

POOR DOCUMENT

NOV 23 1906

FOUR

Hot Water Bottles

Best Rubber,
Warranted to give satisfaction.
FOUNTAIN SYRINGES,
1, 2, 3 and 4 quarts.
RUBBER CLOVES, \$1.00 per pair.

S. McDIARMID,
47 King Street.

If Your Suit

is "TURNER TAILORED" it will fit. Having been fashioned by careful needlework it will keep its shape and won't wilt on the first damp day. We have a nice line of Suits on hand and charge no more than inferior tailors.

W. H. TURNER,
Custom Tailor, 440 Main Street

APOLOGY

TO THE

Boys and Girls

When we asked you many weeks ago to look out for an announcement that would interest you we had no idea that our English shipwreck would so long delay forwarding the goods expected. We have now, however, received the B.L. stuff that shipment has been made by the "London City," which you will see from the shipping news may be expected here any day.

Butter-Nut Bread

is probably the most popular bread in St. John and suburbs today, but there may still be some householders who have not tried it. We want the boys and girls to help introduce Butter-Nut Bread into these homes. As an inducement we offer:

A Fine Balloon Free

to every one who will bring to our store, 173 Union St., 29 BLUE LABELS cut off Butter-Nut Loaves. We have thousands of balloons on the London City and keep the offer open while they last.

Those living in towns outside Saint John and Fairville will be supplied through their grocer.

ROBINSON'S, 173 UNION ST.,
Phone 1161.

For \$1.00 Per Load
We will deliver kindling and heavy soft wood, cut in stove lengths. Send post card or call.

McNAMARA BROS.,
65 Chesley Street.

Buy Your Coal From The GARDNER COAL CO.

Best quality, good weight, and satisfactory delivery, lowest prices. We have a five hundred ton schooner on the way from mines with guaranteed best quality Honey-brook, Lehigh American hard coal. (Phone 1863.)

WOOD—When you are thinking of Wood—Hard, Soft or Kindling—call up 468.

City Fuel Co.,
City Road.

SALVATION ARMY HAD

HARD LUCK IN BOSTON

After Feeding Thousands of Poor People
Their Big Building Was Burned

BOSTON, Nov. 23.—Misfortune came to the Salvation Army at the close of Thanksgiving today, for after feeding several thousand people in different parts of the city, the large hall and workshop for the unemployed in Roxbury, was badly damaged by fire this evening, the loss being estimated at \$25,000. The building which was a wooden four story affair was partially filled with a large amount of second-hand furniture, while two of the upper floors contained a considerable number of shoes and other goods under manufacture. The fire will throw several hundred poor people out of employment for several weeks. The Roxbury barracks of the Army, situated close by the storehouse, was not damaged.

HOTEL GLERK AND BROTHER ARE MADE MILLIONAIRES

Through the Death of an Uncle Who Struck It Rich in Australia.

NEWCASTLE, Pa., Nov. 23.—Thomas McCarthy, a clerk in a local hotel and his brother Michael McCarthy, of Wampum, a suburb, received word last night that an uncle, Timothy McCarthy, had died in Australia leaving them the sole heirs to a fortune of \$2,000,000. The brothers said last night that their uncle went to Australia 20 years ago and had made his fortune in gold mines. They are making preparations to go to Australia and claim the money. The cheapest advertising is not that which costs the least money, but that which brings the largest returns for the amount of money spent.—Centre ville, Ia., Citizen.

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ST. JOHN STAR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., NOV. 23, 1906.

THE TARIFF.

There is nothing very surprising the tariff amendments in so far changes in the rates are concerned. The advance announcements by Mr. Fielding that no radical alterations were intended, but that an effort would be made in a general way to overcome many minor difficulties and to clarify the system of tariff application has been fully borne out by the report which he has presented. The government policy of moderate protection for a and favors to none has been closely adhered to and the many slight alterations made in the rates will, as they are intended to do, materially aid in the development of Canada's industrial and commercial life. There are three points which stand out prominently in the presentation made by Mr. Fielding. One is the provision of an intermediate tariff to be used in the future with any country which may feel like granting favors to Canada. The second is the fact that the Canadian manufacturers' demands for extreme protection have happily been ignored, and the new tariff built on a basis of generosity not only to the manufacturers but to all other classes in the country. The third point, and one which is of much interest to us in the maritime provinces is that no change is made in the application of the British preference. Evidently this has not yet come when Canada can afford to make an attempt to force British shippers to forward their goods through Canadian ports and in only British bottoms. We may hope for this in the not distant future after the question of nationalization of ports has been settled.

Generally the new tariff will be a strong factor in the development of trade, strengthening the weaker industries, leaving more to their own devices those which through protection in the past have become strong, cheapening to the consumer those articles not produced in Canada, and making easy the way for the establishment of new industries.

SUFFERING SUFFRAGETTES.

Certain women who hold the opinion that the franchise should be extended to themselves and to others of their sex have for a time been making a stir in England. A society formed on the same principle also exists in America, but it has not yet attained any marked degree of notoriety. This is probably due to the fact that in the United States where women believe they enjoy a greater amount of freedom than in most other countries, they are coming to the realization that the success is not entirely unmitigated. They are beginning to ask themselves if the game is worth the candle, and many are of the opinion that it is not. Women's suffrage is to some extent connected with the invasion made by women in the world of labor. It is one stage on the road to full liberty, but in England it is being placed at the beginning of the journey, while in America women have decided to first prove in competition with men that they are worthy of equal privileges. There are a great many more female workers in the United States than there are in England, and the realization of what this life means has rather dulled the desire for further freedom. Women in this country are coming to see what they are losing by their desire to earn livings for themselves. It is true that many are so placed that they are compelled to work, but on the other hand a very large proportion engage in different occupations merely through a desire to become independent. They have attained this end, success has brought bitterness. Women entered the field with a desire to prove that she is the equal of man. She has done so, but she forgot that in such a competition no favors are shown by either side. She did not expect to meet coldness, to have her value judged by the ordinary standard, to be regarded as no better than those of the male sex against whom she struggled. She believed that there would still cling to her that idealism, that the deep rooted respect entertained by men would remain, and she is grieved to find that this is not the case. Woman as a working being has seemingly lost many of these qualities which formerly placed her on a pedestal, she is regarded only as one who works, a competitor with man for a daily wage, and in no way superior. In reality, those fine qualities have not been lost, they are only buried under the more dominant traits called into play in the effort toward independence. And they are finding their way to the surface, indicating that woman, successful in proving herself equal to man, does not enjoy her success, but rather regrets having forsaken her proper sphere. They are the cries of defeat in the hours of victory. She misses the deference due, and which would be willingly be shown, to those who by retaining their truer natures deserve it. Woman is now glorying in

the success of her own independence and at the same time mourning the loss of many evidences of respect, the deference, and the protection formerly bestowed on her by man, and indicating an idealism as pleasing as it was deserved.

PEACE SOCIETY SEEKS

ROOSEVELT'S HELP

Urge the Creation of a Parliament of Nations.

Reduction of Armaments, Codification of International Law and Anything to Avoid War.

BOSTON, Nov. 23.—The American Peace Society made public in this city today a letter which has been forwarded to President Roosevelt in connection with arbitration matters of international dispute and dealing also with the reduction of armaments by international agreement. The letter follows: "Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States. "Dear Sir:—The directors of the American Peace Society, in common with their fellow citizens of the whole country, believe that the foundations of peace among the nations, which were established by The Hague conference of 1899, can be further materially strengthened by the approaching conference of 1907.

"We appreciate the high service rendered by you in taking the initiative in calling the conference when it meets a conspicuous success. It is our wish to support the Government in every way towards this end, and we hope to see the United States representatives in the conference take a leading position in its deliberations. "The demands of an enlightened public opinion on this great subject have been expressed in many ways, notably through the inter-parliamentary union, the Mohonk arbitration conference, the peace congresses and many other organizations. We venture respectfully, on behalf of the American Peace Society, to suggest that the following important subjects should constitute a part of the programme of the conference, and we hope that the delegates from this country may be instructed to use their best efforts to see that these subjects are given careful consideration: "1.—The further development of the permanent court of arbitration, and the conclusion of a treaty of obligatory arbitration, as general as possible, to be signed by all the powers of the world. "2.—The creation of a periodic congress or parliament of the nations either by making The Hague conference itself permanent, periodic and automatic, or in whatever other way the wisdom of the conference may determine. "3.—The limitation and if possible the reduction of armaments by international agreement, as proposed by the British Government and House of Commons, and supported by the Governments of France and Italy. "4.—The creation of an international commission for the codification of the generally accepted principles of international law, and the study and development of those principles which have been in disagreement; thus raising the law of nations to a higher standard, and making it a true body of world law for the better guidance on international relations hereafter. "5.—Provision that differences which nations exclude from arbitration the cause affecting vital interests or national honor, shall, before recourse to hostilities, be referred for arbitration to a commission of inquiry, who shall make a public report of their judgment thereon. "6.—The immunity from capture of all unoffending private property at sea in time of war."

TRIAL BY TELEPHONE.

Trial by telephone is the latest from Wisconsin. At Tarrant a justice of the peace entertained a charge against a rural resident who failed to appear for a hearing. Straightway the court called up the alleged offender on the 'phone, and the following dialogue ensued:—"Hello, John," said the court, "I wish you would come down today."—"What for?"—"The town marshal has sworn out a warrant against you for beating him up election day. I want to try you."—"Can't do it, judge. I'm too busy."—"Have to send a constable after you."—"But I am busy husking corn and building a fence around my east forty. Why don't you try me now?"—"All right. Are you guilty?"—"Yes."—"Five dollars."—"All right, judge. I will send it down by the rural mail carrier. Good-bye."—"You would come down today."

O'HARE'S STATUS.

The Rev. Samuel McComb told a story of one of the choicest Irish bolls on record last evening at a party given by a man, travelling in Ireland, stopped to inquire of an Irishman who lived in a certain house they were just passing. The Irishman replied: "That is Mr. O'Hare's house, and if he had lived until tomorrow he would be one week dead."

VALUE OF CREMATION.

"Cremation is good," wrote the little girl in the examination, "because the person might only be in a swoon, and if he is burned he cannot recover."

JUST THE THING.

Husband—My colleague is the most insatiable man I ever saw. He wants everything he sees. Wife—Can't you introduce our daughter to him?

SORRY HE SPOKE.

Monneur—It is a remarkable fact that the biggest fools marry the prettiest women. Madame (smiling)—Oh, you flatterer!

MAY BE SOON.

The Forensic Writer (with a wink)—Have you become converted to life insurance yet? The Stenous Author—Not yet—but I've got three companies bidding!

FISHING SEASON A GOOD ONE

ST. JOHNS, Nfld., Nov. 23.—Thus far in the present fishing season about 25,000 barrels of salted herring have been taken from the Bay of Islands. It is estimated that the total amount will equal that of last year, but Canadian and Newfoundland vessels are getting larger catches, while American vessels are getting smaller catches than last season.

The training school for nurses in connection with the Moncton Hospital has been opened. Dr. White delivered his first lecture on Friday last on anatomy. These lectures are given in the board room, and will be given twice each week, Tuesdays and Fridays. Four junior nurses have been accepted and strength training. Miss Myrtle Holder, of this city, is head nurse in this institution.

On Tuesday J. Stewart, one of the I. C. R. travelling agents got on the Canada Eastern express at Penniac. He took over the ticket held by Conductor Yarns, and proceeded to inspect the conductor's work. Tuesday night he got on Conductor Logan's train, and came to Chatham Junction. On both occasions he found everything all right. —North Shore Herald.

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FERGUSON & PAGE,

JEWELERS, ETC.

Fine Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Cut Glass.
A complete up-to-date stock in all our various lines.
41 King Street.

MOVING To Larger Premises,

94 Germain Street.

FRANK P. VAUGHAN,

Electrical Engineer and Contractor,
Phone 319, St. John, N. B.

CHEAP LIGHT!

The Best American Oil, 5 gallons for \$1.00. Have your gas filled before the price advances, at

CHAS. A. CLARK,
49 Charlotte Street.

Rye Bread

was the food of our forefathers, who were rugged and strong. It was nutritious, but did not taste good. In Health Bread we have combined Rye Flour with other ingredients in such a way as to preserve the nutritive quality of the old black bread, and make a light, good bread, with a very pleasing flavor.

Ask your grocer for it.

McKie's Bakery,
124 Metcalf St.; Branch 66 Wall St.
Phone 1825

Help Furnished.

ALL PARTIES wishing lady help will be furnished with same by applying to the NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 637 MAIN ST., ST. JOHN, as we have a number of lady help of all kinds.

J. F. SEARWAY, Manager.
637 Main Street, St. John, N. B.

BAILIFF'S SALE

There will be sold at Public Auction on Monday the third day of December, at 10 o'clock a. m., at No. 138 Brussels street, the following goods: 1 Organ and stool; 1 Lamp; 1 Tidy Stove; Chairs; Tables, and other household furniture, the same having been seized by me for Rent.

GEORGE A. BLAIR,
Bailiff.

BEFORE THE FINAL FREEZE-UP.

The sharp turn in the weather last night and the glazed condition of the ponds and lakes about the city indicate a permanent change for the colder weather, or in other words herald the presence of winter. Victoria Rink is soon to be made ready for flooding for the ice season, but before this is done a grand farewell carnival will be held next Tuesday at which thirty dollars will be awarded in prizes: \$15 for masqueraders and \$15 for gate prizes. A night of big fun.

SPECIAL PRAYERS, DEC. 9.

Rev. Dr. Camman writes thus in the last issue of The Wesleyan: In the report on Union adopted by the General Conference, it was requested that a day be set apart for special prayer in all our churches for divine direction and watchful care in regard to the proposed union of churches in this country. As the union committee are presumed to meet on Wednesday, Dec. 12, in furtherance and aim of the General Conference, it is recommended that feeling dependence upon God our Father, and trusting in Him alone, fervent prayer for such guidance and heavenly wisdom be offered up by all ministers and people in all Methodist meetings and assemblies on Sunday, December 9th, the Sabbath preceding the union meetings.

The Ladies' Orange Association held a very successful concert last night in Orange hall, German street. The worthy mistresses of Dominion, Roxborough and Cullum lodges were seated on the platform, the district master occupying the chair. An excellent programme was rendered by the following: Piano solo, Miss Retailer; solo, Rev. Mr. McLean; recitation, Roy Harding; solo, Miss C. Byles; piano solo, Miss Parry; piccolo solo, Mr. Ross; recitation, Miss Wood, solo, Miss Macbee; reading, Miss Seely; piano solo, Miss Ferguson; club singing; Miss Beville; piano solo, Miss Fox; reading, Miss Leggett. The national anthem closed a very pleasant evening.

A one mile race between Harry Vigue of Waterville, one and three mile roller champion of Maine, and Fred Folli, is the surprise which awaits patrons at St. Andrew's Rollaway on Saturday night. To show just how fast Vigue is it is only necessary to say that he has defeated Folli three times in Maine, and again last night in Moncton. It was at Folli's suggestion that Vigue was brought here to skate him, as he is one of very few men who has ever beaten Folli. The latter still believes he can win in Amherst tonight, and here Saturday night. One thing is certain, whoever does win it will be the best race seen here in twenty years, when Skinner and Saunders were skating.

MARRIAGES.

CAPTAIN-RICHARDS—At 189 Britain Street, by the Rev. T. Marshall, November 23rd, Matilda Captian to Minnie Richards, both of St. John.
MOSS-PHILLIPS—At Cole's Island, Queens Co., N. B., Nov. 23rd, Mr. Harry W. Moss, of Waterboro and Miss Agnes Phillips, of Cole's Island, by the Rev. A. C. Bell.
MERRYWEATHER-STEARS—At the Exmouth street Methodist parsonage, on the 23rd November, 1906, by the Rev. Samuel Howard, George T. Merryweather, of Toronto, to Lillian May Stears, of St. John, N. B.

DEATHS.

WELDON—At Redding, Cal., Nov. 13, Haliburton William Weldon, aged 39. He was the late C. J. Weldon, of Los Angeles, Cal.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of Agnes Hayes who entered into rest on 30th November, 1905.

Telephone .802 A

What a Blow

There's a great big hub-bub ngoing on and lots of printer's ink being used in blowing about Shoes. One dealer swears his to be the best; the other his, and so with the third. They're all good. We know it, and so do you. But our Shoes for men, women and children are as good as any in the world and better than many. One thing, however, in favor of ours is that there's a certain style about them that you won't find in all shoes. It's because of their style and their easy and perfect fit that they've won their reputation. All leathers and lasts.

Then there's another point in our favor—it's our prices. Always a little lower you will notice than the other fellow's on the same grade. We think this is THE SHOE STORE after all. Come, see what YOU think.

D. MONAHAN,

32 Charlotte Street.

There's A Reason

Why we sell so many men their footwear. It's because we do it reasonably and well—better than it can be done elsewhere.

Just now we're showing a Man's Box Calf Bal., leather-lined throughout, and Goodyear Welted soles at \$3.00 per pair.

Another special line is our Box Calf Blucher, leather lined and Goodyear welted soles at \$3.75.

We have just opened another lot of these Box Calf Bluchers and Bals. at \$2.25 and \$2.50 per pair. They're made of good quality calf and have extra heavy soles.

It will pay you to invest in shoe leather if you buy at

SANBORN'S SHOE STORE, 339 Main St.

Household Drug Wants!

No matter what your illness is, we have the drugs that will cure you if this be possible. If suffering from an incurable disease you also want the best. Buy from us and get it.

W. J. McMILLIN, Pharmacist,
Phone 950, 625 Main Street.

TOP SHIRTS.

Every Kind of Men's Clothing for

Outside Work in Cold Weather.

Heavy Woolen Top Shirts, 50, 70, 75, 95, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.45 each.

Fleece Lined Top Shirts, 75 and 95c. each.

Navy Flannel Top Shirts, 75, \$1.00, \$1.25 each.

Grey Flannel Top Shirts, 65 to \$1.25 each.

Cardigan Jackets (single or double breasted), 75 to \$1.00 each.

Wool Sweaters, 75 to \$1.75 each.

Heavy Homespun Jumpers, \$2.50 and \$2.75 each.

Sheep Skin Lined Jumpers, \$4.00 each.

Lumbermen's Overcoats, 50, 70, 85c. pair.

Cloth Caps, 50 cents up.

Pants, in a great variety of Cloths, \$1.10 to \$2.00 pair.

Overcoats, \$5.50, \$6.25, \$6.50, \$7.55 each.

Winter Gloves for Men & Boys

No man need want better Gloves than these, either for fit or quality.

Men's Lined Kid Gloves, 50, 75, \$1.00, \$1.25 pair.

Men's Lined Mocha Gloves, 75, 90, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00 pair.

Men's Woolen Gloves, 25, 35, 45, 50, 75c. pair.

Men's Working Gloves and Mitts, 35, 40, 50, 75, \$1.00 pair.

BLANKETS! BLANKETS!

Soft, fluffy White Wool Blankets, with nicely colored borders. They are as cheap as they are honest and good to look at. Large size and good weight, and we are disposing of them at remarkably low figures.

White Wool Blankets, 2.75, 2.95, 3.35, 3.55, 4.50, 5.00, 5.25 pair.

Grey Wool Blankets, 2.40, 1.85, 2.15, 2.35, 2.50, 3.50 pair.

Shaker Blankets (white or gray), 95c. and \$1.50 pair.

Domestic Blanketing (2 yards wide), \$1.00 yard.

Shaker Blanketing, (2 yards wide), 45c. and 48c. yard.

S. W. McMACKIN,

335 Main Street, North End.

What you