

## Article 302: Minimal Operations

Except for sets or assortments of goods referred to in Article 310 or Annex 301, a good shall not be considered to be an originating good merely by reason of one or more of the following operations:

- (a) packaging, re-packaging or breaking up for retail sale of the good;
- (b) oiling, or applying anti-rust paint or protective coatings to the good;
- or
- (c) disassembly of the good into its parts.

## Article 303: Value Test

1. Except as provided in paragraph 2, where the applicable rule of origin in Annex 301 for the tariff provision under which a good is classified specifies a value test, the value test shall be satisfied provided the value of non-originating materials used in the production of the good does not exceed a given percentage of the transaction value of the good.

2. For purposes of a good classified under headings 87.01 through 87.08, at the choice of an exporter or a producer of such good, the value test shall be satisfied provided the value of non-originating materials used in the production of the good does not exceed a given percentage of either the transaction value or the net cost of the good.

3. The value of non-originating materials used by the producer in the production of a good shall not, for purposes of satisfying the value test under either paragraph 1 or 2, include the value of non-originating materials used to produce originating materials that are subsequently used in the production of the good.<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> Paragraph 3 applies to intermediate materials. The "value of non-originating materials" in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not include:

- (i) the value of any non-originating materials used by another producer to produce an originating material that is subsequently acquired and used in the production of the good by the producer of the good, or
- (ii) the value of non-originating materials used by the producer to produce an originating intermediate material.