In conclusion, the Directors are confident that the results of the year, showing as they do a steady improvement in every department as compared with former years, will prove highly satisfactory to both stock-holders and policy-holders.

JOSEPH JEFFERY, President.

J. G. RICHTER, Manager.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

For the year ending December 31st, 1889. Net invested assets, Dec. 31, 1888, etc. (brought forward)
Receipts.
Interest on investments \$11,538 69 Industrial premiums \$26,029 19 General premiums, \$40,522.61, less re-ins. premiums, \$201-60 40,322 01 66,351 20 77,889 89
\$260.201.50
Disbursements. \$269,301.52
Profits paid Policy-holders \$1,397 66 Matured Endowments 1,500 00 Surrender values paid 1,900 48 Industrial claims paid 5,761 39 General claims paid 12,280 00 —————————————————————————————————
General Expense Account \$1,219 44 Travelling Expenses 1,769 78 Salaries—General and Industrial
dnstrial
Office furniture, \$47.00; Legal Expenses, \$74.49; Government Fees and Taxes, \$99.14; advertising account, \$349.87; postage and exchange, \$493.80; Directors' Fees, \$539.00; printing and stationery, \$1,021.24; and Medical examiners' fees, \$1,531.50
Net invested assets, December 31st, 1889. \$212,831 80
Assets as follows
Cash in Molsons Bank \$4,468 49 Loans on Policies 11,187 48 Mortgages on Real Esiate, net 24,285 00 Loans on Stock 27,345 83 Bonds and debentures 60,000 00 Loan Companies' Stocks 85,545 00
Additional assets: Premiums in course of collection, net
Deferred Premiums, net
To cover liabilities as follows: Gross Reserve on policies in force

\$5 011 22 To the Shareholders of the London Life Insurance Co.:

Shareholders' Special account.....

Death Claims Accrued (since paid)..... Profits Due and Accrued

Contingent Fund.....

Advance payments....

Surplus Security to policy-holders

Capital stock, paid up....

Divisible Surplus

GENTLEMEN, -I beg to report that I have audited the books and accounts of your company for the year ending December 31st, 1889, including the Cash and Bank accounts and vouchers,

\$187,622 37

1,115 o3 989 38

747 23

700 00 . 378 58

191,552 59

\$38,661 22 33,650 00

and the entries in the Policy registers and other records, and the same correct, and in account and the entries in the Policy registers and other records, and the same correct, and in accordance with the above statements—full provision having been made for the Reserve fund and other liabilities. The books are well and carefully and the securities in order.

GEORGE F. JEWELL, F.C.A. Auditor. LONDON, ONT., February 13th, 1890.

The president in rising to move the adoption of the Report

"It affords me great pleasure to again meet the stockholders and policyholders of the Company on this the occasion of the 15th annual meeting."

"The preliminary abstract of the business of Canadian Insurance companies for the year ending December 31st, 1889, issued by the Superintendent of Insurance that the aggreissued by the Superintendent of Insurance, shows that the aggregate of new insurance issued and account of the superintendent of Insurance, shows that the aggregate of new insurance issued and account of the superintendent of the superintende gate of new insurance issued amounts to nearly twenty in force of million dollars, while the net wait to nearly twenty force of million dollars, while the net g in in total insurance in force on the books of these companies. the books of these companies, after providing for all policies terminated, amounts to about ten millions, which compares favorably with the results of the year previous, and when the with 1888, are considered, must certainly be considered as fairly with 1888, are considered, must certainly be regarded as fairly satisfactory. satisfactory.

"A significant feature in connection with the Life Insurance terests of this country in the interests of this country is the fact, that from year to year the proportion of new Insurance written and total Insurance in force is being transacted and carried band to the Insurance in Ten is being transacted and carried by the Home companies, years ago out of a total of about eighty-six millions of Insurance in force in Canada, only about thirty-three millions, or 38 per cent., was carried by Canadian companies. Five years later of a total of one hundred and thirty millions in force, upward of a total of one hundred and thirty millions in force, upwards of sixty-six millions, or 48 per cent., was carried by Canadian companies; while at the close of 1889, out of a probable two hundred and thirty millions in force, upwards of one hundred and twenty-five millions or 55 per cent. is being carried by and twenty-five millions in force, upwards of one hundred by Canadian companies. It will thus be seen that, while the business of the Foreign Companies in Canada has increased in years by about one hundred per cont. years by about one hundred per cent., that of the Canadian companies has increased by about four hundred per cent. These facts prove pretty conclusively that Canadian companies has increased by about four hundred per cent. prove pretty conclusively that Canadians are beginning to with the Home Companies, which are not only furnishing quite as good security for the proper carrying out of the contracts entered into, as is furnished by Foreign Companies, but also by reason of their larger interest earnings are returning much larger profits to participating policy-holders in proportion to the respective to participating policy-holders in proportion to the respective premium paid.

"Coming more directly to the affairs of the London Life, I arcome I think, justified in saying that the Directors' Report and accompanying financial statement before the London Lite, and accompanying financial statement before the long to be panying financial statement before you is sufficiently clear to be readily comprehended by average of the sufficiently clear to be readily comprehended by average of the sufficient of the suff readily comprehended by every one. It is therefore unnecessary for me to enter into any further explanation, except perhaps, by way of comparison with the except year preperhaps, by way of comparison with the results of the year provious, which will enable you to form a very good idea of the company is progressing. the company is progressing.

"The new business transacted during 1889 is the largest in the perience of the Company 1 experience of the Company, being an increase over 1888 of \$129,000, while the net gain in total insurance in force, after providing for all policies terminoted divisions in the second viding for all policies terminated during the year, is \$369,021.11.
The increase in premium and interest many and 740.76, and riding for all policies terminated during the year, is \$369,021,11. The increase in premium and interest receipts is \$18,749.76, and in payments to policy-holders, \$7,958.31. The reserve functional towards meeting maturing Life and Endowment Policies have been increased by \$20,796.09, while the company's assets have increased by \$25,436.67. The surplus security to Policy-holders, exclusive of subscribed but uncalled capital stock, is \$38,661.21, and including subscribed capital, \$189,340.00. While the during the past year, no extraordinary expenditures have been incurred on that course ing the past year, no extraordinary expenditures have incurred on that account in 6.74 incurred on that account, in fact, the ratio of expenses to income has, as compared with the react, the ratio of expenses to income has, as compared with the year previous, decreased fully five percent. With these remarks I beg to remove the adoption of Report." Report."

In the absence of the Vice-President, Mr. John McClary, adoption of the report was seconded by Sheriff Glass, approved of by a unanimous vote of the meeting.

A hearty vote of thanks was tendered to the meets, agents.

A hearty vote of thanks was tendered to the officers, agents and other employees of the asset tendered to the officers, agents A hearty vote of thanks was tendered to the officers, agent and other employees of the company, for the satisfactory after which they had discharged their several duties; which the balloting for directors was proceeded with, resulting in the unanimous election of the following: Joseph Jeffery, John McClary, William Bowman, George C. Gibbons, William Bullen, Arthur S. Emery, Sheriff Glass, Thomas H. Smallman, George M. Harrison, and Judge Bell. George M. Harrison, and Judge Bell.

At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, Joseph Jeffery re-elected President, and John McClary, Vice-President.