RANCE.
RUNSWICK
NCE COMPANY.
ompany, is open for Business
es excepted), from 11 o'clock
ll applications for Insurance
n the day following that on
s by Mail must be post paid.
D. JORDAN, Secretary
, 1831.

T JOHN
ANCE COMPANY.
ECTORS of the MARINE INS-
, for the present year, having
l Meeting of the Stockholders
greeably to the Act of Incor-
by given, that the Business
ued, and Risks taken upon
sident and Directors.
HOMAS HEAVISIDE.
830.

SCOTLAND
E OFFICE.
leave to inform the Public,
eceived instructions to take
heretofore; and also, to is-
educed rates for all Insuran-
mination of the Present Po-
Receipts.
OHN ROBERTSON,
Agent and Attorney.

SURANCE.
FORD, AGENT for the ÆTNA
OMPANY, of Hartford, Con-
sue policies, and renewal re-
douses, Barns, Stores, Mills,
ls in port, or on the stocks,
armers' Stock and Utensils,
and every other description
r damage by Fire, on liberal
fact, that the subject of insu-
receive from the inhabitants
ation which its importance
ms. for fire insurances par-
ll a proportion to the value
that much less sympathy is
may have neglected to avail
f providing against such ca-
mpany, $200,000, has been
n the best securities; inde-
RPLUS FUND of more then
rt to meet the occasional
stock bears a high premium.
nes attend personally to the
ch insurance is desired with-
ons in writing (post paid)
Province, describing the si-
to be insured, will receive
November, 1831.

ICES.
ng re-entered into Co-part-
most respectfully to inform
lic generally, that they have
ely occupied by Mr. Wit-
ers' Wharf, and commenced
mission Merchants;
will be thankfully received.
RICHARD SEELY,
WILLIAM PATTEN.
andan Assortment of DRY
ES, which they will dis-
l. April 12.
are indebted to the late con-
OBERTSON & Co. of this
settle with the Subscribers,
JOHN M'NAB, Assignee of
DREW LYMBURN, as well
YMBURN; and such persons
yment to any other person
W. & F. KINNEAR.
r, 1831.
g this day resigned his Part-
ARD L. JARVIS, requests
may be indebted to present
r payment; and those with
requested to call and settle
mmediate payment or other-
ccupied by the Subscriber.
remain unsettled after six
ill be put into the hands of
RALPH M. JARVIS.
e request of the Heirs, has
Administration on the Es-
LEY, (relict of BARZILLA
y, deceased. Those who
d Estate will render them
this date; and those who
will please pay the same to
Attorney at Law, who is
une.
S BARLOW, Adm'tr.
—3t
duly authorised to settle all
he late Business of KEATOR
erefore indebted either by
ccount, are respectfully re-
ll Notes of Hand and Book
d on the 1st day of Novem-
o the hands of an Attorney
JAMES KEATOR.
re of KEATOR & THORNE,
three doors from the cor-
Wharf. 26th July.
ng a Power of Attorney
SMITH, late Merchant of this
ANFORD, his Assignee, by
to collect the Debts due Mr.
ons indebted to him to call
t delay, or they will be put
W. & F. KINNEAR,
Attorneys.
ny demands against the Es-
MOND D. SHARLAND, are
same, duly attested, within
ate; and those indebted to
make immediate payment
SHARLAND, Adm'r.
ECORD, Administrator.
831.
any legal demands against
ER DUFFUS, late of this
are requested to present the
Twelve Months from this
ed to said Estate, are desi-
ment to
DY,
THEW, JR. } Administrators.
831.
demands against the Estate
D. GIBB, of this City, Teach-
nt the same to the Subscri-
m this date; and those in-
requested to make imme-
NNEAR,
TT, } Executors,
r, 1831.

SUPPLEMENT TO
THE OBSERVER.
ST. JOHN, TUESDAY, MARCH 20, 1832.

A Meeting of the City and County Magistrates having been held on Wednesday the 14th instant, for the purpose of concerting measures for the preservation of the health of the inhabitants against the introduction of the Cholera; it was Resolved, that a Board of Health should be formed, composed of the following Members, for the purpose of adopting such regulations as might be deemed conducive to this purpose:—*Courier of Saturday.*

L. DONALDSON, Esquire, *Mayor of the City of St. John,*
WM. B. KINNEAR, Esquire, *Recorder,*
Aldermen ASHLEY,
" T. BARDING,
" W. OLIVE,
Justice J. WARD,
" R. PAYNE,
ALEXANDER BOYLE, M. D.
THOMAS WALKER, Esq.
THOMAS PADDOCK, Esq.

The Board having met on Friday the 16th, the following Regulations were read and unanimously adopted:

REGULATIONS

Adopted by the Board of Health, formed in St. John, N. B. March 14th, 1832.—

WHILE the Board of Health observe the progressive and uncontrolled manner in which Cholera continues to spread over Europe, they are warranted in entertaining the strongest apprehensions that, at no distant period, it will reach the shores of this Province; and they therefore, earnestly call on its inhabitants generally, and more especially on those of this City, to second their exertions by cheerfully complying with such Regulations, and adopting such measures as may be suggested with a view to circumscribe its action and lessen its malignity.

Doubts being still entertained by a large proportion of medical men as to the contagious nature of this formidable disease; and the sources from which it originates and the laws under which it is propagated being still obscure or unknown; the Board, at the same time that they are desirous to enjoin every necessary precaution in regard to external intercourse with infected Ports and Districts, do not consider it expedient to adopt the strictest regulations of an internal Quarantine; or to adhere such rigid restrictions in private intercourse as might tend to limit the comforts of the sick, or to withdraw the exertions of the kindred and humane in ministering to their relief; and in these opinions, they are supported by the authority of the Board of Health in Edinburgh.

Influenced therefore, by these considerations, the Board of Health proposes the following Regulations:

1st. The Board, in directing their attention to the means of prevention, recommend that the several Wards or Districts of this City, be placed under the immediate surveillance of their respective Municipal Officers, who are requested frequently to visit the habitations of the poor and laboring classes; and to take speedy and effectual measures for their ventilation and cleanliness; in which important duty, they will be assisted by a Committee of the Board. All filth and nuisance sought to be immediately removed from the streets, lanes and yards; for which purpose the necessary means will be provided without delay; and lime washing, and like means of purification which are easily procured and always at command, should be immediately employed.

2d. A Committee of the Board will occasionally, and from time to time, visit the several Wards of the City; and give such further directions as may be suggested on the occasion, regarding the general means of preserving the health of the inhabitants, as relate to their clothing, diet and habits of temperance; it being invariably found that the most frequent victims of this disease are those persons who are addicted to the use of ardent spirits or excesses of any kind, which aggravate all its symptoms and render it almost invariably fatal.

3d. Previously to the introduction of this disease an Hospital will be fitted up in a convenient part of the City, capable of accommodating twenty-five patients, for the reception of the poor and those of the laboring classes who lie sick in crowded or ill-ventilated habitations; and it is of the utmost importance to the general safety, that the moment the disease is expected to have appeared, intimation be given to the Board, who will adopt measures for the instant removal of the sick; as the Board is well assured, that, by speedy and early application, the progress of the disease is more likely to be arrested, than by such less active methods as can be commanded at their own houses.

4th. Should the disease establish itself in this City, medical men are requested to send to the Board, every day before noon a Report of each new case, death or recovery, which may occur in the course of their practice, specifying the name, residence, age, employment, date of sickness and date of the event; and the Board look for punctuality in this respect from every member of the profession.

5th. The Board strongly recommend to His Worship the Mayor and Common Council, the appointment of an additional number of visiting Health-Officers, being of opinion, that five, at least, will be necessary for the active performance of their important duties. Distance of place does not afford security, for it is known that a vessel, passed after a voyage of three thousand miles,

6th. [illegible] the Board [illegible] possession of every information which may enable them to carry promptly into effect preventive measures; they do, at the same time, [illegible] from the Visiting Health Officers, among the arrival of all vessels, the port and place of departure, and the condition of the crew and passengers on their departure and arrival, so far as [illegible] and [illegible] as are most likely to be infected with and [illegible] contagion. The above points, at the time that they intervene between exposure to the contagion and the appearance of the disease, are necessary to be [illegible] and is modified by various circumstances of the patient and mode of treatment. Instances are recorded of Cholera appearing on the [illegible] day or [illegible] after the exposure; and these circumstances ought to be carefully kept in view by those entrusted with the [illegible] duties.

Submitted. ALEX. BOYLE, M. D.
THOMAS PADDOCK,
THOMAS WALKER.

The above regulations are approved by the Board and directed to be published.

L. DONALDSON, *President,*
ALEX. BOYLE, M. D. *Sec'y.*

St. John, N. B. March 15, 1832.

—*Office*—

The following directions, extracted from a work of celebrity, and appearing to the Board to be each judicious, they feel it their duty to present to the inhabitants of this City, as a guide, in regard to the means and [illegible] on the appearance of this disease. They are particularly calculated for large and populous Cities.

"1st. The greatest care ought to be taken to avoid wet; damp feet and the [illegible] are a diarrhœa, being reckoned among the most common predisposers to the disease.

"2d. To the utmost practicable extent, disfurnish the house; removing to an warehouse, or at least, locking up in separate rooms, all carpets and hangings whatever, and all needless articles of furniture.

"3d. Go rid of all superfluous necessities; and take care that it shall be impossible for those that are retained to contract dirt with any one out of doors.

"4th. Sleep cold; [illegible] bedsteads, &c., one or two rooms for the private family—the more or the lower the more distant from the apartments of the sick, and the more airy of rooms, the better. To those who meet the Cholera and the Police have [illegible].

"5th. Be provided, if possible, with the means and materials for washing and bathing within doors; with hot or vapour baths; wines (the best are port or sherry); brandy; opium in its solid and liquid state; camph; muriatic and diluted acid; ether; some essential oils, as cajeput, peppermint, or cloves; and a case of lancets.

"6th. All windows should be opened and every room thoroughly aired several times a day. Our fireplaces are admirably adapted for ventilating as well as heating apartments; and in their use we have a great advantage over most other nations, whose stoves have contributed much to the ravages of this pestilence, enabling its virulence to withstand even a Russian winter. Chlorine of lime should be used to sprinkle all floors occasionally, and small vessels containing it should be kept in the rooms principally inhabited. Sudden changes of temperature should be avoided; hot days succeeding to cold nights have been found powerfully to predispose to infection.

"7th. All letters and papers of official nature received from the Police messengers and patrolmen, with precautions adopted in Lazarettos. They must be thrown up to a window of the first floor by means of a rope having a wand of chalk or lime attached to it. Whatever is not injured by wet, should be then plunged into a tub of water, or a vessel filled with a weak solution of chloride of lime, or vinegar and water. Bread, meat, and anything that could be injured by moisture, should be exposed to the heat of an oven before its delivery. Papers must be finally dried thoroughly with sand.

"8th. That regimen which the individual has found best suited to his constitution, should be adhered to; those who have been used to active life, of course, diminishing the quantity of food in proportion as they are debarred from exercise. It being universally admitted, that whatever disorders the stomach and bowels predispose to Cholera,—all unripe fruit, watery vegetables, as melons, cucumbers, &c., and all sharp liquors, as cider, must be avoided. The use of the weak acid beer of the Prussians has been found extremely injurious; and the sale, both of that sort of beer and of cider, has been entirely prohibited at Frankfort. Wine should be used, but in moderation. The system should neither be lowered by immoderate abstinence, nor excited by any violent stimulus.

"9th. It is needless to say that personal cleanliness is of vital importance. We need not point out the usefulness of baths. The whole body should be washed daily with soap and water, and afterwards sponged with vinegar. For sponging covering between the fingers of the shoulders, or any infection, [illegible] are most valuable. Lastly, especial cleanliness, cannot be enforced too strongly.

"10th. The Physicians should carry a phial of [illegible] of lime with them wherever they go. The hands, after touching a patient, should be immediately washed with soap and water, or [illegible] solution of the chloride. The attendants on the sick [illegible] a dollar [illegible] per day, [illegible] over the [illegible] day has been [illegible] on medical.

Dried Chloride of Lime,	12 grs.
Sugar, - - -	1 oz.
Gum Tragacanth, -	50 grs.

[illegible]

[illegible]

Festival of St. Patrick.—Last evening, the "*St. Patrick's Society*" of this City, with their usual [illegible], and a number of private friends, celebrated the same [illegible] Hotel—[illegible] Esq. President of the Society, presided—and was well supported on the occasion by Mr. James St. Laurent, Vice-President. The entertainment was [illegible] in the usual style of elegance and [illegible] which was prepared by the good chef, Monsieur [illegible]. The Chair was [illegible] under the *Portland Arms Hotel* [illegible] "*St. Patrick's Day in the Morning.*"

TOASTS.

1. SAINT PATRICK—[illegible] Four Fathers, with hallows children.—Air, *Patrick's Day.*
2. The KING—the Patriot King! God bless him!—*God save the King.*
3. The QUEEN, and all the Royal Family.—*Cushlamachree.*
4. The British Constitution—the venerated gift of our ancestors.—"*Our Country is our sacred care.*"
5. Sir JAMES GRAHAM, and the Navy: May this bulwark of the Empire be always the first care of our Rulers.—*Rule Britannia.*
6. [illegible] and the Army—whose heroic gallantry has [illegible] the admiration of the national foes.—*British Grenadiers.*
7. [illegible] and the Colonial Ministers: May their skill [illegible] the [illegible] be equal to the high trust reposed in them.—"*[illegible] our king, [illegible] under the storm!*"
8. The Province of New-Brunswick—the Land we live in!—May its Agriculture, Commerce and Commerce, grow [illegible] its [illegible], thriving and flourishing.—*Home! sweet home!*
9. Sir ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, our distinguished Governor: May his wisdom in Council equal his valor in the field.—*Highland Gramd March.*
10. Lady CAMPBELL, and the Fair Daughters of New-Brunswick.—"*Green grows the rushes O!*"
11. Our sister Provinces, Lower Canada, the Governor General, and the Sister Colonies.—Fair dawn smiles with a friend's glance.—*Garry Owen.*
12. Marquis ANGLESEY, and all the true friends of Irish [illegible]: May the party of [illegible] shame all partizans to it.—*Spirit of Shillelagh.*
13. The memory of Grattan, Curran, Sheridan, Parke, and Canning, with the bond of all sections dead, whose wisdom and love formerly have done honor to our native land: May posterity ever do homage to their names.—*Coolin.*
14. The memory of Chatham, Clare, Pitt, and the other famed Bards and Minstrels of our Country, the influence of whose speeches and melody acts with enlivening power on every true Irish heart.—"*The Harp that once thro' Tara's Hall.*"
15. Our own living Bard of Song, THOMAS MOORE, whose magic verses raise to rapture and delight every ear, from the Cottage to the Palace.—*The Minstrel Boy.*
16. Our Sister Provinces in Fredericton and St. Andrews.—*The Shamrock.*
17. The counties of St. George and St. Andrew, and the other Provincial Institutions of the City.—*Roast Beef of Old England; Bannocks of Barley meal; and Tea and Coffee.*
18. The Sun, the Moon and the Earth—the Irish Peasant: May it never lose a shade.—"*Like the trunk of a tree in the forest.*"
19. [illegible] the Mayor, and [illegible] a [illegible]: May [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] and *The Shamrock.*
20. The Corporation, Incorporated and Unincorporated, and the Magistracy—Ready at [illegible].—*Rules of Tara's Church.*
21. [illegible] and the gallant [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible].—*Lady [illegible], and [illegible].*
22. The Press, that [illegible] into [illegible] of [illegible]: May it [illegible] into [illegible] [illegible].—*Bucknell, Bangor's Glory.*
23. Union [illegible] and [illegible] all the Human Family.—*The Garland of Love.*
24. Absent friends and Meadows.—*Shamrocks Dieth.*

FINALE.—*Air, Patrick's Day.*

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY, FREDERICTON,

(Continued from last week's Observer.)

Thursday, March 8.

CONCLUSION OF THE DEBATE ON THE COLLEGE AFFAIRS.

Mr. CUNARD (not both the mover, members who had spoken in favor of the resolution) said, he was [illegible], however, that the money appropriated to the College was not [illegible] [illegible] the day [illegible] was [illegible] times (Mr. C.) [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]