There are few more vicious things on earth than a motor car out of control. The most important factors in securing control are the brakes. It is not too much to say that an owner has no moral right to take an automobile out on a public highway withcout being reasonably certain the just the proper tightness. The rod mobile out on a public highway without being reasonably certain the just the proper tightness. The rod connecting the pedal to the brake can be turned either to the right or to the left to make it the right length for desired results.

One matter that should be as much brakes each time when taking out the ply the brake with the car jacked up. car. This can be done by throwing Adjust the equalizer until it is parallel car. This can be done by throwing out the clutch and applying the brakes.

If they do not appear to be working effectively fix them or get them reOn the internal type of brake it may be received as the wheels adpaired at the earliest possible moment. The small trouble or cost of repairing brakes is much less expensive than a broken fender or the smashed parts of some one else's car that you may crash into because the brakes will not hold.

Know surely that there is a good

ings. It is necessary that the linings be adequately stretched to avoid Brake wrinkling. Also the rivets must be properly sunk, so the metal of the rivets will not score the brake drum, thereby causing the brakes to fail to leave the clutch engaged until just believe the clutch engaged until just behold as they should.

AVOID SQUEAKING BRAKES.

Squeaking brakes are a nuisance bringing the car to a standstill. In going down an ordinary and roughening the brake lining with a steep hill or a moderate hill with a file. The brake mechanism should heavy load, put the gear into inter-

adjustment or ap lication of brakes, help to turn off the ignition witch. consequently it is the duty of every car owner to make a systematic brake tle as possible. When an emergency inspection regularly. For instance, the stop is necessary close the throttle loss of so small an instrument as a leave the clutch engaged, apply the cotter pin may lead to serious ac-

drag, for dragging heats them, wears ding.

ADJUSTMENT OF EQUALIZER.

Regarding an axle or wheel drum of a habit in motoring as keeping water in the radiator is to test the brake where an equalizer is used, apmade at each individual wheel.

Know surely that there is a good type brake lining, also that it is properly installed. Some linings are too soft and some are too thick. They may easily become matted and are apt to need constant adjustment. The best linings are usually woven with plenty of asbestos and copper wires.

It usually takes a good auto mechanic to properly install brake linings. It is necessary that the linings manner. When in doubt as to whether each

Brake trouble will be avoided by fore you come to a stop. This causes the engine to assist the brakes in

In going down an ordinary hill tment. This annoyance can often stopped by removing the wheels down the throttle. But in going down be wiped off and oiled once every 500 mediate or low speed at the top of miles of driving. mediate or low speed at the top of the hill and leave the clutch engaged Many accidents are due to faulty Shut off the throttle; it may also be of

dent.

Brakes should not be allowed to but keep them rolling to avoid skid-

Words With Histories.

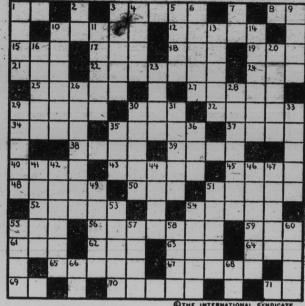
When a housewife asks whether the

goods she is buying are cotton or woolthey were one and the same, for it was to a woolen fablic made in Bristol England, that the name "Bristol cotton," was first applied.

Bristol used to be the seaport of the then seat of the wcolen trade, the West of England, and "Bristol cotton,"

striped cloth, with a long nap which could be reshorn where the garment

CROSS-WORD PUZZLE



HORIZONTAL 3—Strength
8—Part of verb "to be"

10—A tree 12—Incendiarism 15—Limit 17—Part of a circle 18—Alighted 19—Self

24—A vessel 25—Dictatorial

29—Dictatorial
27—A game
29—To cut thinly
30—A leguminous plant
32—Looks furtively
34—Fabled narrative

38—Egg-shaped 89—Stylish 40—Disease of animals (Western U. S.) 43—To lure 45-Be silent

48—To fish 50—A small spot 51—Barrier -Fundamental 54-To wait upor 55—Fragment 56—Scholarly 59—Writing fluid 61—Consumed

61—Consumed 62—A weapon 63—A fish 64—A number 65—Clothed 67—Succeed 69—To perform 70—A dwelling

VERTICAL 1-A kind of meat -Exists 3—Clemency 4—Small unit of measurement

5—Large room
6—Test
7—Towards
9—A satellite
10—Clever
11—Worn out
13—A strip of 13-A strip of leather for share

16—In worthy manner 20—To feel the way 23—Indebted to 26—Places of learning 28—Instructor 29—Perceived odor

30—Heaped 31—Village in England noted for its famous race-course 33—Method of cooking 36-Possessive pronoun 41-Path

42-Lightly covered 44-Lacking warmth 47-View

49—Bound by feudal service 51-Provides food 63-Mash 64—Rock 55-A poet

57-To 58-Frozen dainties 60-To weave together 66-Means of transport (abbr.)

for the 1925 season will commence got blabby, was woren at Bridgewater and Taunton.

The word "blanket" has a poculiar streeting and trained and ray times family names often arose from the bearer's occupation of the words and also for the many travelling contains who are going to expore trade and had manufactured white trade and had manufactured white color. It is probable that this trade gave them their name from "Blanc," chite; but it was this family which invested the controllable bed-cover ferred to as blankets.

Solution of last week's puzzle.

Bolton of last week's puzzle.

Bo

and children in their spare moments. Camping spots, where tents could be pitched for a night's sojourn might be provided, rustic tables and chairs with legs sunk in the ground, an openair for the 1925 season will commence. We should make things as interesting and attractive as possible for our visitors and also for the many travelling Canadians who are going to explore our highways and byways.

Advantages.

Very soon now the tourist traffic for the 1925 season will commence. We should make things as interesting and attractive as possible for our visitors and also for the many travelling Canadians who are going to explore our highways and byways.

Advantages.

Natural Resources Bulletin.

Advantages.

Natural Resources Bulletin.

The Garden That Takes Care of Itself

By Amelia Leavitt Hill. The thing which discourages the loct and in the bed being redug and would-be gardener perhaps more than the roots discarded, when a little any one other is the care a garden is generally supposed to require. Of course, much care can be taken and every additional touch given will show delightfully.

But a very satisfactory garden can be had with simest no care at sell if in some localities in well worth cutting.

be had with almost no care at ett, if in some localities, is well worth cutti-a little judgment in selecting plants vation. It may be had in blue, white

Various plants are, of course, especially hardy under certain conditions, and the way to find those best suited to any particular location is, obviously, to observe those which flourish in your neighborhood, either in described scale or where they are tractive flower, its so invariably in described scale or where they are tractive flower, its so invariably in described scale or where they are tractive flower, its so invariably in described scale or where they are tractive flower. in deserted gardens or where they receive little attention.

Generally speaking, a plant which its cheery, bobbing yellow heads. flourishes under neglect farther north than your own neighborhood may be depended upon to thrive under local red—which blooms late into the fall.

We can roughly, however, assure ourselves of some plants which will ourselves of some plants which will pond to any of the hybrids of to-day, thrive with a fair degree of safety in almost any climate. lmost any climate.

Phlox, that stand-by of the perennial garden, is practically indestructible. A plant which has held its own through many vissitudes is surely worth rescuing and cultivating, whereas the newer varieties, if you prefer buying them to salvaging the remains part be as hardy as the old. Phlox is not raised from seed, because of the tendency of the seedlings to revert to the ugly old-fashioned shade of purplish pink, and plants accordingly should be purchased.
It should be divided every three

years, and this again affords new proof of its indestructibility. Most plants can be divided only when the bloom is over for the year.
Phlox Just Won't Give Up.

But phlox may be dug up, the roots cut in two with a spade in the most ruthless way and the plants reset either just before or during bloom. when the plant is at its weakest, with no lose of flowers or danger to the growth, if only plenty of water be supgrowth, if only plenty of water be supplied the divided plants until they become well rooted.

Covering should be removed very early in the spring. The frosts of winter do less harm to the garden than do

so very hardy, and a great addition to young plants out of the ground to be the garden in spring and early sum-

coms suggestive in shape of the ver-

bena, is also perfectly hardy.

The platycodon halfs from Siberia, which alone should speak volumes for its hardiness. All dealers do not keep

or a delicate pink.

seen in every yard that many of us have learned to acquire a distaste for

There are also many perfectly hardy roses of old type which do not corres

One old house I know has a goodly supplied from deserted gardens in the vicinity. The varieties which compose it are, though beautiful, name-

Returning to perennials, we must not forget the hollyhock, next to the phlox the most valuable addition to the garden. These seed themselves

so lavishly that a bed once made is a bed forever. Tulips may well be planted in the garden which is to take care of itself. They should be set seven inches deep, and as the bloom each year is produced by a new bulb which forms at

the base of the old one, they should be reset every third year, lest they worn down to such a depth that they will ultimately disappear. As tulips are planted at such a depth among them. Thus after the tulips

are gone their yellowing foliage will

ome well rooted.

The two varieties of lychnis are al. the early thaws, which draw

the garden in spring and early summer. The earlier—viscaria—with its long purplish pink racemes, is a wild flower in the Balkans.

The plants once fairly started, weeding in the chief care. This may be passed by during the busy seasons on the farm, and this negligence made up venient times.

Watering, too, is important.
Watering should be done heavily or not at all.

Unless you can water sufficiently to

MUTT AND JEFF

ter of London called Soho

your house now, doesn't he?"

Many Kinds of Religion. Edward Lyulph Stanley, Lord Shef-field, died in London recently, at the age of 86 years. The family of Lord Sheffile'd had a remarkable diversity of religious belief. The late Peer was a rigid Anglican. His brother, whom he succeeded to the title in 1903, was a Mohammedan, and another brother, Honorable and Right Rev. Monsignor Algernon Charles Stanley, is the Roman Catholic Bishop of Emmans. Lord Sheffield's daughter, Hon. Venetia Stanley, adopted Jewry on becoming engaged to N. S. Montagu, whom she married in 1915. She is now a widow, her husband having died Nov. 15 last. A sister is a devoted social and unsectarian worker in that curious quar-

ONE WAY OF TELLING A GUY WHAT'S WHAT-By Bud Fisher.

