

How do you like the new Kismet Blended Cigarette?

Don't say you haven't tried it yet, because if you haven't you're missing an entirely new "Sensation in Cigarettes."

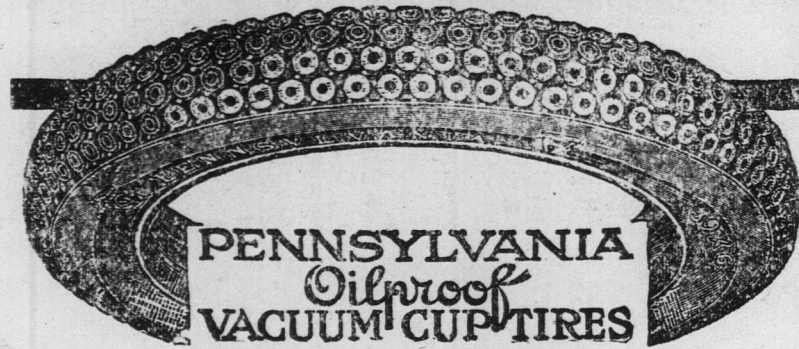
The Kismet Blended is a real smoke, full of soothing charm, redolent of the dreamy mystery of the Orient. It is delightfully cool, fragrant and full flavored, leaves no dopey after-effect and no unpleasantness in mouth or throat.

You can get lots of good Turkish Cigarettes but only one Kismet Blended Cigarette. Ask for it and don't stop until you get it.

Each box of 10 contains a lace motif.

15c at all dealers.

Imperial Tobacco Co.
(Newfoundland) Ltd.



The following sizes in stock:—

26 x 2½	28 x 3
30 x 3	30 x 3½
31 x 4	32 x 3½
32 x 4	33 x 4
820 x 120	820 x 135
875 x 105	880 x 120

Also PURE GUM RED INNER TUBES.

Bishop, Sons & Co., Ltd.,
Hardware.

A Word to the Wise.

Why pay more for less satisfactory results? Incandescent gas is at once the cheapest and the best form of illumination. It is the cheapest not only on account of its low initial cost, but also because by keeping the air in a room constantly moving gas is a powerful ventilating agent and therefore a foe to doctor's bills. Moreover, being "artificial daylight" it does not exercise a deleterious effect upon the eyesight. Children can work or read with perfect safety and comfort in a gas-lit room, and parents may thus avoid laying up for their youngsters the headaches and general "lack of tone" which eyestrain causes.

Gas may claim aesthetic as well as hygienic value. Modern gas fittings have been brought to a very high standard of artistic merit, and can be designed to harmonize with any period of decoration or furniture. Gas means household health, economy and beauty.

ST. JOHN'S GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

Airmen are Sportsmen. No Demand for Them.

The fate of an airman who comes to grief generally becomes known to his comrades, and through them is communicated to his friends at home. The explanation of this is that a practice has sprung up on both sides of dropping messages into the opposing lines reporting exactly what has happened to any flyer who has been forced to descend. One of these messages dropped in the British lines showed an intimate knowledge of London. After mentioning that a particular airman had been taken prisoner, but was uninjured, the message continued: "Hope the British aviators are going strong. Give my regards to Leicester Square, dear Piccadilly, and Mayfair. Sorry can't say."

The London Times has a good story of an incident at Luxembourg. In that little Grand Duchy photographs of General Joffre, President Poincaré, the King of the Belgians, and others of the Allies' leaders are on sale in book-shops, but never a one of the Kaiser's appears. During one of his visits to the town the Kaiser, accompanied by two aides-de-camp in mufti, was strolling along looking at the shop-windows, and noticing this omission went into a shop and asked why there were no portraits of his Imperial self. "There is no demand for them," said the girl behind the counter, without the least idea of whom she was talking to. The story may not be true, but it certainly deserves to be.

Facts About Machine-Guns.

Against machine-guns the rifleman is helpless; a military expert remarked recently; and he was right. Actual tests of machine-guns have shown them to be superior to picked marksmen. At a test in this country some time ago, forty-two first-class shots were pitted against one Maxim, each side firing for one minute at a target representing infantry in line at a distance which was unknown, but which was actually 1,000 yards. These were the results: forty-two men, 408 rounds 72 hits; machine-gun, 228 rounds, 69 hits; although the Maxim spent some time in getting the range.

Machine-guns are really rifles with a mechanical feed, which supplies them rapidly with cartridges. In all modern patterns they are automatic in action. The gas produced by the explosion or shock of the recoil opens the breech, ejects the spent cartridge, loads the rifle, closes the breech, and fires the charge. These complicated operations are carried out with extraordinary speed.

To give an example. The Maxim can fire at least 450 rounds a minute, or more than seven shots per second, and if in exceptionally good order and cleverly operated can discharge 600 rounds a minute.

In the British Army at the beginning of the war the number of machine-guns was two to each battalion or cavalry regiment. In the German army there was an extraordinary development of the machine-gun sections shortly before the war. Indeed, the enemy is stated to have taken the field with 50,000 of these weapons, so that each German battalion must have had ten, if not more, which gave them an enormous advantage above the Allies at the outset.—Tit-Bits.

Ever Feel "Dopy" After Meals?

At times we all feel dull and heavy. Just one thing to do—relax the bowels and cleanse the system with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Unclean matter is flushed out, the liver is toned, blood is purified, and at once you feel better. Good health and jovial spirits are quickly found in this celebrated medicine. Enormous benefits follow the use of Dr. Hamilton's Pills in every case; they are very mild, very prompt, and guaranteed by the makers. Insist on getting Dr. Hamilton's Pills, 25c. per box everywhere.

"While There is Life There is Hope"

(Life, New York.)
Gentlemen opposed to establishing a credit in this country for the Allies include:
Mr. Hearst.
Mr. Bryan.
Mr. Jeremiah Leary, President of the American Truth Society.
Mr. James Hamilton Lewis, of Virginia, Georgia, Washington and Illinois, the well-known carpet-bag Senator.

A swarm of hyphenated gentlemen not necessary to record.

In spite of this opposition the credit seems about to be established, maybe for half a billion dollars, maybe for a billion. Whatever the sum is, it represents an American bet that France, England and Russia are not going to be wiped off the map of Europe in the present set-to. There are those who predict that the fighting nations will have to repudiate their war debts. This credit will be an American bet that they won't. It will be a bet that the Belgians will get back Belgium, and the French Northern France; a bet against payment of indemnities to Germany by anybody; a bet against "frightfulness," against the armed-rober habits in nations, against Hunism, Kaiserism, Prussianism, and the most brutal warfare waged in Europe for three centuries.

If we are to continue to trade with the Allies we have got to bet in this way that they will win. They cannot send us gold enough to pay for what they buy, nor would it be to our fiscal advantage to have them do so. A plethora of gold is a fiscal nuisance. If we are to sell to them far more for a time than they can sell to us, we must give them credit and take their paper. So by these negotiations, born of trade necessity, ours as well as theirs, we get a step further into the war, to the disgust of Mr. Bryan and all the pacifists, and the satisfaction of every one who cares to have it demonstrated which side the United States is on in this great war.

The juice of a lemon added to a pan of water will freshen wilted vegetables. Let them stand in it for one

T. J. EDENS.

By a.s. Stephano to-day,
Oct. 11th, 15:
N. Y. Turkeys.
N. Y. Chicken.
N. Y. Corned Beef.

10 bunches Bananas.
10 cases California Oranges.
Grape Fruit.
Table Plums—Red & Blue.
Cucumbers.
Ripe Tomatoes.
Green Tomatoes.
Fresh Oysters in Shell.

50 baskets
PRESERVING PLUMS.

Rolled Oats4c. lb.
Canadian Oatmeal4c. lb.
Hand Picked Pea Beans, 7c. lb.
7 lbs. Gran. Sugar47c.

100 barrels
GRAVESTONE APPLES.
(Guaranteed Stock.)
10 brls. Siberian Crabapples.
10 half brls. Pears.
20 crates Texas Onions.
5 brls. Cranberries.
10 half brls. Crabapples.

50 half chests
DANAWALLA TEA,
55c. lb.

By rail to-day.
100 Braces
FRESH RABBITS.

T. J. EDENS,
Duckworth St. and
Military Road.

Temperance Rally at Grand Falls and Vicinity.

Splendid audiences have listened with much pleasure and profit to the addresses of Mrs. Howland, of Boston, who left the city on October 2nd, accepting invitations from the Temperance Campaign Committees of Grand Falls and vicinity. On Sunday, October 3rd, a mass meeting was held in the Town Hall at 8.30 p.m. The hall was packed, many being compelled to stand during the entire meeting. The chair was taken by Rev. Mr. Loder, Anglican clergyman, who gave an excellent address. Addresses were also given by Messrs. N. Howland and Pippy, which was listened to with rapt attention by the large audience. The Temperance Committee occupied seats on the platform. At the close a large quantity of literature was distributed, also a Branch of the W. C. T. U. organized, with 22 members. President, Mrs. N. Pike; Secretary, Miss Scott; Treasurer, Mrs. Judge.

On Tuesday, at 2.30, Millertown was reached and the deputations was met by a large committee who greeted them most kindly. A meeting which was most successful was held at night. Rev. Mr. Dunn presided and splendid addresses were given by Mrs. Howland and Mr. Batstone, who is a member of the Temperance Committee. It being ascertained that a number of men were preparing to leave for the camps, of which there are forty—averaging thirty men to a camp, a package of literature was prepared and presented to each company of men. This was accepted, without any exception, most readily. Plans were made to visit Bishop's Falls and Botwood on Wednesday and Thursday, respectively.

The party expected to arrive in Bonaville for a meeting on Sunday, the tenth instant, and Elliston on Monday. Returning: meetings will be held at Catalina, Trinity, Heart's Content, Carbonear, Bay Roberts, Harbour Grace, Port de Grave and Briggs.

Great enthusiasm has been manifested in this Temperance Movement and the expectation is that the Outports will poll a large majority on November 4th for "Total Prohibition."

BISURATED MAGNESIA

An absolutely harmless antacid in all cases of fermentation and souring and belching of food, gas, indigestion, etc. A teaspoonful in a fourth of a glass of hot water usually gives INSTANT RELIEF. Sold by all druggists in either powder or tablet form at 75 cents per bottle.

When you have salad, try serving it in separate portions, on small plates or individual salad dishes. See that the lettuce is crisp and fresh, and that tomato beetroot, and cucumber are cut in thin slices.

War Articles

WORTH FOLLOWING.

The "Witness" articles on the War Situation are appreciated throughout Canada by the best informed people, for their clearness and sincerity, as well as for their fine spirit, breadth and foresight. The Montreal "Weekly Witness" is a truly great national paper. It always has been and still is absolutely owned and edited by Dougalls, Mr. John Redpath Dougall being its editor.

While some papers are notoriously and obviously at the beck and call of predatory interests, there are others, like the Montreal "Weekly Witness" that have maintained their independence. It has never grovelled, it has never flattered, it has never pandered. The "Witness" is its unique self, loved by its friends, hated by its enemies.

Purging the past three generations, it has conscientiously, devotedly and very efficiently, served its country in many ways, notably in its campaign for Temperance, Franchise, Religious Liberty, Education, and everything looking towards lower cost and higher plane of living. If Canada is not yet enjoying the full benefits of these things, it is far ahead of many other countries in most of them, and this is due in no small measure to the stand or, more correctly, the splendid campaigns of the "Witness" whenever opportunity afforded. The welfare of the Canadian farmer in particular has always been considered of prime importance by the Editor of the "Witness," and the "Witness" has done yeoman service to agriculture.

Generations of our finest Canadian families have literally been "brought up on the Witness," as many of the most eminent Canadians will testify, and they continue its devoted admirers. Besides the moral and political aspects of this great newspaper, it has attractive features embracing all the interests of the family and a splendid Farm and Poultry Department. Its short and serial stories are strong and fresh, and they alone are worth several times the price—one dollar a year. To bona fide New Subscribers mentioning the name of this paper, one trial year may be had for only 45 cents, or three months on trial only fifteen cents. The publishers are, as always, JOHN DOUGALL & SON, "Witness" Office, Montreal.

The "Weekly Witness" has now no connection with any daily newspaper and is the healthier for it.

What Are You Doing for that Eczema?

"Nothing; I've about given up trying to cure it."
"That is not wise. Do as I did and you will probably be cured in a short time. I used Zylex and Zylex Soap with it and my Eczema began to improve at once. A couple of boxes cured. You can get Zylex at your druggists."
Zylex, 50c. a box; Zylex Soap, 25c. a cake.
Zylex, London. eod,t

Hr. Grace Notes.

Rev. Mr. Irving, of Grand Falls, will take charge of St. Andrew's congregation here for the winter. His duties will begin about the end of October. Rev. Mr. Ritchie, the present pastor, returns to college at that time.

Yesterday's downpour of rain made it very uncomfortable for people getting about, consequently the churches were poorly attended.

Shopkeepers complain that goats are allowed to roam the streets, and steal cabbage, potatoes, etc., from the store doors. Is there a law against this thieving? If not there should be.

Mr. A. A. Parsons, Secretary of the Prohibition campaign committee accompanied by Mr. W. A. Munn, also of the committee had a talk with a number of our business men and others on Saturday and were assured that the cause would receive very large support here. A public meeting will be held to-night in St. Paul's Hall, when Rev. Dr. Jones will address the meeting, as will also Mr. J. F. Downey, M.H.A., and Rev. A. A. Holmes, of this town.

A load of coal arrived to R. D. McRae & Sons yesterday forenoon. Other cargoes are expected shortly.

Business is rushing at the Harbor Grace Boot and Shoe Factory and the whistle is heard at 7 o'clock each evening calling the help to overtime to 10 o'clock. We wish the company, the Manager, Mr. Leach, and the employees a continuation of this busy start.

We are pleased to hear that Mr. Frank Morris who was at the General Hospital, St. John's, for some time in the early summer for treatment for a gun accident, is doing well. He is now on Harbor Grace Island where his father is assistant light keeper. Frank is a manly fellow and all his friends will rejoice at the news of the improvement in his condition.

The top of a high hill at Island Cove, locally known as the "mountain," slid off on Thursday last and rock and clay came down to the base with great noise. Fortunately no person was hurt, although people were living quite near.

CORRESPONDENT.

Hr. Grace, Oct. 11, 1915.



Published by Authority

Under the provisions of the War Measures Act, 1914, His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to order as follows:—

1. The Colonial Secretary may, if he considers it expedient so to do, appoint a person to be Censor of the writings, copy or matter printed or the publications issued at any printing house, printing establishment or works, and any person so appointed shall have the right to enter and visit the premises with any assistant or assistants, from time to time, and remain there for such time or times as may be reasonably necessary, and to examine, consider, approve or reject any writing, copy or matter printed or proposed to be printed at or issued for publication from the said premises, and, after the appointment of any such person and the notification thereof to the proprietor, manager or person in charge of the said premises, no writing, copy or other matter shall be printed there or issued for publication therefrom which is not approved by the person so appointed as Censor, and any such printing or issue for publication, without such approval, shall be deemed to be a contravention of this order.

2. The printing or circulation or procuring to be printed or circulated of any letter, communication, report or news concerning the operations of the present war or the movement of any of the forces, naval or military, of His Majesty or of His Majesty's allies, or as to any of the naval or military forces or operations of His Majesty or of His Majesty's allies connected with or for the purpose of the war, or criticising or commenting upon the policy, proceedings or action of the Government of any neutral state, if such printing or circulation or any of the statements contained in the letter, communication, report or news be likely to cause disaffection to His Majesty or to prevent, hinder or interfere with the success of the forces by land or by sea of His Majesty or of His Majesty's allies, or to prejudice His Majesty's relations with any foreign state or otherwise to assist or encourage the enemy or to prevent, embarrass or hinder the successful prosecution of the war, shall be deemed to be a contravention of this order, and, in any prosecution for or in respect of any such offence, the statements in respect of which the prosecution is brought were likely to cause disaffection to His Majesty or to prevent, hinder or interfere with the success of the forces by land or by sea of His Majesty or of His Majesty's allies or to prejudice His Majesty's relations with a foreign state or otherwise to assist or encourage the enemy or to prevent, embarrass or hinder the successful prosecution of the war.

3. For any contravention of this order the offender shall be liable upon indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, and to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or upon summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, and a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars; and the proprietor of the premises, and every director or officer of any corporation controlling or operating the premises, where any such offence is committed, shall also be severally liable upon indictment or summary conviction to imprisonment or fine as aforesaid. Moreover, all copies of any book, newspaper, periodical, pamphlet, or tract printed, issued, circulated or published in contravention of this order, in the possession of whomsoever they may be, may be seized and destroyed by any peace officer, and, if the Colonial Secretary so direct, the printing presses, plant and machinery within or connected with the premises shall be seized, and the premises may be closed indefinitely or for such period as the Colonial Secretary may name.

JOHN R. BENNETT,
Colonial Secretary.
Dept. of the Colonial Secretary,
October 5, 1915.

Published by Authority

Under the provisions of section Six of the War Measures Act, 1914, His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to approve the following Rules and Regulations:

1. No person shall, without lawful authority, publish or communicate any information with respect to the movement or disposition of any of the forces, ships, or war materials of His Majesty or of His Majesty's Allies, or with respect to the plans of any naval or military operations by any such forces or ships, or with respect to any works or measures undertaken for or

connected with the fortification or defence of any place, if the information is such as is calculated to be or might be directly or indirectly useful to the enemy.

2. No person shall, without the permission of the competent naval or military authority, make any photograph, sketch, plan, model or other representation of any of the forces or ships of His Majesty or of any naval or military work, or of any dock or harbor work in connection with any place in this Colony, and no person in the vicinity of such forces, ships or work, shall, without such permission, have in his possession any photographic or other apparatus, or other material or things suitable for use in making any such representation. For the purpose of this regulation, the expression "harbour work" includes lights, buoys, beacons, marks, and other things for the purpose of facilitating navigation in or into a harbour.

3. No person shall, by word of mouth or in writing, spread reports likely to create disaffection or alarm among any of His Majesty's forces, or among the civilian population.

4. Any person who attempts to commit, or procures, aids or abets, the commission of any act prohibited by the foregoing special regulations, or harbors any person whom he knows, or has reasonable grounds for supposing, to have acted in contravention of such regulations in like manner as if he had committed the act.

5. No person shall, without lawful authority, sell, give, distribute or permit the selling, giving or distributing of any newspaper, tract, or pamphlet or any information which is forbidden to be published or communicated under paragraph one of these Orders and Regulations.

6. No person shall, without lawful authority, sell, give, distribute or permit the selling, giving or distributing of any photograph, sketch, plan, model, or other representation which is forbidden to be under paragraph two of these orders and regulations.

7. Any person contravening any of the provisions of the foregoing Orders and Regulations shall be liable, upon summary conviction before a Stipendiary Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years, or to both fine and imprisonment.

JOHN R. BENNETT,
Colonial Secretary.
Dept. of the Colonial Secretary,
Oct. 5th, 1915. oct11,21.

Rod and Gun for October.

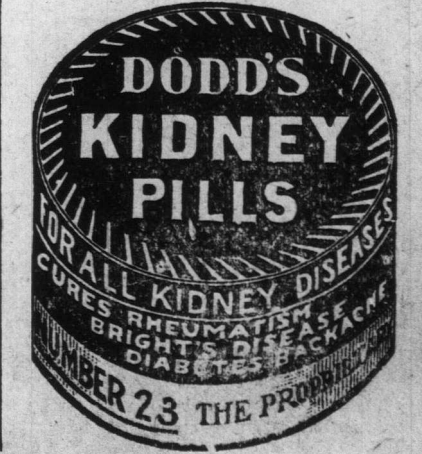
"The Carnivora as Destroyers of Game" is the subject of a thoughtful article by Edward T. Martin in October issue of Rod and Gun in Canada published at Woodstock, Ont., by W. J. Taylor Limited. H. C. Haddon contributes a serio-comic Western tale entitled "The Desperado" there among the actual "been there" experiences may be mentioned Sport in the Tomogonops: The Hunt for the Lost Moose in New Brunswick; Experiences at a Winter Camp in the Laurentians; A Trip by Motor Boat after Moose in Northern Alberta, and The First Day out the latter being an account of a day's shooting of partridges by "Bill and Billie" contributed by F. V. Williams who is also the designer of the October cover. The regular departments are as usual splendidly maintained and the whole issue is one that will make a strong appeal to sportsmen and lovers of outdoor life.

DR. DEVAN'S FEMALE PILLS Reliable medicine for all Female Complaints. \$5 a box, or three for \$10, at drug stores. Mailed to any address on receipt of price. THE SCORRILL DRUG CO., St. Catharines, Ontario.

Your Boys and Girls.

For the mother who objects to elaborate touches, of color upon baby's frock there is a simple little English frock that is beautifully smocked and, while it is not embroidered in color, still has a bit of color, in the smocking. The smocking is usually very fine for the small baby's frock, and pink, red or blue thread is used in the smocking itself.

This makes a tiny little needle point of the color at each diamond point of the smocking. Upon such a front should be a little lay-down collar, severed both to the back and front. This collar should be briar stitched about the edges with the same color as in the smocking. Turned back sleeves are also briar stitched as in the collar. There should be a smocked yolk back and front, or the smocking should come in a tiny oblong over each shoulder, making a plain planafore effect at the center of the yolk.



RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"