Fire Insurance Business in Canada for the Year 1913 - continued

Fire Insura	rance Business in Canada for t						Business of 1912		Business of 1913		
COMPANIES	Per cent. of Losses incurred to Premiums						Net Cash	Net	Net Cash received for	Net in	to
	1297	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	Issael for	Losses Incurred	Premiums	Incurred Pr	Premiums
Alliance . Atlas . Caledonian . Commercial Union . Employers' Liability . General . Guardian . Law, Union & Rock . Liverpool & L. & G . London & Lancashire . London Assurance . Northern . Norwieh Union . Palatine .	p. c. 64.1 52.6 52.1 46.6 50.3 66.2 38.2 52.7 60.4 62.9 45.7	63.8	44.2	63.34 58.90 55.65	55.85 67.14 51.98 53.97 31.33 77.12 63.88 51.74 53.70 64.21 35.75 57.80 47.49 47.23	54.5 6.6 52.4	174,006 264,818 827,130 1212,748 1212,748 1614,269 252,008 3 940,875 6 636,980 770,887 73,594 15 996,924	457,51 311,26 420,12 4,91 522,88 2,96	34,530 259,958 279,748 891,802 3 236,795 911,300,000 5 673,804 4718,600 805,200 187,594 44 718,600 187,594 44 718,600 187,594 44 1,291,62	375,829 462,937 90,900 567,14 3 773,84	55.00 47.00 43.7: 58.3: 52.3: 57.4 48.4: 55.1:
Phœnix. Provincial. Royal. Royal Exchange. Royal Exchange Nations	63.0	50.6	52.5	42.85	53.37 40.23 48.83	57.3 39.3 3 38. 8 54. 44.	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5 127,8 5 135,7 8 228,3 19 193,2	97 406,21 58 361,12 75 475,55 230 503,12	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 50. 1 57. 1 51.
Sun	56.	3	8 51.4	61.64	- and annual residence	-	273.35	25 6,161,5	243 13,063,9		14 53
Yorkshire Totals and Averages	-	5 58.	1 49.7	57.05	2 53.8	3 50	.95 12,092,1				

†Estimated by The Chronicle.

SCOTTISH AMICABLE LIFE'S REPORT

Among the group of notable Scottish life offices which are known far and wide, the Scottish Amicable Life of Glasgow occupies an honoured position. For nearly a century it has been operating on the mutual principle, and managed always with characteristically Scottish prudence and foresight, it has attained an important position, not merely in regard to size but also in regard to service to its policyholders -the returns that it is able to make to them.

The year 1913 produced another satisfactory record for the Society. New business completed and paid for totalled just over \$4,800,000 which is not quite so large as in 1912, when this business amount-However, the Scottish Amicable considers quality rather than quantity in this matter of new business, as is evidenced by the fact that 171/2 per cent. of the proposals received for new assurance during the year were either declined or not completed. On the other hand the death ratio was particularly satisfactory, being but 76 per cent. of the sum expected by the Om. mortality table. Total policy claims for the year were \$1,377,940, and it is of interest to note that in the case of maturity of all those policies which had been effected with full participation in profits, the Society paid on the average two-thirds more than the sum originally insured; while in a number of cases the original sum assured had been more than doubled by bonus additions. In association with these facts is the further important one that commission and expenses of management were kept at under 12 per cent, of the premium income for the year.

With a premium income of \$2,159,135 and total income of \$3,513,030, outgoings were only \$2,193,530

so that the substantial addition of \$1,319,500 was made to the net funds which amounted at December 31 last, to \$31,026,070, invested in the highest grades of securities. Total policies in force amounted at the same date to \$64,083,705.

At the recent annual meeting some illuminating remarks were made by the chairman regarding the fall in the value of leading investments. "To a Society circumstanced as we are," he said, "depreciation in security values arising from monetary stringency is not a cause for regret, but is a positive advantage. The fall in values due to the increased earning power of capital affects materially only that portion of the funds which is invested in permanent or comparatively long-dated securities. Then, too, the Society's assets are not confined to existing funds. They include, of course, future premiums, and with a constant excess of income over outgo, we are not called upon to realise securities, but are enabled to reinvest our maturing securities, and to invest our fresh funds at more remunerative rates. The result, as I have said, is a positive gain and an increased profit-earning capacity. Paradoxical as it may sound, what we have really to prepare against is a fall in the rate of interest and appreciation in the value of our investments. I think you need feel no appre-hension in regard to the ability of the Society to maintain its high reputation as a great bonus-paying Office.'

As a sequel to the various dangerous fires which have taken place lately in the down-town district of Toronto, the City Council has been asked by various fire prevention authorities to appoint a fire commis-