THE WEEKLY HURON SIGNAL.

VOL. XXIV NO 33 — GODERICH, ONT, THURSDAY, SEPT. 7, 1871. — NEW SERIES—NO. 5

The Huron Signal,

(ESTABLISHED 1848,)

PUBLISHED AT GODERICH, COUNTY OF HURON, ONTARIO.

THE WEEKLY SIGNAL,

largest local paper in the Dominion, is published every Thursday Morning.

TERMS $1.50 per annum in advance—$2.00 credit

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SIGNAL,

The only bi-weekly in Ontario, is published every Tuesday and Friday afternoon.

TERMS $2.00 per annum in advance—$2.50 credit

ADVERTISING.

Casual advertisements charged 8 cts per line of Solid Nonpareil for the first insertion and two cents per line for every other insertion.

Rates for yearly advertising made known on application at the office.

Advertisements received without instructions as to the number of insertions, inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

Intending advertisers are invited to examine our subscription lists.

OFFICE In the late Mr Andrew Donogh's old stand—one lot from the West Side Market Square.

COX & SMITH, Proprietors. JAMES YOUNG, Editor

Goderich, 31st August, 1871.

Business Directory.

Dr. P. A. McDougall

WILL BE AT HOME FOR CONSULTATION [illegible]

G. C. Shannon M.D.

PHYSICIAN SURGEON &c. [illegible]

DR McLEAN.

PHYSICIAN SURGEON CORONER &c. [illegible]

DR. CASSADY.

PHYSICIAN SURGEON &c. [illegible]

Ira Lewis

BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, AND Solicitor in Chancery, County Crown Attorney, Goderich, Canada West. Office—1st door North Court House. [illegible]

Cameron & Garrow

BARRISTERS SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, &c. Office, Kingsbridge, Goderich. M. C. Cameron. W. R. Garrow.

Doyle & Squier,

BARRISTERS AND ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, &c. Goderich, Ont. H. L. Doyle. W. R. Squier, B.A.

Isaac F. Toms,

BARRISTER ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY, &c. [illegible]

S. Malcomson,

BARRISTER ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR &c. [illegible] MONEY TO LEND.

Strong & Squier.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS, MONEY LENDERS, &c. [illegible]

D. McDougall

LICENSED AUCTIONEER, HAVING [illegible]

L. B. Gunther,

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, LAND [illegible]

ARCHITECTURE.

[illegible]

Gooding's Banking Office,

WEST STREET, GODERICH.

[illegible] ANDREW WADDELL, Agent. Goderich, 3rd Feb. 1871.

M. NICHOLSON,

SURGEON DENTIST

Rooms over the Post Office, West Street, Goderich. August 10th 1870 w3tf

I. O. O. F.

HURON Lodge, No. 62, Meets at their Hall, Odd Fellows' Block, Goderich every Thursday evening, at 7½ o'clock. Entrance on Kingsbridge street. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

F. JOHNSTON, Secretary.

Goderich, Feb 24, 1871, w3-1y

GODERICH LODGE NO. 33

G.R.C. A.F. A. A. M.

THE REGULAR COMMUNICATION is held on the first Wednesday of each month at 7.30 p. m. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

W. DICKSON, Sec.

Goderich 4th May, 1871 sw70-1y

I. O. OF G. T.

FAITH, HOPE AND CHARITY.

GODERICH TEMPLE No. 221 OF THIS ORDER Hold their meeting in the Temperance Hall, West St. every Monday evening, commencing at 8 o'clock sharp. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

ALEX. GORRELL, Secretary.

Goderich June 24th, 1871. sw87-6mos

Huron Division No. 120,

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

THE REGULAR WEEKLY MEETING OF THE Sons of Temperance is held every Friday evening at 7 o'clock in their Hall on West St. first door west the Post office. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

A. D. CAMERON R. S. J. T. GARROW W. P.

Goderich 4 July 1871, sw-90-tf

Business Directory.

Land Office,

A Register of Improved Farms and Wild Lands for sale.

G M TRUEMAN,

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 sw1

PATENTS

FOR INVENTIONS

—:o:—

EXPEDITIOUSLY & PROPERLY

secured in Canada, the United States and Europe.

PATENT guaranteed or no charge. Send for printed instructions. Agency in operation ten years.

HENRY GRIST, Ottawa, Canada, Mechanical Engineer, Solicitor of Patents and Draughtsman.

Feb. 11th 1871 w4ly

JAMES STEWART

WHOLESALE AGENT

OF

the far famed and reliable St Catherine's Nursery D. W. BEADLE ESQ

FOR ALL KINDS OF

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, GREEN-house Plants Grapevines, &c., &c.

Any stock not on hand ordered in the shortest notice. House—Maitland Street, Goderich P. O.

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

IMPORTANT NOTICE

F. R. MANN,

House Sign & Carriage Painter

DESIRES TO ACQUAINT THE PUBLIC THAT he has taken the premises on North street, next to the Western Hotel, [illegible] room [illegible] prompt[illegible] attended to. [illegible] patron[illegible] of the last Twelve months [illegible] of the same.

Now is the time to Paint your Cutters

Sleighs, and Carriages.

[illegible] attended to. [illegible] Paper-hanging & [illegible]

F. R. MANN.

Goderich, Aug. 15, 1870 sw1

FREDERICK ARMSTRONG,

LAND AGENT, VALUER, &c

WEST ST. GODERICH.

MONEY TO LEND,

[illegible]

Farms for Sale

Crown Land Patents taken out. Debts Collected

[illegible] w4tf

GODERICH

Harness Shop!

W. A. MARTIN

HAS [illegible] Harness [illegible] W. A. M. [illegible] worked [illegible] Shops [illegible]

LIGHT AND HEAVY HARNESS

Horse-Clothing and Scotch Collars.

[illegible] promptly attended to.

Trunks, Whips, Curry-Combs,

[illegible]

HURON HOTEL,

[illegible]

JOHN FRANCIS, Proprietor.

[illegible]

Commercial Hotel, Mitchell, On.

JOHN HICKS, Proprietor. [illegible]

GOLBORNE HOTEL,

GODERICH.

E. MARTIN Proprietor.

Good Accommodations. Ample Stable Room.

This is admitted to be a First class House. Kept in Good Style.

Agent Lake Erie [illegible] sw1tf

BRANTFORD BREWERY

THOS. SPENCER, PRO.

Spencer's XXX Ales & Porter

Spencer's Bottled Ale in Fine condition,

Spencer's Ales in Puncheon, barrels and Half barrels, at the

GODERICH DEPOT,

MARKET SQUARE.

GEO. GRANT.

Goderich, Jan. 10th 1871. sw41-1y

PIANOS,

MELODEONS,

HOUSE ORGANS,

CHURCH ORGANS,

Piano Stools, &c., &c.

Manufactured by the celebrated Firm of

R. S. WILLIAMS & CO., TORONTO

The most extensive makers in the Dominion.

THE undersigned begs to intimate that he has been appointed agent for Goderich and the surrounding country of the above justly celebrated firm, and is prepared to sell all articles made by them, at

MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

Samples may be seen and terms ascertained at Warerooms, West Street. sw9

DANIEL GORDON

Goderich, Aug 15, 1870 w30

A Life Policy for Sale.

A good investment for any party who could not get his own life insured. For particulars apply to

F. ARMSTRONG.

Goderich 3rd May, 1871. West Street.

Poetry.

Written for the Huron Signal.

THE FOUR STAGES.

BY JOHN CARRICK.

Child, child, o'er life's rough path,
Set thy feet charily.
O'er its tempestuous seas,
Steer thy boat warily;
Trust not the wily arts,
Of men's deceitful hearts,
Who would endeavor
To lead thee down crime's dark path,
And in the depths of wrath
Plunge thee forever.

Youth, youth, in manhood's dawn,
Dreaming at leisure,
Haste e'er the spell is gone,
Taste of life's pleasures:
But oft 'neath the bosom fair,
Which Eve's fair daughters wear,
Given to ensnare thee,
Nature did in them plant
Hearts hard as Adamant,
Therefore beware thee.

Man, man, in noonday's flame,
Gold is alluring,
Wealth is thy only aim,
Virtue's obscuring,
What availeth the treasure chest,
With which thou hast been blest,
Yet never employ it?
Shake off the carnal lust,
Of hoarding the yellow dust,
Live and enjoy it.

Sage, sage, in life's decline,
Care-worn and hoary,
Thou, thou hast left behind,
Youth with its glory:
Gold, gold, while in life's gloom,
Tottering o'er the tomb,
Still he clutched
With his last nerveless grasp,
Clasping his treasure cask,
Thus he expired!

Child and youth, man and age,
Where have they flown?
Short was their pilgrimage
From cradle to tomb;
Where is the buoyant form,
Or the heart joyous warm,
Whither, O whither?
Like the leaf from the tree,
Or like the foam on the sea,
Vanished forever.

Zurich, Aug. 31st, 1871.

Family Matters.

WARM BATHING.—The warm bath is a grand remedy, and will often prevent the most virulent of diseases. A person who may be in fear of having received infection of any kind, should speedily plunge into a warm bath, suffer perspiration to ensue, then rub dry, and dress securely to guard against taking cold. If the system has imbibed any infectious matter, it will certainly remove by this process, if it be resorted to before the infection has time to spread over the system; and even if sometime has elapsed, the drenching perspiration that may be induced in a hot bath will be pretty sure to remove it. *Family Herald.*

The fashionable furs will be seal skin, ermine, and Astrachan lamb skin. Of seal skin three times as many have been imported this year as were imported last year, and the stock of ermine has been increased in about the same proportion. Of Astrachan lamb skins about $0,000 have been imported. Sable, mink, and muskrat are not so popular.

A MANIA FOR MEDICINE.—As education advances, it is to be hoped that the poor will learn to depend more upon themselves and less upon doctors for the restoration and preservation of their health. At present, the prevailing impression among the poorer classes is that the more "doctor's stuff" they can afford to buy and are able to swallow, the better will be their health. They care little what is the nature of the compound, as long as its taste and smell are disagreeable enough to justify its being considered "physic," and such is their mania on this point that they will frequently have recourse to any artifice to obtain larger quantities and diversities of medicine than any one doctor, however good-natured and unscrupulous, will undertake to prescribe. A curious instance of this faith in unlimited supplies of medicine is mentioned by a clerical correspondent of the *Parochial Critic*. He was visiting a woman who was ill, and whose child, a month old, was also suffering from illness. He was very much surprised at the quantity of medicine he saw on the table, and on inquiry learned that she had within a few days been to three different hospitals two of which she had visited in one day. She first went to the Children's Hospital, in Great Ormond street; but not being altogether satisfied with the information she took the child to Charing-cross Ophthalmic Hospital, and went herself the same day to Middlesex. At Middlesex the doctors gave her medicine, and at Charing-cross they attended the child, also giving her medicine to take herself, of course not being informed that she had only just come from another hospital. There must, adds the clergyman, have been nearly three pints of different lotions and medicines on the table, and she was quite at a loss how to manage to take them all. One of these days our system of general education will probably embrace the first principles of medical knowledge, and each person will be taught a few common rules for the preservation of health and the treatment of ordinary ailments; but, in the meantime, it is hardly fair to hold the doctors individually responsible for the care of cases which, unknown to them, are under treatment elsewhere. The poor, it seems, although they love medicine, are desperately afraid of the knife, and it might be as well occasionally to threaten them with this instrument when they are discovered to be bitten with "hospital mania."—*Pall Mall.*

WHAT WILL ICE DO.—It is well for people to know that a lump of ice is as good as a medicine chest in a house during the summer months. The refreshing and curative properties of ice are found more general and valuable year after year. Small lumps of ice swallowed whole will often check acute stomach inflammation, and will prevent nausea, if heat is applied outside at the same time. A bit of ice will cure diphtheria, and all other throat complaints. To become delightfully cool in summer, apply ice wrapped in paper, to the back of the head for one moment. But be careful the application is not protracted.

A New York lady whose children have the whooping-cough sends them to the park every day, with a large label round their necks, on which is printed, in large letters, "I have the whooping-cough. Keep away."

KILLED BY THE PRICK OF A PIN.—On Monday Mr. William Carter held an inquest at the Queen's Head, Charlotte Street, Blackfriars Road, London, respecting the death of William Leeding, aged 63 years. It appeared from the evidence the deceased, who was cab proprietor, residing in Great Charlotte Street, Blackfriars Road, a few days ago complained of a boil which had formed on his hand, and he lanced it with a common brass pin. His hand became very much inflamed, and he went to St. Bartholomew's Hospital, where he was directed to poultice it with linseed meal, which he did, but becoming much worse he consulted Dr Worbeys, of the Blackfriars' Road, but notwithstanding the efforts made by that gentleman, erysipelas and pyæmia, or blood poisoning set in, and he died on Tuesday week. Dr. Worbeys stated that he had no doubt but that the deceased had brought about his death by lancing the wound with a brass pin. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the medical evidence.

Religious News.

The Episcopal church in the Island of St. Vincent has been disestablished. The Governor of that island favors Woman's rights, and Madame Crosky has been appointed Regent General. The Episcopal church in the island of St. Lucia has been disestablished.

The Rev. W. M. Punshon's enthusiastic and warm-hearted reception at the Wesleyan Methodist Chapel, Leeds, Eng., where he addressed his old flock after an absence of many years, shows that the reverend gentleman is by no means forgotten, and that the people of Leeds appreciate their former minister; and the present Conference President as much, if not more, than ever they did.

In Hungary, as well as Germany, the spirit of church reform is abroad. A pamphlet representing the views of a large party of Hungarian priests has been published, in which the following are given as the essential features of the proposed reform: "First—The use of the language of the country in divine service, and a revision of the calendar of saints' days (the saints' days, as a rule, to be kept on Sundays). Second—A total reform of the present ecclesiastical discipline. Third—An improved education for the clergy. Fourth—Modifications of the monastic rule, or total abolition of monastic orders. Fifth—The abolition of disciplinary punishment referring simply to church matters. Sixth—The introduction of diocesan synods, and seventh, the abrogation of the law imposing celibacy on clergy." The reform, it will be seen, is much more radical than that contemplated in Germany.

Bishop Southgate, until recently an extreme high church Episcopalian, is so earnest an opponent of the prevalent skepticism that he is not disposed, at this crisis, to inquire too closely under what banner the people are marching, provided he is assured they all have their commission in the defense of the revealed truth. For Presbyterians, Methodists, Baptists and the Reformed Dutch church he has nothing but kind words, speaking of them as brethren and as men doing the work of the Lord.

Rev. Dr. F. S. De Haas has just returned from the East, bringing a complete and very ancient copy of the Pentateuch. This manuscript is of a rare value, being older, it is believed, than the oldest of those in the British Museum. Dr. De Haas found it in possession of a sheik in the vicinity of Jerusalem, and became the fortunate purchaser. Tischendorf and other eminent Hebraists have examined the manuscript, and agree in pronouncing it very ancient—Tischendorf expressing the opinion that it antedates the Christian era.

Do the Angels Play Croquet?

The wife and son of a late Methodist clergyman in Iowa were severely tried, and the latter generously tried to settle a long-standing and vexatious controversy on this question and sinlessness. Croquet, whose energy as an evangelizing agent is vouched for by the Indian Commission, and whose value as a method of civilization is attested by the loftiest personages in Lapland. The agitation came about on a vigorous resolution of the "Rev. Brother Skinner," a backwoods sector of morals, who denounced the skirring and whirring of innocuous balls over the green sward as "dangerous, demoralizing and sinful;" whereupon, it is solemnly recorded, an exciting debate ensued. The reverend gentlemen generally sided with Brother Skinner, the lay delegates clinging to croquet. The convention resulted in a political caucus, the arguments and allusions being described as "sharp, pointed and personal," and the highest ill temper was provoked and displayed. The war of words had been endless, and grave deeds done, had not an adjournment left the vexed question unsettled, and given the members time to cool their tongues.

PUBLICITY, NOT CHEAPNESS, is the desideratum in advertising. Make your contracts with the HURON SIGNAL,

CARDS, CIRCULARS AND BILL HEADS, neatly and cheaply printed at the SIGNAL Office.

General News.

Mrs. Buffonbarger that was, Mrs. Colburn, who is, and her husband having been acquitted of the false charges trumped up against them for the purpose of extortion, the scene at the termination of trial was worthy the historical genius of a dime novel author. "The judge and the prisoners' counsel shed tears hysterically, and embraced Mr Colburn amidst the loud applause and waving of handkerchiefs of the multitudes in court, whilst the ladies rushed up to Mrs Colburn, their eyes streaming, and with suppressed sobs, kissed her fervently.

It is stated as a curious fact that, of 26,000 victims of the yellow fever in Buenos Ayres, during the past season, nine-tenths of the number were men. The disease increased in virulence with changes in the weather, from the exposure of the river mud, by a sudden fall in the river, with the stirring of the beds of filth, etc., all showing its dependence upon other causes than personal contagion. Of the 360 grave diggers constantly employed not one died, thus proving that the graveyard was the healthiest place to live in.

The Committee of the St. John races thus disposed of the body of poor Benforth, preparatory to its removal to Newcastle-on-Tyne for burial. His friends wishing that the face might be seen on its arrival at home, the body was placed in a zinc coffin which was enclosed in one of pine. These two were placed in a handsome black walnut casket, and a glass inserted in the lid of each coffin, so as to expose the face to view.

Walter Brown, the champion sculler of the United States, has also died from the effects of over-exertion.

Mrs. Laura Fair, the celebrated California murderess, has, by the ingenuity of her counsel, got the consideration of her appeal put off till next November.

BONNER'S STABLE.—The prices paid by Robert Bonner for the collection of remarkable horses which his stable contains, are stated by an exchange, which said to have received his information from his Boston friend, as follows:—Dexter $33,000; Pocahontas $33,000; Peerless, $15,000; Lantom $10,000; Bruno, $25,000; Edward Everett, $20,000; Joe Elliott, $10,000; Lady Palmer, $35,000; Star, $20,000; Flora Temple, $25,000. Total, $178,000.

Right Hon. Sir Alexander Cockburn, has gazetted as the British representative in the arbitration conference at Geneva.

Extensive lead mines have been discovered in South West Missouri.

The African scandal, at Kingston, Jamaica, was recently killed a boy, roasted his legs and drank his blood, has been found guilty and sentenced to death.

Chinese Feeding the Dead.

John Chinaman has some very peculiarities regarding the state of his deceased countrymen. Sunday the Western House has and an express wagon took a load of the benighted heathen out to the cemetery to perform for them the sad and solemn rites of feeding the dead. Arrived at the graves of their countrymen, the provisions and other things belonging to the ceremonies were placed beside the altar—a rude, hollow brick structure, raised about two feet, and covered over, all except a small hole in the top. The altar has draught holes in the ends and sides, and is used to burn up the ceremonial papers when the rites have been accomplished. The provisions consisted of a middling sized pocker, roasted whole; fruit, Chinese liquor, and some kind of eatables. The pig was placed beside the altar on a large wooden tray, and some clean straw spread at the foot of the tray. Some liquor, probably Chinese brandy, was sprinkled on the straw. A Chinaman then came forward, and after raising and falling his clasped hands three times, knelt down on the straw and bowed his head three times, close to the pig's hind feet. Then he took a little cup, filled with the liquor, and spilled a portion of it on the straw. Then another and another went through the ceremony until all had participated therein. Joss sticks and cigarettes were distributed at the graves, the papers burned on the altar, the provisions put in the wagons, and the party returned. Formerly, the Chinese left the provisions at the graves, but the Indians, who believed that a live Indian had more need of food than a dead Chinaman, used to watch for the day of the ceremony, and devour the spoils. It is supposed that several Chinamen, in consequence of this loss of food, were murdered to reach the celestial heaven. Now the Chinese leave the food long enough for the spirits to get a square meal, and then bring it away with them.

Late Hours.

The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher preached lately on "Late Hours" and the "Unfruitful Works of Darkness."

"If you want to make the ruin of a child sure, give him liberty after dark.—You cannot do anything nearer to insure his damnation than to leave him at liberty to go where he will without restraint. After dark he will be sure to get into communication with people that will undermine all his good qualities. I do not like to speak to parents about their children; but there are thousands who think their child will not lie, when his tongue is like a bended bow; he will not drink, when there is not a saloon within a mile of his father's house where he is not as well known as one of its own decanters; he never does iniquitous things, when he is reeking with filth. Nineteen out of every twenty allowed perfect freedom at night will be wounded by it. There is nothing more important than for a child to be at home at night; or, if he is abroad you should be with him. If he is to see any sights or take any pleasure, there is nothing he should see that you should not see with him. It is not merely that the child should be broken down, but there are thoughts that ought never to find a passage into a man's brain. As an eel, if he wriggle over a carpet, will leave his slime, so there are thoughts that never can be got rid of, once permitted to enter; and there are individuals going round with obscene books and pictures under the lappels of their coats, that will leave ideas in the minds of your children that will never be effaced. There are men here who have heard a malicious song and they never will forget it. They will regret having heard it to the end of their lives. I do not believe in a child's seeing life, as it is called, with its damnable lust and wickedness, to have all his imaginations set on fire with the flames of hell. No body goes through this fire that can get rid of the scars."

Selected Miscellany.

Fidgets.

(From the Liberal Review.)

It is one of the peculiarities of fidgety men that they are everlastingly imagining themselves ill. In many instances they are, perhaps, in the first place slightly unwell, but they make themselves fifty times worse than they would otherwise be by continually brooding and mourning over every little ailment which afflicts them. If they have the slightest pain, either in their toe, their head, or their tooth, they set up a howl of lamentation, and invite manifestation of pity, and, if these are not bountifully accorded them, they are highly incensed and mortified. In the sitting-rooms in which they choose to while away their day, every window (even if the thermometer stands at 86), must be tightly closed, so must the door and all the little cracks and crevices in the walls, floor and elsewhere, must be carefully stuffed up with cotton wool or some other equally adaptive substance. The fidget must have a fire, a bright, ruddy, glowing fire, and yet he is not warm enough. He will shiver, and wheeze, and shrug his shoulders, and grumble. Woe to the unhappy wight who thoughtlessly bursts in upon him! How skilfully he manages to throw into his voice an expressing between a snarl and a lamentation, thereby completely crushing the unhinking intruder. He is not easily upset, but keeps the remembrance of the event in his mind (and in other peoples' minds too) long after. The fidget is never contented with the way in which his dinner is cooked; at least, so certainly as each day comes, during some portion of his meal does he look "daggers" across the table at his wife and snarl, and then refuse to eat anything. The more he is expostulated with the firmer will become his refusal. If left to himself, and had no one to mortify by abstaining, the probability is that the old growler would, sooner or later, despatch what so much disgusts him. When he has nothing better to do he goes roaming about, moaning and complaining at every thing, correcting his children, "roving" his domestics, and finding fault with his gardener. It is a remarkable thing that affairs go wrong with him more than with anyone else.

The fidgetty woman, though she resembles the fidgetty man, is not like him in all respects. She is frequently ailing, but she is not so fond of wrapping herself up, nor is she so particular about "draughts." The fidgetty man, by the way, can gravely discourse for an hour on the effects of draughts, and can dilate over them—well, everywhere, for he is continually discovering them. They are, indeed, among the terrors of life. She, however, takes plenty of medicine. She is a large consumer of pennyrills, patent plasters, and patent draughts—and, being patent in the way of medicine is also so in her consumer, for she never considers herself quite well. She is particularly unmerciful towards those who are afflicted with short memories, and forget to put anything they have used in the exact place they found it. To come in from the hunting field, or shooting, and to forget to scrape and wipe one's boots, is a thing which is very apt to put her out. She strongly objects to her carpets bespattered with mud. She has the most unpleasant faculty of believing that those over whom she has control can never do anything right unless she is standing by. Undoubtedly, they never do anything exactly right then. She has a most unpleasant faculty of "nagging" at people to do things which she thinks they ought to do but they do not. She will endeavor to persuade them to do something really desperate to relate evils which never exist, except in her own imagination. The best man living could never act exactly to her satisfaction. She is, of course, overburdened with troubles, and she must have people to sympathize with her. She is, we presume, not aware that she is heartily laughed at behind her back.

Fidgets, if disagreeable, are, as a body, honest, well-meaning people at heart. They rarely indulge in regular downright quarrelling, they appear to know the exact limit to which they can carry their snarling and complaining. Neither are they unforgiving. Their fidgetness is, perhaps, more the fault of circumstances than their own. As a rule, they have not sufficient to occupy their minds, having few to care for besides themselves. If a few serious troubles overtook them before their fidgetiness became chronic, the probability is they would never become confirmed fidgets. The mind must always have something to occupy it, and when people have nothing such it is absolutely necessary for them to think about—they think about themselves—their ailments, surroundings, &c. We should be heartily glad, however, to see a determined attempt to "put down" Fidgets. It is not as if they only made themselves miserable; they are pests to society at large.

A great many people have asked us of late, "How do you keep your horse looking sleek and glossy? We tell them it is the easiest thing in the world; give Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders two or three times a week.

POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS printed in the best style and with despatch at the SIGNAL office.