

The Opposition papers during the same

The Opposition have, in their eagerness to obtain place and power, done their utmost to destroy the credits of the Province. That they have not been able to injure it in the slightest degree is a strong proof of the confidence which the best judges in matters of finance place in the soundness of the policy pursued by the present Government. If they had any doubt as to the discretion of the Provincial Finance Minister and the willingness of the Legislature to follow his guidance in money matters, they would be very soon on an unstable indication of their loss of confidence in the shape of a fall in the value of the Province's Columbian securities. The Opposition bear the strongest testimony to their

appears that Mr. N. C. Schou, of Bury, has been set up to oppose Col. Reeve in East Kootenay. Personally Mr. Schou is what we call in ordinary social parlance "a decent fellow." He is a fair thinker and a man of intelligence. He came to the time the defunct Commonwealth, is Reeve of Bury and was for a time editorial writer on the News-Advertiser. Apart from that, as a very recent arrival in the Province he is known to few of the localities in which he has resided for a short time, and is a total stranger to East Kootenay. Of himself he would not care to do what every person of good

ple of all classes are now convinced that this country is to prosper as it can and as it ought to prosper, all its fertile soil must be made available. No acre of it should be lost through idleness and want of enterprise, and the patch that industry can redeem from idleness should be placed within the grasp of the cultivator. If the signers of the Declaration on this good work, as they deem it to do if they are rewarded the

He remarked, yesterday, this policy of
out a lot of unknown and cheeky
beggars to stump the country and
support of the electors, regarding
ants they are as ignorant and un-
netic as the man in the
is a startling contradiction of the

and appear that the Times correspondents at Ottawa is very much influenced by the tactics of the editor at Victoria in the methods of misrepresentation, on the grounds that "evil communications could be made in this manner." Neither of the telegrams sent to Ottawa made the bald statement that there was no distress. What the telegrams made in his message, was that so far as the Province was concerned, there was no distress beyond the limits of the Province to deal with—a different thing to saying there was no distress. Nor did Mr. Davis inspire or attempt to do anything to do with the message sent to Ottawa. Honor the Lieutenant-Governor.



CHICAGO, June 26.—President
 caused intense
 upon the French colonists.

of buildings or other properties, or loss of life of any such official or

MRS. JAMES CHASE,

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