have still to be resolved; also it is important that the work of the Conference

should not be judged in any final fawhion before its work has been completed (5 treaties, each once involving some interest of between 10 and 21 powers)

and in addition it must be remembered that peace settlements with GERMANY and JAPAN have still to be worked out.

THE INTERESTS OF CANADA have been locarly stated and, I think, are well understood:

they are not interests specificially in terms of frontier demarcations, or of reparations, or of movements of populations,

but there is a vital interest in the peaceful ordering of the world of the future.

My present visit to Europe has impressed me once again, and perhaps more than any other visit across the Atlnatic since 1941, with the very high respect in which the name of Canada is held, and the force of the example of Canada in her relationships with other nations which is everywhere apparent.

It is true that we have other interests:

in the freeing of channels of world trade from artificial restrictions and unwarrantable restraints, so that through the free flow of goods and services we may contribute to the maintenance of a high level of employment and national income at homel

in the supporting of various international agencies to which we have made important contributions

e.g. to the FOOD resources of the World - (Canadian representation at Conference of Food and Agriculture Organization, meeting at Copenhagen during early part of September)

relief and rehabilitation (UNRRA: Minister of Finance and Mr. Pearson were delegates of Canada to meeting of the Council of UNRRA in Geneva (August 5) - plans for integration of relief services with growing of production of food and other necessities on an increasing scale in many countries formerly helped by UNRRA;

pressing problems of refugees and displaced persons (Canadian experts contributing to solution of)

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