

" Homeward."

In our Home Department will be found a small engraving, which but faintly suggests the merit and beauty of the large copy of this picture published lately at \$2 each. By a special arrangement with the publishers we are enabled to give to each paidup subscriber who sends in the names of two new subscribers, with the annual subscription, one copy of this engraving.

The Provincial Board of Agriculture and Arts.

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We accidentally heard of the meeting of the Board and deemed it our duty to you to attend and see what new material the last election, or selection, had chosen to represent your interests there. We are much pleased to inform you that most of the recently elected members appear desirous of using their efforts to advance your interest. The preponderance of power is yet in the hands of old and experienced hands, many of whom have directly or indirectly sustained the past acts of the Board, which may tend to trammel them. The new men have a good task in hand, and if none of them allow themselves to be bought or frightened, they will do much good, and perhaps the lost prestige and popularity of the Provincial Association may be restored. We feel satisfied that the new members are right and the independent farmers of Canada are on their side, and if they remain

were still able to do a great deal of good. Mr. Drary, of Crown Hill, thought they ought not to "give themselves away," as might be in-ferred from the motion. They were accused of mismanagement, etc., etc. Before they admitted that they were not doing a good work they ought to have some proof adduced to that effect.

Mr. Carnegie, of Peterboro, thought there was room for changes, and he would like a large com-mittee to prepare a full report for presentation at their next meeting. In some respects they were tied down by the Act creating the Association. He had intended to move a resolution similar to that of Mr. Saunders, and he heartily supported it.

Mr. Parker, of Woodstock, said that in Division No. 9 the question now before them had been discussed, and the impression that the Board was extravagant in paying \$17,000 for awarding \$13,000 in prizes, as had been stated. He himself favored the continuation of the itinerant character of the exhibition. If they showed a desire to manage the affairs economically and wisely they should, he thought, regain the confidence of the public. He did not wish to reflect upon the old management, but the new members might be excused if they asked for fuller information regarding the affairs of the Association. The publication of the report suggested would, he thought, bear good fruit. The public wanted an official report, and not merely what newspaper reporters chose to report.

Mr. Carnegie suggested that the report of the Committee be printed before the annual meeting of the Association at London, and that the opinions of all the members should be asked in reference to it.

Mr. Young, of Galt, was of opinion that it would

He also said the farmers had none of them to com pete for the prize.

Mr. Brown, of the Guelph College, said we have some, and a gentleman in Quebec has some, and there are some in the United States.

Mr. Young, M. P. P., supported Mr. Brown in his motion, which was seconded by Mr. Moore.

Avery, Legge, Moore, Young, Brown, Drury and others voted for it.

Nays-Carnegie, Parker, Hunter, &c.

Thus you see the money that should go into your pocket to encourage you is directly voted for the advantage and benefit, or rather the whim, of the Model Farm Manager. What benefit can it be to award this money when no farmer in Ontario has this class of stock? This is not the only instance when the prize list was altered for the benefit of the Model Farm. We did not catch all the votes that were cast pro or con., but this was what we considered the nearest to a test question, and by it could form a slight opinion of who were really advocating the farmers' interest. We must pay to import the animals; we cannot compete and must pay the prizes. If these expenditures, under the name of the encouragement to agriculture, are to be continually manipulated as they have been, the sooner such expenditures are stopped the better for the farmers.

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