water just as hot as could be tolerated by the patient. In twenty-four hours the fever was gone, the diarrhoea stopped and the bloody discharge became checked. The patient, very much to the surprise of the doctor who was in attendance, was completely relieved of the dysenteric phenomena in twenty-four hours and recovery in other directions from that time forward was uneventful.

## VOIGTLANDER AND SOHN'S OPTICAL WORKS.

Voigtlander & Sohn, A. G., Optical Works-whose factory is at Brunswick, Germany, and their headquarters for the U.S.A. and Canada at 225 Fifth Avenue, New York City-have a business experience of over one hundred and fifty years. Their make of microscopes and microscopical accessories have been so highly commended by all classes of professional gentlemen that they now have a reputation which is world wide. Their Stands coubbine the latest improvements with the highest class mechanical construction. Their Objectives and Eyepieces are of the highest optical attainment; they are manufactured and thoroughly tested by scientifically skilled men, and give highest magnification with the largest possible clear and flat field. The objectives are all carefully centered and made par focal. They are mounted in such a manner as to prevent breaking the front lenses. All their nosepieces are provided with circular, dust proof plate and their stands are housed in highly polished mahogany cabinets with lock and key. "Voigtlander reputation" stands behind their goods. There are "none better in quality," and catalogues will be gladly furnished on application to the New York address as indicated above.

## THE FIRST SYMPTOMS OF MIGRAINE.

Dr. J. J. Caldwell of Baltimore, M.D., in "Medical Progress" writes as follows: "The treatment of migraine, to be correct, must be ajusted on the basis of the element of causation. Constipation, if present, should be treated by a proper dietary and regular habits, but purgatives should be avoided. Only mild laxatives should be employed, and they should be abandoned when diet regulates the bowels, as proper diet will do. During the premonitory stage we can generally abort or rather prevent the development of an attack by the administration of two antikamnia tablets. They should be given, as soon as the first symptoms of the attack are manifest. If then, all symptoms are not speedily dissipated, another dose should be given in three-quarters of an hour or an hour. This means is a most effectual one to abort an