This is the largest of its kind in the world, having a lift of 65 feet, and two movable locks of 135 feet long by 33 feet wide, with 8 feet draught, passing vessels through from both directions at once in the wonderfully short time of less than ten minutes. The structure is very massive and like all the works on the modern portions of this canal, is made of concrete; the movable and mechanical parts being of steel, with hydraulic and compressed air power.

The completion of the Trent Canal from the Georgian Bay to the St. Lawrence, by way of the Bay of Quinte, will place Peterborough and other inland towns almost on a par with the Lake Ontario ports as regards shipping facilities. It will also give access to many places on the inland lakes hitherto inaccessible.

Through the generosity of the late Mrs. Nicholls Peterborough has secured several pretty little parks and recreation grounds. The citizens are also indebted to the same lady for handsome bequests to several churches; the Nicholls' Hospital which she erected and endowed; the Public Library; Young Men's Christian Association; the Protestant Home for aged persons, and also for many private bequests.

The Peterborough Historical Society, an affiliated branch of the Ontario Historical Society, has its headquarters at Inverlea, the former residence of the late Judge Dennistoun. This property is one of those purchased and given to the town by the late Mrs. Nicholls, and the residence situated in the centre, forms an excellent building for the purposes of the Historical Society. The idea of founding a museum