Table 2-10 Investigations of $SO_2 - C$	opper - O ₂ Aqueous Systems
Investigators	Type of System Comment
Investigators Titoff (1903) Reinders and Vles (1925) Alyea and Backstrom (1929) Johnstone (1931) Albu and Grof von Schweinitz (1932) Fuller and Crist (1941) Riccoboni et al (1949) Basset and Parker (1951) Higgins and Marshall (1957) Johnstone and Coughanowr (1958) Junge and Ryan (1958)	Bulk2Bulk2Bulk2Bubbler1
Barron and O'Hern (1958) Barron and O'Hern (1966) Bracewell and Gall (1967) Cheng et al. (1971) Veprek-Siska and Lunak (1974) Barrie and Georgii (1976) Huss et al. (1978) Mishra and Srivastava (1976)	Flow Bubbler 1 Supported droplet 1 Flow 2 Supported droplet 1 Bulk 2 Flow

 Incompletely characterized 2-phase system; results cannot be considered to be reliable.

2. Rate expression not reported.

Constrainty.

1

1940-1940-1 1940-1940-1940

E Method

be recommended as reliable for use in calculating sulfate formation rates due to CU catalysis in the troposphere.

Vanadium catalysis has been reported in only one study (Bracewell and Gall, 1967); a bubble reactor was used, and its mass transfer characteristics were inadequately reported. Therefore, no rate expression can be recommended as reliable. However, Bracewell and Gall (1967) did observe qualitatively that V(V) was orders of magnitude less effective that Mn and Fe. Most likely, V(V) catalysis is unimportant for sulfate formation in the troposphere. Likewise, there are no definitive studes for Cr(III), Ni(II), Zn(II), and Pb(II), but it appears

I-29