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The Evening Gazette is Growing in Circulation more rapidly than any daily paper East of Montreal.

The Evening Gazette.

The Evening Gazette is the Largest daily paper in the Maritime Provinces.

WANTS. TEN CENTS is all it costs you to Advertise for anything you want.

VOL. III.---WHOLE NO. 688. ST. JOHN, N. B., FRIDAY, JULY 25, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Commercial Buildings.

OPENED JULY 9TH.

A FULL LINE OF GENTS' FINE LISLE THREAD UNDERWEAR, COFFEE COLOR.

FRENCH BALBRIGGAN,

WITH A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

SHIRTS, White and Colored.

AT LOWEST PRICES.

NECK TIES, HANDKERCHIEFS AND HOSIERY.

J. W. MONTGOMERY'S,

FOOT OF KING STREET.

Welsh, Hunter & Hamilton.

We have just received a very choice lot of

Gentlemen's Scarfs, Ties, &c.,

of the most fashionable colors and designs.

We keep also a very fine stock of

White and Regatta Shirts,

Collars, Cuffs, Half Hose,

Summer Underwear, &c., &c.

97 KING STREET.

Canopy Hammock.

A NEW AND USEFUL LAWN ADORNMENT,

Easily Set Up and Portable. Correspondence Invited.

F. E. HOLMAN, 48 KING STREET. SAINT JOHN, N. B.

BEADED CAPES.

Corsets, Gloves, Sunshades

—AND—

Neck Frilling.

OPEN THIS WEEK.

KEDEY & Co., - 213 Union St.

NOW THAT THE BIG RUSH IS OVER,

I have again got my stock fully sorted up, and am now showing a better ASSORTMENT THAN EVER. The low price at which I have been selling

FURNITURE

has been a marvel, and a visit to my store will convince anyone that this is still being continued. NO NEED TO ENUMERATE. For Quantity, Variety, Value and Elegance the stock of all kinds of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE is hard to Surpass.

Prompt attention paid to all who call, whether purchasers or not.

JOHN WHITE, - - 93 to 97 Charlotte St.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

Violin Players are requested to call and see our fine line of VIOLINS. Prices low and instruments are the best we have ever had.

Violin Strings, Pegs, Tail Pieces, Accordeons, Concertinas, Harmonicas, Mouth Organs, Jews Harps, Sporting Goods, Boxing Gloves, Lacrosse Sticks, Rubber Goods, Cheap Reading, Song Books, Toys in variety, Dolls all sizes.

PRICES LOW AND LARGE STOCK AT

WATSON & CO'S,

Corner Charlotte and Union Streets.

ONLY ANOTHER WEEK OF

SLAUGHTER.

To Make Room for a Big Mid-Summer Stock. Don't Neglect this Great Opportunity to Save Money. You can Almost Hear the Prices Tumble.

Women's $2.25 Fine Dongola Kid Button Boots for $1.50;
Women's 2.50 Heavy American Dongola Silk Filled Boots only $1.75;
Women's 3.25 Fine French Kid Button Boots, opera toes, only $2.25;
Women's 3.75 Glove Kid American Button, opera toes, only $2.50;
Women's 4.00 French Precese, Hand Sewed, Double Seamed, Button Boots $3.25;
Women's 1.75 Fine Dongola Kid Oxford Tie Shoes, only $1.45;
Women's 2.00 Ve-y Fine Calf Oxford Tie Shoes for $1.25;
Women's 1.25 Fine Calf Oxford Tie Shoes for 95c;
Men's $3.50 Fine Dongola Dress Bal. Boots, for $2.65;
Men's $2.50 Fine Calf Bal Boots for $1.85;
Women's $2.25 Common Sense Button Boots for $1.75;
Men's $2.00 Calf Oxford Tie Shoes for $1.50;
Men's 2.50 Dongola Oxford Tie Shoes, only $1.85;
Men's Very Heavy Double Soled Brogans, 90c;
Childs Heavy Calf Shoes, size 6, 7, 8, only 55c;
Childs 50c Oiled Pebbled Calf Shoes, Spring Heel, for 60c;
Childs $1.05 " " " " " " " 70c;
Infants Shoes and Boots 25c, 45, 65 and up;
Men's $3.25 Tailor Made Pants for $2.50 Men's $3.25 Tailor Made Pants for $2.25;
Boys' $5.00 P. E. Island Tweed Tailor Made Suits $3.95;
All Wool Heavy P. E. I. Tweeds, 45c, 50c and up; Cash paid for wool. Cloth exchanged for wool.

20TH CENTURY STORE, 12 CHARLOTTE STREET,

Under the Newport Hotel and near the Big Market.

TRYON WOOLEN MFG CO., Proprietors,

J. A. REID, Manager.

DeFOREST,

THE TAILOR.

BYAM'S IMPROVED "COMMON SENSE"

SASH BALANCE AND AUTOMATIC LOCK,

(self fastening), an appliance which does away with cords and weights, and can be applied to any

WINDOW FRAME, OLD OR NEW.

Simplicity of construction the wonder of all. Call and see them in operation at 107 Prince William street.

THOMAS ELLIS, Agent.

Also Agent for the Boynton Furnace Co., New York city.
Stront Patent System of Heating and Ventilating attachments.
Combination Gas Machine Co., Detroit, Mich.
Manager of the Dominion Lighting Co., ("Vapor Gas") of Saint John, N. B.
Correspondence solicited.

NURSES & CHILDREN'S CAPS

DONE EQUAL TO NEW.

UNGAR'S STEAM LAUNDRY,

26 to 34 Waterloo St., St. John, N. B.

62 and 64 Granville St., Halifax

FIRST EDITION.

DIPLOMATS AT WORK.

BEHRING SEA TROUBLES FULLY VENTILATED.

Forty Letters Between the Two Governments Laid Before Congress by President Harrison—The Rights of America in Alaskan Waters Set Forth in the Arguments of Secretary Blaine.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 23. The Behring sea correspondence, which President Harrison at last sent to Congress today, bears almost on its face full confirmation of the statement that it is only necessary to read between the dispatches their natural consequences to see plainly that Blaine, following in Bayard's footsteps, had almost concluded a convention with Great Britain, which would have preserved the fur seals in Behring sea, as the United States cannot alone preserve them; that the negotiation was broken into by President Harrison's order that our revenue cutters should capture British sealers in Behring sea; that this order was practically revoked by modification after the protest and warning of the British government, and that thereupon negotiations were resumed looking to the settlement of the matter by arbitration as Harrison desired. Blaine's extreme irritation under the treatment he received from President Harrison on the one hand and the treatment he received from Lord Salisbury on the other, is well shown by the extremely undiplomatic language of his communications. The denials by Sir Julian Pauncefote of the statements recently made about this correspondence are rendered absurd by the correspondence itself. It is evident that when Harrison broke in upon Blaine's negotiations with his order to the revenue cutters, the relations between the two governments were strained, to say the least, and that the seizure of a Canadian sealer by a revenue cutter, followed by the recapture by a British cruiser, would have proved even more serious than has been supposed. Nor does it appear that the relations of the two governments have been normal again. The correspondence is likely to provoke a lively discussion, which will be particularly interesting to the Republican presidential aspirants.

The Letters.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 23.—The President today sent to the House the official correspondence between the government of the United States and the government of Great Britain touching the seal fisheries of the Behring sea. In his accompanying letter of transmittal to the President, Secretary Blaine, under date of Bar Harbor, July 19, regrets the delay in transmission which the President directed on the 11th inst., and says that the correspondence is still in progress. The correspondence includes 30 separate papers, beginning with a letter from Mr. Edwardes, first secretary of legation and charge d'affaires after Minister West's recall, dated Aug. 24. 1889, and closing with one from Secretary Blaine to Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British minister, dated July 19, 1890. The first letter is from Mr. Edwardes to Mr. Blaine, and is dated Bar Harbor, Aug. 24 1889. It says.

Repeated rumors have of late reached her majesty's government that United States cruisers have stopped, searched and even seized British vessels in Behring sea, outside the three-mile limit from the nearest land. Although no official confirmation of these rumors has reached her majesty's government, there appears to be no reason to doubt their authenticity. I am desired by the Marquis of Salisbury to inquire whether the United States government are in possession of similar information, and, further, to ask that stringent instructions may be sent by the United States government at the earliest moment to their officers, with the view to prevent the possibility of such an occurrence taking place. In continuation of my instructions, I have the honor to remind you that her majesty's government received very clear assurances last year from Mr. Bayard, at that time secretary of state, that, pending the discussion of the general questions at issue, no further interference should take place with British vessels in Behring sea. In conclusion, the Marquis of Salisbury desires me to say that Sir Julian Pauncefote, her majesty's minister will be prepared on his return to Washington in the autumn to discuss the whole question, and her majesty's government wish to point out to the United States government that a settlement cannot but be hindered by any measures of force which may be resorted to by the United States.

To this letter Mr. Blaine replied, on the same day and at the same place, that the same rumors, probably based on truth, had reached the government of the United States, but that up to date there had been no official communication received on the subject. He adds:

It has been and is the earnest desire of the President of the United States to have such an adjustment as shall remove all possible ground of misunderstanding with her majesty's government concerning the existing troubles in the Behring sea, and the President believes that the responsibility for delay in the adjustment, cannot be properly charged to the government of the United States. In the opinion of the President, the points at issue between the two governments are capable of prompt adjustment on a basis entirely honorable to both.

Sept. 11, last year, Mr. Edwardes asked when he might expect an answer to the request of his government, made Aug. 24, that instructions may be sent to Alaska to prevent the probability of the seizure of the British ships in Behring sea. Mr. Blaine, still at Bar Harbor, Sept. 14, replied that he had supposed that her majesty's government was satisfied of the President's earnest desire to come to a friendly agreement touching the Behring sea, and that the official instruction to Sir Julian Pauncefote, to proceed immediately after his arrival in October to a full discussion of the question, removing all necessity for preliminary correspondence touching its merits. Referring to Mr. Edward's question, he says:

A categorical response would have been, and still is, impracticable, unjust to this government, and misleading to the government of her majesty. It was, therefore, the judgment of the President, that the whole subject could more wisely be remanded to the formal discussion, so near at hand, which her majesty's government has proposed, and to which the government of the United States has cordially assented. It is proper however, to add that any instruction sent to Behring Sea at the time of your original request upon the 24th of August would have failed to reach those waters before the departure of the vessels of the United States.

Next, Mr. Edwardes left at the department of state a despatch received by him from the Marquis of Salisbury, who says that, without admitting the justice of the seizures, his government was very ready to agree that the subject was one deserving of the gravest attention, and that the Russian government was disposed to join in the proposed negotiations, but they were suspended for a time, in consequence of objections raised by the Dominion of Canada, and of doubts thrown on the physical data on which any restrictive legislation must have been based. The marquis adds:

Her majesty's government is fully sensible of the importance of this question, and of the great value which will attach to an international agreement in respect to it, and her majesty's representative will be furnished with the requisite instructions in case the secretary of state should be willing to enter upon the discussion.

In another letter to Mr. Edwardes, of the date of Oct. 2 last, the marquis transmits copies of affidavits bearing on the seizure of the British sealers Black Diamond and Triumph by the United States revenue cutter Rush. He says further:

It is apparent from these affidavits that the vessels were seized at a distance from land far in excess of the limit of maritime jurisdiction which any nation can claim by international law. In a dispatch to Sir L. West, dated Sept. 10, 1887, which was communicated to Mr. Bayard, I drew the attention of the government of the United States to the illegality of these proceedings, and expressed a hope that due compensation would be awarded to the subjects of her majesty who had suffered from them. I have not, since that time, received from the government of the United States any intimation of their intentions in this respect, or any explanation of the grounds upon which this interference with the British sealers' had been authorized. Mr. Bayard did, indeed, communicate to us, unofficially, an assurance that no further seizures of this character should take place, pending the discussion of the questions involved between the two governments. Her majesty's government must regret to find that this understanding has not been carried forward into the present year, and that instructions have been issued to cruisers of the United States to seize British vessels fishing for seals in Behring sea, outside the limit of territorial waters. The grounds upon which these violent measures have been taken, have not been communicated to her majesty's government, and still remain unexplained, But, in view of the unexpected renewal of the seizures of which her majesty's government have previously complained, it is my duty to protest against them, and to state that, in the opinion of her majesty's government, they are wholly unjustified by international law.

It appears that Mr. Blaine inquired what authority there was for the above stated assurance of Mr. Bayard, as in a note in Oct. 14 last Mr. Edwardes says that it was an assurance communicated unofficially to his lordship by the United States minister in London, and also by Mr. Bayard to Minister West, in April 1888. The correspondence between Secretary Blaine and the new British minister began Jan. 22 of this year, with a very long letter from the secretary to Sir Julian Pauncefote. The secretary opened with an acknowledgement of the receipt of the papers bearing on the seizures made by the Rush. He says:

In the opinion of the President, the Canadian vessels arrested and detained in the Behring sea were engaged in a pursuit that was in itself contraband. Pursuit which of necessity involves a serious and permanent injury to the rights of the government and people of the United States. To establish this ground it is not necessary to argue the question of the extent and nature of the sovereignty of this government over the waters of the Behring sea; it is not necessary to explain, certainly not to define, the powers and privileges ceded by his Imperial Majesty the Emperor of Russia, in the treaty by which the Alaskan territory was transferred to the United States. The weighty considerations growing out of the acquisition of that territory, with all the rights on land and sea inseparably connected therewith, may be safely left out of view, while the grounds are set forth upon which this government rests its justification for the action complained of by her majesty's government.

The Secretary then speaks of the value of the seal fisheries, which were controlled by Russia without interference or question until the cession of Alaska to the United States in 1867. He continues:

The undisturbed possession continued to the United States until 1886. The United States government had made successful efforts to improve and preserve the fisheries, resulting in the payment of more than $12,000,000 to English laborers for the preparation of the seal skins, and the elevation to civilization of the natives of Alaskan islands. The precedents, customs and rights had been established and enjoyed, either by Russia or the United States, for nearly a century. The two nations were the only powers that owned a foot of land on the continents that bordered, or on the Islands included within, the Behring waters, where the seals resort to breed. Into this peaceful and secluded field of labor, whose benefits were so equitably shared by the native Aleuts of the Pribyloff islands, by the United States and by England, certain Canadian vessels in 1886 asserted their right to enter, and by their ruthless course to destroy the fisheries, and with them to destroy also the resulting industries, which are so valuable. The government of the United States at once proceeded to check this movement. It was cause of unfeigned surprise to the United States that her majesty's government should immediately interfere to defend and encourage (surely to encourage by defending) the course of the Canadians in disturbing an industry which had been carefully developed for more than 90 years under the flags of Russia and the United States without interference with the public rights or the private industries of any people. Whence did the ships of Canada derive the right to do in 1886 that which they had refrained from doing for more than 90 years? Upon what grounds did her majesty's government defend in the year 1886 a course of conduct in the Behring sea which she had avoided ever since the discovery of that sea? So great has been the injury to the fisheries by Canadian vessels that whereas the government had allowed 100,000 to be taken annualy for a series of years, it is now compelled to reduce the number to 60,000. If four years of this violation of natural law and neighbors' rights has reduced the annual slaughter of seal by 40 per cent., it is easy to see how short a period will be required to work the total destruction of the fisheries.

The ground upon which her majesty's government justifies, or at least, defends the course of the Canadian vessels, rests upon the fact that they are committing their acts of destruction on the high sea, viz., more than three marine leagues from the shore line. It is doubtful whether her majesty's government would abide by this rule if the attempt were made to interfere with the pearl fisheries of Ceylon, which extend more than 20 miles from the shore line, and have been enjoyed by England without molestation ever since their acquisition. Nor is it credible that modes of fishing on the Grand banks, altogether practicable, but highly destructive, would be justified or even permitted by Great Britain on the plea that the vicious acts were committed more than three miles from shore. The President does not conceive it poss-

Continued on Second Page.

S. WHITEBONE, in the City Market building, on Charlotte street, does not import Cigars from Havana every two weeks, but he gets them fresh from there every month; so he can sell them at lowest prices. Mr. Whitebone will call on the trade in the city and show samples of new importations.

SUGARS.

In Stock and purchased previous to advance,

10 CARS

Berry and Table Sugars.

Bottom Prices.

JOSEPH FINLEY,

65, 67, and 69 Dock St.

SECOND EDITION.

BLAINE PETULANT.

THE LONDON PRESS ON THE BEHRING SEA CONTROVERSY.

America's Curious Dislike of England—The Question at a Dead-Lock—The Dispute Unworthy Serious Quarrel.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, July 25.—The Telegraph regrets the asperity of the tone of Blaine in the Behring sea dispatches. "England" it says, "is strong enough to be calm and courteous and sufficiently fond of peace to disregard Blaine's petulance. American diplomacy still seems affected with a curious dislike of England, while every Englishman now feels a kind of family pride in the strength of America.

The Chronicle says, "Blaine proves himself a stronger man in controversy than Salisbury. The representatives of England seem mere babies in his hands."

The Times says, "Under the sinister influence of party pressure President Harrison and Secretary Blaine have become more exacting and have advanced in an irreconcilable spirit claims about which they once expressed diffidence. The question is now at a dead lock. Both countries however must feel the dispute unworthy of a serious quarrel."

England has no immediate interest in the question beyond seeing fair play. The dispute, resting on history treaties, recorded rights and purchased privileges, constitutes a clear case for reference.

It concludes with the suggestion that King Humbert of Italy or the Emperor William be asked to arbitrate the matter.

FREDERICTON ITEMS.

Grand Army Encampment—Bank Discount on American Money—Killed—Baseball Presentation.

(SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE)

FREDERICTON, July 25.—Mr. Fred Moore, lumber operator, was in town yesterday.

To enable parties here to witness the great national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Boston from August 11th to 16th, the New Brunswick railway will issue excursion tickets from 7th to 12th of August inclusive, for $8.70 for continuous passage.

The banks here announce that on and after the 1st of August next they will charge ½ of 1 per cent. on American currency, and will decline to take American silver. Cheques on St. John will also be subject to charge.

Mr. Gerald McGrath, of the Fredericton marble works, has presented the Fredericton Park base ball association with a handsome marble home plate with the letters "P. A. A. A." engraved upon it.

PLENTY OF ICE LEFT.

Interesting Report to the Hydrographic Office—Danger to Steamers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 22.—The chart of the hydrographic office for next month will show dimuniution of ice in the north Atlantic. Stray pieces of ice, small in size, have drifted as far east as longitude 24°, vast quantities have penetrated into the gulf of St. Lawrence and are a menace to commerce, while the entrance to the gulf is almost impenetrable. A steamer occupied two weeks in a trip usually made in two days, and there are many similar reports of interruptions and narrow escapes. The ice is not so plentiful on the southern extremities of the Grand Banks which the ocean steamers skirt, but an unusual bulk is massed off the Labrador coast, and may be brought down at any time. There are no signs of a decrease in the supply of ice, and dangers to transatlantic vessels are by no means passed. The disastrous effect of these vast accumulations of ice has extended to those who gain a living by fishing and trapping. The fishermen have been unable to secure fish, and only a few vessels have succeeded in reaching the grounds. The trappers are without game, the animals, it is said, having deserted their usual coverts. The severity of the weather, intense cold caused by the presence of unmovable ice, and succession of storms last winter have resulted in the destitution of the inhabitants of Labrador, and many instances of privation are reported.

Telegraphic Flashes.

The house at Washington, yesterday, passed the bankruptcy bill by a vote of 117 to 84.

The trouble at the London and St. Katherine docks has been settled, the directors yielding to the demands of the union.

The cloak operators' strike in New York, is settled. The manufacturers have agreed to everything demanded by the strikers.

Luther Clough Bow, 77 years old, died at Concord, N. H. yesterday, from blood poisoning, the result of having been bitten by a cat two weeks ago.

Baron Edward Rothschild, youngest member of the celebrated banking firm, is in Montreal, after having travelled extensively in the United States.

Madame Juilin has taken action against the Montreal Witness, which alleged that she kept an infamous place as a lying-in hospital, and victimized several young women.

Hon. John Carling, at Ottawa, states that the reports widely circulated that he is about resigning from the cabinet to accept the collectorship of customs at Toronto are absolutely untrue.

THIRD EDITION.

THE WESTERN PROVINCES.

FIRE DOES GREAT DAMAGE IN MONTREAL.

The Quebec Bribery Case—Employment of Children in Factories—Trouble in the Quebec Government — Political Notes.

(SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.)

MONTREAL, July 25.—At a late hour last night fire broke out in the dry goods store of John DeLisle, 673 St. Catherine street, extending itself to 671, 675, and 677. It was fully one o'clock before the firemen got the better of the flames, and by that time the stocks of Mr. DeLisle's store and Langloir's shoe store were totally destroyed, while that of Aird & Co., grocers, was badly damaged. The business men are insured, but to the families living in the burned block, three of whom are homeless, everything burned is a total loss. The total loss is about $20,000.

In the superior court this morning Judge Wurtele delivered judgment in the Pacaud-Whelan case, maintaining the writ of prohibition inasmuch as the government had no right to appoint a commission to examine witnesses under oath, costs against the Quebec government.

The Cabinet was in session all morning. It is claimed that the only business transacted was a discussion on the employment of of children in factories as referred to in yesterday's despatch. The government claim they cannot do anything in the matter till next session. This is not believed, however. It is stated that there was a somewhat stormy scene regarding the cabinet changes, some of the members advocating the claims of McShane, others of Fitzpatrick and others again of L. P. Pelletier. The Castor wing want the latter appointed, while the premier is in favor of McShane, as it would please the representatives of this district. However, nothing will be done now for two weeks, as the cabinet has adjourned for that time to meet then at Quebec.

Mercier leaves tonight for Old Orchard beach.

The return of Dr. Lalonde, ministerial of Vandreuil county, is protested.

Regarding the rumor that Nantel has been appointed leader of the opposition in the Quebec legislature, that gentleman says nothing has been done in the matter nor will anything be done until after the holidays, when a meeting of the opposition will be called and 'tis expected the Hon J. G. Blanchet will be chosen leader. Nantel favors Blanchet.

MORE FOOLISH WOMEN.

How They Propose to Deal With the Original Package Question in Kansas.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 25.—The women of Wyandotte county are contemplating the invasion of original package houses and have asked for an opinion as to legality of such action.

They propose to organize regular parties which will relieve each other so that one party will be in occupancy of the saloons all the time. The county attorney has said he does not consider the movement illegal.

San Salvador Victories.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 25.—Gironimo Pau, the confidential agent here of Salvador, has received the following dispatch: "San Salvador. July 25. We have gained five glorious victories over Guatemala. Our forces are now opening on Guatemalan territory. Our spoils of war are large."

(Signed)
AMAYA, Director,
Salvadorin Telegraphs.

Trainmen and Tramps Fight.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

GOSCHEN, Ind., July 25.—On Wednesday night a gang of tramps undertook to take possession of a Lake Shore freight train at Ligonier. A furious fight resulted between the train men and tramps. Brakeman Houk was shot and is not expected to live and Conductor Rockwell was severely pounded. The vagrants were finally repulsed and made their escape.

A Famous Scout Killed.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 25.—At Magazine Logan, Arkansas, yesterday Capt. Wm. Ellington, a famous union scout during the rebellion and his son William were shot and killed by W. D. McIntur, a detective and southern democrat. The tragedy resulted from the discussion of the federal election bill.

Fell from a Window and Hurt.

SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.

FREDERICTON, July 25.—A man named Furlong of St. John, was injured on a third story window of the Waverley House, last night, to the street below, dislocating his ankle and injuring himself it is thought internally. Dr. McLearn is attending him.

Fire Causes a Loss of $100,000.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa, July 25.—Fire yesterday at Urbana, Benton county, destroyed J. D. Burrell's store and the Masonic and Oddfellows' Halls. Loss $100,000 insurances small.

A Day of Rain.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

HARTFORD CONN., July 25.—Heavy rain has been falling here since early this morning and the drouth threatening Connecticut crops is effectually broken.

Peace in Buenos Ayres.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, July 25.—The Argentine Government telegraphs that the political situation is peaceful and financial affairs are improving.

Paints and Colors Burn Up.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

CHICAGO, July 25.—The Alston manufacturing company's establishment filled with paints and dry colors was damaged $100,000 by fire last night.

Sunol Beats the Record.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

DETROIT, July 25.—Marvin's bay filly Sunol trotted a half mile yesterday in 1.02¼, the fastest on record.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Indications—Rain, easterly winds. Stationary temperature.

LATE SHIP NEWS.

SAILED.

Philadelphia, 25th inst, barqt Eva Lynch Mahoney for St John.

Liverpool Cotton Markets.

LIVERPOOL, 4 p. m. Cotton ann midd 6 38-64 Sales of day included bales amn, Futures quiet.

THIRD EDITION.

LOCAL MATTERS.

LATEST GLEANINGS BY THE GAZETTE'S REPORTERS.

No Steam Ferry After Nine o'clock Without an Alarm—Police Court, etc. etc.

POINT LEPREAUX, July 25, 3 p. m.—Wind east, south east, fresh, cloudy. Therm. 57. One bark, two schrs. and stmr. "Valencia" passed inward.

THE WESTERN MAIL was an hour and a half late this afternoon.

A FINE ASPHALT sidewalk has been laid on the west side of Dorchester street.

THE PORTLAND PUBLIC LIBRARY has been closed for the summer holidays, and will reopen August 4th.

THE VALENCIA did not arrive until nearly five o'clock this afternoon. She was delayed at Eastport by fog and a heavy freight.

ENGLISH MAIL.—Dominion Line Steamship Vancouver passed Fame Point at eleven o'clock to-day and her mails should be here to-morrow morning.

DANGEROUS WALKS.—The sidewalks on both sides of Camden street, between Portland and Acadia streets, are in a very dangerous condition, and in some places almost impassible.

THE EXCAVATORS for the pavement are breaking ground on Mill street at the head of Dock street; about a foot and a half or more is being taken off the crown of the hill. Quite a start was made today on the floor upon which the blocks will be laid.

WITH MASONIC HONORS.—It is thought that Grand Master Thos. Walker will lay the corner stone of the new Y. M. C. A. building at Moncton, and that early next month the ceremony will be performed with Masonic honors. If this is the case probably a large delegation of the craft will go to Moncton for the occasion.

WITHOUT AN ALARM.—The North end of the city still remains without a fire alarm, no provision having been made for a temporary alarm for use while the large bell was being moved. Now that it has been found that a new bell tower must be built, it is certain that considerable time must elapse before the alarm can be used with the electric circuit. In the meantime a large portion of the city is without any means of calling out the firemen, an extremely dangerous state of things at this time of year.

THE STEAMER BRITAIN leaves Indiantown every evening except Saturday, at 5 o'clock, for Gagetown and intermediate places. Returning the following morning she leaves Gagetown at 7.30. The Saturday night trip she leaves Indiantown at 6 o'clock and comes down Monday morning starting from Gagetown at 4.30 and arriving at Indiantown at 9.30. This gives a fine chance to spend Sunday in the country without losing any time.

Of Personal Interest.

F. W. Cram is registered at the Royal.

Hugh McLean of Salmon river, is in the city.

The Record says that Mrs. A. Blaine and Miss Blaine of this city are at present visiting Sussex.

Police Court.

Mrs. Ann Brown was, this afternoon fined $20 for keeping liquor on sale at her place Erin street, without a license.

Sadie Patton was fined $50 for keeping a disorderly house. She pleaded guilty.

Saint John County Court.

The jury in the case of Horncastle vs McLean in this court found a verdict for plaintiff and assessed the damages at $27.

Re Hayward vs Cale was disposed of this morning, The jury found for the plaintiff for $163.96. The plaintiff's attorney Mr. McQueen, was represented in this case by Mr. J. L. Carleton.

The case of James H. Eagles vs Daniel Kirby is now being tried and will occupy the rest of the day. It is an action of damages for injury to a horse. Mr. G. A. Davis attorney and Mr. C. N. Skinner Q. C. Counsel for the Plaintiff. Mr. John Kerr for the defendant.

No Steam Ferry After Nine O'Clock.

The east side ferry floats are to be removed Monday morning and taken to Carleton to be caulked and thoroughly repaired on Retallick's blocks. This work will take about three or four days during which time the public will have to suffer a little inconvenience. The boat will start at her usual time in the morning and will land at the end of the ferry floats, or at Reed's Point or perhaps at the Long wharf. It has not yet been definitly settled where she will land, but Superintendent Glasgow will do all in his power to facilitate the public's convenience by getting the most central landing place. Owing to the danger of landing passengers the ferry boat will stop running about two hours earlier, making her last trip from the East side at nine o'clock, local time. After this hour, Mr. Brayley, the former night ferryman, will convey passengers across at a reasonable figure.

When the repairs are completed on the East side the Carleton floats will likely be also overhauled.

A POLITICIAN ASSASSINATED.

T. M. B. Cook, a Louisana Republican, Killed at a Church door.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

NEW ORLEANS, July 25.—The Times Democrat's Meridian, Miss., special says, T. M. B. Cook, a widely known republican politician of Jasper County and candidate for congress on the republican ticket in this district two years ago, was assassinated yesterday afternoon near Mount Zion church in Jasper county.

He was a candidate for the constitutional convention and is reported to have made a very incendiary speech during the day which probably led to his death, the particulars of which are not known.

Fighting in Guatemala.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 25.—Advices from Guatemala are to the effect that Ezetas army attacked the Guatemalans near the frontier in Guatemalan territory yesterday and that the Salvadorians were defeated and routed and fled back to San Salvador leaving on the field many dead and wounded and three cannon, which the Guatemalans captured.

MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON.

House Furnishing Department.

We are now selling the balance of our Summer Curtains and Portieres at SPECIAL PRICES to clear out all odd lots.

Colored Lace Curtains, Colored Scrim Curtains, Colored Canvas Curtains, Colored Madras Curtains, Tapestry, Raw Silk, Silk, Brocatelle, and Chenille Portieres and Curtains, at Very Low Prices.

Speciat Lot TAPESTRY TABLE COVERS,

Sizes, 4-4, 6-4, 7-4, 8-4, 8-10, 8-12, 9-12.

Printed Canton Flannels, reversible, new designs & colorings Furniture Coverings in Plush, Raw Silk, Tapestry Jute, etc

CRETONNES, CRETONNES, CRETONNES

Seventy-five patterns at 17 1-2c per yard.

Curtain Holders, Chains, Poles, Sash Rods and Fittings.

MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON.

27 and 29 King Street.

HEINRICH'S CELATINE, in 1 oz. and 2 oz. packages, White; 2 oz. packages, Rose.

KEILLER'S MARMALADE, a new lot just received.

FRENCH STRAIGHT MACCARONI, in 1 pound packages.

ITALIAN CURLED MACCARONI, in 4 pound boxes.

JARDINE AND CO.

DANIEL & ROBERTSON, London House Retail.

OUR STOCK OF Gentlemen's Furnishings

is complete with the newest things for Summer Wear; and we ask special attention to the assortment of

Kid Gloves, Ties, Underwear, Hosiery, White and Regatta Shirts, Collars and Cuffs,

$18 DOLLARS $18

—FOR A—

Handsome Bedroom Suite,

7 Pieces; no cheap Canadian trash, but a First-class Suite, finished in Ash or Walnut, with Handsome Large Square Mirror.

W. R. LAWRENCE, Furniture Warerooms, Below Bell Tower.

Open in the Evening till 9 o'clock.

HANDKERCHIEF SALE.

A small article to make a noise about, still we have got the right thing at the right price and cannot keep silent. What do you think of beautiful, delicate patterns in

Hem Stitched Handkerchiefs

—FOR—

5c. EACH,

and Handsome Designs, combining nearly all the patterns in high priced goods for only

8 Cents Each!

You cannot afford to let this opportunity pass. Handkerchiefs are fashionable 365 days of the year.

Another Small Article,

Hamburg Remnants

at 30 per cent. less than regular prices in lengths of 2 to 5 yards.

INSERTIONS,

at 40 per cent reduction: neat patterns and good fine work.

IN

White Cottons

we have secured a full yard wide, good heavy thread, which we will run at

7 3-4 CENTS.

The best value in the city, a limited quantity.

Just now there is a great demand for

LADIES' SUMMER VESTS.

We have opened 10 dozen each, at

35c. AND 49c. A PAIR,

just the article for the warm season.

HAVE YOU TRIED THE

BEAUTY SPOT VEILING?

the latest idea, and sure to be popular.

Oxidized Dress Buckles, Fancy Pins, Frillings, Ribbons and Small Wares.

'THE PRETTY STORE,'

BARNES & MURRAY,

17 Charlotte Street.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH

Ornamental Plaster Centre Pieces, Friezes, Brackets, etc., etc.,

in the very latest designs, personally selected, in the United States, which will be furnished at the lowest rates.

FRANK MELLIDAY,

MASON,

113 Sydney Street.

MAPLE LEAF SOAP,

4 1-2 CENTS PER BAR

during this week at

Maritime Tea Store,

87 Charlotte street.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

TEAS AND COFFEES.

We are practical Tea men and have the largest and best assortment of Teas in the city.

CAFE.

DAVID MITCHELL,

—DEALER IN—

OYSTERS, FRUIT, PASTRY &C.

Dinners from 12 to 3 p. m.

—AND—

ICE CREAM

will bear the same ample reputation as it has in the past. Everything in first-class order.

49 Germain St., St. John, N. B.

Ex Steamer ULUNDA.

Blanc-Mange Powder,

15 POPULAR FLAVORS.

Imperial Jelly,

in Packages, Quarts and Pints,

FLAVORS:

Punch, Noyeau, Madeira, Sherry, &c.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS AND JELLIES, &c.

GEO. ROBERTSON & CO.,

50 King street.

A. G. BOWES & CO.,

21 Canterbury St., St. John, N. B.,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

Stoves, Ranges, Furnaces, Stove Pipe, Tinware.

House Furnishing Hardware

Hot Water and Steam Heating Apparatus.

Plumbing and Gas Fitting.

Special Attention to Repairs.

A. G. BOWES. H. COWER