

of "copy" which I have seen (and others were more in the way of falling across it than myself), I surmise that at least half a dozen copies were made, and that five of these are yet in existence. Some particular transaction—such as the marriage and the separation—were copied separately; but I think there cannot be less than five full copies yet to be found."

### THE 22ND BATTALION.

The annual drill of the 22nd Battalion, Oxford Rifles, ended on Saturday, the 18th ult. the men having been in camp six days. The strength of the battalion, with the names of officers we give below:—

Lieut.-Col. Hugh Richardson; Majors Geo. Greig and T. Cowan; Paymaster, A. Ross; Adjt., Jas. White; Quarter-master, J. B. Rounds; Surgeon, W. Scott; Asst. Surgeon, L. H. Swan.

No. 1 Company—Capt. Beard; Lieut. J. Matheson; Ensign J. Coad and 70 men.

No. 2 Company—Capt. Duncan; Lieut. H. Ross; Ensign P. Loveys and 35 men.

No. 3 Company—Capt. Eakins; Lieut. Williamson; Ensign — Horner and 40 men.

No. 4 Company—Capt. Wonham; Lt. J. Benson; Ensign J. Canfield and 45 men.

No. 5 Company—Capt. Nesbitt; Lieut. G. Bleakly; Ensign M. M. Nesbitt and 50 men.

No. 6 Company—Capt. McCleneghan; Lieut. E. Merrigold; Ensign J. B. Ingersoll and 55 men.

No. 7 Company—Capt. Chambers; Lieut. Mulvin; Ensign — Petit and 42 men.

No. 8 Company—Capt. J. Monroe; Lieut. Blenirhasset and 43 men.

The band was on the strength of No. 1 Company, and mustered 1 sergeant, 1 corporal, and 19 men.

On Friday, Adjutant General Ross, accompanied by Col. Taylor D. A. G., Brigade Major Lieut.-Colonel Moffat, visited the camp and inspected the corps. He afterwards complimented the officers and men on their soldierly appearance and the excellent condition in which their accoutrements were found, and even went so far as to say that the 22nd was one of the finest battalions he had yet inspected. We feel pleasure in noting this fact.

In the evening a mess dinner was given by the officers to a large number of invited guests, among whom were Thomas Oliver, M. P. for North Oxford; E. V. Bodwell, Esq., M. P. for South Oxford; Hon. George Alexander; Lt.-Col. Moffat; Col. ex-Sheriff Carroll, and many other prominent residents of the county. The chair was filled by Col. Richardson, and the vice-chair by Major Greig. The band of the battalion was present and played at intervals. The usual loyal and patriotic toasts were given followed by volunteer toasts. Speeches were made by Messrs. Bodwell, Thos. and A. Oliver, Hon. Mr. Alexander, Rev. Mr. McDermid, (the chaplain), Dr. Clarke of Princeton, Col. Carroll and others. The county press was represented by Capt. McCleneghan of the *Times*; Mr. Robert McWhinnie of the *Sentinel*; Dr. Clarke of the *Princeton Review*; and Mr. Gurnett of the *Caronicle*.

The evening, as may be imagined, was very pleasantly spent, and the courtesies of the officers of the 22nd will long be remembered by their guests.—*Ingersoll Chronicle*.

The Gladiator is to be commissioned at Portsmouth by Captain Beddingfield, and will proceed to the Cape of Good Hope.

### 40TH BATTALION.

The 40th Battalion went into camp on Wednesday afternoon on the field just west of the Rifle Range at the west end of the town. They met at the Drill Shed in the afternoon, and the Band of the 40th preceded the Battalion into camp, playing some of their most soul-stirring airs. The Northumberland and Durham Squadron of Cavalry under Lt.-Col. Boulton, joined the camp on Thursday. The following is the order in which the several companies went into camp:

Lt.-Col. Smith, *Commandant*; Major Wainwright; Major Elliott; Adjt.-Capt. Smith; Paymaster-Capt. Boggs; Quartermaster-Capt. Van Ingen; Surgeon, Dr. Bethune; Asst. Surgeon, Dr. Powell. Sergt.-Major Black, Sergt.-Major MacNachtan, Q. M. Sergt. Campbell, P. M. Sergt. Black.

Cobourg, No. 1 Company,—Captain Gra-veley, Lieut. Richardson, Ensign Guillot.—32 men.

Cobourg, No. 2 Company,—Captain Floyd Lieut. Austin, Ensign Boswell.—18 men.

Campbellford, No. 3 Company,—Captain Bonnycastle, Lieut. Johnson.—35 men.

Brighton, No. 4 Company,—Captain Webb Lieut. Dean, Ensign Butler.—45 men.

Cold Springs, No. 5 Company,—Captain, Gifford, Lieut. Finlay, Ensign Page.—40 men.

Grafton, No. 6 Company,—Captain Rogers Lieut. Standly, Ensign MacDonald.—42 men.

Colborne, No. 7 Company,—Captain Vars, Lieut. Campbell, Ensign Cumming.—49 men.

Castleton, No. 8 Company,—Captain Duncan, Lieut. Stewart, Ensign Black.—34 men.

Warkworth, No. 9 Company,—Captain Hurlbut, Lieut. O'Neil.—36 men.

Total—Officers, 33; Rank and File, 361; Total strength, 394. Band, 18.

Cobourg Troop Cavalry,—Lt.-Col. Boulton, *Commandant* Lieut. Regan, Cornet Boulton, Quartermaster. B. A. Burnham. Rank and File, 50 men.

Port Hope Troop Cavalry,—Lt.-Col. Smart *Commandant*; Lieut. Williams, Cornet Ashford. Rank and File, 50 men. Band 15.—*Cobourg Sentinel*

### COLONIAL POLICY.

The *Standard* says that the whole question of colonial government must now be seriously considered. There are, of course, several ways in which we may dispose of these communities. We may grant them their independence, a boon which they would be as loth to accept as we to concede, though it is the end and aim of the policy of the Manchester school. We may rule them in Imperial fashion, as we rule India and Ceylon. We could not do this without revoking the boon of self-government, which, wisely or wrongly, we have already granted to most of them. The third way of governing them is to treat them as dependencies with which we have little to do beyond granting them governors. This is the fashion pursued just now, and it is obviously unsatisfactory. We must do something more if we wish to retain the affections and confirm the allegiance of these men of English blood and traditions. It is high time to introduce the federative system into our relations with the colonies. The colonists forming part of a vast British confederacy should be taught more and more that their interests are the same as those of Englishmen; that the aims, the titles, and rewards which are striven for in the mother country may be shared by them. They might be represented in the Imperial Parliament as the Spanish colonies are.

They might have an aristocracy, a peerage, and a baronetage of their own. They might be invited to their share of work and dignity in the army and navy, the civil service, the cabinet. We have no longer, in the strict sense, a British Empire. We might replace it by a British Confederacy, which would last as long as the world.

The Canadian party, which Hon. Joseph Howe expected to meet at St. Paul, passed from Bayfield to Sunrise and Anoka, and will tarry a few days at Clearwater Lake before resuming the journey to Red River. Among its members are W. E. Sandford and James Turner, prominent merchants of Hamilton, and Mr. William McGregor a banker of Windsor. Mr. Sandford has a hunting lodge at Clearwater, and is well known in Minnesota as the Chairman of the Canadian committee to collect funds for the relief of the Selkirk sufferers last winter. The waggon road from Bayfield was found very favourable for the migration of an emigrant party. The months of September and October are assigned for the objects of business and pleasure which these gentlemen have in view. Mr. Howe turns back from St. Cloud to join in a few days' deer hunting at Clearwater.—*St. Paul Daily Press*.

### MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

In one of the churches in Belfast, on Sunday last, the portion of the service usually devoted to the Queen was omitted, and one of the worshippers, in his excitement, shouted out in the body of the church, "No surrender."

The New York *World*, in an article on the position of the Dominion, says of the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario: "The agitation for annexation to the United States is confined to a class of second rate politicians, scalawags, and nobodys."

It is said that the Dominion Government have received assurances from Lord Granville to the effect that Canada's little bill for damages, entailed by the Fenian raid, will be duly presented whenever a settlement takes place on the basis of the Alabama claims.

Marshal Niel's death was the almost immediate result of an operation for the stone performed by Naelton, the celebrated French Surgeon. The instrument gave way in Naelton's hands and it was impossible to extract the broken pieces. The unfortunate Marshal consequently died midst awful tortures.

*La Minerve* asserts that the first detachment of Papal Zouaves, under the new call, will leave for Rome on the 30th inst. and that it will comprise about one hundred recruits. A large number of applications for admission have been received and an appeal is made to the faithful for a little tobacco to solace the corps in its duties and pleasures.

"Jenkins" of the New York *World* gives a long account of General Grant's visit to New York. He says: "As he rode from the railway station he coughed thrice; four times was the Presidential handkerchief applied to the President's nose; five times the words 'I act, I do not speak,' escaped the Presidential lips; six times was a cigar taken from the waistcoat pocket, longingly gazed at, and then returned to its resting place; and just as he alighted at the hotel he whispered to his fellow travellers, 'Let us have peace.'"