HEALTH AND HOME HINTS.

Remedy for breaking up a cold: Slice raw onlons very thin (the hearts are best) and cover each alternate layer with sugar. Let stand several hours until a syrup is formed, drink or bet-ter, sip freely of it just before retir-ing.

An excellent hair wash is to take one ounce of borax and one ounce of pow-dered camphor and dissolve in a pint of boiling water added to cold water in a bowl. The camphor will form into lumps, but a sufficient amount will dis-solve. This will strengthen the hair and preserve the color.

and preserve the coor. Scrape and cut parsmips in thin slices; boil until tender, then drain and sea-son; make a cream snuce of one cup of milk and one dessertspoonful of four stirred smooth in one dessertspoonful of butter. Have ready slices of hot buttered toast. Spread parsmips on toast and cover with the sauce. Serve while hot.

A useful clothes pin bag of any shape or pattern one wishes may be tied on as an apron when hanging out clothes. For those whose fingers nearly freeze in cold weather at the clothes lines, a pair of mittens is useful, made from old soft woollen underwear, should have thumb and first finger separate like a harvest glove.

A[°] lemon pudding that is acceptable if served very cold is the following: Over one pint of sponge-cake crumbs pour one quart of milk. Stir in the julce and grated rind of one lemon, the yolks of three eggs, a small cup of sugar and a pinch of salt. When bak-ed, spread the top with currant jelly, and frost with the whites. Brown in the oven, and set on the ice when cold.

A Pear Compote—Wipe, but do not peel the pears; steam them until they are tender, take them from the steamer and put them in a pudding dish; add enough water to almost but not quite enough water to almost but not quite cover them, and a cupful of sugar to a quart of pears. Set them in the oven for some fifteen to twenty minutes. Quinces are also nice served in this way, only they should be peeled and cut in halves. way, only the cut in halves.

cut in haives. Farmhouse Cheesecakes.—The way to make the "Cheese"—Curdle one and a half pints of new milk with two tea-spoonfuls of rennet. Break the curd with a wooden spoon and drain the whey from it. Add to the curd a well-beaten egg, one dessertspoonful of brandy, a tablespoonful of sugar, with currants and chopped peel to taste. Use this as you would any cheesecake mixture. Use this mixture.

Meat roly-poly is an excellent dish for the children's dinner, being light, nourishing and inexpensive. Take a little cold meat and some fat bacon, chop both and add some sweet herbs, a little onlon, pepper and salt. Make a light suct crust with ten ounces of flour, five ounces of suct, and one tea-spoonful of baking newder. Mix into flour, five ounces of suet, and one tea-spoonful of baking powder. Mix into a stiff dough with cold water, end then roll out on a board. Now mois-ten the meat with a little good gravy, and spread it over the paste, roll up, and wet the ends to keep in the meat. Roll in a cloth and boll for two hours. Raw meat is even better than cooked for the purpose. When serving the roly-poly pour some thick brown gravy over. for the purpose. roly-poly pour gravy over.

Chicken Pie.-Prepare the chicken as for fricasse. When the chicken is stewed tender seasoned and the gravy thekened, take it from the fire and take meat off of the bones. Line the sides of a four or six sided pudding dish with a biscuit dough a quarter of dish with a biscuit dough a quarter of an inch thick. Put in part of the chicken, a few lumps of butter, pep-per and sait; add the rest of the chic-ken and season as before. Pour over the gravy, being sure to have enough to fill the dish, and cover with a crust quarter of an inch thick, made with a hole in the centre the size of a tea-cup. Brush over the top with a beaten white of an egg , and bake for from a half to three-quarters of an hour. Garnish with parsley or celery leaves.

SPARKLES.

"How do you do, Mr. Pompus?" said Chumley. "Really," began Mr. Pompus frigidly, "you-er-have the advantage of me-"

"you-er-have the advantage of me-" "Apparently I have. Your manners are as bad as you'd have me believe your memory to be." "I do believe." said the old gentle-man as he woke up, "that my right 'arm is still asleep." "Yes, grandpa," said his grand-dau-ghter, "but your nose has not slept a wink. It has been making a terrible noise all the time." noise all the time."

"Who are your neighbors?" a witness

was asked at Preston. "We have pigs on one side of us and these people on the other, and I would rather have the pigs.

Great Novelist (dictating) — "The storm increased in fury, rain fell in torrents, and the gale shricked all night like—like—what shall I say?" Secretary (father of three)—"Like a baby cutting its teeth."

"My wife was rather worried when I

"My wife was rather worried when I left her this morning." "What was the trouble?" "Well, ishe had been worrying about something or other last night and this morning she couldn't remember what it was."

"Say, pa, won't you buy me a drum?" "No, I'm afraid you'll disturb me with the noise." "No, I won't pa; I'll only drum when you're asleep."

you're asleep." Wife-There's Mrs. Flutterby. I don't think that she can have been married long. Husband-Why not? Wife-Why, she told me last night that in the morning she had tried to reason with her husband. Scott-A Bohemian is a chan who

Scott—A Bohemian is a chap who borrows a dollar from you and then invites you to lunch with him. Mott—Wrong. A Bohemian is a fel-low who invites himself to lunch with you and borrows a dollar.

Mrs. Johnsing—Can't stay long, Mrs. Snow. I just come to see if you wouldn't join de mission band. Mrs. Snow—Fo' de lan' sakes, honey. doan come to me. I can't even play on a mouf organ.

SUSEPY TIME.

Good-night, little baby, Good-night, little baby, I've counted your toes, I've klassed all your fingers And rumpled your nose. Good-night, little baby, My arms are the bed, My heart is the pillow, My love is the spread.

"Le: the GOLD DUST twins do your work."



Gold Dust

your back and save your clothes. Better more economical than soap and other sowders.

Made only by THE N K. FAIRBANK COMPANY Montreal, Chicago, New York, Boston, St. Louis, Makers of COPCO SOAP (oval cake)

AFTER SIX YEARS OF INDIGESTION

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Made

a Permanent Cure.

a Permanent Cure. There are many medicines that will relieve indigestion for a time-there are few that will make a permanent cure. But states that will be also a permanent cure. But there is one medicine is Dr. Wil-liams' Pink Pills. They have cured housands of cases-many of them of year standing. Cases like that of Mr. John E. Seale, of Montreal, Que, after many other medicines have been are cure of Montreal. Que, after many other medicines have been with indigestion. During all that for the touble, buit never got more there and the end of the state of the suffering of the state of the suffered and after using them for some time the value of the suffering I formerly en-dured. I can, from my own experience, stalling a permanent cure for indigest. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Paie

This areas a permanent cure for integes tion." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Paio People are good for every disease that good blood is good blood-that is why they cure rheumatism, heart pal-pitation, indigestion, neuralgia, St. Vitus dance and the aliments of girl-hood and womanhood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all medicine dealers or direct by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. Brockville, Ont.

VISITING EDITORS.

During the past month a party of editors representing some of the most important agricultural papers in the United States have been touring Westimportant agricultural papers in the United States have been touring West-ern Canada, and on reaching Winnipeg on their return trip from Edmonton over the line of the Grand Trunk Pa-clifc Rallway, wired Mr. Chas. M. Hays, President of the Grand Trunk Pacific, at Vancouver, who is also in the West on a tour of inspection of the new line in company with Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson, President of the Grand Trunk Rallway System, and party as follows: "We believe that every foot of the land traversed by the road is eminently adapted to grain growing, mixed farm-ing or the keeping of live stock, and that it must soon develop into a region of prosperous homes. We also unite in expressing our admiration of the high character and the complete ness in construction of the road and road-bed, which must soon give the road high rank among transcontinental rallway systems." The party consisted of the follow-ing:

The party consisted of the follow-

rallway systems." The party consisted of the follow-ing: Prof. Thomas Shaw, of the "Orange Judd Farmer" and "Dakota Farmer," I. Pauly, Minn. Herbert Quick, editor of "Farm and Fireside." Springfield, Obio. John Arthur Dixon, managing editor of "Home Life," Chicago, II. Philip Eastman, editor of Capper publications, including "Nebraska Farm Journal." Omana, Neb., "Mis-sourd Valley Farmer," Topeka, Kan.; "Farmer's Mail and Breeze." Topeka, Kan.; "Toneka Capital," Topeka, Kan.; E. E. Faville, editor "Successful Farming," Des Moines, Iowa. E. S. Bayard, editor "National Stock-ma and Farmer," Pittsburg, Pa. C. P. Reynolds, editor of "Prairie Farmer," Chicago, II. The party was also accompanied by Mr. Herbert Vanderhoof, editor of "Ganda West Montbly," Winnipez, Man., and Mr. R. C. W. Leit, Tavel-ing Passenger and Colonization Agent. Bes. Bayard, editor Alloway, Winni-peg.

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