that it cannot be cured; that it is your misfortune to be handicapped in life by the disgusting symptoms of catarrh.

When druggist have a remedy called Hyomei that relieves acute catarrh in two minutes, simply by breathing it in, and cures chronic catarrh in a few weeks, by the same simple method, aren't you going to pay a little attention?

And when W. T. Strong states most emphatically that he will guarantee Hyomei to cure catarrh or give you your money back, what is you already adopted them, and others may follow?

Are you satisfied with your condition, or do you want to rid yourself forever of vile catarrh, with its humiliating symptoms, such as hawking, spitting, blowing and bad breath?

Hyomei is a simple, antiseptic medicine, that you breathe through a small pocket inhaler over the parts affected by catarrh.

It is made of Australian eucalyptus mixed with other germ killing and membrane soothing antiseptics. Get a complete outfit today. It only costs \$1.00, and contains everything necessary to cure any ordinary case of catarrh.

Hyomei is the best remedy in the world for sore throat, coughs and colds, croup and bronchitis. It gives wonderful relief in two minutes. Everyone should have a Hyomei outfit. For sale by druggists everywhere, and by W. T. Strong. Mail orders filled prepaid by the R. T. Booth Company, Limited, Fort Erie, Ont.