

The Advertiser

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JOHN CAMERON, President and Manager.

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ADVERTISER PRINTING CO., LONDON, CANADA.

God's in his heaven,
 All's right with the world.

—(BROWNING.)

London, Thursday, Oct. 11.

—The demagogue is at a discount this year. Billingsgate cannot be regarded as argument by people of sober and good sense.

—Dr. Casgrain, of Windsor, denies that he said he would be a candidate for the Dominion House of Commons in North Essex. It was a Detroit newspaper canard.

—The Toronto Empire learnedly argues that the reason why Mr. Meredith failed to oust Sir Oliver Mowat was because he was not rowdy enough in his expedients. He was too gentlemanly altogether to suit the tastes of our contemporary. By the way, the latest politician to refuse the leadership is Mr. Patterson, Minister of Militia.

—Miss Willard is reported by telegraph to be dangerously ill, and Mrs. Lathrop is announced to be suffering from a malady that will result fatally. This news will be received with regret by many thousands of Canadian friends of these indefatigable workers in the cause of humanity. It is to be hoped that later dispatches may prove more favorable.

—Over 2,000 citizens of Portage la Prairie and neighborhood listened to Hon. Wilfrid Laurier's exposition of Liberal and progressive principles last night. The audience cheered the sentiments to the echo, and also extended a warm welcome to Hon. Mr. Martin, Hon. Mr. Watson and the other visiting members of Parliament. A feature of the meeting was the presence of the clergy of every denomination represented in the town.

—Beginning with November The Congregationalist, which has hitherto been a monthly periodical, will be issued weekly for the Congregational Publishing Company by C. Blackett Robinson, Toronto, with Rev. Charles Duff as editor in charge. Rev. Wm. Wye Smith who has proved a most acceptable editor for many years, now retires. If the weekly is rendered as attractive as the monthly has been, it should have a wide circulation.

—The system of washing linen with petroleum, said to be customary in parts of Russia, has been introduced into a German military hospital. Fifteen grams of petroleum are added to fifteen liters of water containing soap and lye, and the linen is boiled in the mixture. The cleansing is much easier than by the usual method, the linen suffers less and assumes a whiter color. Finally, the expense is decreased, thanks to the economy in soap. Encouraged by these results, the officer at the head of the general staff of the army has ordered trials to be made of the plan in all the military hospitals in Germany. It is a wonder that the use of petroleum in washing has not everywhere got beyond its experimental stage. Many housekeepers in this city have for years used a couple of tablespoonfuls of coal oil in each boilerful of washing water and have found it a great assistance. A little coal oil added to water is also a powerful aid in cleaning windows.

—An English correspondent, writing to the Alliance News regarding Mr. Chamberlain's suggestion that the British Government should institute an inquiry into the Gethsburg system of liquor-selling, goes on to say that "Already some four or five reports of commissions or committees on the public sale of alcohol lie hidden away in the library of the Houses of Parliament, the recommendations contained in them never having been carried into legislation." Canada is likely to have some such experience, according to present indications. There are now two or three such printed and published reports in the library at Ottawa, and another is now two years past due, though the Premier assured the Commons months ago he was on the lookout for it every day. That long-looked-for and long-delayed report, which has already cost the taxpayers some \$120,000, will not probably affect the action of the Government on a matter when it comes. Those who had honest doubts at one time that the royal commission business was a mere makeweight have very little reason for doubts now.

Is a paper on the sense of smell, read to the anthropologists who met recently at Innsbruck, Dr. Hermann, of Vienna, presented some interesting facts. Non-carnivorous animals have the faculty most highly developed; man and flesh-eating animals have lost it in a large degree. Dwellers in crowded cities and domestication are injurious to the sense, house dogs and pet dogs rapidly losing it. Dress materials vary greatly in their capacity for retaining odors; silk allows almost all odors to pass through without leaving any smell behind; linen holds them fast; wool, though it lets many smells pass through, retains the odors of decay, like that of a corpse. While civilization has done much to assist defective sight and hearing, it has done nothing for smelling.

THE CAIN TRAGEDY.

The assass which have been in progress in various parts of the country recently reveal a state of affairs that may well cause the community to reflect. There has been an alarming tendency to the use of murderous weapons. In some cases murder has really been intended, and has been accomplished. In others, the object has been to maim the persons attacked, as a means of revenge, and the result has been fatal; while in still more the use of revolvers, guns and knives has been resorted to, on slight provocation, in supposed defense. But in almost every instance where severe bodily maiming or actual killing has taken place the evidence in court has revealed the fact that but for the tendency to carry and to use murderous weapons—to settle quarrels by their agency, rather than by argument—the crimes would not have been committed. Take the case of the unfortunate man Bowers, who at the Middlesex Assizes in this city was sentenced to imprisonment for five years in Kingston Penitentiary. His crime was the slaying of Wm. Cain, a neighbor. Can there be a doubt that the ready resort to firearms as a means of defense was not the cause of the crime which was laid to the charge of this Biddulph farmer? Bowers, we are credibly informed, has borne a good character. He was not a man who ordinarily courted trouble, but he seems to have regarded a loaded revolver as the best argument to use against aggressive neighbors with whom he had a dispute, and of whose intentions towards him he was in doubt. It is not at all probable that when he fired the fatal shot he had murder in his heart, but that did not prevent the bullet from taking effect and finally causing the death of Cain. For this hasty resort to firearms Bowers goes to the penitentiary at a time when he can ill be spared by his family, and Judge Robertson told him he narrowly escaped being tried for his life. Our intention is not to make his punishment harder to bear for those who in a measure must share it with him. It is well, however, to emphasize the result of his hurried action at this time. There has been far too much of this species of unintentional crime in recent years, and it is necessary that a determined effort should be made to counteract the tendency to resort to it. Men must be taught that when they have a dispute with their neighbors, even when they fear that bodily injury will result from an encounter, it is always dangerous to resort to the use of murderous weapons. Better far to cultivate a spirit of amity and conciliation, and to pay strict heed not only to one, but to the entire ten commandments. If this line of conduct were generally adopted, and the blood-letting side of national history were lightly passed over in the education of the youth of the land, we would have no worse brand of patriotism, and more regard for the observance of those principles which are necessary to good neighborhood and to the peace of the community.

THE BARNACLES MUST GO!

We are glad to find Lieutenant-Governor Kirkpatrick endorsing the ADVERTISER's plank that the Government House establishment at Toronto should be abolished.

Hon. Oliver Mowat, when speaking on the subject in this city, pointed out that the establishment had not been set up by the Liberal party, and that he was prepared to abolish it as soon as the electors returned members pledged to do so. That is a fair proposition.

Some fear that dread calamity will befall this country if Government House, Toronto, is abolished, and the Lieutenant-Governor permitted to maintain his household where he chooses, and they are afraid that the heavens may fall if the Governor-General is asked to subsidize on \$50,000 a year. But we have no more anxiety on that score than we have regarding the fate of this country if the Senate were radically reformed, the useless portfolios recently established at Ottawa abolished, and many thousands of dollars saved to the taxpayers.

We want no legislative ruffles in this democratic country. Our people have a right to enjoy their earnings free of every unnecessary tax on what they buy. And they desire to maintain no ornamental figure-head, Minister, legislator or official-holder at their expense. Let us reduce the tariff to the lowest possible rate, render large surpluses impossible, and thus supply no incentives to unscrupulous Ministers to corruptly expend public money.

FUTURE OF OUR BUTTER.

Mr. John H. Croil, Aultsville, Que., writes to explain the reasons for the recent meeting of creamery men at Ottawa. He says the gathering originated with W. C. Binion and himself. The creamery business, Mr. Croil asserts, has been in a very unsatisfactory condition this year, and the meeting held to consider how it could be bettered was chiefly attended by Quebec butter manufacturers. The one object of the convention was to advise the British consumer when it is fresh and in its finest condition. Then the report sent out from Ottawa to the effect that it had been recommended that Prof. Robertson be dispatched to Great Britain to see what could be done for the butter interest was not true. The fact is, as the ADVERTISER has repeatedly pointed out, it is in Canada, not in Great Britain, that reform is needed if our dairymen are to produce butter that will compete with Denmark and Australia and New Zealand in the old country. If our butter is offered for sale in prime condition here, hundreds of persons will buy it for export and hundreds of British dealers will welcome it and pay the highest market price for it. The farmers' institutes could not discuss a more vital question at their ensuing winter meet-

ings than this matter of how to produce and prepare for market the best of butter. We agree with Mr. Croil that old methods must give place to proved reforms, and that it is absolutely necessary that butter must be held for a time perfect storage must be had.

SAD END OF A NEWSPAPER MAN.

To almost every public man and newspaper editor in Western Ontario the lamentable death of Mr. Joshua G. Buchanan, city editor of the Hamilton Times, last night, will come with a shock. Mr. Buchanan was returning from Rockton fair along with Mr. H. F. Gardiner, editor of the Times. The night was dark, and Mr. Buchanan, who was driving, mistook the road alongside the Desjardins Canal for the main road. When the error was discovered, he undertook to turn the horse round, and the rig slipped over the side of the canal. Mr. Gardiner could swim, and saved himself, but he found it impossible to render aid to his companion, and ran for assistance, which was obtained, but not till life was found to be extinct.

Mr. Buchanan was one of the best known newspaper men in the Province. He had been in harness for 28 years, first doing service for the Hamilton Spectator in the time of the Fenian raid of 1866, when the late Hon. Thomas White controlled that journal.

For many years, however, he had been the city editor of the Times, and had built up a reputation as a newspaper second to none in the country. In the early days of the Canadian Press Association Mr. Buchanan was a zealous member, and to his work as secretary not a little of the success of the trip to the Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia in 1876 was due.

The deceased was a kindly-hearted, genial man, and his place in Hamilton journalism will be hard to fill. There will be no unforgotten sympathy with his widow.

THE POLICE COURT.

Bullied Again Sent Before the Judge—Moses Greenburg Admitted to Bail—Harris' Bloody Clothing.

A couple of weeks ago Judge Elliot discharged William Bullied from jail, where he had been sent for lack of securities to keep the peace with his wife Margaret. The discharge was on the express condition that he should not in any way molest Mrs. Bullied. Since then he has been up at the Police Court twice at the instance of his wife, and this morning he was again sent before the judge by Police Magistrate Parke to answer to the charge of non-support. The judge warned Bullied the last time he came before him of the consequences of another appearance.

Moses Greenburg sat in the dock along with Bullied. A small-sized Jewish colony held the fort on the sidewalk, as the rule enforced at the Police Court nowadays forbids the entrance of all except directly interested parties. As Greenburg sat in the cage his eyes roamed over to where four dark-eyed and black-haired little children sat. They were his children, as Mr. Meredith afterwards explained to the court. The prisoner was charged with assault, inasmuch as he did yesterday push one Charles Harris through a pane of plate glass in Carroll & McKinnon's window. Harris was too badly hurt to appear in court today, and Mr. McEllen read a statement from the medical man in attendance to the effect that it would be several days before he could appear.

Detective Rider produced a bundle of Harris' clothes. The shirts were completely steeped in blood. Mr. Meredith, Greenburg's lawyer, said that the men had been engaged in some conflict brought about by the defense alleged event of the complainant, Harris. He pointed out the prisoner's little children, and stated that his wife, who had been ill for two weeks, was obliged to go to the hospital today. In view of that he asked for bail.

Bail was fixed at \$200—two sureties of \$100—and the case adjourned for a week.

AS VIEWED OUTSIDE.

(Grand Jury's Report.)

Mr. T. S. Hobbs, who made such a plucky fight last June, is spoken of as the probable standard-bearer of the Riform party in London to fill the vacancy in the Legislative Assembly of Ontario created by the promotion of Mr. Meredith to the bench. In no other place in Canada can the Liberals put up as good a fight as in London, and with the Meredith prestige no longer to oppose they should be able, in a contest in which Judge Elliot cannot intervene, to win a great victory.

THE FALL FAIRS.

SECOND DAY AT TILSONBURG. TILSONBURG, Ont., Oct. 10.—The second day of the Durham Fair was the most successful event of the kind ever held in the county of Oxford. Fully 5,000 people were present. The race events were: 2:40 trot or pace—Peerless I, Joe Sharr 2, Susie R 3; time, 2:40, 2:35, 2:35, 2:34. Farmer's race, trot or pace—Red Star 1, Black Jack 2, Laddie Mack 3; four horses drawn or distanced; time, 2:50, 2:50, 2:50, 2:50.

ELY, Ont., Oct. 10.—The annual fall fair of the Morris Branch Agricultural Society was held here yesterday and today. The attendance today was over 5,000 and that of yesterday over 2,000. This year's exhibition was one of the best and most successful ever held by the society, each department being well represented. The exhibit of grain, roots and fruits was exceedingly good. The ladies' department surpassed former years, and the art exhibit was more

Blood

should be rich to insure health. Poor blood means Anæmia; diseased blood means Scrofula.

Scott's Emulsion

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil, enriches the blood; cures Anæmia, Scrofula, Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs, and Wasting Diseases. Physicians, the world over, endorse it. Don't be deceived by Substitutes!

Scott & Bowne, Belleville, All Druggists, 50c. & 25c.

than creditable. The outside departments, including horses, cattle, sheep, pigs and poultry, were the best seen here in years. Implements were also up to the mark. The directors are to be congratulated upon the success that has attended their efforts on this occasion, as the weather during both days was anything but favorable.

FATHER MATTHEW'S BIRTH

Celebrated by a Parade of 15,000 People in Chicago.

Bishop Waterson's Pointed Address—A Warning to Saloon-Keepers.

CHICAGO, Oct. 11.—The birth of Father Matthew was celebrated yesterday in a temperance parade in which 15,000 persons participated. The procession was received by Gov. Altgeld and Mayor Hopkins. The parade was preliminary to a mass meeting in the Auditorium at which Bishop Waterson, of Ohio, who issued an order to Catholic priests in his diocese forbidding them to accept liquor dealers as members, was the chief orator. A letter of approval of Bishop Waterson's course written by Mgr. Sautelli was read.

Bishop Waterson had an enthusiastic reception. His address dealt largely with the controversy regarding saloon-keepers. In the course of his remarks he said: "If the liquor traffic in particular places becomes so bold, so outrageous, so overmastering and defiant that it cannot be controlled in any other way than the legal wiping out of the saloons, then let the saloons be legally wiped out, and I say in God's name, and in the name of an outraged community, the sooner they are legally wiped out in that case the better for the community."

The Best Food For Children?

is worthy every parent's study; not only what they can eat, but what gives the most nourishment. No children are better, and most are worse, for eating hard-cooked food. If, however, their food is prepared with **COTTOLINE**, a healthful new vegetable shortening, instead of lard, they can eat freely of the best food without danger to the digestive organs. You can easily verify this by a fair trial of Cottoline.

Made only by **The N.K. Fairbank Company,** Wellington, and Ann St., MONTREAL.

INDAPO

THE GREAT HINDOO REMEDY

PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS IN 30 DAYS. Cures all Nervous Diseases, Falling Memory, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emotions, etc., caused by past abuses, gives vigor and life to the system, restores the system to its normal condition, and cures all diseases of the blood. Price \$1.00 a package. Six for \$5.00 with a pocket. Free trial given to all who send for it. If you are not satisfied, we will send it prepaid. Your druggist has not got it, we will send it prepaid. Send for it at once. Address: **INDAPO MEDICAL CO., Proprietors, Chicago, Ill.** or **INDAPO MEDICAL CO., Proprietors, 20 Dundas St. W., LONDON, ONT.,** and leading druggists elsewhere.

A BY-GONE PREJUDICE.

Housekeepers of the Present Day Smile at the Time Folly. It seems hardly possible that it is less than a generation since the old time prejudice against proprietary food articles passed away. Modern housewives smile at the folly that led to buying everything in bulk. It is now known that there is no safer protection against adulteration than some well-known name on an article of food.

Chase & Sanborn's

Seal Brand Coffee

Universally accepted as the Leading Fine Coffee of the World. The only Coffee served at the WORLD'S FAIR.

CHASE & SANBORN, BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO

Needham & Leigh, PLUMBERS.

Have removed to 352 Ridout street. Phone 1012.

And any orders given in will be promptly attended to. We do Plumbing and Gas Fitting Steam and Hot Water Heating. Also painting and repair Electric Bells. Jobbing a specialty.

FRIDAY BARGAIN DAY. OCTOBER 12.

We welcome you to our Friday Bargain Sale. We're busy, busy every day; doubly so on Friday. Shop early. Bargains in Drygoods, Clothing, Millinery and Mantles; without doubt the best value in London.

CHAPMAN'S.

- 1st—7 pieces All-Wool Bengaline Dress Goods, worth 60c, for 43c.
- 2nd—2 pieces Navy Blue Estamine Serge, guaranteed fast dye, worth 40c, for 30c.
- 3rd—6 pieces Heavy Bengaline Dress Goods, worth 75c, for 50c.
- 4th—10 pieces Tartan Check Dress Goods, worth 40c, for 25c.
- 5th—9 pieces All-Wool Plaids, worth 60c, for 44c.
- 6th—5 pieces Very Fine All-Wool Plaids, worth 75c, on Bargain Day for 66c.
- 7th—5 pieces Silesienne Silk, in yellow, cardinal, navy, green and fawn, regular price 47c, on Friday for 36c.
- 8th—1 case of Ruche Trimming, in all colors, very nice goods, for 10c yard.
- 9th—5 pieces Broadcloths, regular prices from 75c to \$1, for 50c.
- 10th—3 pieces 42-inch Gray and Fawn Scotch Flannels, worth 65c, for 35c.
- 11th—9 pieces Heavy Union Serge, fine goods, only 25c yard.
- 12th—3 pieces Gray and Black Stripe Dress Goods, suitable for skirts, worth \$1, for 50c.
- 13th—3 pieces Shot Velveteen, regular prices 75c, on Friday 25c.
- 14th—11 pieces 42-inch All-Wool Surah Serge, in black and colors, worth 35c, for 25c.
- 15th—Ladies' Fine All-Wool Cashmere Hose, double heel and toe, worth 50c, for 39c.
- 16th—Ladies' Fine Cashmere Hose, seamless, double heel and toe, worth 30c, for 21c.
- 17th—Children's All-Wool Hose, worth 18c, for 11c.
- 18th—Children's Wool Cashmere Hose, double heel, toe and knee, worth 38c pair, for 25c.
- 19th—Ladies' Fine Maco Cotton Hose, double heel, toe and sole, worth 35c, for 19c.
- 20th—Ladies' Undressed Musquetaire Kid Gloves, worth \$1, for 75c.
- 21st—Ladies' Ribbed All-Wool Hose, spliced, worth 50c, for 38c.
- 22nd—Ladies' All-Wool Cashmere Gloves, worth 20c pair, for 12½c.
- 23rd—Ladies' Heavy Fleece Lined Cashmere Gloves, worth 30c, for 21c pair.
- 24th—Ladies' Fine Cambric Handkerchiefs, large size, worth 15c, Friday 3 for 25c.
- 25th—Colored Josephine Kid Gloves, worth \$1 25c, for 98c.
- 26th—Good Factory Yarn, worth 50c pound, for 40c.
- 27th—Fancy Embroidered Silk Handkerchiefs, worth 18c, on Friday 2 for 25c.
- 28th—Cream Silk Windsor Ties, colored, embroidered and fringed ends, worth 35c, for 21c.
- 29th—Children's White Wool Boas, 36 inches long, worth 25c, for 20c.
- 30th—Fancy Japanese Ties, worth 35c, for 25c.
- 31st—Ladies' Ribbed Wool Vests, worth 60c, for 44c.
- 32nd—Children's Ribbed Wool Vests, worth 35c, for 25c.
- 33rd—Ladies' Corsets, good makes, worth 75c and \$1, on Friday 50c.
- 34th—Children's Wool Booties, worth 20c, for 15c.
- 35th—Children's Fancy Wool Mitts, worth 15c, for 10c.
- 36th—Curling Tongs, worth 10c, for 5c.
- 37th—Fine German Perfume, worth 15c bottle, for 10c.
- 38th—Children's Fancy Toboggan Caps, worth 40c, for 33c.
- 39th—Glass Cream Jugs, Pickle Dishes, Cheese Trays and Fruit Dishes, worth 10c, for 5c.
- 40th—Colored Glass Water Pitchers, worth 60c, for 25c.
- 41st—Colored and Black Bone Buttons, worth 15c card, for 10c, 2 dozen on each.
- 42nd—Tapestry Quilts, large size, with fringe, worth \$1 75, for \$1 25.
- 43rd—Art Drapery, double fold, 5 different patterns, worth 85c, for 60c.
- 44th—Unbleached Sheeting, 2 yards wide, plain or twill, worth 25c, for 20c.
- 45th—8 pairs only Very Fine All-Wool Blankets, large size, worth \$3 50, for \$2 75.
- 46th—All-Wool Molliton Flannel, in plain colors and stripes, worth 38c, for 19c.
- 47th—1 bale Gray Cotton, 40 inches wide, worth 8c, for 6¼c; 16 yards for \$1.
- 48th—Fine English Long Cloth, 36 and 38 inches wide, worth 12½c, for 7¼c.
- 49th—4 pieces neat patterns Wool Tweed, for boys' wear, worth 50c, for 35c.
- 50th—8x4 American Crochet Quilts, for single beds, worth \$1 25, for 75c.
- 51st—1 piece White Flannel Sheeting, 2 yards wide, worth 65c, for 50c.
- 52nd—Shetland Flannel, unshrinkable, worth 35c, for 22c.
- 53rd—Huck Toweling, 27 inches wide, worth 25c, for 19c.
- 54th—Best Feather Ticking, worth 25c, for 19c.
- 55th—Silk Embroidered Table Covers, 2 yards square, all wool, worth \$1 75, for \$1 29.
- 56th—Men's All-Wool Black Ribbed Socks, worth 40c, for 25c.
- 57th—Your choice of our 25c Gents' Ties for 20c.
- 58th—Gents' Linen Collars, 3 for 25c, worth 15c each.
- 59th—Men's All-Wool Underwear, worth \$2 suit, for \$1 25.
- 60th—Men's Fedora Hats, worth \$1 50, for \$1.
- 61st—Men's All-Linen Handkerchiefs, worth 20c, for 12½c.
- 62nd—Boys' Wool Mitts, home-made, worth 35c, for 25c.
- 63rd—Men's All-Wool Socks, worth 25c, for 18c.
- 64th—45 Boys' Heavy Warm Suits, worth from \$4 to \$5, on Friday for \$2 95.
- 65th—10 Boys' Heavy Serge Suits, worth \$3 50 and \$4, on Friday for \$2 95.
- 66th—48 Boys' Heavy Tweed Suits, worth \$2 50 and \$3, on Friday for \$1 95.
- 67th—9 3-Piece Tweed Suits, worth \$3 and \$3 25, on Friday for \$2 25.
- 68th—Any Man's Sack Tweed Suit in the house on Friday for \$8, worth from \$9 to \$12.
- 69th—30 Men's Black, Blue and Brown Worsted Overcoats, worth Bargain Day for \$8.
- 70th—25 Men's Melton Overcoats, worth \$10 and \$12, on Friday 71st—20 Men's Heavy Tweed Pea Jackets, worth \$6, on Friday 72nd—8 Men's Fur Coats, worth \$15 and \$16, for \$10 50.
- 73rd—Ladies' Mantles—100 Mantles and Ulsters, ladies' sizes, \$8 50 each, on Bargain Day \$2 50.
- 74th—Ladies' Mantles—bought in bond—1,500 Ladies' and Mantles. They go on sale to-day at bargain prices.
- 75th—We draw everybody's attention to the great bargains.
- 76th—At our stores you are at liberty to come in and go. This is your store. No forcing goods here. No goods. You are free to walk through our many spect values.

CHAPMAN'S

126 and 128 DUNDAS STREET