

could be desired by the most fastidious; indeed, it was not only creditable to himself, but also reflected great honour upon our "Queen City," showing, we are confident, that Toronto can not be surpassed on this continent in those things with which a kind Providence has been pleased so bountifully to bless us. After grace had been said by Mr. Culbert, of the *Globe* office, the eager company set to work with earnestness to satisfy themselves on the various luxuries placed before them. The usual din caused by the active employment of knives and forks, the merry chit-chat of the more youthful portion of the company, and the cheerful countenances of all, made a most agreeable impression on the minds of those present. After full justice had been done to the substantial part of the fare, the cloth was removed, and a most ample dessert took its place. The chair was ably filled by Mr. T. L. McIntosh, the late President, (Mr. Mallon, the President for the current year, not being able to be present at the commencement of the entertainment,) who introduced the several standard toasts with a few happy and appropriate remarks. The following is a list of the toasts, and the songs and responses by which they were followed:

The Queen.—The enthusiastic manner in which the company cheered this toast, proves that among the Printers of Toronto annexation has no chance of success; and that, in common with a vast majority of the Canadian population, they reverence with sincerity the sacred name of their Sovereign. After the cheering had subsided, the national anthem was sung by the company, led by Mr. Hill.

Prince Albert, and the Royal Family. Song, "The British Grenadiers," by Mr. Graham.

The Governor-General.—Song by Mr. Middlemas.

The Army and Navy.—Song, "The flag that's brav'd a thousand years."

On proposing "the toast" of the evening, the *Toronto Typographical Society*, Mr. McIntosh took the opportunity of drawing attention to the principles of the association, and the great benefits which it had been the means of conferring upon those whom the hand of sickness or distress had brought low; and showed that while the Typographical Society combined all the advantages of benefit societies generally, its members were also of mutual benefit to each other in the everyday business of life. The chairman then pointed out the erroneous idea which some parties entertained, that the members were combined together for merely selfish objects; while, on the contrary, he said, their object was to sustain the dignity of their noble art, and maintain the rights and privileges of the profession. The toast was received with much applause, which was succeeded by a song from Mr. Hill, "The memory of Caxton."

The following toasts were then given from the Vice-chairs, which were judiciously occupied by Messrs. Love and Hill:—

The Printing Profession all over the World.—This sentiment was replied to by Mr. Alton, who also enlivened the party with a true Hibernian melody.

The Press.—Song, Mr. Jones. Mr. O'Brien, of the *Patriot*, acknowledged the compliment paid to the body of which he is a member, and concluded by proposing "Success to the Printers of Toronto."

In proposing the health of *The Ladies*, Mr. Hill took the opportunity of paying the usual compliments to the sex, and called on Mr. Black for the bachelors, and Mr. Love for the benedicti, to respond. The former praised the charms of the fair ones to the usual extent; while the latter, with great humour, using the technicalities of the trade, and applying them to sweethearts and wives, caused the greatest laughter and enjoyment. —Song, "Nine cheers for the girls that we love."

The next toast proposed was "Our Employers." Mr. Ples, of the *Church*, stated, in reply, the satisfaction it had formerly given him, when a member of the Society, to uphold its rules; and since he had become an employer he had striven to carry out the principles he had formerly supported, and would still endeavour to follow the same course. Mr. Ples was heartily cheered on resuming his seat. —Song, "The brave old Oak," by Mr. Jacques.

The last of the standard toasts was *Prosperity to the City of Toronto*. Mr. Jacques, who is a native of the Western metropolis, entered into the history of its rise and progress, and forced many a smile during his quaint narration of the period when "Muddy Little York" was in its "verdant mud!" Mr. J. spoke with becoming pride of the giant strides which Toronto had made during his recollection, outstripping, as it had done, every other city in British North America.

Volunteer sentiments now flowed in from all parts of the company. It would occupy columns even to give an outline of them separately, so we shall merely notice one or two before closing this hasty sketch. The "Literary and Scientific Institutions of Canada" was given by Mr. Murray, in a speech replete with sound learning and patriotic sentiments. Mr. Cooper, who was a successful competitor at the last Exhibition of the Mechanics' Institute, replied to the first part of the toast; and Mr. Bradford, the author of the "Last of the Eries," spoke on behalf of literary genius, in neat and effective speeches.

The health of Mr. Hand, who formerly held the office of Vice-President in the Society, and who has recently left New Orleans for California, was drunk with the most intense enthusiasm, each one, with sincerity and fervour, repeating the words of the toast, proposed by the Secretary of the Society, "Success to John J. Hand wherever he goes."—Mr. McIntosh, as the friend of Mr. Hand, desired the company to accept his thanks for the high respect which had been paid to the absent gentleman.—"The bould soldier boy" was then sung in good style by Mr. Burns.

"Our respectable Apprentices" was given by Mr. Alton, and responded to by L. Oliver, "one of the boys" from the *Patriot*, very creditably.

Mr. Seymour's health was proposed by Mr. Graham, who stated the deep obligation the Toronto printers lay under to that gentleman for having twice travelled from Hamilton in the depth of winter to attend the Society's festivals. Mr. Seymour, who we were sorry to see labouring under a severe cold, returned thanks on behalf of himself and his fellow-printers of Hamilton.

The health of the President was then given, to which Mr. Mallon replied, and proposed the Secretary and the other officers of the Society. Mr. Hill, in replying to this toast, read the contents of a letter which had been received a short time ago from Mr. Nunan, a member of the Society, who is at present in California. The letter, which is an interesting one, was sent to Mr. B. Campbell, of Woodstock, late Secretary to the Society, who kindly transmitted it to Toronto, together with a sentiment which he desired to be delivered at the annual festival, and which was not overlooked, viz: "The welfare and prosperity of our absent friends."

"The memory of our deceased members, D. Bancroft and John Mallon," by Mr. Gedd, was given in feeling terms, and drank in silence by those assembled. "Our sick members, Messrs. Shanklin, Clindinning, and Northey," and a number of others that we have not time to mention, were given throughout the evening. After the health of the host was given, Mr. Gedd was moved to take the chair, when the thanks of the meeting were voted to Mr. McIntosh for his presidency during the evening; all joined together in singing "Auld lang syne"; and thus terminated, by common consent, the most pleasant and happy evening ever spent by the printers of Toronto,—not a circumstance transpiring through the whole of the proceedings to mar in the least the enjoyment of the company.

By Magnetic Telegraph.

(From the Colonist.)

We have the following details of further intelligence from France:—

Nothing has occurred up to the present to induce a belief that anything will be done to lead to hostilities with other countries.

Of the 200,000,000 taken from the family of Louis Philippe, 10,000,000 will go to the improvement of the lodgings of the working classes; 10,000,000 to the Society of Succour; 30,000,000 to a credit of Fourier; 10,000,000 to the poor clergy; and the rest to the retired soldiers of the Legion of Honour.

The following is a sketch of the new constitution, it shows its nature at a glance:—

It was announced with a prelude, to the effect, that everything which proceeded from the Emperor Napoleon was so perfect as to render new theories presumptuous. His political system is therefore to be revived.

Louis Napoleon only is to be responsible—there is no power, however, that can call him to account. He is to nominate a Council of State, fifty in number, who are to frame his laws. They are to be paid 25,000f. per annum, and may be removed at pleasure. There is to be a Chamber of 250 members—one member for each 35,000 electors chosen by universal suffrage which will not again be exercised for six years, as that period is to be their term of service except in case they are dissolved. They are to have no power to originate or amend any laws, but can only vote yes or no upon such subjects as are submitted to them. Their annual session is to last only three months; they can be adjourned or prorogued at the will of the President.

The Senate is to be constituted of 80 members, to be increased to 150. It is to be nominated by the President, at whose pleasure it can be convoked or prorogued, and it is to include the Cardinals. It is to discuss the laws prepared by the Council of State, but cannot amend them except with the approval of the Council. Its sittings are to be secret, and it will have the power to interpret when necessary, the clauses of the Constitution. With the Government it may modify the Constitution, except as regards its primary basis as already sanctioned by universal suffrage. The Senate are to fix the allowance to be made to the President. In case of his death they are to nominate his successor, whom he will have the right to name by will. All the decrees already issued are to continue and to have the force of law—the various Ministers' functionaries are to swear obedience to the Constitution and fidelity to the President.

FURTHER NEWS BY THE "EUROPA."

Boston, Feb. 9

The following telegraphic despatch, which had been received in Liverpool, prior to the sailing of the *Europa*, was published here this morning.

London, Jan. 24.

We learn from Paris, that a decree had been issued, naming the various chiefs of Battalions, Captains, Adjutants, &c., of the organized national guard of Paris.

The *Moniteur* denies the statements, made by some of the journals, that the President has addressed any communications of a political character to the Pope or any other of the sovereigns of Europe. It declares that nothing but an official communication has passed between the Governments.

The *Times* says that the certificates held by the Spanish bondholders for the portion of debt which the Spanish government had resolved to confiscate, will hereafter be received at the stock exchange, and may consequently be quoted in the official list.

ADDRESS FROM THE ORANGEMEN OF IRELAND.

The Orangemen of Ireland, we perceive, have issued what they call an address to the Protestants of the Empire. We publish the following synopsis of it from the *Liverpool Standard*:

"It is signed by Earl of Enniskillen, the Grand Master, and its language is at once firm, temperate and convincing. It commences with an expression of regret at the death of the former Grand Master of the Lodge, the King of Hanover, and pays a just tribute to his gallantry as a man and a politician. The document then earnestly urges the importance of taking adequate steps to frustrate the audacious designs of the Papists, and shows that the act of Parliament passed last session was totally inadequate for the purposes; indeed, that its provisions are either evaded or defied, the Provincial Synod of Thurles have a regularly organized system for the propagation of Popery, and that titles are assumed by Roman Catholic bishops, without any effectual opposition or resistance. The address insists that there will be danger to the Empire if Papal intrigue be not frustrated, and reiterates the former view taken by the Lodge that there should be a further inquiry into these intrigues. It says—Our address of November last year was issued at a time when the empire at large had been stimulated into an excitement and exasperation, which have not yet subsided; we need not name the cause. At that time we ventured to advise that the Protestant people of Great Britain and Ireland should petition the legislature for inquiry into the Papal system, as an indispensable pre-requisite for salutary legislation. Events have confirmed us in our opinion; and we repeat the counsel we last year offered. Despotism monarchies may meet aggressions as they arise; but where the government is representative and free, there can be no security against the perils of papal intrigue, unless the character of the system, from which danger proceeds, be thoroughly ascertained and exposed. The Protestants of Great Britain—indeed, we might say the Roman Catholics—have not adequate knowledge of the system we have so much reason to dread. We again recommend a call for enquiry. Condemnation is again passed upon Sir George Grey, who, in 1850, refused to present the loyal address of the body to the Queen, although, with characteristic inconsistency, he had presented to Her Majesty a similar address only two years previously, and could adduce nothing to justify

his refusal but an obsolete resolution of the House of Commons, passed at a period of excitement, fourteen years ago. In conclusion, the address condemns the annual grant to the Roman Catholic College of Maynooth, and asks:—"Is it not a grievous anomaly and wrong, that the British nation, even in the person of the Sovereign, and in the coronation oath, shall swear that the Church of Rome is idolatrous and damnable, and that, notwithstanding such a declaration, it shall contribute from the public funds largely to the support of the idolatrous religion? Is it not marvellous to think that many liberal and benevolent men, whose indignation would be aroused by the thought that a morsel of bread might be made an instrument of conversion even to a true religion shall place in the hands of sworn ministers of the Church of Rome?" In spite of the dangers which surround Protestantism, the Orangemen of Ireland have confidence that the attacks against it will prove powerless; for, "with light on the throne—with light spreading through the masses of our people—it would be degenerate to fear that the Legislature of Great Britain can remain long misinformed as to the duty they owe to God's laws, and the measures which will best conduce to the interest of the British people."

United States.

The following information we extract from the Washington correspondence of the *New York Tribune*. It will be found of interest to those who are in the habit of sending newspapers to their friends:

"I am requested to state for the benefit of numerous persons, postmasters and others, in all parts of the country, who are constantly making inquiries upon the subject, that the mail arrangements for letters, between this country and all parts of Great Britain, and all parts of the British Provinces of North America, including Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, &c., are as entirely unrestricted as though they were all under one government. A letter mailed anywhere in the United States goes to any post office in Great Britain or the North American Colonies, and vice versa, according to direction, without any conditions whatsoever. It may be prepaid or it may not, at the option of the person sending it. And the rate of postage is the same, whether it is prepaid or not. The rate is twenty-four cents to any post office in Great Britain, and ten cents to any post office in the Province, be the distance more or less.

In relation to newspapers, the regulation is this. All papers coming from or going to Great Britain pay four cents postage; of which two cents must be prepaid at the office from which the paper is sent whether on one side or on the other, and two cents must be collected at every office where the paper is delivered. No newspaper can be wholly prepaid. And in regard to newspapers sent to or from the British Provinces, the same rule holds good; only that on the postage must be prepaid to the point on the line where they pass from one Government to the other, according to our regular established rates of internal newspaper postage. Thus in a country bordering on the British possessions, no prepayment of postage is required. Beyond the country limit the postage varies according to distance. In this arrangement California and Oregon are excepted."

ANOTHER SEARCH FOR SIR JOHN FRANKLIN.

It will be seen says the *New York Herald*, by the following memorial to Congress, that another effort to find Sir John Franklin is urged upon the country:

"The undersigned memorialists, members of the Maryland Institute and citizens of Baltimore generally after having considered the probabilities of the continued existence of Sir John Franklin and the lost crews of the ships *Erebus* and *Terror*, as also the chances of their eventual rescue, do respectfully represent to your honourable bodies that a measure of enlarged humanity, which has already obtained the sanction of government, under the munificent auspices of a private citizen should not be abandoned after a single failure, and the same reason which prompted to one attempt, are in force as to a second. They, therefore pray that an expedition of recovery be fitted out, under such auspices and organization as shall be deemed advisable."

The plan of this renewed search is by boats, sledges and legs, trusting less to ships and more to individual energy. It is strongly advocated by Dr. Kane, who distinguished himself in the Grennell expedition. We are not sure that the plan did not originate with him. Such an expedition might make some important discoveries, even if it did not succeed in its desired object.

The Niagara District Branch of the Diocesan Church Society.

The members of this Association are hereby notified that the public annual meeting thereof will be held at St. Catherine's, (D.V.), on Thursday, the 26th inst.; Divine Service to commence at 6 o'clock, P.M.

The Chairmen of the several Parochial Associations are requested to transmit the Report to the Secretary by the 21st instant, at latest. The Managing Committee will meet in St. George's Church, at one o'clock, P.M.

T. B. FULLER, Secretary.
N. D. B. Church Society.

Thorold, Feb. 2nd, 1852.

Church Society—Newcastle District Branch.

At a meeting of the Committee, held at the Rectory, Cobourg, on Friday Dec. 12, 1851, the Parochial meetings of the Newcastle District Branch of the Church Society, were appointed to take place as follows:—

Port Hope, Monday, Jan. 26, 7 p.m.
St. George's, Clarke, Tuesday, Jan. 27, 2 p.m.
Bowmanville, Tuesday, Jan. 27, 7 p.m.
Cartwright, Wednesday, Jan. 28, 11 a.m.
Manvers (Craig's), " " 3 p.m.
Cavan, St. John's, Thursday, Jan. 29, 10 1/2 a.m.
Do. St. Paul's, " " 3 p.m.
Perrytown, Friday, Jan. 30, 10 1/2 a.m.
COBOURG, annual meeting Wednesday, March 3, 7 p.m.

JONATHAN SHORTT, Secretary.

BIRTHS.

On the 4th inst., at 44 King Street East, Mrs. Hawthorth, of a Son.

On Tuesday, 10th inst., King-street east, Toronto, the wife of Mr. John Tully, Architect and Civil Engineer, of a son.

MARRIED.

On the 5th inst., by the Rev. E. L. Elwood, A. M. the Rev. Robt. Francis Campbell, B.A., Incumbent of Bayfield, to Eliza Helen, relict of the late Capt. James Slocombe, of Devonshire, England.

DIED.

On the 18th ult., at his residence, in the Township of Finch, in his 83rd year, Col. John Chrysler, of the 1st Dundas Militia, whose name is, perhaps, as intimately associated with the history of this Province, as any other individual now living. At his former residence, in the Township of Williamsburg was fought the famous battle of "Chrysler's Farm," in the year 1815. The deceased was one of the old U. E. Loyalists and stood firm to the British Standard in the American Revolution. He was the first Member who represented the county of Dundas in the Provincial Parliament, and enjoyed for a long time the confidence of his constituents, having served in that capacity, for upwards of 20 years. He also rendered good service in suppressing the rebellion of 1837 and '38, at which time he turned out at the head of his Regt. at the battle of the Wind Mill, near Prescott; and although then an old man, proved his loyalty and courage for the honour of his Sovereign and the good of his Country, and to his last moments, maintained his fidelity, to the Constitution of Great Britain.

At Markham, C. W. on the 15th February, Mrs. J. S. A. Paterson, relict of the late Reverend J. D. Paterson, of the same place, aged 82 years.

At Melbourne, New South Wales, on the 12th July 1851, Captain William Milne, of the Royal Navy, in the 68th year of his age.

In Brantford, C.W., on the 31st of January, 1852, Clerie Roseleigh, the beloved daughter of Robert and Mary Monteith, age one year.

On the 20th of January, 1852, the wife of the Rev. Samuel Bacon, Rural Dean, and Rector of the adjacent parish of Chatham, who terminated her useful and truly Christian life duly in the bosom of her family, in the enjoyment of a good hope through grace.—From a New Brunswick Correspondent.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, February 11, 1852.

	s.	d.	s.	d.
Spring Wheat per bushel	3	0	a	3 8
Oats, per 34 lbs	1	2	a	1 3
Barley	2	4	a	2 6
Flour, superfine (in Barrels)	14	0	a	17 6
Do. fine (in Bags)	18	9	a	20 0
Market Flour, (in Barrels)	17	0	a	18 9
Do. (in Bags)	15	0	a	18 0
Oatmeal, per barrel	15	0	a	17 6
Beef, per lb.	0	23	a	0 3
Do. per 100 lbs.	15	0	a	17 6
Pork per cwt	15	0	a	22 6
Bacon	32	6	a	37 6
Hams, per cwt.	40	0	a	45 0
Mutton per lb.	0	24	a	0 3
Turkeys, each	2	0	a	3 9
Ducks per pair	1	6	a	2 6
Geese, do.	1	0	a	1 6
Fowls	0	10	a	1 3
Bread	0	4	a	0 8
Butter, fresh, per lb.	0	7 1/2	a	0 9
Do. salt, do.	0	5	a	0 6
Potatoes, per bushel	2	3	a	2 6
Apples	5	0	a	7 6
Eggs per dozen	9	9	a	1 0
Hay per ton	35	0	a	52 6
Straw per ton	25	0	a	27 6
Fire Wood per cord	12	6	a	16 3
Coal per ton	27	6	a	10 0

New Advertisements.

WILLIAM HODGINS,
ARCHITECT AND CIVIL ENGINEER,
OFFICE:—Directly opposite the Arcade, St. Lawrence Hall, King Street, Toronto.
Toronto, February, 1852. 28-4f

COPYING PRESSES.
FOOLSCAP AND POST Copying Presses, for Sale by
A. F. PLEES, 7, King Street West.
Toronto, February 14th, 1852. 28-4f

CHURCH OF ENGLAND
AND
Metropolitan Building Society,
Office—No. 24, King Street, East.

Directors:

President THE HON. W. CAYLEY.
Vice-President T. D. HARRIS, Esq.
Rev. J. BEAVER, D.D. | GEORGE BROCK, Esq.
Rev. S. LETT, L.L.D. | S. B. HARMAN, Esq.
J. M. STRACHAN, Esq. | G. W. ALLAN, Esq.
Secretary and Treasurer. EDWD. TAYLOR DARTNELL.

THE General Annual Meeting of the members of this Society, will be held at the Office of the Society, No. 24, King Street East, on MONDAY the 1st of March next, for the purpose of Electing Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and the transaction of general business.

Pursuant to a Resolution of the Directors, the operations of the Society, will date as, and from the 1st March inst. All instalments already paid, to be considered as instalments paid in advance, and interest allowed thereon from the time such payments were made according to Rule III. in the Constitution of the Society.

EDWARD TAYLOR DARTNELL,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Toronto, Feb. 11th, 1852. 28-3in

BAZAAR.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF MRS. STRACHAN.

THE LADIES interested in St. George's Church, Toronto, purpose holding a BAZAAR in the month of April next, for providing funds to erect a PARSONAGE HOUSE. They beg to solicit contributions from all who may feel disposed to forward this object. Contributions will be thankfully received, on or before the 19th day of April, by any of the under-named Ladies, who have kindly consented to act as

Patronesses:

Mrs. W. H. Boulton. Miss Lambert.
Mrs. Cameron. Mrs. Loring.
Madame DesLandes. Mrs. Lett.
Mrs. Jarvis. Mrs. Munro.
Mrs. Perkins. Mrs. Rowell.
Mrs. J. B. Robinson. Mrs. Thompson.
Mrs. Sherwood. Mrs. Wilder.
Mrs. Stanton. Mrs. Wilson.

Toronto, February 4th, 1852. 27-4f

JUST PUBLISHED.

QUESTIONS ON THE FESTIVALS AND HOLY DAYS, for the use of Parochial and Sunday Schools, by the Rev. HENRY PATTON, Rector of Cornwall, and Rural Dean of the Johnstown Deanery. Price 1s. a liberal discount to the trade. For Sale by
A. F. PLEES, 7 King Street West.

THE YOUNG CHURCHMAN, for 1852; the January number of this Journal, which had been delayed from unavoidable circumstances, is now ready. As only a limited number of copies more than what are actually ordered will be printed, parties intending to send in orders will be pleased to forward the number they will probably want, as early as possible.
A. F. PLEES, Publisher.
Toronto, Janua y, 1852.