



I Had Coitre
Oswellings in the neck since I was 10 years old; am now 52. I used Hood's Sarsaparilla recently and the swelling has entirely disappeared. It has been very troublesome. When I began I was feeling so discommoded with the goitre and rheumatism I felt that I would soon be dead as alive. Whenever I caught cold I could not walk two blocks without fainting. Now I am free from it all and I can truly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla. I received a letter from Mrs. Jennie Bigelow, now of Fremont, Mich., asking if my testimonial in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla was true; I replied it was, and sent particulars. I have another letter from her thanking me very much for recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla and stating that she also has been cured. Mrs. Anna Sutherland, Kalamazoo, Mich. HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pills. They assist digestion and cure headache.

A SIX-CLUB LEAGUE

Formed by the Local Amateur Baseball Clubs.

The Scores Made by American Leagues—Various Sporting Events.

BASEBALL.

A LOCAL LEAGUE FORMED.
About 25 baseball enthusiasts gathered in the rooms of the Pickwick Club, Dundas street, last night, to organize a local baseball league. Representatives from nearly every local club of any importance were present, and the organization will comprise the Orioles, Pickwicks, Athletics, Valkyries, Coppers and the Dauntless, formerly known as the Graveyard Skeltons. A set of rules to govern was formed, and it was also decided that each club shall play a schedule of ten games—two with each opposing nine. Every club has several good players, and an interesting series of games may be looked for. Another meeting will be held on Thursday night, when officers will be elected.

NATIONAL LEAGUE SCORES—MONDAY.
At New York—R. H. E.
Boston.....1 0 0
New York.....0 3 5
Batteries—Nichols and Ryan; Russo and Farrell. Umpire—Lynch.

At Philadelphia—R. H. E.
Philadelphia.....7 16 5
Brooklyn.....5 7 3
Batteries—Weyhing, Taylor and Clements; Gaistrich and Kinslow. Umpire—Stuge.

At Washington—R. H. E.
Baltimore.....17 18 1
Washington.....0 1 10
Batteries—Mullane, Horner and Robinson; Maul, Esper and McGuire. Umpire—C'Rourke.

At Pittsburgh—R. H. E.
Cincinnati.....17 20 4
Pittsburgh.....6 12 4
Batteries—Parrott and Vaughn and Nichols; Gambert, Knell and Sugden. Umpire—McQuaid.

At Cleveland—R. H. E.
Cleveland.....7 12 1
Chicago.....4 1 8
Batteries—Young and Zimmer; McGill and Schriver. Umpire—Emslie.

At Louisville—R. H. E.
Louisville.....6 13 5
St. Louis.....8 14 1
Batteries—Stratton and Grim; Breitenstein and Peltz. Umpire—Spivey.

EASTERN LEAGUE SCORES—MONDAY.
At Providence—R. H. E.
Providence.....19 12 6
Troy.....13 11 1
Batteries—Sullivan and McAuley; Donovan and Murphy. Umpire—Gaffney.

At Springfield—R. H. E.
Springfield.....8 8 3
Springfield.....19 24 1
Batteries—Pane and Hess; Coughlin and Messitt. Umpire—Hunt.

At Binghamton—R. H. E.
Binghamton.....6 10 3
Buffalo.....12 12 0
Batteries—DeJany and Lobbeck; Slagle and Urquhart. Umpire—Hohack.

At Wilkesbarre—R. H. E.
Wilkesbarre.....14 21 7
Erie.....11 14 6
Batteries—Sullivan and Warner; Herndon and Gannon. Umpire—Snyder.

CHECKERS.

WYLLIE WORSTED.
LONDON, May 7.—James Ferrie, of Glasgow, challenged James Wyllie, of Glasgow, some time ago to play 96 games of draughts for the championship of the world and £100. Wyllie was then champion of Great Britain. He accepted the challenge. It required 22 days to play the match, which was finished Saturday. Ferrie won 13 games and Wyllie 6, and 77 were drawn.

Have You Got It?
To cure cramps take Nerviline. To break up a cold nothing is as good as Nerviline. If lumbago, neuralgia, or rheumatism troubles you resort to Nerviline. It never fails to give relief. Nerviline is a powerful penetrating substance, which goes at once to the bottom and speedily dislodges all pain. Nerviline is better, stronger, and more certain in action than any other pain remedy in the market. Nerviline is sold by all dealers, only 25 cents.

SMOKE
Old Leaves
CIGAR
5c. - 5c.
FOR SALE BY
HUGH LOVELESS,
204 Dundas Street.

3 3 3
REASONS
Why Harry Lenox is Doing a Large and Stylish Business—
1st. A first class, well-selected stock, newest ideas and designs.
2nd. Everything correctly cut and strongly made.
3rd. No fancy prices.
I extend to everyman an invitation to come and see for himself.
HARRY LENOX
Corner Richmond and Spring Streets.

Squarely Put.

Parliament Asked to Vote on the Prohibition Question:

Mr. Flint, of Yarmouth, N.S., Makes a Clear, forcible Statement of the Case.

The Government Scored for Its Assisted Emigration Policy.

Which Has Proved a Gigantic and Costly Failure—Labor Day to be a Statutory Holiday.

(Special to the ADVERTISER.)
OTTAWA, May 7.—Private and miscellaneous business had precedence in the House to-day.

Sir John Thompson secured a first reading for a bill making the first Monday in September a statutory holiday. This is done at the request of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress, who desire Labor Day to be a public holiday.

In reply to Mr. Casey, Sir C. H. Tupper said the Government had received a telegram from the Montreal Board of Trade, stating they could not believe that their representations in regard to the appointment of a shipping master would be passed over.

Mr. Lepine was informed by the Minister of Marine and Fisheries that the Government intended to appoint this year persons to act as inspectors of gear and tackle at the port of Montreal.

Mr. Wallace told Mr. Taylor that the Government intended to appoint the Montreal inspector of weights and measures referee in any disputes between buyers and sellers as to the weight of cheese.

Mr. Martin, in moving for papers in regard to immigration work, stated that the Government sent to Great Britain missionaries and experienced men chiefly to give political favorites a holiday at the public expense. He went on to speak of the policy of bringing in settlers from the United States, men who have failed to succeed there. It was necessary not only to bring these people in, but also in most instances to provide them with a loan to enable them to live. Settlers were now asking for the relief of mortgages given for these loans.

A great portion of these settlers located at Salt Coats and Yorkton, brought in at great expense, have left, and the remainder have not yet left because they have not money enough to get out. The whole transaction, said Mr. Martin, is a gigantic failure. He alluded to the Jews brought by Government agents from Chicago to Calgary as a waste of public money.

In his reply Mr. Daly denied that the Government had anything to do with the advances made to these settlers. They were made by the Canada Settlers' Loan Company. In regard to the Jews, Mr. Daly said that only 25 per cent were Jews. The others were Hungarians and Poles.

Mr. Daly refused to believe that the settlers referred to were badly off, and read from the reports of immigration inspectors to show that Mr. Martin was altogether astray.

This brought Mr. Martin to his feet, with a copy of a petition sent recently to the Governor-General in council from the Salt Coats settlers, asking for legislation to prevent the land companies from taking mortgages on the homesteads, "inasmuch as not one settler would pay either interest or principal." The petition also asked that the Government should pay off the debts, and so retain the 50 per cent of the settlers who are left, otherwise there would be no alternative for the remaining half but to go.

Mr. Daly declared he preferred to believe his agents to the statements of "these people," who were trying to get the Government to pay off their mortgages, after the Government had brought them "out of their misery in Dakota."

The motion was passed.

Mr. Stairs, of Halifax, brought to the attention of the House the subject of adulterated teas in a resolution providing for inspection of teas and the destruction of adulterated teas. He described how black teas were adulterated. The exhausted leaves were spread out and sprinkled with tannic acid and otherwise prepared for the market. Green tea leaves were restored by the application of a paste composed of gypsum rice and prussian blue.

Mr. Wallace said that the tea imported under the new tariff from Great Britain would have to be of a quality fit for consumption according to the experts of the British customs. The same thing would apply to the teas from the United States, where they had a still more rigid inspection of teas. In addition appraisers were instructed to keep out of Canada adulterated teas.

Mr. Stairs declared that the Controller was mistaken, and that under the present customs machinery there was no means of keeping out adulterated teas.

The matter was shunted by Mr. Wallace moving the adjournment of the debate, which was carried after a protest from Mr. Mills, of Bothwell, who thought the matter deserved greater consideration from the Government.

Mr. Flint, of Yarmouth, N.S., moved: "That it is expedient that Parliament should enact a law to prohibit the importation, manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors in Canada, except for medicinal, manufacturing and sacramental purposes." In support of this resolution, which is the official motion of the Dominion Alliance, Mr. Flint made a long and well-considered speech. He admitted that the resolution was worded a little vaguely, but explained it by reminding the House that it was made so purposely to please the supporters of Sir John Thompson in view of the Premier's declaration that nothing could be done in this direction. This session, he wanted it understood, however, that the phrase "as speedily as possible" had reference only to practical difficulties and not to any doubt as to jurisdiction or as to the ripeness of public opinion for such a measure. "Public opinion has traveled far and fast on this question of prohibition," Mr. Flint recited the history of the progress of this movement in Canada, and then took up the statistical and financial questions. He showed that not less than \$40,000,000 worth of liquor and beer was consumed in Canada annually. He gave the capital invested in the liquor business in Canada as \$8,309,000 in the 102 breweries, and \$7,054,000 in the eight distilleries in Canada. The number of employees was 2,243, representing about 15,000 persons, and the amount paid in wages about \$1,070,000. The value of the total output of distilleries and breweries was put down at \$7,916,000. Whose interests, Mr. Flint asked, should be paramount—the 15,000 persons whose support depended on this trade or the 5,000,000 of the population?

He then dealt with the revenue question and the anticipated deficit, quoting Sir Leonard's statement in Parliament when Finance Minister, that he would undertake as Finance Minister to make up any deficiency in the revenue arising from prohibition. He also quoted Mr. Gladstone as saying: "The question of revenue must never stand in the way of needed reforms. Besides with a sober population I shall find a way to raise a revenue." Mr. Flint referred to the effect of Father Mathews' marvelous temperance crusade on the revenue of Ireland. The revenue did not decrease, but crime did. He replied to other objections to prohibition, such as injury to invested capital and the loss arising from throwing persons out of employment. Mr. Flint made many quotations from official and authoritative sources to show that there was nothing in these apprehensions or arguments. While it was true that they could not make men sober by act of Parliament, it was equally true that they could greatly assist by removing temptation from the way. Parliament had always acted on the principle of interfering with anything which operated against the interests of the general mass of the community. Mr. Flint cited the prohibitions in the different provinces as showing the wishes of the people, and concluded with an urgent appeal to both political parties to combine in support of the resolution.

Dr. Roome seconded the motion, and congratulated Mr. Flint on his excellent speech. He referred to the fact that his predecessor, Hon. G. W. Ross, had once moved a similar resolution in this House. The agitation of many years had borne fruit, and both political parties were now united to stamp out the great evil of intemperance. If it could not be done otherwise, it would be a grand thing for the Government of Canada to initiate the example of England in the case of slavery and give a money compensation to ex-terminate the traffic. They should not be deterred by the question of revenue, because it was but a feather in the scale as against the beneficial results of a prohibitory law. The traffic was a tax on the mother and child as well as on the man, and if necessary to resort to direct taxation the sooner it was done the better for the country. He predicted that this agitation for a prohibitory law would be carried on until the Government of the day yielded.

The debate was continued by Messrs. Craig, Christie, Coatsworth, Dupont and McLean, of East York, and was, on motion of Sir Adolphe Caron, adjourned, and the House adjourned.

Mr. Foster gives notice of the following further tariff changes:

Chrome steel, 15 per cent.

Copper wire, 15 per cent.

Wire cloth, N. E. S., 30 per cent.

Cases for jewels, watches, silverware, plated ware, cutlery and other like articles, 50 cents each and 30 per cent ad val.

Wood pulp, 25 per cent.

Woody wheels, 35 per cent.

Mr. McLean, of East York, gives notice of the following resolution: "That in the opinion of this House the sale of spirituous liquors in the restaurant thereof ought to be prohibited."

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

Robert Forbes, woolen manufacturer of Hespeler, is seriously ill at his residence in Guelph.

The officers of the United States cruiser Chicago will be given a royal welcome in London, Eng.

The steamer La Champagne has brought \$760,000 in gold to New York in transit for other countries.

Fire and a cyclone have destroyed the town of Stephanie in Volhynia, Russia. Five thousand people are homeless.

William Rockefeller denies that there is any truth in the report of a deal between the Standard Oil Company and the Russian Oil Trust.

The Egyptian Council of Ministers has granted \$140,000 with which to erect a solid building at Cairo to replace the Ghizeh Museum.

H. A. Hill, the famous trick bicyclist, with his manager, Eugene Polier, has started from New York on a "safety" for a trip around the world.

Many English and American visitors have arrived at Orleans, France, to take part in the Jean of Arc celebrations which will begin to-day (Tuesday).

The fourth annual convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians has opened at Omaha. About 300 delegates from the United States and Canada are in attendance.

The Supreme Court of Illinois has declared the Ticket Sellers' Act unconstitutional. This act renders it unlawful for any person to sell tickets without authority from the railway company.

Wm. D. Lehman, the fugitive cashier of the excise department of Brooklyn, recently brought back from Toronto, was sentenced on Monday to imprisonment in Sing Sing for seven years and four months.

The P. T. Barnum estate is to undergo another partial distribution, only enough being kept intact to pay Mrs. Barnum's annuity of \$40,000 and several smaller amounts. The estate is now valued at about \$2,300,000.

Disquieting news from Central and South America have caused the United States Navy Department to assign several ships to the locality where American interests are endangered through prospective hostilities. The places affected are Salvador, Colon and Callao.

At the Synod of British Columbia, in session at Calgary Saturday, the protest and appeal of Rev. Mr. McLeod against the finding of the Presbytery of Victoria in the matter of his preaching to another congregation in Victoria was heard, and the appeal was dismissed.

A mean man sees himself in the dark.

A surgeon's knife wounds in kindness.

Only a Step

from Weak Lungs to Consumption, from Depleted Blood to Anæmia, from Diseased Blood to Scrofula, from Loss of Flesh to illness.

Scott's Emulsion

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil, prevents this step from being taken and restores Health.

Physicians, the world over, endorse it.

Don't be deceived by Substitutes!

Scott & Bown, Belleville. All Druggists. 40c. & 2c.



THE WEATHER TO-DAY—Fine—not much change in temperature.

FLAT 1.

The rear portion of the ground floor has all been thrown into one large, beautiful room, making a really magnificent Dress Goods Department. We have always enjoyed a superior reputation in this department, but with increased facilities we will be better able to display our wonderfully attractive assortments from time to time. It is now replete with the choicest Black and Colored Dress Goods, Silks, etc., etc., which every lady would do well to examine.

FLAT 2.

Our upstairs is now and will be a popular resort for the ladies in quest of Mantles, Millinery, etc. The rear portion of this flat is devoted to Millinery. It is well suited to the requirements of a showroom. Large mirrors grace the walls, and there is no darkness at all. Everything is cheerful—surroundings, as well as our beautiful Millinery Novelties. The center part is occupied by our popular House Furnishing Department, which includes such things as curtains, Table Covers, etc. The Mantle and Mantle Cloth Department occupies the entire front and gives us large accommodation which we much needed, so popular has this department become.

GO UP.

Our up departments are quite as accessible as those down. Our elevator is a great convenience. Already hundreds of persons who never before enjoyed an elevator ride are loud in its praises now. They will never take the stairs again. It is a decidedly attractive feature, as it is constructed on a principle that entirely does away with the fear of accidents. It is not on the old cable system, but has a large steel shaft running fifteen feet into the earth, which is forced up by water pressure. It cannot go higher or lower than the length of this shaft. In descending it gradually displaces the water which forced it up. The car is elegantly fitted with chairs and mirrors, is in a magnificent brass-finished cage, with sliding doors, and works as noiselessly and easily as a bicycle. Best of all, it is absolutely safe. With words we seem entirely unable to convey anything like an adequate idea of the wonderful transformation that has taken place throughout the store.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM,

147, 149 and 151 DUNDAS STREET.

Tariff Reduction by Degrees.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 7.—A Washington dispatch says the Senate finance committee concerning which there has been much speculation says: "The McKinley tariff is to remain untouched until Jan. 1, 1895, then a reduction of 10 per cent is to be made, followed by an annual 10 per cent reduction until absolute free trade is reached." This schedule, it is reported, has been submitted to the New England manufacturers by the Democrat woolen manufacturers, and they have agreed to it. Several prominent Rhode Island manufacturers were in Washington last week and urged the committee to adopt it. The committee was favorably impressed with the proposition, it is said. This settlement of wool tariff the Democrat manufacturers claim would start the mills up immediately and enable manufacturers to make preparations for reductions in the tariff in a way that would not disturb trade seriously.

Don't get above your business; it may do the same by you.

The corporation of Kingston and the street railway of that city have agreed to share equally the expenses of cleaning the streets of snow.

Why will you allow a cough to irritate your throat or lungs and run the risk of falling a consumptive's grave, when by the timely use of Bickie's Anti-Consumptive syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This Syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all a coughs of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc.

The New Fire Kindler. Try it.

BEARS CLOSE INSPECTION.



Every garment that leaves us will bear close and critical inspection as to goods, workmanship and style.

Our Prices Are Right.

Why pay high prices when we can get you up first-class clothing at a moderate price?

A Good Suit for \$12

A Good Suit for \$14

A Good Suit for \$15

And so on up, for we make them up to the very best.

INSPECT AND BE CONVINCED THAT WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY.

A. Screaton & Co.

134 DUNDAS STREET.

Demands of Kansas Suffragists.

KANSAS CITY, Kan., May 7.—The opening meetings of the suffragists in Kansas that have closed here after being participated in by many of the leading woman's rights leaders of the country, unanimously adopted resolutions demanding that the Republicans and Populists endorse the suffrage amendments in their state platforms. Mrs. Laura M. Johns, president of the State association, declared that if neither party saw fit to espouse the cause of woman suffrage, the women of the State would keep up the fight alone.

SUFFERING ENDED.

Paine's Celery Compound Banishes Rheumatism and Neuralgia.

A Permanent Cure After Years of Agony.

No Failure When Nature's Remedy is Used.

Mr. George Geary, of Rodney, Ont., writes as follows:

"For a number of years I was greatly troubled with neuralgia and rheumatism, and tried many doctors, but got little or no relief until I purchased a bottle of your Paine's Celery Compound from our druggist, Mr. Harvey. The medicine gave prompt relief, and what has proved to be permanent relief, and I believe it to be unequalled for these afflictions, also as a nerve tonic. Deriving so much benefit from its use, I am pleased to recommend it to my friends, or to persons who suffer in the way I did, as a most reliable remedy for these ailments."

Paine's Celery Compound sweeps away disease with a power unknown to other medicines. It is the life-renewer that every suffering man, woman and child should use, when pain and agony make life miserable and unbearable.

This wonderful medicine is the noblest gift that medical science has ever given to the world. It is fast superseding all other medicines for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, indigestion, nervousness and general debility. It is recommended and prescribed by physicians all over the country, as the best and safest agent for the cure of all the above-mentioned troubles and diseases. For true merit, worth and honest results, Paine's Celery Compound stands on the highest pinnacle of fame.

Let us say to those who are not laid up with sickness or disease—those who are merely ailing—that one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound will surely prevent sickness and serious trouble. When you feel tired, weary, worn out and overdone, a few doses of nature's life-giver will give you renewed strength, vigor and activity.

Steamer Burned—The Crew Safe.
OTTAWA, May 7.—The Upper Ottawa Improvement Company's steamer Dauntless, one of the finest boats on the Upper Ottawa, was burned to the water's edge on Saturday morning. Despite the efforts of the crew the fire gained great headway in a short time. The boat was turned for the shore, and the crew narrowly escaped being burned. The steamer cost \$25,000.

OTTAWA, May 7.—A destructive fire broke out shortly after 9 o'clock this morning in Wm. H. Mills' hat and fur store on Sparks street, caused by the explosion of a lamp. Loss said to be \$7,000; insurance, \$5,000.

Try Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco, 5, 10 & 20c Plug.

R.J.Y. & CO.
Come In On Wednesday And See What Cheap Goods We Are Selling We Feel Satisfied That We Can Make Your Visit Both Pleasant And Profitable In any Case Whether Buying Or Not We Will Be Pleased To See You

R.J. YOUNG & CO

