HASZARD'S GAZETTE, SEPTEMBER G.

THE NEW BRUNSWICK DISSOLUTION & TIONED IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

1 We copy from the Allience Westly News of August 2, Lost HARRING TON'S QUESTIONS ON

Argust 2, Lord Harristorow's Questions on New Haux-wire t-"In use Weduesday's narrative of news, we have stated, that Lord Harrington, just before the provingtion of parliament, put to the go-y-rm ent a cerics of five questions touching the extraordinary conduct of the Lieut. Governor of New Branewick, we are happy in being en-abled to publish cojies of these answers, and a full report of the remarks with which Lord Harrington prefaced the questions. The solub Lord anend the accuiry by these

The noble Lord opened the enquiry by these bry judicious remarks ;

The noble Lord opened the enquiry by these very judicious remarks: " My Lords, I beg 'your kind indulgence for addressing you at the eleventh hour ; and on a subject, I fear, unpopular in this house. The questions I am about to put to her Majesty's government concern two most important sub-jects. Inta- its Maine Liw, 'Snd--the dissolu-tion of the Legislative Assembly of New Bruns-wick by the Governor Mr. Manners Satton, in opposition to his cabinet and the parliment. Your lordships must well know that the drink-ing hubits of the people in this courty fill our pauper-bouses, lumatic assyluma, penitenta-rics, jails, hulks, and penal settlements with their miserable immates.

" From this source, too, the famous Earl o "From this source, too, the famous Earl of Shafedwarp recruits for his ragged schools, But what has all this doe amation to do with New Bunowick ! It has to do with it, because the some veris and crows that exists in this, exists in that country. The Legislative Assembly of New Brunowick have, therefore, passed the biaine Law. And can her Majesty's govern-ment condemn it for that noble conduct? Do Since Law. And can be Majayta governor, of such an act of power in met condomn it for that mobe conduct? Di-tay not at the Maine Law is, which are agitate the world. The Maine Law is, which prohibition of the sale of arrong berranges, it prohibits the Maine Law is, which are agitates the world. The Maine Law is, which prohibition of the sale of arrong berranges, it prohibits the Maine Law is, which are agitates the world. The Maine Law is, which are agitates the world. The Maine Law is, which prohibits the Maine Law is, which are agitates the world. The Maine Law is, which are agitates the world. The Maine Law is, which are agitates the world. The Maine Law is, which are agitates the world. The Maine Law is which are agitates the world. The Maine Law is which and about five in New Brunswick and Now. Scotta. Whice severance t; a raiselo y the "Wist are alised by the "Wist are aligned by

Question 1st .- Whether in New

the Assembly of 1852, there appear to but the number of the signatures is not stated.

Question 2d .- Whether the representative body elected in 1954, carried that

Question 3d.—Whether the Queen's sign manual had been obtained in 1836, to enforce the prohibition ? Repty.—This last act., 1835; was not

the State a sober and healthy race of under the dispatch, and the market value men the great source of power and of of wool at the time and place of purchase. wealth ?

Reply .- Mr. Manners Sutton, contrary to the opinion of his then advisors, con-sidered a dissolution of the Assembly to be requisite. On his insisting on this point; his executive council resigned and a new administration was formed. on whose responsibility the Assembly was dissolved. The motives which in-fluenced Mr. Sutton in this proceeding are disclosed in a despatch of the 31st May. A new Assembly has been called and is now sitting. Question 5th - Whether in her Majesty's

Question 5th - Whether in her Majesty's when I tearned that onder on the surface North American empire there exists any of the earth become, during a still and se-precedent for the exercise, on the part rene night, colder than the atmosphere, by precedent for the exercise, on the part

Some of the religious newspapers are con-tending that clergymen should receive fees Guestion 1st.—whether in New for their attendance upon funerals. When Brunswick in the year 1852, some 30, 000 persons petitoned the Legislative Assembly in favor of a Prohibitory Liquor Law? for their attendance upon funerals. Reply-According to the journals of refuses to contribute to the support of religious worship, ought not to expect the grathave been 2) petitions on this subject utous performance of its most selemn rites when sorrow and bereavement enter his dwelling .- Providence Journal.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION. The H As Important Decision The Hability of telegraphic companies for damages on ac-count of errors in the transmission of mes-Reply.—This last act, 1355, was not reserved for the crown, but was assarted to by the governor. It was "left to its operation "by the Queen in Council, in November, 1855. Question 4th.—Whether the Lient-tenant Governor, Mr. Manners Sutton, has now dissolved the parliment in direct opposition to his Council, in order to ap-peal from the Legislative body to the appetites of the people concerning the Prohibitory Law,—an act intended to save the laboring classes from sickness, panperism and crimes, and to secure to the State a sober and healthy race of

MISCELLANEOUS

and judgment was given. for the plaintiff

THE CLOUDS DROP DOWN THE DEW.-The following quotation from Dr. Wells to get it in. So objections either up for the on dew is highly instructive : "I had often two or three next days, "In four days, smiled in the pride of half knowledge at then ?" said Mr. Surely. the means frequently employed by gardeners to protect ten er plants from cold, as it appeared to me impossible that a thin n appeared to me rup estile that a thin mat, or any such finnsy substance, could prevent them from attaining the temperature of the atmosphere, by which alone I throught them liable to be injured. But when I learned that bodies on the surface

radiating their heat to the beavens, I per-

a parson can't learn me any thing : it out in something that will bring a fire return." The Sabbath-loving part of the people argued strongly against him. "Well," answered Starp, not choosing to show hinself convinced, "I've heard tell of muisters that could pray for rain, and

Mr. Sharp was a man of cons and the younger and less knowing of his neighbours were quite taken with the idea. ative body elected in 1954, carried that mensure? This law, which did not proki-bit the importation of intoxicating hunors. This latter act has been amended by article in thousand ways, pro-chind act, of no importance. Finally, in the session of 1855, a fourth Act was passed to " prevent the importation, manufacture. and traffic in intoxicating third, act, of no importance. Finally, in the session of 1855, a fourth Act was passed to " prevent the importation, manufacture. and traffic in intoxicating third, act, of no importance. Finally, in the session of 1855, a fourth Act was passed to " prevent the importation, manufacture. and traffic in intoxicating third, act, of no importance. Finally, in the session of 1855, a fourth Act was passed to " prevent the importation, manufacture. and traffic in intoxicating third, act, of no importance. Finally, in the session of 1855, a fourth Act was passed to " prevent the importation, manufacture. and traffic in intoxicating bud, declared that fashon led. Hureah for ballons, such and the go erasy to ! liquors."

Weeks passed on bringing middummer tens. For three weeks it had not rained, and the young core was beginning to carl with domain. Now for the minister's pro-mise, "Come," said Starp, with one or two others arange hilly farms erro suffer-ing, "we need rain for a remember your promee." "Containing" newscod the minister, "call a meating." A meating was called. "Now, my briends," said the pastor, "what is it you want f?" "Rain, rain," shouted half a dozen woices bringing midsummer nice

" Very well ; when will you have it ?" " This very night, all night long," said Sharp, to which several others assented. "No, no; not to-night," cried Mr. Smith ; "I've aix or seven tons of wellmade hay out ; I would not have it wet for any thing. 'So have I," added Mr. Peck ; " no

rain to-night. Will you have it to morrow?" asked the minister. But it would take all to-morrow

"Stop ! stop !" cried Mrs. Sharp, pull-

ing her husband smartly by the sle that day we have set to go to Snow-hill. It mus' n't rain then,"

la short, the meeting resulted in just no conclusion at all, for it was found quite impossible to agree. " Until you make up your minds," said

the pastor on leaving, "we must all trust the Lord." Both Mr. Smith and M. Peck got their hay in, but on the day the Sharps were to go to Snow hill it began to rain in good ear-nest. Sharp lost his visit, but his crops

gained. And so it happened once or twice again. The year roled by, and the people could never all agree upon what kind of weather they wanted. Mr. Surely, of course, had no occasion to fulfil his part of the contract, and the result was, that they began to open their eyes to the fact, that this world would be a strange place, it its inhabitants should govern it. They saw that nature's laws could be safely trusted in the hands of ature's God.

At the clee of the year, the minister where of leaving. This the people would not listen to. "But I cannot stay under he old contract," said he.

"Nor do we want you to, " said Sharp such humbled ; " only stay and teach as and our children how to know God and bey his laws

" And all things above our proper sphere, " added the pastor, " we will leave with God for ' He doeth all things well."

THE SULTAN'S TREASURES -- Marshal

Pelissier, during his stay at Constantinopele, was conducted to the kinsk which contains the royal treasures of the Turkish Sultans. The visitor's attention is first attracted by the throne of Kei-Kaonis, Sultan of Koniah in 1215, which is of solid silver, covered aron can't learn me any thing : it beauty, representing the thrones and orma-ny money to spare, we better lay it ments of the Kings of Porsia in the olden something that will bring a fairer time. It is surrounded or a in the olden with enamelled designs of the greatest time. It is surrounded on every side with cloth of gold, and the cushions are of crimson velvet, embroidered with pearls and precious stones. Close to it are to be seen the shield and salve which Soltan Amurath wore, when he made his triumphal entry bring it; if we could hit upon one of that sort, I'd go for hiring him." These arms are dazzling with diamonds, By their side is the precious box which contained the Koran, and which the Sultan Sulesman carried with him during his cam-

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