

hundred and fifty dollars grant for each teacher employed, and if opened for less time receives a proportionate amount. Each district also receives twenty dollars per month from the municipality, making a total of thirty-five dollars per month for each teacher employed. If the salary exceeds thirty-five dollars per month, the difference is raised by special levy upon the rate-payers.

The following statistics are taken from the Journal of Legislative Assembly for 1892. Highest salary paid, \$1500 to \$1600; average salary for the province in 1883 was \$522, in 1891, \$474.05. Average in cities and towns from 1883 to 1891 ranges from \$554 to \$741.30; highest salary paid in rural schools from 1887-91, \$800 to \$900; average salary in rural schools, \$425.10 to \$463.70.

#### SCHOOL POPULATION.

Year	School Population	Pupils Regist'd
1871		817
1881	7,000	4,919
1883	12,346	10,831
1891	28,678	23,871

#### AVERAGE ATTENDANCE

1883	the average attendance	5,064
1889	" " "	11,242
1890	" " "	11,627
1891	" " "	12,433

#### TEACHERS EMPLOYED.

1884	teachers employed	359
1885	" "	476

1886	teachers employed	525
1887	" "	581
1888	" "	675
1889	" "	668
1890	" "	840
1891	" "	866

#### NORMAL SCHOOL.

The attendance of students at the

5 Months' Session. Short Session

1883	16	89
1884	35	89
1885	31	93
1886	38	83
1887	31	99
1888	42	108
1889	35	122
1890	28	59
1891	67	122

It will be seen from the above description and the statistics given that the schools of Manitoba have made wonderful progress since they first came into existence, and that the system is an efficient one. Could not the two systems of separate schools have gone on as of old, and would not the progress have been as great? It is to be hoped that the time is near at hand when the Manitoba School difficulty will be settled in a manner compatible with principles of justice, that Canada will erase from her statute books a law which oppresses a number of her subjects.

L. E. O. PAYMENT, '97.

