e, were early a ble that now exiddlesex

British the Sea, and the

ls withdustry, e, have enjoyed

tremely the soil f culti-

al proon, and y conmanu-

e tin is it ever l were riod. arts of the kingdom, but the most extensive mines are those of Yorkshire, Cumberland, Durnam, and Derbyshire.

19. Iron is got in considerable quantities in Gloucestershire, Derbyshire, and Shropshire, but the chief supply comes

from Wales.

20. Coal is found in great abundance in the northern and western parts of the kingdom, but the mines most extensively wrought are those of Northumberland and Durham.

21. From these mines London, and the counties on the east and south-east coasts, are chiefly supplied, besides exporting large quantities to foreign countries. The chief ports for shipping coals are New-castle, Shields, Sunderland, and Stockton.

22. The manufactures of England are carried on to an extent unknown to any other nation: besides supplying her own wants, her manufactured goods are exported in great quantities to every quarter of the globe.

23. Besides the territories above mentioned, England has foreign possessions to a very great extent, especially in A'-si-a

and A-mer'-i-ca.

24. The population of England in 183 was upwards of 13 millions, and is now supposed to be nearly 15 millions.