THE HERALD.

VOL. III., NO. 9. FREDERICTON, N. B., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1892. $1.00 PER YEAR.

Board of Works

HOTELS.

QUEEN HOTEL,

Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

THIS HOTEL has been REFITTED AND PAINTED IN THE MOST ATTRACTIVE STYLE. AN ELEGANT GENTLEMEN'S PARLOR, OFFICE, and BEAUTIFULLY DECORATED DINING ROOM on Ground Floor; PERFECT VENTILATION and SEWERAGE throughout; LARGE and AIRY BEDROOMS; COMMODIOUS BATH ROOMS and CLOSETS on each floor; and is capable of accommodating ONE HUNDRED GUESTS.

It is rapidly growing in popular favor, and is to-day one of the LEADING, as well as the MOST COMFORTABLE HOTELS IN THE DOMINION.

The Table is always supplied with every delicacy available. The Cooking is highly commended, and the Attendants are ever ready to oblige.

There are two of the largest and most conveniently fitted up SAMPLE ROOMS in Canada, having street entrances and also connecting with Hotel Office.

HORSES and CARRIAGES of every style are to be had at the LIVERY STABLE of the Proprietor, immediately adjacent to the Hotel.

The "QUEEN" is centrally located, directly opposite to the Steamboat and Gibson Ferry Landings, and within a minute's walk of the Parliament Buildings, County Registrar's Office and Cathedral.

☞ A FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP IN CONNECTION.

WILSON & WILSON,

Attorneys-at-Law,

SOLICITORS and CONVEYANCERS

Offices: Carleton St., East Side,

Directly opp. Dr. Coulthard's office.

Accounts Collected and Loans Negotiated.

WILLIAM WILSON, M. P. P.
GEO. L. WILSON.

H. B. RAINSFORD,

Barrister, Attorney-at-Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Clerk of the Peace and Division Registrar, Real Estate Agent. Loans Negotiated.

Office: Lower flat of County Court House.

Adjoining the office of the Registrar of deeds.

Fredericton Nov. 16th, 1891.

GEO. A. HUGHES, B.A. JNO. W. WETMORE, B.A.

HUGHES & WETMORE,

Attorneys and Solicitors,

NOTARIES, CONVEYANCERS, &c.

OFFICES: WILEY BUILDING, Opp. Normal School, QUEEN ST. } Fredericton, N.B.

WILLIAM ROSSBOROUGH,

MASON,

Plasterer, - and - Bricklayer,

SHORE ST., NEAR GASWORKS,

FREDERICTON, N. B.

☞ JOBBING a specialty.

Workmanship first-class.

Prices satisfactory

RAILROADS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

RAILWAY.

ATLANTIC DIVISION.

ALL RAIL LINE } TO BOSTON, &c. THE SHORT LINE TO MONTREAL, &c.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS

In Effect Nov. 30th, 1891.

LEAVE FREDERICTON.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

6.15. A. M.—Express for St. John and intermediate points; Vanceboro, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton, Woodstock, and points North.

10.35 A. M.—For Fredericton Junction, St. John and points East. Vanceboro, Bangor, and points West. St. Stephen, Houlton and Woodstock.

3.00 P. M.—For Fredericton Junction, St. John, etc.

RETURNING TO FREDERICTON FROM

St. John, 6.00, 10.00 a.m., 4.30 p. m.
Fredericton Junction, 8.25 a.m., 12.15, 6.25 p.m.
McAdam Junction, 10.50 a.m., 2.50 p.m.
Vanceboro, 10.25 a.m., 2.30 p.m.
St. Stephen, 9.00, 10.30 a.m.
St. Andrews, 8.00 a.m.

Arriving in Fredericton at 9.35 a. m., 1.25, 7.20 p.m

LEAVE GIBSON.

6.20 A. M.—Mixed for Woodstock, and points north.

ARRIVE AT GIBSON.

5.10 P. M.—Mixed from Woodstock, and points north.

D. McNICOLL, *Gen Pass. Agent,* MONTREAL.
C. E. McPHERSON, *Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agent* ST. JOHN, N. B.

—UNION—

ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

Of London, England.

Instituted in the Reign of Queen Anne, A. D. 1714.

FIRE RISKS

On every description of Insurable Property accepted at Current Rates of Premium.

Private Dwellings and their Contents, Churches, School Houses and Public Buildings

Taken on specially favorable terms. Policies for Five Years issued for Two Annual Premiums.

The Union also represent first-class Life and Accident Companies.

A. S. MURRAY, Agent,

Office opp. QUEEN HOTEL,

FREDERICTON, N. B.

CHRISTMAS CUTLERY.

THE largest and best assortment of Table Cutlery ever offered in this city, prices low and trade solicited.

JAMES S. NEILL.

Oil. - Oil.

JUST RECEIVED:

PER S. S. HISTORIAN

13 CASKS Paint Oil. 1 Cask pocket Cutlery, Door Springs and Shelf Hardware.

and for sale by

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Steel Chain.

JUST RECEIVED:

500 FEET Steel Chain, new style, strong, tough and durable.

For Sale low by

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

HEALTH FOR ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

THE PILLS

PURIFY THE BLOOD, correct all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys and Bowels. They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For Children and the Aged they are priceless.

THE OINTMENT

Is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It is famous for Gout and Rheumatism. For disorders of the Chest it has no equal.

FOR SORE THROATS, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS,

Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases, it has no rival; and for Contracted and Stiff Joints it acts like a charm.

Manufactured only at Professor HOLLOWAY'S Establishment,

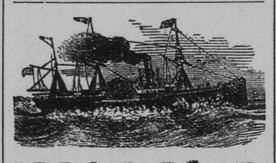
78, NEW OXFORD STREET, (late 533, OXFORD STREET,) LONDON

and are sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box or Pot and may be had of all Medicine Venders throughout the World.

☞ Purchasers should look to the label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not 533, Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.

1-10-93

STEAMSHIPS.



ALLAN LINE.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

1892. Winter Service. 1892.

This Company's Lines are composed of double engined, Clyde-built STEAMSHIPS. They are built in water-tight compartments, are unsurpassed for strength, speed and comfort, are fitted up with all the modern improvements that practical experience can suggest, and have made some of the fastest trips on record.

Liverpool, Halifax and Portland Service.

From Liverpool.	Steamships.	From Portland.	From Halifax.
17 Dec.	*NUMIDIAN	7 Jan.	9 Jan.
31 "	PARISIAN	21 "	23 "
14 Jan	SARDINIAN	4 Feb.	6 Feb.
28 "	*NUMIDIAN	18 "	20 "
11 Feb	CIRCASSIAN	3 Mar.	5 Mar.
25 "	*MONGOLIAN	17 "	19 "

All steamers call at Halifax on homeward and outward voyages.

*S. S. Mongolian and Numidian will carry Cattle and only Cabin Passengers to Liverpool.

Steamers sail from Portland about 1 p. m. Thursdays, or as soon as possible after the arrival of trains due at Portland at noon, and from Halifax about 1 p. m Saturdays, or as soon as possible after the arrival of the Intercolonial Railway train, due at Halifax at noon.

Liverpool, Queenstown, St. John's, Halifax and Baltimore Mail Service.

Liverpool to Baltimore via St. Johns and Halifax.	STEAMSHIPS.	Halifax via St. Johns, N.F. to Liverpool.
8 Dec.	POLYNESIAN	4 Jan.
22 "	CIRCASSIAN	18 "
5 Jan	*MONGOLIAN	

Last Sailings of the Season.

*The Mongolian will carry only Cabin passengers from Halifax. Fare to Halifax, $5.00 and $3.50.

Rates of Passage to Liverpool.

SALOON ..... $40, $50, and $60.
" RETURN ..... $80, $90, and $110.

Children, in saloon, between 2 and 12 years, half fare; under 2 years, free.

Clergymen and their families are allowed a reduction of ten per cent. from these rates.

INTERMEDIATE $25
STEERAGE $20

Rates of Passage to St. John's, N. F.

Saloon, $20; Intermediate, $15; Steerage, $6.

Reduced rates on railroads are allowed Allan Line passengers.

Steerage Tickets issued to and from the principal points to Great Britain and the Continent at cheap rates.

GLASGOW AND HALIFAX LINE.

Direct sailings from Glasgow to Halifax.

MANITOBAN ..... 8 Jan.

And fortnightly thereafter.

Glasgow, Londonderry, and New York Service.

(Late State Line Steamers.)

From Glasgow.	From New York.
18 Dec.	STATE OF CALIFORNIA. 7 Jan, 9.30 a.m.
8 Jan.	STATE OF NEBRASKA 23 " 8 a. m.

Rates of Passage New York to Glasgow.

Saloon Passage to Glasgow and Londonderry ..... $40 and $45

Special Railway fares from Glasgow to Liverpool, $2.50; to London, $5.00; Londonderry to Belfast, $1.30; to Dublin, $1.85. Passengers have their choice of lines and are allowed 10 days stop over at Glasgow or Londonderry if desired.

For Staterooms, Tickets, or further information apply to

WM. THOMSON & CO., Agents,

ST. JOHN N. B.

Dec. 30.

ADAMS BROS.

FUNERAL

—AND—

FURNISHING - UNDERTAKERS,

OPP. QUEEN HOTEL,

FREDERICTON.

Caskets, Coffins,

Robes, Mountings, &c.

and everything required in the Undertaking Business kept in stock.

☞ *Special Prices for Country Orders.*

Orders in the City or Country attended to with promptness.

Residence over Warerooms.

ADAMS BROS.

Scales.

JUST RECEIVED:

1 CASE Family Scales. Very nice and very cheap.

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

Notice of Co-Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have this day entered into a co-partnership for the purpose of carrying on professional business in the city of Fredericton, as Attorneys, Solicitors and Conveyancers, under the name of WILSON & WILSON; the place of business to be the office on Carleton St., east side, at present occupied by the undersigned, William Wilson.

Fredericton, Oct. 31st, 1891.

WILLIAM WILSON, M. P. P.
Barrister-at-Law.
GEORGE L. WILSON,
Attorney-at-Law.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

UNLIKE ANY OTHER. As much For INTERNAL as EXTERNAL use. In 1810

Originated by an Old Family Physician.

Think Of It. In use for more than Eighty Years, and still leads. *Generation after Generation* have used and blessed it. Every Traveler should have a bottle in his satchel.

Every Sufferer From Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Diphtheria, Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Cholera-Morbus, Diarrhœa, Lameness, Soreness in Body or Limbs, Stiff Joints or Strains, will find in this old Anodyne relief and speedy cure.

Every Mother Should have Johnson's Anodyne Liniment in the house for Croup, Colds, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis, Colic, Cuts, Bruises, Cramps and Pains liable to occur in any family without notice. Delays may cost a life. Relieves all Summer Complaints like magic. Price, 35 cts. post-paid; 6 bottles, $2. Express paid. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

CAUTION.

EACH PLUG OF THE

Myrtle Navy

IS MARKED

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

GILLETT'S

PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

I CURE FITS!

When I say I cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again, I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worse cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give EXPRESS and POST-OFFICE.

H. G. ROOT, M. C., 186 ADELAIDE ST., WEST, TORONTO, ONT.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL

FOR EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL USE.

The Quickest, Surest and Best Remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sore Throat, and all Stiffness, Soreness and Lameness. It stops all pain, and cures Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Frost Bites, Chilblains, Deafness, Chafing, etc. For Croup, Colds, Quinsy, etc., from 10 to 30 drops on sugar taken internally, gives quick relief. Price 25c.

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM

CURES COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, ETC.

Shovels. Shovels.

JUST RECEIVED:

50 BUNDLES Steel and Iron Snow Shovels.

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

BE A MAN

Laocoon in the coils of the fatal serpents was not more helpless than is the man who pines under the effects of disease, excesses, overwork, worry, etc. Rouse yourself. Take heart of hope again and BE A MAN! We have cured thousands, who allow us to refer to them. WE CAN CURE YOU by use of our exclusive methods and appliances. Simple, unfailing treatment at home for **Lost or Failing Manhood,** General or **Nervous Debility,** Weaknesses of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. Improvement seen the first day. How to enlarge and strengthen, WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS AND PARTS OF BODY. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address

ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

FARM AND FIRESIDE.

Timely Hints Useful to the Farmer and His Household

Every practical dairyman who selects a cow for dairy work, has a more or less defined notion of what her form must be and how she shall be built and finished, and while dairy qualities are not altogether dependent upon construction of the carcass, and many exceptions arise to any supposed rule, there is a well established guiding principle, that is near enough for all practical purposes. This is the formula as laid down by an eminent authority in the Practical Farmer:

"The law of judging a dairy cow is now very closely allied to the development of her back bone and its appendages. The cow of large dairy performance is one that shows large spinal proportions and spinal cord. The heads of great milking cows are always fine and bony, with large protruding eyes, and a strong jointing of spinal column to the head. The back should be roof like; never flat back that obscures the spinal processes. The ribs should spring rafter like away from the back bone, and be far apart, and so give an open expression to the barrel of the cow. At the hip, the back bone should rise and give a high pelvic arch. This indicates a strong maternal action, indicative of strength and roof for the office of maternity. The long tail is a good sign, as it tells of a continuation of the spinal process, and the best cow has the longest, slimmest tail. The open flank must go with the well developed back bone, and rise into the arching flank, so as to give extra space for the udder. The beef type is the opposite of all this; as we want all this sharpness and openness in the dairy cow filled with beef in the other, because we want to sell the beef; but in the other case it is milk that is wanted and milk must come, if profitably, from the dairy form. There must be strong lungs, a big heart, a wide room for food, and a good constitution to work with, and then if our breeding and heredity of performance is built upon dairy judgment, we shall have found our true dairy cow; an animal that puts food into milk and not into beef that can only be secured with the butcher's knife.

BREEDING FEEDING EWES.

It is not desirable that ewes kept for breeding only should be highly fed until after they have lambed. An abundance of pea straw with some turnips or mangolds and a free run in a large yard by themselves with access to water, and a little grain, say oats and barley or peas mixed every evening.

Never let the breeding ewes run with cattle or swine; they are easily injured by them. When the lambs come, feed more liberally of grain crushed, with some bran added, and more roots with clover hay, if possible; if not give meadow hay. A little oil cake or cotton seed meal will not be amiss in adding to the richness of their milk. Do not turn them out on the early spring grass to soon, it is very laxative; even when put on grass it is well to continue feeding some grain every day till the lambs become strong and the grass has more substance. The advantage of such feeding is not only that the ewes are strong and healthy lambs, but the wool of their fleeces is greatly improved in strength, weight and quality.

HELPFUL HINTS.

Such as Young Housewifes may well make a note of.

Sift a tablespoonful of pulverized sugar over the top of two-crust pies when baking and see how delicious it makes them.

If butter is kept covered tight when put in the ice chest it will not absorb the odor of any food lying near. There is nothing so sensitive as butter.

Wheat chaff may be advantageously used as bedding in the pig quarters, as it is an excellent absorbent, can be easily removed, and makes the floor clean and dry.

In airing pillows choose a clear, bright day, but never hang them where the sun will strike them, as the sun acts upon the oil in the feathers and develops a most disagreeable odor.

Milk for the calf should not be colder than 96 degrees. From its dam the calf receives warm milk, and this faction should teach those who raise calves by hand the importance of avoiding cold milk for them.

Red tablecloths and napkins lose their fresh, red color soon unless carefully handled. They should be soaked for half an hour in cold water, then put quickly through lukewarm suds, rinsed in salt water and hung up immediately.

Experiments made by Prof. Wheeler, of the New York experiment station, in feeding poultry, demonstrate that fowls can eat pounded glass with no liability of injury, and it will greatly assist the birds in the mastication of their food through the agency of the gizzard.

Besides the delightful feeling that she is lessening the cost of living by thus utilizing what would otherwise go to waste, it ought to give an intelligent woman great pleasure to conduct the household affairs, on a strictly business basis whether she is rich or poor.

The claim is made that the "practical" farmer is often not a good one. The best farmers are those who read and study the experiences of others, and who endeavor to practice all the improved methods that may be of assistance in securing larger and better corps with the least expense.

A cutter that will chop turnips will be found valuable to those who keep sheep, as sheep will eat raw turnips, or any other roots. Cooked turnips, with bran, will also be found better than grain for promoting the thrift of hogs, while the carrot is highly relished by the horses and cows.

It would pay farmers if a law was enacted prohibiting the sale of all calves under three months old, as they would then be induced to use bulls of good breeding. The keeping of scrub bulls on the farm is the cause of so many baby calves being marketed, as calves bred from scrub stock have no future value for beef.

Leave nothing to be done in the spring that can be done before that time. When spring opens work will crowd upon the farmer, and he may find that time is too valuable to give attention to many matters that are important. Much of this delay and annoyance may be avoided by keeping all work done up to time, and having everything ready when the hurry begins.

They say that by chopping up lemon or orange peel, putting the pieces in a bottle and pouring a little alcohol over them, you get as good flavoring for rice puddings as you could wish; and all cooks know, the value of every crumb of bread. Every scrap of cold vegetables may be used as salads or garnishes, and every bone is valuable for stock, as well as every spoonful of gravy.

THE NEW LANGUAGE.

Our Weekly Lesson in Volapük.

Lesson 16

Word-formation.

Compound nouns are freely made of two or three nouns, the nouns having adjectival force taking precedence and being in the genitive case: thus—

Pük, language; Vol, world } Volapük, world-language
Klub, association, Volapükaklub world-language association.

From a noun is formed a verb by the suffix ön, an adjective by ik, and adverb by iko, thus—

Smal, smallness. Smalik, small.
Smalön, to reduce. Smaliko, diminutively.

Prefixes and Suffixes.

Diminutives are formed by the prefix sma or the suffix il, somewhat arbitrarily, though in general the prefix denotes smallness in comparison with a larger cognate object, and the suffix smallness of the particular kind of thing named.

Il is also the suffix to denote endearment, as motil, mother dear.

The principal prefixes are gle (denoting chief): le (superiority): lu (inferiority), and ne [n before e] (the opposite of the word it precedes): thus—

Flen, friend: gleflen, bosom friend.
Dom, house: ledom, palace.
Dom, house: ludom, hut.
Flen, friend: neflen, enemy.

The principal suffixes are af (animal): ip (disease(: äf (flower): it (bird): öp (place): üp (time): thus—

Flit, flight: flitaf, a fly.
Vat, water: vatip, dropsy.
Glen, corn: glenäf cornflower.
Pep, pepper: pepit, pepper-bird.
Bak, baking: baköp, bakery.
Tid, teaching: tidüp, school-term.

VOCABULARY.

Penön, to write. Konyun, conjunction.
Pönop, pronoun.

Exercises.

Kü,ebinol len dom obik li-elogol magabukis kels binoms us? Binoms in oms mags nimas mödik, dogas, katas, mugas e jevalas. Etidob cilis yels mödik e kanob äf tidön gudiküno me buks laböl magis. Li-esagol das "that" et keli man et epenom binom pönop u li-binom konyun? Li-kanon lifön nen kap, e li-sibinom dil koapa, äs nam, fut e fined keli okanon pölüdön nen delön?

Which animals are the best, the largest or the smallest? Is the cow which you lost in the forest by your brother's house the animal we wished to buy for our mother? Those roses are now in your house on the same table where you saw them when we paid you for them. If you go with us we will give them to you again, for we do not wish them for they are neither sweet nor brilliant. Who said our children could not walk or run along the river bank where the horses and cows are? They will not chase them nor strike them, for they are good boys and girls.

THE HEAD SURGEON.

Of the Lubon Medical Company is now at Toronto, Canada, and may be consulted either in person or by letter on all chronic diseases peculiar to man. Men, young, old, or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headache, pimples on the face or body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eye lids, and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes surrounded with leaden ircle, oily looking skin, etc. are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity and death unless cured. The spring or vital force having losts its tension, every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance may be permanently cured. Send your address for book on all diseases peculiar to man. Book sent free sealed. Heart disease, the symptoms of which are faint spells, purple lips, numbness, palpitation, skip beats, hot flushes, rush of blood to the head, dull pain in the heart which beats strong, rapid and irregular, the second heart beat quicker than the first, pains about the breast bone, etc., can positively be cured. No cure, no pay. Send for book. Address M. V. LUBON, 24 Macdonell Ave, Toronto, Canada.

Make a hollow box 1½ inches deep and a foot square; line the bottom with ordinary window glass, or better still, plate looking glass; have a sheet of common or plate glass to form the cover. Now cut out of paper a variety of little figures and put them into the box, together with a few small feathers and any other light substances; then rub the surface of the glass cover with a warm, dry silk handkerchief. In a minute the figures and feathers become electrified and asume an erect position, dancing around at a rapid rate to every motion of the rubber, causing much amusement to the looker on.

Queer world! Queer people! Here our men and women by thousands suffering from all sorts of diseases, bearing all manners of pain, spending their all on physicians and "getting no better, but rather worse," when right at hand there's a remedy which says it can help them because it helped thousands like them. "Another patient-medicine advertisement," you say. Yes—but not that of the ordinary sort. The medicine is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and it's different from the ordinary nostrum's in this:—

It does what it claims to do, or it costs you nothing!

The way is this: You pay your druggist $1.00 for a bottle. You read the directions, and you follow them. You get better or you don't. If you do, you buy another bottle, and perhaps another. If you don't get better you get your money back. And the queer thing is that so many people are willing to be sick when the remedy's so near at hand.

Before celery is used on the table it is a good plan to keep the roots, leaves and trimmings and put them in the oven when the fire is nearly out to dry thoroughly. Then grate the roots and rub everything together through a sieve and use for seasoning. This bit of economy is recommended by a Frenchman, who says that in a well regulated kitchen everything may be put to some good use if a housekeeper is careful and "brainy."

If it's sciatica, bathe with Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, pressing the muscles and nerves hard.

CHARLIE LAKE.

The Sun Correspondent Makes Some Errors in his Description.

We reproduce from the Sun, of the 4th ult., a description of Charlie lake, Shogomoc, for the purpose of making some corrections that are necessary, otherwise the article may do damage to the owners of property in the neighborhood of the lake, as all who read the Sun's article may not know the facts of the case:

"A pleasant drive of some thirty-eight miles from Fredericton upon the west side of the river St. John through the flourishing parish of Kingsclear, Prince William and Dumfries and over a road diversified by hills and valleys and past the long stretch of level land known as The Barony, the traveller arrives at the Pokiok extract works. Here are long and neatly piled tiers of hemlock bark by the roadside, opposite the factory, and a cluster of buildings occupied by the employes. A short distance further on, one is fully rewarded for the ride by the highly picturesque view of the Pokiok falls and the deep rocky gorge, now icicle margined, through which its waters rush and tumble in their haste to mingle with those of the noble St. John. Four miles further on lies the mouth of the Shogomoc. Here extending along the road for nearly a mile and gradually widening as it recedes from the river, and lying between the Allandale settlement and Charlie lake, is situated what is known as the Pompelli estate. This land extends back about ten miles. With the exception of the cleared land lying between the road and the river and a portion on the westerly side of the road, this immense estate is still a forest, not unbroken however, for it has been for years the scene of busy lumber operations, and the Saxby gale and destructive fires have also robbed it of much of its previous wealth and grandeur. Still there is a wealth of hemlock, spruce and hardwoods growing upon its hundreds of acres if the difficulty of getting it to market did not prevent its successful manufacture. This vast property was at one time owned by a highly respectable and well-to-do farmer, Benj. Ingraham, who in addition to cultivating his large farm, operated a grist and saw mill, and with his elder sons carried on a considerable lumber business. After their father's death, lured by greater possibilities of wealth, the sons migrated westward, where it is said that one or more of them still hold lucrative positions.

The property eventually came into the hands of a wealthy American named Pompelli, with the exception of the homestead and a portion adjoining, which was retained by the widow and the younger son and is still occupied by them. Considerable additions were made from time to time to the acreage of the estate by Pompelli, and the present mill at the mouth of the Shogomoc was built by his foreman, a Mr. Longstaff. Pompelli dying suddenly, the estate was once more put upon the market and came into the hands of W. C. Watson of Worcester, Mass., who for some years lumbered and operated the mill, and leased out lumber permits from time to time. To give a faint idea of what a wealth it at one time had, it may be stated that long after it was supposed to be shorn of its best spruce chance, R. A. Estey procured a three years' lease from 1885 to 1888, of a small portion of it and cut and had successfully transported to his mill at Fredericton six million of spruce lumber. Mr. Watson became financially embarrassed, the estate again changed hands and this time became, and now is the property of two gentlemen residing in Fredericton.

Following the various windings of the rocky Shogmoc, past the dams once used for driving the lumber to the mill at its mouth, in a short time one would almost believe himself to be in the depth of the unbroken forest, though but a short distance from the busy scenes of husbandry. In these districts it is not uncommon to come upon large game. Fur bearing animals, such as the mink, otter, and sable abound here.

About four miles from the mouth of the stream is the outlet of Charlie lake and it is with this lake and its surroundings this sketch has to do. The lake itself is about one-quarter of a mile wide and three-quarters long. On the left of this lake a short distance from it, is the site of an old lumber camp operated over sixty years ago by John Glasier, now senator, who first commenced operations here getting out large pine. Your correspondent is indebted to a gentleman of this city for the following tale of Charles Fleming, a singular individual who lived alone in the solitary fastnesses of the Shogomoc forest and from whom it is said the lake takes its name. He is said to have been a pirate and freebooter on the high seas, and many a dash and bloody fray he is supposed to have taken part in. It is not known whether he voluntarily engaged in this terrible work, but it is quite certain that for many years he followed this dash and bloody calling, until eventually along with the rest of the crew he had been run down, and the most of the crew being either killed or taken prisoners, he alone managed to escape, and a fugitive from justice and the stain of blood upon him, he sought to hide from justice and the face of his fellow men. He wandered on until he found a refuge in the rocky fastness of the Shogomoc woods, supplying his wants with the fish and game from the lakes and forests, and by such such products as he could raise from such portions of the land as he had by degrees cleared; and as year by year he added to it, he raised potatoes, grain and hay and as the lumberman gradually intruded into his locality and the fear of capture gradually began to wear off, he was enabled to exchange for such articles as he might stand in need of. He was very very superstitious and was always doing something to drive away the ghosts that were nightly appearing to him, his only, companion in his exile being a little dog. Here he continued to live for a number of years gradually clearing up quite a farm, faint outlines of which can still be seen, but a second growth has come up over it, and good merchantable logs have been cut off the fields where he once cut his hay. I have talked with several aged men living in the vicinity of Fredericton who, when stiil youths, were engaged in the woods at the Shogomoc and used to spend many an evening in Charlie Fleming's cabin. By degrees, as his mind became unburdened of the fear of capture, he told of how, on the coast of Spain, the crew being broken up, had buried a vast amount of gold and treasure, and this knowledge coming to the ears of some enterprising citizens of the city of St. John then came to Charlie's residence at the lake and induced Charlie to go to St. John with them. They then procured a vessel and had her loaded with lumber of some description, with apartments fitted up in the centre of the lumber to conceal Charlie, and it was done so skillfully that to any one not in the secret it would appear as a solid pile. Thus equipped, they set sail for the Spanish coast. But there a disappointment awaited them. The site where the treasure was hidden was covered by a town which had grown up after Charlie had been driven off the sea. The appearance of a strange vessel with a cargo foreign to what was an article of commerce there, hovering around their coast, aroused the suspicion of the Spanish authorities, who had the vessel detained and the crew put into prison, and it was only through the intervention of the British consul that they were eventually allowed their liberty and proceeded back to St. John with their vessel. Charlie Fleming remained all the time in his quarters in the centre of the cargo unobserved. After returning to St. John nothing more was heard of Charlie Fleming by the settlers in the vicinity of Charlie lake, but he is supposed to have died there, and the lake and clearing in the Shogomoc woods still bear his name."

A writer to the St. John Sun, in speaking of the Shogomoc land says that the lumber on the lands has been greatly destroyed by the Saxby Gale and fires and that it is difficult to get the lumber to market. In this he has made a mistake, inasmuch as the Saxby Gale never reached as far up as the Shogomoc and only some three or four hundred acres of the land has been touched by the fire—not very much out of about 11,000 acres. And furthermore there is not any trouble to speak of in getting the lumber out to the river St. John; the lands being only about four miles from the river. This can be substantiated by the very oath of authority. The land is of good healthy growth and there is now a large quantity of spruce and hardwood on the premises.

The following letter from Peter Woods, C. E., speaks for itself:

"I cannot see any greater facilities for getting timber to market than there is on the Shogomoc. All those lands comprising the Pompelli estate are within easy distances of good driving streams and lakes; all on the west side can be hauled into Charlie Lake and stream, a good deal of it into the St. John river and the remainder in the Shogomoc Lake and river. The Shogomoc may be a little rocky, but with good dams and a good head of water there would be no trouble in getting it out. There is now a large amount of hemlock on the ground, also of good spruce lumber, besides great quantities of excellent hardwood. The Saxby gale did not reach there at all but of course the fires have burned over some of the ground on the west side of said estate, perhaps 300 or 400 acres, perhaps more; but that is not much out of 11,000 acres.

VERY HARD INDEED.

There are many things that appear unnecessary, and which for the life of us we can see neither purpose nor end. It may be corns are just one of those thorns in the flesh the why and the wherefore of which we cannot see. Nevertheless they are of the kind that are easily removed. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor makes short work of them. Try it and see how nicely it coaxes them out. Use none other than Putnam's Corn Extractor. Sold by druggists.

Popular Music Teacher—Piper—I was playing some classic music at the party the other night at Snobb's when the company stampeded.

Smith—Where did they go?

Piper—They went down into the kitchen to hear the cook sing "Maggie Murphy's Home."

A GENERAL OVERCOME.

Dear Sirs,—I suffered from general weakness and debility and my system was completely run down and I found B. B. B. the best medicine I ever tried. I would not be without it for a great deal. MISS NELLIE ARMSTRONG, Dublane, P. O., Ont.

Forced To It.—Reporter: You know Miss Bilter, who writes poetry for the newspapers? I tried to interview her the other day, but she wouldn't let me. She said I could get a better idea of her from her work.

Editor—What did you do about it?

Reporter—What could I do? I had to read her poetry.

Some tobaccos spurt up in the pipe while smoking, with little crackling explosions. This is caused by the addition of foreign matter to assist the combustion. When the purity of the tobacco is not tampered with and it has been properly taken care of, this combustible foreign matter is wholly unnecessary. For in that case it burns at a lower temperature than almost anything else. Nothing of this kind is seen in smoking the "Myrtle Navy." It burns with steady combustion throughout.

Jaysmith—I'm going to sue the Howler for libel. It called me a thief.

McWatty—But papers are allowed to print the news, you know.

Jaysmith—But that isn't news.

McWatty—True enough. Everybody knows it now.

EASILY CAUGHT.

Croup, colds, sore throat and many painful ailments are easily caught in this changeable climate. The never-failing remedy is just as easily obtained in Hagyard's Yellow Oil, which is undoubtedly the best of all the many remedies offered for the cure of colds or pains.

Managing Editor: We shall have to lay you off, Mr. Screed. Sorry; but I hope you feel resigned to what can't be helped.

Screed—No, I don't feel resigned a little bit; I feel fired!

DR. T, A. SLOCUM'S

Oxygenized Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil. If you are Feeble and Emaciated—Use it. For sale by all druggists. 35 cents per bottle.

To relieve unnatural thirst drop a half dollar in lemon juice or peppermint essence and roll it in the mouth. A splinter of fresh pine rolled about in the mouth gives great relief to some people.

DR. T. A. SLOCUM'S

Oxygenized Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil. If you have consumption—Use it. For sale by all druggists. 35 cents per bottle.

The man who runs a partisan country paper and prints it on a hand press may not be an Italian, but he owns a hand-organ all right enough.

Originated by a physician, Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is prescribed by many regular doctors.

GRAF UNDER THE LASH.

Turnkey Macaulay Administers Twenty Stripes for Indecent Assault.

The young mulatto, Frederick Graf, received his first whipping of twenty lashes in St. John on Monday afternoon, at 2.30 o'clock.

Ever since the trial, when the enormity of his vile offence was made known to Graf, the first instalment of the penalty has ever been before him, and it is impossible to picture his feelings when Monday morning he awoke to the realization that the day had come.

As early as 2 p. m. those to whom passes had been sent began to arrive. A few minutes before the appointed time there assembled in the jailor's room, besides Mr. Rankin, sheriff Harding, Dr. James Christie, chief of police Clark, city marshal McPherson, Turnkey Macaulay and Clifford and the reporters for the press.

The jailer, in the interval, entertained the visitors with a story of a dog which had pulled all of the feathers from a chicken belonging to him. The sheriff and Dr. Christie then

Proceeded to Graf's Cell,

where the physician examined the prisoner. It was found that Graf's heart was somewhat excited, no doubt from his anticipation of the punishment. On the return of the doctor and sheriff Harding, the party waited until the time was up, and sharp on the close of the half hour, at the jailer's signal, slowly climbed the stairs leading to the upper corridor. There, securely strapped to the iron grating which overlooked the stairway, was Graf, the upper part of his body entirely bared, and his face wearing a sullen expression not unmixed with apprehension. He had socks only on his feet.

So far as could be judged, the fear of the ordeal weighed greater on his mind than its degradation. Beyond merely glancing at their faces as they ascended the stairs, he paid no attention to the visitors, the short time which intervened between the arrival of the party and the operation, being occupied by him in clutching the bars a little higher with his hands, or speaking a word or two to Turnkey Clifford who was engaged in further securing him to the bars by the waist. With his arms raised high above his head, and as he occasionally moved in his uncomfortable position, Graf seemed to be of a very athletic build, the muscles of his back and neck bulging out prominently, and his biceps being also well developed, for his age.

The party having formed in a sort of crescent, the sheriff instructed Turnkey Clifford to tally, and then gave the word to Turnkey Macaulay, who advanced to within four feet of Graf, holding in his hand,