



The People's Candidates.

FOR LONDON:
Thos. S. Hobbs, Wholesale Merchant and Manufacturer.

FOR EAST MIDDLESEX:
Robt. W. Jackson, Farmer.

FOR WEST MIDDLESEX:
Hon. Geo. W. Ross, Minister of Education.

FOR NORTH MIDDLESEX:
W. H. Taylor, Farmer.

TERRIBLE RAILWAY WRECKS.

Eight Persons Killed on the Wisconsin Central.

Four Killed at Sharon, Mass., and Forty Injured on a Georgia Road.

MILWAUKEE, May 30.—Train No. 4 on the Wisconsin Central Railroad was wrecked at Marshfield at 3:15 o'clock this morning, the cars taking fire. Four persons are dead and four others are missing, supposed to have been burned, and from fifteen to twenty persons are injured.

The names of four victims are known—James Hubbard, engineer; George Gearhart, fireman; Judson Bigelow, brakeman; Russell, a civil engineer.

The bodies of the passengers who were killed were consumed and their names may not be known for some time.

FOUR MEN KILLED.
PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 30.—The north bound freight which left this city at 4:30 last night and a Boston bound ice train collided at Sharon at about 1:30 this morning.

A fireman, two brakemen and one unknown tramp were killed and two other unknown men were seriously injured.

STILL ANOTHER.
MACON, Ga., May 30.—The rear coach of a train on the Albany and Columbia branch of the Southwestern Railroad, a division of the Central Railroad of Georgia, was overturned at Belts this morning and 40 people were injured, of whom two or three will probably die.

Those fatally injured are John Smith, Bluffton; Andy Jones, Edison, and Mrs. Little, Hilton.

Late Canadian News.

The C. P. R. Company to Sink Another Salt Well at Windsor.

The second annual spring meeting of the Hamilton Jockey Club opens to-day.

The Governor-General had a busy, pleasant day at Belleville on Wednesday.

The first French-Canadian lodge of the C. O. O. F. was formed in Montreal Tuesday night.

The Montreal Dominion Alliance complain of bad treatment on the part of the license commissioners there.

The Canadian Pacific salt wells at Windsor are not of sufficient capacity to satisfy the call, and the company will at once begin sinking a third well.

Annie Gerew, cook on the schooner Sweetheart, was lost overboard when ten miles below Sand Beach, Michigan. She was 23 years old and came from Whitby, Ont.

Arrangements have been made for the induction of Rev. Jas. Ballantyne, M.A., to the pastorate of Knox Church, Ottawa, on Monday, June 11.

Decoration Day was observed by ex-United States soldiers and their friends in Toronto on Wednesday. There are five G. A. R. posts in Canada, namely, Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Hamilton and London.

A sensation has been caused in French-Canadian society circles at Montreal by the elopement of the wife of a prominent lawyer named Remillard with a Frenchman named Gaston, who went there a few months ago from France.

The wall paper dealers in Windsor have been notified that the duty has been raised, and they would be called upon to pay the difference on all they have imported since the first change in the tariff was announced in the House about two months ago. The merchants propose to contest the matter in the courts, as the difference amounts to several thousand dollars.

THE STARS AND STRIPES.

Latest Phase of the "Hoodlum" Business at St. Thomas.

OTTAWA, May 30.—George J. Wills, the American consul at St. Thomas, is in the city in connection with the flag incident at that place. He is submitting the facts in the case to J. B. Rieley, the Consul-General. The sworn evidence of witnesses of the affair has been forwarded to Washington and it is said that the deed was certainly done by members of the Queen's Own while Mr. Wills was at dinner.

Mr. Wills will endeavor to show that it was in honor of the Queen that the display of these extra flags was made, which were the Stars and Stripes. He intended placing around them Union Jacks, but could not get any to do so.

Mr. Wills does not intend communicating with the American Government, because the matter is now in the hands of the authorities at Washington.

Steamship Arrivals.

May 30.	At.	From.
Montevideo	Father Point
Oregon	Glasgow
	Montreal

At Last.

The Irish National Party to Get Possession of the Paris Fund.

Afghan's Ameer Anxious to Visit the British Metropolis.

Better Times in Victoria—Spring Review of the German Troops by the Emperor.

Four New Ocean Steamers.

BREMEN, May 30.—Four new steamships, 4,000 tons each, have been ordered by the North German Lloyd Steamship Company. Two of them will be constructed by the Vulkan Company, and two by the German Ship-building Company, of Kiel.

Disestablishment.

LONDON, May 30.—The Standard says that the Government has offered the Welsh members of Parliament a pledge to make the bill for the disestablishment of the Welsh Church the first business of next session. It does not intend to call an autumn session.

The Ameer's Pious Ambition.

PARIS, May 30.—The Journal des Debats has received the following dispatch from Merv: "The Ameer of Afghanistan has issued a proclamation to his people asking that they consent to his visiting London 'for the good of our holy religion and the glory of our country.'"

English Cotton Mills Closed.

LONDON, May 30.—The cotton mills at Hayfield, Derbyshire, owned by Mr. T. H. Sidebottom, member of Parliament for Hereford, have been shut down owing to the depression in the cotton trade. The stoppage of these mills has thrown 3,000 people out of work.

Entertaining United States Naval Officers.

LONDON, May 30.—Capt. Mahan and the other officers of the United States cruiser Chicago paid a visit to the Chatham dockyard to-day as the guests of Lord Charles Beresford. The American officers inspected the Benbow, Rodney and other completed warships, the workshop and the ships in course of construction.

Better Times in Victoria.

MELBOURNE, May 30.—The Earl of Hopeton, Governor of the colony of Victoria, in opening the Victoria Parliament, congratulated the people on the gradual return of the country to prosperity. He approved of New Zealand assuming control of Samoan affairs and rejoiced that there was to be a conference looking to colonial federation at Ottawa.

Nobody Hurt by the Deadly Missile.

MESSINA, May 30.—A bomb charged with picric acid and containing pieces of scrap iron, nails, etc., was exploded in the street here to-day. The explosion created a panic, but no one was hurt and no damage done to property. A man who was formerly a newspaper reporter has been arrested on suspicion of throwing the bomb.

McKinleyism in Belgium.

BRUSSELS, May 30.—The Government has introduced a bill in the Chamber of Deputies proposing an import duty of 25 francs per 100 kilos on butter and oleomargarine; 2 francs per 100 kilos on oats; 13 francs on flour, 10 francs on preserved vegetables, 2 francs on oat flour and 30 francs on preserves of game and potted meats and poultry. The bill imposes various duties on textiles.

Can Afford to Retire.

BELFAST, May 30.—Charles Cunningham Connor, M.P., who conducts a large business in Belfast under the firm name of Fenton, Connor & Co., bleachers and spinners, has issued a circular to his creditors stating that owing to the depression of trade he intends to wind up his affairs and retire from business. His assets, he announces, exceed his liabilities by £200,000, and his creditors will be paid in full.

The Kaiser's Warriors.

BERLIN, May 30.—The spring review of the troops took place to-day in the Tempelhofer field. The troops were reviewed by the Emperor in the presence of the Empress, the King of Saxony, Prince George of Saxony, the regent of the Duchy of Brunswick and the Russian princes. The troops reviewed were the first and second regiments of the Imperial Guard, the cavalry brigade of the garrison of Berlin and 44 battalions of infantry. The weather was clear and warm and a large crowd witnessed the review.

The Irish Parliamentary Fund.

PARIS, May 30.—It is stated upon the highest authority that the Irish National party will in all likelihood very soon come into possession of the fund deposited in Paris by the late Charles Stewart Parnell and his fellow trustees of the Irish Parliamentary fund. The recent efforts of Messrs. Monroe & Co., the Paris bankers with whom the fund is deposited, to settle the question as to the disposition of the fund failed because the beneficiaries quarreled over the division of money. Now it is asserted all of them, including Mrs. Parnell, have agreed to sink their differences, and judgment in the case will be given by the Seine tribunal, a document giving mutual consent to release the funds having been finally drafted and approved by all concerned.

An American in Trouble.

LONDON, May 31.—Gen. John Hewston, an American, who has been staying at the First Avenue Hotel in this city, has been arrested, charged with causing the death of a man of the name of George Burton. Gen. Hewston was walking in Gray's road last night and was rudely jostled by a party of itinerant musicians. He remonstrated and the party turned upon him and struck him. Gen. Hewston carried an umbrella and used it to defend himself. The point of the umbrella entered the eye of Burton, who was one of his assailants, and he fell. He was taken to a hospital and there died. Gen. Hewston is a Californian. He is positive in his statement that the killing was entirely by accident and declares that he only lifted his umbrella in self-defense.

O'Donovan Rossa has acceded to the request of the Cork Nationalists to lecture on the Fenian movement and his experience in prison. He will deliver his first lecture in Skibbereen on June 4.

Opposition Victory!

Sir John Outlines the Proposed Franchise Changes.

The Provincial Franchise To Be the Basis of the Bill.

Adoption of a Principle That Liberals Have Long Fought For—Mr. Weldon's Bill to Disfranchise Bribe Voters Rejected—Discussion on Mr. Charlton's Sabbath Observance Bill.

(Special to the ADVERTISER.)

OTTAWA, May 30.—When the House assembled Mr. Laurier pressed the Premier to say what he was going to do about the Franchise Act.

In reply Sir John Thompson said that the bill he would introduce would adopt the Provincial Franchise Act as the basis of the bill. The disqualifications enacted by the Provincial Legislatures, however, shall not apply to persons otherwise entitled to franchise. They would deal with multiplex voting, not adopting the principle of one man one vote, but providing that none should vote in more than one constituency on a property qualification.

This was all the Minister said. The adoption of the Provincial lists as a basis is a partial victory for the Opposition and for common sense. The adoption of the Provincial franchise is what the Opposition have been vainly striving for ever since it was in 1885 abolished. The lists, it is true, still remain in the hands of the Dominion revising barristers, and the Provincial principle of one man one vote is not adopted in its entirety. Still the new bill is a long step in the right direction. It abolishes the "preliminary lists" by adopting as the basis the Provincial lists. Some of the Ministerial speeches in favor of uniformity will now make funny reading.

When Mr. Mulock on Monday asked Sir John Thompson if the warden of the Kingston Penitentiary had paid in any money on account of shortage the Minister of Justice evaded a reply by saying that the question was founded on a misapprehension as to shortage.

To-day Mr. Mulock repeated his question by asking if the warden had paid in any money, and, if so, how much, and of what account.

Sir John Thompson replied that Warden Low had paid over since last August \$100 on account of supplies purchased out of penitentiary stores, and \$274 of arrears on account of fuel which the Government had allowed to stand on the warden's request. He explained that it was customary for wardens to take supplies from the penitentiary stores or articles of penitentiary production and pay for them monthly.

The House passed Mr. Weldon's bill through committee. This was the measure designed to disfranchise voters who had taken bribes. Mr. Jeannotte succeeded in having two amendments carried. One required the petitioners who undertook to call for an investigation of wholesale bribery to deposit \$1,000 for the expense of the inquiry instead of \$500. There were a dozen or more other amendments to the bill, but the one described makes the bill as practicable as a trip to the moon. Mr. Weldon wanted a new clause inserted allowing proceedings to be taken under the bill 30 days after the abandonment of an election petition. This would keep proceedings hanging for two or three years, and win approval of a sub-amendment proposed by Mr. Curran and adding the words, "provided that such election petition be disposed of finally within one year."

Mr. Weldon declared that the bill was practically dead before it was born.

Mr. Dickie secured several amendments calculated to improve the bill without interfering with its principle. The bill was reported and will be reprinted for the third reading.

Mr. Charlton moved the second reading of his bill to secure the better observance of the Sabbath. This was carried and Mr. Charlton moved that the committee stage be taken.

Mr. Amyot opposed the bill on the ground that it was unconstitutional and objectionable to Roman Catholics. In quoting from the Bible he caused some laughter by referring to sub-sections and paragraphs instead of verses and chapters. He also said a good deal about the eighth day of the week.

When Mr. Amyot sat down Mr. Laurier called "enrolled," and the motion to go into committee was carried.

In the committee objection was raised to the first clause prohibiting the publication or delivery of newspapers on Sunday. Mr. Bechard said that in Quebec they were accustomed to get their newspapers at the post offices on Sunday.

Mr. Davin thought it inconsistent to prohibit publication on Sunday and yet allow printers to go to work at 8 or 9 o'clock on Sunday evening for the purpose of getting out the Monday morning paper.

Mr. Coatsworth (Toronto) supported the bill.

Mr. Masson argued in favor of not interfering with or enacting anything inconsistent with the Ontario Lord's Day Act.

Mr. Charlton said there were 700 news-

ALL MEN

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashfulness, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address and 10c in stamps for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent sealed. Address M. V. LUBON, 25 Macdonnell avenue, Toronto, Ont., Canada. Please mention this paper.

papers in the United States published and sold on Sundays, and this was all he desired to screen Canada from. Mr. Davin, in the course of his remarks, referred to Hon. George Brown working on Sunday evening in the gutter out of the Globe, and pasting a newspaper over the window so as not to attract attention from the street. Yet, added Mr. Davin, he, like myself, was a good Presbyterian. Mr. McMullen took Mr. Davin's task for casting a slur on George Brown's memory, and Mr. Davin said he spoke the truth. He went on to say that in calling himself a Presbyterian he intended taking credit for professing the principles of Knox, but there was nothing in common between his Presbyterianism and "the sneaking Presbyterianism" of Mr. McMullen, whose sanctity was all the outside. For himself he attended the Presbyterian Church on Sunday.

Mr. McMullen doubted the orthodoxy of Mr. Davin's Presbyterianism, and expected that if Mr. Davin did attend homestead he did not do so at Ottawa—attend church—it was for political effect on his constituents.

Mr. Charlton replied to the opening of the bill, and finally carried the substance of the clause by a vote of 50 to 31. Sir John Thompson and Mr. Laurier voted in favor of it.

Various sub-amendments were offered to the clause as amended. A motion that the committee rise was voted down, but a further discussion another motion to rise carried by 59 to 40.

Mr. Laurier on motion to adjourn gave the Premier notice that on the motion to go into committee to-morrow his motion in the case of the imprisonment of J. V. E. editor, of St. John, N. B., for contempt of court, would be discussed.

SWEEP AWAY.

British Columbia Devastated by Floods.

Eight Persons Dead—Whole Village Submerged—Steamers in the Meadows.

VANCOUVER, B. C., May 30.—The Fraser River has become a raging torrent and is dealing destruction and death at every point. The surrounding valleys have been submerged, houses and outbuildings of ranchers have been swept away, and where but a few days ago waving fields of growing grain met the eye, is now but a waste of water. Whole herds of cattle and flocks of sheep have been drowned in the running flood. Whole villages on the banks of the stream are floating.

So far eight human lives are known to have been lost.

At Langley a little boy fell from the porch of the Langley Hotel and was swept away by the flood. The hotel was afterwards washed from its foundations. The entire town is flooded. The whole Langley prairie is now under water and the island on which is the Indian reservation is entirely under water.

Four Indians, who were trying to tow some cattle from a ridge on the island behind their houses to the mainland, were capsized and three of them drowned. The dead bodies of three men and a little girl were found on Hatze prairie entangled among floating trees.

Many other bodies are reported as having been seen in the stream in other localities, but so terrible is the current that all attempts at rescue were futile. At Morris steamers are sailing right across where farms used to be. Farmers, fearing to remain longer, are taking passage on steamers and bringing their families here.

The towns of Chilliwack, Harrison and Centerville have been almost entirely inundated, and it has been with difficulty that the inhabitants have escaped with their lives. The damage done to the Canadian Pacific track is very serious all along the line.

At Nicomen the whole town is under water. Traffic over the railroad is entirely stopped, no train having arrived from the east since May 23.

Every farmer and rancher at Hatze Prairie is ruined.

The latest report says the Mt. Zuydyke has caved in and the country is all flooded.

Reports from beyond Mission City can not be obtained, as the wires are down. The Mission railroad bridge, one of the largest on the road, is expected to go every hour. The Salmon arm bridge collapsed yesterday afternoon. At Yale the river is rising two inches an hour.

INJURY ON THE C. P. R.

MONTREAL, May 31.—Remarks the reported floods on the Canadian Pacific Railway in British Columbia, Vice-President Shaugnessy said yesterday: "The Fraser and Columbia Rivers are very high. This is due to the lateness of the spring, the warm weather melting the snow, and sending the waters down with a rush on the mountain sides. We have had the embankments cut away in two or three places, and a portion of a bridge near Spences rendered impassable. The wires are down, and traffic generally has been pretty seriously impeded for a week. I have a telegram from Mr. Whyte, general superintendent at Winnipeg, informing me that he is handling traffic through the mountains division, and I expect to hear from Mr. Abbott, the general superintendent, to the same effect very soon."

CONCISE CULLINGS.

Factories in Joliet, Ill., have shut down for want of coal. The M. C. R. is burning coke.

Typographical Union, No. 6, unveiled the Horace Greeley statue in Greeley Square, New York, on Tuesday.

A good deal of opposition to the bill in Congress requiring seamen working on the lakes to be United States citizens is expected.

It is rumored that Turpin, the French inventor, has sold the secret of his melinite, the new explosive, to the powers composing the Dreihund.

The Dominion line steamer Hamilton, from Montreal, May 18, has reached Liverpool with a shipment of 222 cattle and 525 sheep and landed her live stock in good condition with the exception of one head which died on passage.

The petrified body of a woman was found by hunters near Walkerville, Ill., a few days ago. Upon the forehead is a gash which indicates that the woman was murdered. An old lady claims to recognize the body as that of Mrs. Loveless, who disappeared many years ago.

ONLY UNTIL

THE

16th June

PUT

ONLY UNTIL

THE

16th June

TO THE ROUT Opposition Overshot

OUR

BARCAIN

YOUR

BOON.

SUCCESSORS
TO
T. BEATTIE
& CO.

THINK OF IT!

\$68,028.47

—WORTH OF—

FINE DRYGOODS

59c

BOUGHT AT

ON THE \$

NO BARGAIN DAY BRAG

—OR—

WET GOODS MOUSE TRAP

CAN or DOES equal the

STERLING BARGAINS

—TO BE HAD AT—

176 and 178 DUNDAS STREET

KINGSMILL'S