Special Selection

THE CORRECTION OF ABNORMAL CONDITION OF THE BLOOD RELATIVE TO SURGICAL OPERATIONS.

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Frequently the surgeon is called upon to operate on patients who, when they first present themselves, are in no condition to stand an operation on account of deficient quantity of blood or the poorness of its quality. On the other hand, it is desirable that the patient regain his normal condition as soon as possible after operation, whether the abnormal condition of blood is due to the operation or not.

The ideal remedy is that which will restore the normal condition of the blood in the shortest time with the least disturbance to the rest of the body, the digestive system particularly. Less necessary arc palatability and cost of the remedy. To determine which of several preparations best fulfilled the above conditions was the purpose of this investigation.

All of the preparations used being recognized as good, Dr. A. J. Ochsner gave me permission to prescribe them as I saw fit to certain of his patients in Augustana Hospital. Only those cases were selected whose appearance indicated the need of a hematinic. As often as possible similar cases were paired off, one patient being given one preparation and the other patient another, and the results compared. The cases were paired according to pathological condition, age, sex, general condition and the condition of the blood as to hemoglobin and erythrocytes at the beginning of treatment. The preparations used were malt with iron and manganese; malt with iron, quinine and strychnine; Blaud's pills, and the preparation known as pepto-mangan (Gude).

After watching the effect of the medication on the patients, and observing the records, it is seen that Blaud's pills acted quickly, but constipated; the malt combinations caused nausea in a few patients, and the malt, manganese and iron combination