POOR DOCUMENT

THE ALBERT STAR.

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J. A. BEATTY, MANAGER.

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WEDNESDAY, OCT. 17.

OUR MINERAL WEALTH.

The county of Albert, there is reason to believe, is possessed of mineral deposits of various kinds, which if taken hold of and worked properly could not fail to prove very productive. Already hundreds of thousands of dollars have been realized from her mines of albertite and manganese, and her quarries of gypsum, and there seems little doubt but that large deposits of various minerals exist at different points. The location of some of these deposits are known and have to some extent been tested, but on several occasions, when they were in a fair way of development circumstances have arisen which interferred with and stopped the work. The causes which have thus affected the progress of the development of our mineral wealth, have not been due in the majority of cases, to any want of good prospects of finding the mineral sought, but rather from a want of capital, and in others to a lack of well directed effort. It would seem that a belt of coal and manganese runs across the county from north to south. The manganese is found in the parishes of Hillsboro', Harvey and Alma. Any one who has examined the bluffs at Rosher, and along the coast to Alma, will have observed the seams of coal which are to be seen at various points on the coast and run back inland. Gold, silver and copper, have also been found in various parts of the county, and there is good reason for believing that these metals exist in paying quantities. Our county offers a most promising field to those desirous of opening up mines of the minerals named; but those attempting to do so should be prepared to test the prospects fairly, and not content to do a little desultory dabbling here and there, and depend upon luck rather than effort for the results. Such modes of prospecting due, as we have said to lack of capital, has injured mining in the county. The manganese mining that has been carried on in Harvey and Hopewell, it has always been understood, paid working expenses and the ore found was unusually rich. We hope that by another season those now carrying on prospecting and mining may be enabled to do so more energetically, and that others may become interested in opening up our doubtless rich mineral deposits.

A Dreadful Tragedy.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Oct. 15.—A horrible triple murder and suicide occurred near here this forenoon.

Mrs. Thomas Harrigan, 30, who lived in the suburbs, took her three children; five and three years and six months, and hanging them close to her in a hay mow set fire to the hay.

The mother and three children were burned to death, and the charred bodies of all four were found in the ruins. The little ones had perished in their mother's arms.

Mrs. Harrigan is believed to have been insane. Her husband left home this morning to go to Newark. At ten o'clock the Harrigan house was discovered to be on fire. Some neighbors rushed to the scene and put out the blaze.

Shortly afterward the barn was found to be in flames. The fire department was called and soon had the fire out. It was not until after the fire in the barn was subdued that Mrs. Harrigan and the children were missed.

Search was at once made for them and the bodies were found burned in a horrible manner. A kerosene can and some matches were discovered by firemen in the barn.

Big Gale at St. Pierre.

The damage done by the northeast gale that swept over this island on Tuesday night 9th inst. is not exaggerated by first reports. At least thirty lives were lost and great damage was done. A very heavy sea was running in this harbor. All the vessels at anchor put out an extra anchor and took other measures to outride the gale, but notwithstanding this the maritime casualities were many. Not less than fifty vessels dragged their anchors or parted their cables and were thrown upon the shore. Every effort made to keep off shore was fruitless, the gale blowing with such tremendous fury that even storm canvas could not be set. Some of the doomed vessels were thrown ashore in very exposed places, and the great seas breaking over them soon pounded them to pieces. No asistance could be rendered the shipwrecked men from the shore. The most of the crews jumped overboard and attempted to reach the shore by swimming, but many were drowned. Altogether there were nearly three hundred vessels at the port, not a single one of which escaped, without sustaining some damage.

COUNTERFEITERS ARRESTED.

A Wholesale Gathering in of a Certain $2 Bill Handlers.

NEW YORK, October 12.—For several months the local Secret Service agents have been trying to locate the gang of counterfeiters, supposed to be Italians, which has been flooding the lower east side with counterfeit two dollar silver certificates bearing the Handcock head. So much of their description of spurious currency was in circulation that many storekeepers refused to accept a two dollar bill of any kind. Finally the Secret Service officers got a clue, which led to the arrest of three members of the gang, who, though not the actual manufactures, were the passers of the counterfeit money. Last Saturday Mrs. Angelina Farsolona and Joeseph Moore were arrested at the woman's rooms, in Albany, and a large quantity of the counterfeit bills found in their possession. They were examined and held for trial. A half-burned letter discovered in the rooms gave another clue as to where the woman's husband, Demenico Farsolona, thirty years old, could be located in this city. Farsalona was soon under surveillance. The officers found no less than thirty separate instances where he had passed one of the counterfeit $2 silver certificates. He was arrested on Grand street, but none of the spurious money found on him.

Following up the arrests of counterfeiters made last Saturday, the secret service detectives, headed by Acting Supt. Baggs, have succeeded in capturing half-a-dozen other counterfeiters in this city, who have been acting in concert, and flooding the country with spurious silver certificates. Six prisoners arrested were taken from Ludlow street gaol and locked up to await examination before United States Commissioner Shields. Mr. Baggs has warrants in his possession for the arrest of more than a dozen others who are charged with being parties in the scheme. The last prisoners captured have been acting in concert with Domenico Farsolona. One of the principal places in this city where counterfeiting was carried on was a basement beneath a barber shop at No. 111 West Twenty-sixth street.

Mr. Blake Denounced.

"A warning to the Irish people and friends of Ireland in America—An Irish Whig agent in our midst," is the title of a circular that has been issued by the Irish Independent Parliamentary party. It starts off by stating that a circular purporting to emanate from persons styling themselves the Irish National Federation of America, who claim to represent the Irish people in the United States, has been addressed to various Irish organizations asking them to assist in a reception to be given to a Mr. Blake. It further states that it would be well for friends of the Irish cause to know who this Mr. Blake is and what he represents. Continuing, the circular states that the Hon. Edward Blake, M. P., after the death of Mr. Parnell, went to Ireland from Canada, where he was received with open arms by those who, it is said, hounded Parnell to his grave. It is claimed that the hon. gentleman represents an inharmonious aggregation of political factions that are all tied to the British chariot wheels, and also the men who betrayed Parnell and the Irish cause. And also that he represents the men who voted to reduce Irish representation in the House of Commons and men who betrayed the evicted tenants. The circular closes by stating that such as the Mr. Blake, who comes to the United States to boom as the representative of Irish national aspirations, and such is the party he has the "unblushing effrontery to ask Irishmen in America to assist financially."—Ex.

The Pretender Duke.

PARIS, October 9.—The young Duke of Orleans' debut as Pretender is not altogether unattended by mortification and humiliation. The Duke recently sent a member of his household to Brussels for the purpose of leasing a mansion there, so as to be within easy reach of Paris, both by telephone and by rail. The Belgian King, however, has caused it to be intimated to his young cousin, not only privately, but also publicly in the semi-official Belgian press, that he does not desire his permanent presence in his capital. He explained that he was very fond of the Duke as a near relative, but that he did not desire Brussels to be used as the headquarters of any Royalist conspiracy against the Republican Government in France, and that, therefore, if the Duke came to Brussels he would prefer that he should limit his stay to a fortnight, or three weeks at most. Then, too, it will be remembered that, with one exception, the sovereigns to whom the Duke sent telegraphic notifications of the death of his father, signing the messages "Philippi"—that is, as if he were already king—all addressed their replies and their messages of condolence to the Comtesse de Paris, or to Queen Marie Amelie of Portugal, totally ignoring the Duke. Strangely enough, the only exception to this rule was young Emperor William, who addressed his despatch straight to the Duke. It is, perhaps, this that leads the intimate friends of the new pretender to declare that their master has a warm admiration for the Emperor of Germany, in whose character he finds many analogies to his own.

One Side of the Picture.

(See next by same author.)

"O Woman! lovely woman! nature made thee
To temper man. We had been brutes without thee.
There's in you . . . amazing brightness,
purity and truth,
Eternal joy, and everlasting love."—Otway.
To keep thy temper even and to soothe
Thy Headaches, and thy Corns and Bunions, too,
We recommend you try our PRUSSIAN OIL.
'Tis just the thing to banish Pains and Aches,
It's good "from top to toe." Try it, you'll find it takes.

Sold everywhere, large bottle. Price 25 cents.

THE WAR IN THE EAST.

The Japanese Victorious at Wi-Ju.

NEW YORK, Oct. 12.—The Herald's special from Shanghai says: The two Japanese students who were surrendered to the Chinese authorities by the American Consul here have been barbarously executed at Nankin by order of the Viceroy. They died bravely.

The viceroys of Hu-kwang and Yunnan have been ordered north to assist in the work of defence. The Chinese army is entrenched along the line of the new rectangular forts across the northeast border of Chi-li. The Manchus are held in reserve nearer to Tien-Tsin and Pekin.

The advanced wing of the Japanese is reported to be seven days' march from Moukden.

The white fleet holds the northern part of the Gulf of Pechili to prevent the retreat of the Chinese seaward after the battle which is expected to take place before long.

Many Chinese of advanced views advocate a foreign division of China in preference to the anarchy which is now impending.

LONDON, Oct. 11.—A dispatch to the Central News from Tokio says that a detachment of Japanese cavalry and infantry yesterday made an attack upon and routed a force of 2,000 Chinese at Wi-Ju, and that the place remains in the hands of the Japanese.

The Japanese force had been greatly delayed in its advance by the badness of the roads. The heavy guns could be brought forward but slowly, and the troops were compelled often to wait for supplies. Pioneer troops had to be used repeatedly to make the roads passable. The main Japanese column reached Yung-Chon, a short distance to the south of Wi-Ju, on October 4. There was no sign of the enemy. Four days later the scouts who had been sent out toward Wi-Ju reported that a small Chinese force still occupied the city.

The strength of the enemy was estimated at about 2,000. A strong body of infantry and cavalry, supported by light artillery, was thrown forward at once. The Chinese offered little resistance. They retired before the first attacking party, and eventually broke and fled across the Yalu. The Chinese loss was hardly more than a hundred killed and wounded. The Japanese line of communications is now complete throughout Corea. The Japanese expect further reinforcements to come to Wi-Ju by water.

A Japanese officer has been appointed governing commissary of Wi-Ju. The field telegraph has been in working order since last evening, and a regular courier service between Wi-Ju and the rear of the column began today.

It is reported to the Japanese officials that ten thousand Chinese troops occupy the north bank of the Yalu River, where they have completed eight batteries and are building more.

Field Marshal Count Yomagata has established his base of operations at Ping-Yang, which is convenient to the sea and easy of access for supplies. It is generally hoped that the Japanese will be in possession of Moukden by the early part of November. Other important military operations are under way, but their objects are as yet kept secret. Early results, however, are expected.

According to a Shanghai despatch, the assertion that the Japanese admiral has been making sham demonstrations with dummy war ships is unfounded in fact. The ships sent by the admiral to the Shan-Tung coast were genuine war ships. These ships, together with some Japanese transports, were seen and spoken by several local merchant steamers.

The Japanese fleet command the Shan-Tung coast and the Gulf of Pe-Chi-Li.

News received from Wei-Hei-Wei, under date of October 6, states that the Japanese fleet pays weekly visits to that place. Early on the morning of October 6 eight Japanese war ships in line made straight for the harbor until within a short distance of the entrance, when they separated, the gunboats playing about the western entrance. A few shots were fired at them from the fort defending that entrance. The forts at Wei-Hai-Wei are fully armed with 24 and 28 centimetre guns, which were lately received and placed in position, and the landing places are well defended. The harbor is considered impregnable.

China has been formally notified of the surrender and despatch to Nagasaki of the steamer Tenkyomaru, together with her European and Chinese crews.

A state of siege has been declared in the district of Hiroshima under article 14 of the Japanese constitution.

Advices from Seoul under yesterday's date say the Province of Chung-Chong-Do is now clear of rebels, but Togakutos are still in the Province of Kung-Sang-Do, where they include some fifty Chinese, who escaped from Asan. Of the latter twelve have been arrested and sent to Chemulpo as prisoners.

An embassy composed of eight Corean officers will leave Seoul for Hiroshima on October 13 to express the thanks of the King to the Emperor for having repressed the rebellious natives.

The Central News correspondent in Tokio says that the Emperor of Japan will receive the officials personally. The envoys will present to His Majesty a memorial requesting that Japan undertake to protect Corea permanently from foreign encroachment. The correspondent adds:

"The Japanese government means to establish Corea on a strong foundation in order that she may aid Japan in repelling the encroachments of Russia and other powers. Rumors that European interference to limit the war is possible cause astonishment here. The government cannot stop the war until its demands shall have been satisfied. There must be guarantees that China will not interfere further with Corea, and an ample war indemnity must be paid."

The Times has this despatch from its Tien-Tsin correspondent:

"The recent withdrawal of English and other families from Pekin appears to have been the result of a Japanese ruse. Information was imparted confidentially from Tokio of an intended descent upon the coast of the province of Pechili and attacks upon Pekin. This induced the foreign Ministers to take measures for the security of the women.

"The Japanese expected to excite Pekin and its population, but among the Chinese the effect has been rather to rouse the court to a resolute defence of the empire. Popular feeling in Pekin and Tien-Tsin is usually friendly to foreigners, whom the natives regard as a sort of pledge of safety.

"The chronic street rowdyism can easily be controlled, provided the foreign Ministers and Consuls insist on the Chinese officials doing their duty. The former heretofore have been culpably lax in this respect."

The Times correspondent in Paris says that negotiations are proceeding among Germany, France, the United States, Russia and England with a view to diplomatic action for the restoration of peace in the East. None of these powers, the correspondent says, advocates interferfering with the course of events by other than diplomatic means.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—China is suing for peace through the British minister at Tokio. She offers to recognize the independence of Corea and to pay a large money indemnity. This proposal emanates from Prince Kung and Li Hung Chang. The British Minister Mr. O'Connor, is waiting for Japan's reply.

LONDON, Oct. 13.—Le Journal, of Paris, to-day publishes a statement to the effect that the agents of the various powers will shortly hold a conference in Pekin, with a view to securing the appointment of a board of mediation, to arbitrate the China-Japanese trouble.

It is semi-officially announced in St. Petersburg that Great Britain is doing her best to induce the powers to join in an attempt to secure a cessation of the Chinese-Japanese war. It is considered certain that Russia will not permit Japan to permanently occupy Corea. In this Russia is sustained by Great Britain, and all the other powers are not sufficiently interested to do otherwise than acquiesce.

The Times to-day publishes a despatch from Shanghai stating that reports from Moukden confirm the statement that only four thousand Chinese troops, commanded by Gen. Tso, were at Ping Yang. They repulsed the Japanese until Gen. Tso was killed. This, it is added, explains the small Chinese loss.

The Berlin Tageblatt says it hears that Russia is still sending troops and war material to the Chinese frontier.

Shanghai despatches say that the steamer Tonkyomaru, the capture of which by the Japanese was announced in the despatches, was a transport engaged to bring reinforcements from the south. It is not known whether troops were on board when she was captured. The despatch adds that vague reports have been received from Hankin, to the effect that a fresh rising against the Mauchu dynasty is plotted there.

QUADRUPLE ALLIANCE.

European Powers Desire Peace in The Far East.

A despatch from Paris to the Herald says recent events in the far east are going to bring about considerable changes on the political chessboard of Europe. Negotiations have been in progress for several days past and are now ready to come to a head between France, England, Russia and Germany for quadruple alliance to protect foreigners in China. This new entente between France and Germany would have seemed impossible five years ago. The understanding between Russia and England on an Asiatic question would also appear equally impossible if it was not for the fact that all the European powers desire peace at any price. The quadruple alliance will also forbid Japan from destroying China. European powers will protect China in return for certain arrangements in the way of increased territory. Thus France will obtain rectification of the frontiers on the side of Burmah, Russia on the side of Siberia, while Germany will get some island or other which at present is under Chinese dominion. The Japanese share of the spoils will be fixed by the allied powers. A fact which is very noticeable is that Italy does not participate in the quadruple alliance in spite of the efforts of Signor Crispi's diplomacy. Europe is giving Italy to understand that as she has no commercial interest in China and that as there are very few Italians living in China there is nothing for her intervention.

Intercolonial Railway

On and after Monday the 1st October, 1894, the trains of this Railway will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

WILL LEAVE SALISBURY.

Express for St. John (daily)	7.30
Express for Moncton, Campbellton and Halifax	9.51
Express for St. John	13.43
Express for St. John	15.29
Express for Halifax	16.11
Express for Moncton, Quebec, Montreal	19.02
Accommodation for St. John	20.55

All trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

D. POTTINGER,
General Manager

Railway Office,
Moncton, N. B., 4th, October, 1894.

Canadian grape growers have been disposing of their grapes this season instead of making wine. They prefer doing this rather than run the risk of having to compete with French wines which will come into Canada under the French treaty. Dominion Analyst MacFarlane makes an official statement, however, that wine can be made from Canadian grapes equal to the Rhenish and French product.

FOR SALE.

The thoroughbred Ayrshire Bull "Wilford," 3 years old, No. 547, New Brunswick Herd Book, got by Clifford, dam May Bloom.
Also two thoroughbred Ayrshire heifers, one and two year old
MARINER T. STEEVES,
Shenstone, Albert Co.

Wanted.

An experienced miller, who thoroughly understands dressing stone and grinding, wants to rent, or work on shares, a grist mill. For further particulars apply to
R. F. STEEVES, Postmaster, or
CHARLES LAWRENCE, Hillsboro'.

Marble and Granite

Monuments and Grave-Stones.
T. F. Sherard & Son,
MONCTON, N. B.
Work Delivered Free.

ANGUS O'HANLEY,

Blacksmith,
Main St. Hillsboro', N. B.,
All kind of blacksmith work done with neatness and dispatch.
Horse Shoeing A Specialty.

W. G. BELL,

314 MAIN STREET.
MONCTON, N. B.
Cheapest Flour, Meal and Pork in the City, full line of English and American groceries on hand at
Lowest Prices.

JONES' BOOKSTORE.

Head Quarters For
School Books
—and—
School Supplies
Extra Good Value in
Exercise
—and—
Scribbling Books
Discount to Teachers.
Orders by Mail Receive Prompt Attention.
M. B. JONES,
Books and Stationery
TELEPHONE, 49; P. O. Box, 57.
Moncton, N. B.

New Brunswick, County of Albert, ss.

To the Sheriff of the County of Albert or any Constable within the said County. Greeting—

(L. S.) (Copy) Whereas Martin Carty, of the Parish of Elgin, in the County of Albert Farmer, one of heirs and next of kin of Patrick Carty senior, late of the said Parish and County, Farmer, deceased, hath by his petition set forth among other things that the said Patrick Carty senior, departed this life on or about the 4th day of March, A. D. 1894, having first made his last Will and Testament, thereby appointing David A. Moore and Patrick Carty Junior, the executors thereof, that said David A. Moore had duly revocated the executorship thereof, that the said Patrick Carty junior, had left the Province without either revocating his executorship or proving the said Will and praying that letters of administration thereof cum testamento annexo may be granted to him in due form of law.

You are therefore required to cite the said Martin Carty and the said Patrick Carty junior, the heirs and next of kin of the said deceased and all others interested in his estate and they are hereby cited to appear before me at a Court of Probate to be held at my office at Albert in the Parish of Hopewell in the County of Albert, on Thursday, twenty-fifth day of October, next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to show cause if any they have or know why the said Petitioner should not be admitted to prove said Will and letters of administration thereof as praying for granted to him in due form of the law.

Given under my hand and the seal of the said Court at the Parish of Hopewell, in the said County, this twenty-fourth day of September, A. D. 1894.

(Signed) W. ALDER TRUEMAN,
Judge of Probate,
County of Albert.

(Signed) JOS. H DICKSON,
Registrar of Probate,
County of Albert

IT PAYS

—TO—

Patronize us in the SPRING
Patronize us in the SUMMER
Patronize us in the FALL
Patronize us in the WINTER

And before placing orders IT PAYS to call at our establishment.

Don't forget the Address
BISHOP THE TAILOR,
171 Main Street,
MONCTON, N. B.
Will make monthly trips to A. Co.

CHINA DECORATING.

Mrs. E. H. Fox, (pupil of Miss Fairbanks, Boston,) will be in town for several weeks and will take pupils in China Painting. Orders for china also taken at the residence of Miss Emma Wallace.

NOTICE.

The undersigned hereby forbids and cautions all persons, corporations and commissioners of sewers against interfering in anywise with the roadbed and track of the Salisbury and Harvey Railway, as anyone so doing will be prosecuted to the utmost rigor of the law.

Dated, Railway Office, Hillsborough, the 26th day of July, A. D. 1894.

A. SHERWOOD,
Manager of the said railway.

COAL.

Expect to have vessel load of coal at Gray's Island, about 5th of October. Parties wishing supply for winter will please send in their order before first of month.
A. SHERWOOD,
R'y Office, Hillsboro', Sept. 17th, 1894.

I am now prepared to build to order,
Sleighs and Pungs,
of very latest design and finish as good as can be built in the best city shops, an at low prices.
P. W. F. BREWSTER,
ALBERT, N. B.

A Tony Affair

May mean a gathering of New York's four hundred, and even a hand-organ has a certain amount of tone; but for real richness and purity of tone the
"Mendelssohn" Piano
ranks with the best, and it is not only for its grand tone that it is so justly celebrated as it is also noted for that
Exquisite Touch and Beautiful Finish
so much desired by those wishing a really first-class instrument.
I cordially invite the public and musicians in particular to call at my music rooms and inspect these magnificent piano-fortes.
K. Bezanson's
Jewelry and Music Store
258 & 260 Main Street,
MONCTON, N. B.

J. C. STEWART & CO.,
Cor. Main and Downing Streets,
MONCTON, N. B.
CANNED GOOD,
BOTTLED GOODS,
CONFECTIONERY.
Butter and Cheese
A SPECIALTY.
Pork, Flour, Meal, &c.
EVERYTHING FRESH
NO CHEAP GOODS.
Special attention paid to orders outside the city. 6-6
J. C. STEWART & CO.

G. D. STEEVES

Corner Main and Academy street.
Received per A. J. and by Rail,

Cider Vinegar,
White Wine Vinegar.
Mixed Pickles,
Canned Corn "Delhi,"
Canned Peas "Delhi,"
Canned Salmon,
Granuiated Sugar,
Extra Yellow C. Sugar,
Pulverized Sugar,
Val Layer Raisins,
Soda Biscuit,
Brooms, Pails,
Colman's Starch,
Grey Cottons,
White Cotton,
Print Cotton,
Summer Suiting,
Flannellette,
Ladies' Blk. Hose,
Ladies' Blk. Mitts,
Clark's 300 yd Cotton,
Paris Green, Gem Preserve Bottles.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Will be sold at public auction on Saturday the twenty-second day of September, next at one o'clock in the afternoon at or near the office of Alexander W. Leeman, Esquire, Parish of Coverdale in the County of Albert, the lot of land belonging to John Miller of the said Parish and County bounded and described as follows:

"Beginning at a post standing on the western side of the Pow Road where the Southern line of lot number one hundred and thirty granted to John A. Miller on the Southern side of Bannister Road intersects the said Pow Road, thence from said post along the western side of last mentioned road running by the magnet south three degrees and thirty minutes, west thirty-seven chains to another post thence North eighty-six degrees and thirty minutes west five chains to another post, thence south three degrees and thirty minutes west thirteen chains to a pine tree, thence north eighty-six degrees and thirty minutes west fifteen chains to another pine tree, thence north three degrees and thirty minutes east fifty chains to another post and thence south eighty-six degrees and thirty minutes east twenty chains to the place of beginning containing ninety-three acres more or less and distinguished as lot number one hundred and thirty-two, west on Colpitts Brook south of Bannister Road" the said lands being granted to said Miller by the crown by grant dated December 15th, 1862, by number 22,826 the same having been seized and taken by virtue of a warrant issued by W. O. Wright, Esquire, Secy-Treas. of the County of Albert at the suit of the Trustees of School of District No. 15, in the Parish of Coverdale in the County of Albert versus the said John Miller, the said lands having been duly viewed as required by law.

WILLIAMS WOODWORTH,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Hopewell, Aug 9, 1894.

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FOOT-WEAR

and compare values.

All Lines Marked Down to Suit The Times.

Men's Undershirts and Drawers,
Wool Top Shirts,
Gloves, Socks, etc.

NO CREDIT!

Archibald Steeves,
Opp. Bap. Church.

W. F. FERGUSSON'S
Fall - Importations.

Per S. S. Corean from Glasgow. Per S. S. Chickahominy from London.

Ladies' German Made Jackets and Ulsters, New and Fashionable Dress Goods and Trimmings in Ladies' Costume, Check Costume Homespuns, Knicker Costume, York Serge, Covert Suiting, Vigoureaux Coating, Cheviot Serge, Satin Amazon, and a full line small wares and Trimmings.

10 Cases Canadian Staples.

W. F. FERGUSSON.
174 Palmer Block, Moncton.

KARN PIANOS.

Endorsed by the leading musicians and used by the following Provincial Musical Institutions:

St. Martins Seminary — Sackville Academy
St. Joseph's College — Buctouche Convent
Halifax School for the Blind.

They are also used and highly recommended by Toronto Conservatory of Music and other Upper Province Musical Institutions.

Now is the time to get a good Piano—Will take your Old Piano or Organ in exchange.

We are SOLE AGENTS for Karn Pianos and Karn Organs for the Maritime Provinces. Also have other grades of cheaper American and Canadian Pianos.

Write us for our Catalogues and get our terms and prices before buying elsewhere.

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229 Main Street, - - - - - MONCTON.

Autumn 1894.

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CENTRAL BOOKSTORE.

All the Educational Books in use can be found at Central, full stock constantly on hand.

Special Books ordered with all possible expedition.

Best possible discounts allowed; teacher's mail orders have immediate attention.

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Suitable For All Ages.

Are unexcelled in their elegance of style, comfort of fit, superiority of material and workmanship.

THEY ARE MADE IN THE FOLLOWING SIZES AND STYLES:

Style 222. Misses' 7 to 12 years. — Style 333. Misses' 12 to 17 years. — Style 444. LADIES'.

They are furnished with adjustable shoulder straps, stitched-edge button-holes, tape-fastened buttons, and can thus be laundried when necessary without injury to the garment.

These waists are equally a Boon to the Invalid as well as the most robust; no unhealthy compression of the vital parts existing to restrict the utmost freedom of action or fullness of respiration. To school children, misses, and young ladies who practice calisthenics, and thus acquire that elasticity of step, erectness of figure and gracefulness of deportment which are so much and justly admired, they are absolutely indispensable. For therapeutic qualities alone they have no equal, and are thus highly endorsed by the best medical authorities throughout the Dominion.

FOR SALE BY
WILLIAM COWLING & CO.,
MONCTON, N. B.

HARNESS, COLLARS, Etc.

Parties in need of anything in the
Harness AND Collar Line
will profit by calling at
141 MAIN STREET, MONCTON,
—where—
E. W. STEEVES
Will attend to their wants. Robes, Wraps, Blankets, etc., at lowest prices.
Call and examine?