

When Buying
BLANKETS and WOOLS
be sure you get
Riverside.
Warmest, Lightest and Best.
Refuse Substitutes.

Evening Telegram. St. Pierre Bulletin

W. J. HERDER, - - Proprietor
W. F. LLOYD, - - - Editor

THURSDAY, October 29, 1914.

Beyers Routed.

On Tuesday, commenting on the information then available, we referred to the Maritz rebellion as an isolated affair. Next day, however, news came that General Beyers and Christian DeWet had also rebelled. Although the rebellion of Maritz can no longer be spoken of as an isolated affair, the acts of Maritz, DeWet, and Beyers seem to be sporadic. There appears to be no epidemic of rebellion among the Boers in South Africa. Maritz was operating on the borders of German South West Africa, and Beyers and DeWet on the north of the Orange River Colony, some three hundred miles away. As to the attitude of General Herzog whose influence is in the S.W. of the latter Colony, there is no information to hand. Maritz was defeated on the borders of German South West Africa, where he fled wounded. Beyers has been routed by Botha somewhere on the S.W. of the Transvaal. About DeWet there is no information. So far as the information afforded gives any clue, the rebellion does not appear formidable.

But the question arises as to the nature of the aid the rebel officers might obtain from German South West Africa. This German territory is comparatively large. The area is 222,450, about eight times the size of Newfoundland, but the population is only 82,000. Of these about 14,000 are white, 11,000 being German. As the blacks are about five times the number of white, and as the blacks cordially detest the Germans, it is evident that the Boer rebels can obtain very little support from German South West Africa.

H.M.S. Princess Royal.

In the letter of the volunteer whose letter from the Florizel we published yesterday mention is made of the battle cruiser Princess Royal, stationed at one time close beside the Florizel. The presence of this great battleship on the watch to prevent any raid on the convoy by the Germans shows that the British Admiralty was determined to take no chances of disaster. The Princess Royal is more powerful and faster than any cruiser the Germans had available for raiding. She was completed two years ago. Her displacement is 26,000 tons. Her indicated horsepower is 70,000, and she can steam 32 knots. Her armaments are most formidable. She carries eight 13.5 inch guns, and 16 4-inch guns. She is one of the cruisers which can take her place in the line of battle with the great dreadnoughts, and in addition she has a speed superior to any cruiser afloat, except the Queen Mary, which can give her three knots.

Recruits for Navy.

Several applicants for service in the Navy, have reported to the Calypso during the past few days. Yesterday, the following recruits enlisted for a period of one year for active service in Europe: John W. McCormack, Charlottetown, P.E.I., Alex. MacRae, Cromarty, Scotland; and the following from St. John's: John O'Brien, Noah Rodgers, John W. Grey, Edward O'Keefe, Michael J. Lacey, Thomas J. Truscott, James Mansfield, Henry Penney and Alfred P. Tuff. Some others made application for enlistment of whom a few are beyond the required age; the others will come up for examination to-morrow.

Dry Goods and Hardware Stores will be open for business until 9 p.m. Monday, Nov. 2nd, until the end of the year, excepting Saturdays, when the Stores will close at 9.30 p.m., and during Christmas Week (Dec. 18th to 24th), when the Stores will close at 10 p.m. R. A. TEMPLETON, Hon. Sec'y Importers' Association.—oc29,2i

Stylish Furs!

We are now offering some big bargains in Ladies' Furs. Note our prices:
Brown and Black Fur and Sealette Sets . . . \$13.95, \$27.50, \$35.00 up
Black, Brown and White Fur Stoles . . . \$25.00, \$40.00, \$50.00 up
Squirrel Stoles, extra long . . . \$25.00, \$40.00, \$50.00 up
Squirrel Muffs . . . \$9.00, \$11.00 up
Black and Brown Fur Muffs . . . \$11.00, \$13.00, \$22.00 up
SEE OUR STOCK TO-DAY.

WILLIAM FREW.**VERY LATEST NOON.****ANOTHER STEAMER SUNK.**

FLEETWOOD, To-day.
Word was received through a trawler which arrived here last night that another steamer has been sunk off Malin Head, North Coast Ireland; no details are available.

MORE DEPREDAATION BY EMDEN.

TOKIO, To-day.
The British Embassy hears that the German cruiser Emden, flying a Japanese flag, disguised by an additional fourth smokestack, entered Penang, a British port in the Straits, and fired torpedoes which sank the Russian cruiser Jemtechug and a French destroyer, the Jemtechug is 3,100 tons.

BATTLESHIP USES HER 12 INCH GUNS.

LONDON, To-day.
A correspondent at Dover says that the British fleet is still operating against the Germans off Belgium with as yet no vessel being struck. A battleship has now joined in the bombardment using her 12 inch guns.

1,500,000 SOLDIERS IN BRITAIN.

LONDON, To-day.
The British army on the rolls and drilling in the United Kingdom now amounts to approximately one and a half million men. Of this total about 800,000 men belong to what is termed Kitchener's army, men who have responded to his call for 500,000 soldiers to serve three years or for the duration of the war. About 500,000 belong to the conflict of natives, the remainder are enrolled with the special reserves so called or with the regular army and have seen service previously.

ARCHDUKE'S ASSASSINS SENTENCED.

SARAJEVO, Bosnia, To-day.
Judgment was passed on the assassins of Archduke Francis Ferdinand and his wife, Gavrio Princip, the actual assassin escaped with a sentence of imprisonment of twenty years. Four of the conspirators were sentenced to death by hanging, one to life imprisonment, two including Madjo Jabrinov, who threw a bomb at Archduke but which did not explode, twenty years, one 15 years, one 13 years, two 10 years, one 7 years and two 3 years. Other defendants were acquitted.

FIGHTING IN AFRICA.

LONDON, To-day.
The greater part of Africa has been drawn into the conflict of nations. It is reported that the Germans have invaded Angola, one of Portugal's African possessions; that there has been fighting in the province of Namibia, and that British and German forces have had some skirmishes. The invasion of Angola was not unexpected for Portugal has declared her intention of helping the allies and in view of the possibility of a German attack on her colonies had sent reinforcements to her garrisons.

ALIEN ENEMIES MUST REGISTER.

OTTAWA, To-day.
Registration within a month of all persons of alien enemy nationality resident in Canada is provided for in an order in Council passed by the Government to-day. Those who upon registration failed to satisfy the Registrars as to the propriety of their presence and actions in Canada are to be held as prisoners of War by Military authorities.

2 P.M.**STEAMER STRIKES MINE.**

STOCKHOLM, To-day.
The Swedish steamer Ormen, from Portugal to Gothenburg, Sweden, hit a mine in the North Sea and sank off Cuxhaven. Five members of the crew were drowned.

GERMAN SOLDIERS RUSHED TO CALAIS.

LONDON, To-day.
Telegraphing from Copenhagen, a correspondent of the Times says he learned in Berlin that from all parts of the East and West battlefronts, soldiers are being rushed to Belgium in response to the order of Emperor William to take Calais. It is semi-officially announced that the Germans are able to control the southern part of the North Sea as soon as they possess Calais. No civilians are allowed in the vicinity of the harbor which is crowded with floating battalions, Zeppelins and submarines.

REBELLION WILL BE SPEEDILY CRUSHED.

LONDON, To-day.
All the English newspapers regard the South African rebellion as serious, though it is the general opinion that while Generals Botha and Smuts and Mr. Steyn, formerly President, side with Great Britain, it will be speedily crushed. The Daily Express says: "If there are any Boers who believe that if Germany has the way it will leave them with a vestige of independence, they must be consummate fools." The Daily Telegraph says: "The worst feature in such treachery as that of Byers and De Wet is that it appeals to all of the most ignorant and prejudiced members of the community and flatters the deep lying hopes and aspirations of discontented retrograde minds."

REVOLUTIONARY OUTBREAK AT HAVRE.

PORT AU PRINCE, Haiti, To-day.
A serious revolutionary outbreak occurred at Port au Prince last night as a result of the landing here of

Somebody's Darling.

(Contributed by Misses Mary A. and Loretta C. Hessian.)

Into a ward of the whitewashed halls
Where the dead and dying lay,
Wounded by bayonets, shells and balls
Somebody's darling was borne one day.

Somebody's darling so young and so brave,
Wearing yet on his pale sweet face,
Soon to be hid by the dust of the grave,
The lingering light of his boyhood's grace.

Matted and damp are the curls of gold
Kissing the snow of that fair, young brow;
Pale are the lips of delicate mould,
Somebody's darling is dying now.

Back from his beautiful, blue veined brow,
Brush all the wandering waves of gold,
Cross his hands on his bosom now,
Somebody's darling is still and cold.

Kiss him once for somebody's sake,
Murmur a prayer soft and low;
One bright curl from its fair-mates take,
They were somebody's pride, you know.

Somebody's hand had rested there—
Was it a mother's soft and white?
And have the lips of a sister fair
Been baptized in the waves of light?

God knows best—he has somebody's love,
Somebody's heart enshrined him there,
Somebody's wifed his name above,
Night and morn on the wings of prayer.

Somebody wept when he marched away,
Looking so handsome, brave and grand,
Somebody's kiss on his forehead lay,
Somebody clung to his parting hand.

Somebody's watching and waiting for him,
Yearning to hold him again to their dim,
And there he lies with his blue eyes dim,
And his smiling, childlike lips apart.

Tenderly bury the fair young head,
Pausing to drop on his grave a tear;
Carve on the wooden slab at his head,
"Somebody's darling slumbers here."

Caha Zamor, brother of the President of the Republic. There was shooting in the streets of the city throughout the night and the encounters continued to-day. The members of the Ministry have taken refuge in foreign Consulates.

PAUSE MOMENTARY.

PARIS, To-day.
The pause in the German attacks on the left wing of the Allies where the Germans have fought furiously in their effort to march on to French ports of Dunkirk and Calais, is considered here to be only momentary. Reliable reports are to the effect that heavy reinforcements are on the way, that when the German lines are strengthened by three forces which are said to aggregate more than 200,000 men, the fighting will go on with renewed fierceness. The reinforcements have been drawn from all the other battle lines both in East and West. Reports say the next German onslaught will be undertaken further away from the coast, in order to avoid the devastating fire of British and French warships.

New Store Opens

As will be seen by an advertisement elsewhere in this issue, Mr. George Knight, who has for so many years conducted a wholesale dry goods business, opens his new retail store on Water Street on Saturday morning. Mr. Knight carries a full line of general dry goods, including men's, women's and children's apparel in all the latest styles. Having had eighteen years' experience in the dry goods business, and carrying none but the best in his line, Mr. Knight should receive a liberal share of patronage.

Brought to Hospital.

Thomas Dawson, of Bay Roberts, one of the crew of the s.s. Newfoundland and a sufferer in the sealing disaster of last spring, arrived in the city by the noon train to-day to enter the hospital for further treatment. Dawson, who was discharged from the hospital about three months ago, is still suffering very much and it is expected he will have part of his foot and some fingers amputated. He was conveyed to the Hospital immediately on arrival.

LOOK, YOUNG MAN!—If you anticipate getting a good Overcoat for the Winter, let us show you the class of work we are making. Compare the goods, quality of work and prices with any other make, then decide for yourself. Our D. B.'s are all the rage, from \$15 to \$35, and right up to the minute in style. SPURRELL BROS., 345 Water Street, next door to Parker & Monroe's—oct19,ad,tf

Grove Hill Bulletin

We wish to announce that on and after November 1st, all our business will be done on a strictly cash basis. Customers will greatly facilitate matters by sending cash with their orders, as no books will be kept. The business is being left in charge of a skilled and competent assistant, who will attend to matters carefully, with a view to giving complete satisfaction. We respectfully ask for a continuance of the favours of the public.

J. McNEIL,
Waterford Bridge Road.

SOLD **M** **SOLD**
11c. in St John's 11c. in St John's
12 cents in the 12 cents in the
OUTPORTS. **A** **OUTPORTS.**

MAYO'S

SOLD **O** **SOLD**
11c. in St John's 11c. in St John's
12 cents in the 12 cents in the
OUTPORTS. **S** **OUTPORTS.**

Imperial Tobacco Co.
Newfoundland Ltd.

From the FACTORY to the HOME.

Sideboards
Extension Tables
Chairs
Couches
Bureaus and Stands
Toilet Tables
Washtands
Pictures
Mirrors

Parlor Suites
Dining Suites
Lounges
Fancy Chairs and Tables
Morris Chairs
Student Chairs
Writing Desks
Book Cases
Whatnots
China Closets

FURNITURE MACHINE

Ten Strong Reasons why you should Buy Your Furniture from us.

- 1st—We are the only concern on Water Street that have factory connected, thus saving the middlemen's profits.
- 2nd—We have our Springs made by the only Weaver in the Country, right in our Building, thus saving considerable in cost.
- 3rd—We have our Mattress made by the only machine of its kind in the country, which can turn out fifty against ten by hand, and the Mattress is made, not stuffed, so that it comes out with absolutely uniform softness.
- 4th—We have the surface oak finish for our Furniture, which is the only thing of its kind in the country.
- 5th—We make the celebrated Oxford, or Copper Spring, which is so well known.
- 6th—We are also selling agents for the celebrated IDEAL BEDS and SPRINGS, and sell at factory price.
- 7th—We have the COMBINATION LATH and SPRING BED, the only thing of its kind in the country.
- 8th—We have Parlor Suites made right in the Building, thus saving considerable in cost.
- 9th—Having the factory in the same building we can attend to all kinds of repairing. You can also choose your own coverings for Parlor Suites, Mattresses, etc., and have them made to order.
- 10th—Our Motto—last but not least—is to sell at the Lowest Possible Price, and despite the serious advance in prices all round, we are still selling at our old prices, which are known to be low, and should appeal to everyone requiring Furniture. A call will, we believe, convince you.

The C. L. March Co., Ltd.,

House Furnishers, Corner of Water and Springdale Streets.

Carthage.

By GEORGE FITCH,
Author of "At Good Old Sivas."

Carthage was a city of great splendor and prominence which flourished about 2500 years before the Christian era. It was the seat of a powerful empire, and its ruins are still to be seen in the shape of a few hundred years afterward.

Carthage was located on the north shore of Africa, near what is now Tunis. Tradition says that someone gave Queen Dido as much land as she could cover with an ox hide, and that by cutting the hide into small strips she managed to surround a quarter section—which shows how good Queen Dido would make to-day if she were operating a public utility under a city franchise.

Carthage was founded about 878 B.C. and grew rapidly. Growth in those days consisted of extending out

the neighbours with a sword and taking their lands. The Carthaginians were a stout, dark-complexioned people who were extremely handy with weapons, and in a few hundred years they owned Sardinia, Corsica, most of Spain, and had a strangle hold on Sicily. Carthage was a great and beautiful city with the ten commandments reduced to one or two for the sake of convenience, and travelers from all over the world came to admire it and get a little influence with the king.

About this time Carthage ran afoul of Rome. Rome in the 260 B.C.'s was a hustling young nation, which was beginning to do a good business in plain and fancy slaughter. It had been afraid of Carthage for many years, but when the latter nation began to swallow Sicily it got up its nerve and declared war.

Carthage had the greatest navy on the Mediterranean and made upon

keys of the Romans until they learned to fight on water. The two nations fought twenty-five years for Sicily, which shows just how foolish those ancient wars were. The Hannibal of Carthage got over the Alps without the aid of aeroplanes or tunnels and mused up Italy for seventeen years. Rome's fate hovered in the balance and Carthage might have been the biggest noise in history, but the Romans slipped over to Carthage, and when Hannibal arrived, all out of breath, a few months later, they wiped him out and hung a sign over the city walls. "This place to be closed out regardless of cost."

A few years later Rome tore down Carthage and ploughed up the site. As the Carthaginians spent too much time fighting to learn how to write, they left no history except what Rome wrote for them; in fact, they became famous through their and false like the athletes of to-day.