

NEWS OF WORLD TOLD IN BRIEF

Important Move Towards Formation of Imperial Institute of Trade and Commerce Being Discussed

NOT DOLLS BUT MAPS

German Spy Arrested in England was Stuffing Dolls With Maps of East Coast—W. W. on the Rampage Again.

A London despatch says far and away the most important movement yet to meet the present urgent problem of organizing imperial commerce is to be discussed to-day at a public meeting...

The idea to be considered is the foundation of an "imperial institute of industry and commerce," to be linked with Earl Grey's already mooted scheme for the union of the London offices of self-governing dominions under one roof...

Making and dressing dolls was the innocent-looking occupation of a German spy arrested on the Yorkshire coast... The dolls' bodies contained carefully-prepared maps of the east coast...

Apparently there is some misapprehension as to the appointment given Gen. Voigts-Rhetz. Late Berlin advices say that he has been made quartermaster-general in place of Gen. Von Stein...

The English and Scotch universities opened their fall terms yesterday with greatly reduced attendances. Cambridge University had only 1,500 students...

Presumably headed for Butte, 1,600 industrial workers of the world are scattered along the route of the Great Northern Railroad between Great Falls and Fargo, N.D., according to information given to Governor Stewart...

The London Daily Chronicle, referring to the German official wireless statement of British mine fields in the North Sea, says: "This is deliberately false. The British mine field does not close the channel or free way to any sea route..."

MANY ORDERS FOR WIRE PRODUCTS. Pittsburgh, October 5.—Over 25,000 tons of wire products exclusive of wire, has been sold by the Pittsburgh mills to foreign consumers in the past few weeks...

The most startling order in connection with the wire trade reported this week came from the French government, though placed through outside parties. This order calls for 100,000 spools of barbed wire for prompt shipment...

Export trade continues active in the horsehoe and shoe nails industry.

YOUR PRINTING Mr. Business Man, Quality and quick service are the two greatest essentials you demand. We are equipped to furnish you with both, and further, we will assist you in the preparation of your literature if you so desire. Phone Today, Main 2652. The Industrial & Educational Press LIMITED "Ye Quality" Printers 25-45 St. Alexander St. Montreal

NOTES ON PUBLIC UTILITIES

Notices have been sent to shareholders of the Cleveland Railway Company of a call for \$2,332,770 of new money through the sale of stock to take care of street railway improvements extending to the end of next year...

Federal Judge John C. Pollock has signed the order, and the properties of the Kansas Natural Gas Company have been delivered to the State receivers by the Federal receiver...

Following the receivership of the Atlantic Gas & Electric Company default occurred in the semi-annual interest of the \$1,830,000 first and refunding mortgage 5 per cent. bonds of the Eastern Pennsylvania Power Company...

The Ohio Court of Appeals has rendered an opinion in the gas case rate of the city of Newark against the Newark Natural Gas & Fuel Company in favor of the city...

H. M. Bylesby & Company announce the declaration of the usual dividend of 1 1/2 per cent. upon the preferred stock of the following companies for the quarter ended September 30...

ONLY WAITING FOR INSTRUCTIONS FROM BRITISH WAR OFFICE. No Active Measures Taken to Recruit Second Contingent Until It is Learned Just What Character of Force is Needed.

Ottawa, October 5.—The Government is awaiting word from the British War Office as to the character of the force which will comprise the second contingent which Canada has offered for overseas service...

The force will be organized by enlistment at the various divisional headquarters of separate bodies. The first Canadian expeditionary force which is now on its way to England will be equipped up to 200 per cent...

It was announced at the Militia Department today that the British War Office had asked that duplicate equipment be furnished for the whole first division. Preparations had already been made for the supply of an excess of 70 per cent. over the equipment immediately required and now Canadian mills and factories are choked with orders for the other 30 per cent...

The Militia Department has been receiving numbers of applications for enlistment from members of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police. These have been consistently refused, however, and none but British recruits are being allowed to leave the force. It is considered that trained men are needed in the West in the present situation.

The Minister of Militia, who sailed for England to-day, will visit France before returning to Canada and confer with the British and French generals who are leading the allied forces.

The information so obtained will be of service in raising and equipping the second contingent.

GREAT IRRIGATION SCHEME

One of the Finest Modern Undertakings of the Kind Now Under Way in New South Wales.

Figures relating to the progress of the New South Wales irrigation scheme at Burrinjuck, in the valley of the Murrumbidgee, have been laid before the New South Wales Parliament. This vast Government enterprise is now in full swing, and the resumptions of land effected by the Government up to the present cover an area of 520,400 acres, the actual cost of which has been \$450,000...

FRENCH GOVERNMENT ORDERING IN ENGLAND

Find That Their Own Footwear Could Not Stand the Rough Work of Campaigning

ALSO AFTER BLANKETS

Artificial Activity in Manufacturing Centres Provides Employment for Army of Out-of-Works—Cotton Market is Also Active.

The London correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce says: In addition to the numerous contracts which are daily being placed by the British War Office, the French authorities have been very active in this country during the past week and have entered into commitments representing a sum of approximately \$2,000,000 with English traders...

The large orders for boots for the soldiers of the French went to pieces early in the campaign. France had long been ridiculing the German army boot, and rejoiced at the news that the coarsely shod Germans suffered badly from blistered feet...

One order alone has been placed at Northampton for the delivery of 100,000 pairs to France before October 25, and the first shipment has already been made.

Altogether, the war has caused an artificial manufacturing boom in Birmingham, Sheffield, Leeds and throughout the Midlands, as well as throughout the kingdom. Where there were formerly hordes of unemployed, factories are running night and day on military supplies...

Wool Market Invaded. The wool market has also been invaded by the French authorities, as well as by the British War Office, for blankets, either made up or in a raw state. The shortage in this department of military stores is probably more acute than in any other...

Elmer L. Luck, son of Principal L. H. Luck, of Connaught Public School, Calgary, is being held by the Germans in Leipzig, where he has been studying.

Special meeting of stockholders of Riker & Hegman Company has been called for October 22 to consider reducing par value of stock from \$100 to \$5.

Two masked robbers entered the Farmers' & Merchants' National Bank at Tupper, Okla., held up R. M. Armstrong, the cashier, and escaped with \$2,437.

As a result of the war Cambridge University opened with only 1,500 students, as against 3,500 last year. Pembroke College sent 200 out of 270 men into the army.

Lyle Mahan, assignee of failed New York Stock Exchange firm of Cowperthwaite & Clark, says liabilities should not exceed \$250,000 and assets are about \$200,000.

Prince of Wales fund is now \$15,000,000. It is planned to use the fund in a productive way as far as possible, such as in aiding plans for employment and in industrial training.

Arthur O. Howard, former general manager for the Store Cotton Co., an alleged fraudulent company in which 10,000 investors lost nearly \$3,000,000, was taken from Providence to Philadelphia for trial.

In tests at Rome of new wireless telephone device, invented by Marconi, human voice was heard distinctly at a distance of nine miles. For the present, the new invention will be reserved for war vessels.

Detroit automobile manufacturers will make direct appeal to President Wilson against the war tax on automobiles, which, they say, will cost them at least \$8,000,000 annually and have damaging effect on the industry.

If the United States will buy \$10,000,000 of wool from Uruguay, that country will purchase more than one-half of it back in finished products, is the proposition presented by Joseph Richland, Consul-General for Uruguay.

A French army doctor declares that only 3 per cent. of wounded die, only 5 per cent. of wounds are serious, and less than 5 per cent. of wounded are hit by bullets, the balance of wounds being caused by shrapnel.

GLEANED FROM MANY SOURCES

Baltimore manufacturers are making 500,000 hospital robes for allies.

Lieut.-Colonel James Barr, after an illness of several years, is dead.

The Oster Railway Line has been cut between Courral and Thourout.

Freighter Westerdarby arrived in Boston with a cargo of German toys.

The municipality of Amsterdam has published a decree fixing the price of wheat.

Fire in the Morris Herman Dry Color Works in Newark caused damage of \$25,000.

Russia, Great Britain and France are taking steps to secure the re-opening of the Dardanelles.

Nearly 100,000 people witnessed the march of the New South Wales expeditionary force at Sydney.

The fourth American Road Congress will be held in Atlanta, Ga., during the week beginning November 9.

British Government is said to be negotiating with American knitting mills for \$1,000,000 worth of sweaters.

Advices received Wednesday say port of Calcutta, which has been closed for two weeks, has been reopened.

British agents have orders to buy 10,000 horses and have placed an order with the East St. Louis firm for 500 a week.

British steamer Kabina sailed from Calcutta Tuesday for Boston and New York and will be followed by the Yeddo.

Fire destroyed the building occupied by the Flint & Brickett Furniture Co., at Springfield, Mass. The loss is \$50,000.

Portuguese Minister in Washington says his country is ready to fight whenever England shall call upon her to do so.

Count Reventlow, German Naval Expert, expresses opinion that the British fleet apparently is preparing to invade the Baltic.

German newspapers say that \$100,000,000 will be raised for Fatherland's war fund, from Jewellery contributed by men and women.

All the snakes in the Zoological gardens at Antwerp have been killed in fear that they might escape during the bombardment.

Mayor Curley, of Boston, will lead the Royal Rooters, band of 300 baseball enthusiasts, when they go to Philadelphia to the world's series.

Elmer L. Luck, son of Principal L. H. Luck, of Connaught Public School, Calgary, is being held by the Germans in Leipzig, where he has been studying.

Special meeting of stockholders of Riker & Hegman Company has been called for October 22 to consider reducing par value of stock from \$100 to \$5.

Two masked robbers entered the Farmers' & Merchants' National Bank at Tupper, Okla., held up R. M. Armstrong, the cashier, and escaped with \$2,437.

As a result of the war Cambridge University opened with only 1,500 students, as against 3,500 last year. Pembroke College sent 200 out of 270 men into the army.

Lyle Mahan, assignee of failed New York Stock Exchange firm of Cowperthwaite & Clark, says liabilities should not exceed \$250,000 and assets are about \$200,000.

Prince of Wales fund is now \$15,000,000. It is planned to use the fund in a productive way as far as possible, such as in aiding plans for employment and in industrial training.

Arthur O. Howard, former general manager for the Store Cotton Co., an alleged fraudulent company in which 10,000 investors lost nearly \$3,000,000, was taken from Providence to Philadelphia for trial.

In tests at Rome of new wireless telephone device, invented by Marconi, human voice was heard distinctly at a distance of nine miles. For the present, the new invention will be reserved for war vessels.

Detroit automobile manufacturers will make direct appeal to President Wilson against the war tax on automobiles, which, they say, will cost them at least \$8,000,000 annually and have damaging effect on the industry.

HAPPENINGS IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

McGill and M.A.A.A. Tuning up For Games of Season Saturday

EVE OF GREAT BATTLE

Braves and Athletics Will Battle Superiority on Field in Spite of Dopesters—New Joe Connolly Shows Up.

McGill looks just as strong as she was last year, while the M. A. A. is playing better ball than for the past four years.

A few hours more and the National and American champions will be lined up at St. Nicholas Park for the first game of the world's series. The dopesters can see the Boston aggregation because of the size of the averages of the Mackmen, but, as Evers says in the course of one of his special articles, the difference between the Cubs and the White Sox was even more marked in 1906...

Propros of baseball "dope," it is surprising to those who have not been following the ex-Motors' progress in the National league, to learn that little Joe Connolly leads the fielders of his own team and those of World Champions both in fielding and batting. To have a fielding average of .983 and a batting average of .311 after such a hard season, is no mean performance.

TREASURY BILL SUBSCRIBED TWICE OVER. London, October 5.—Tenders for \$3,000,000 British Government treasury bills aggregated \$52,246,000, and allotments were made at an average discount rate of 3 1/2 per cent.

OIL BUSINESS IMPROVES. New York, October 5.—The extent of the depression in the oil business resulting from European war is indicated by the fact that in August the National Transit Company experienced the worst month in its history. Some improvement was shown in September and the outlook for current month is encouraging.

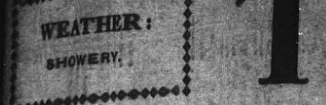
German Electrical Manufacturers Have Numerous Sales and Contracting Branches All Over the World.

The electrical manufacturing industry in Germany includes two distinct types of firms (says "Electrical Industries"), one group being formed by electrical "universal providers," the other by manufacturers of special lines of apparatus or equipment. The size of the firm is no reliable index of the group to which it belongs, for there are specializations (especially factories) employing several thousand workers. Firms of the "universal provider" type extend their activities all over the world, have numerous sales and contracting branches, and by the diversity of their products and the fact that they carry out installation work these firms exert a marked influence on methods and practice in complete electrical installations. On the other hand, makers of special apparatus and equipment rarely install their themselves, but deliver their products chiefly to independent contractors and retailers.

At one time "universal electrical factories" were well distributed over Germany, but the Helios firm (Cologne), the Schuckert firm (Nurnberg), Lahmeyer (Frankfurt), and the Union Gesell. (Berlin) have ceased to exist as independent concerns, and the centre of "universal" electrical manufacture in Germany has been transferred to Berlin, where we now find the huge Siemens and A. E. G. undertakings. These firms far surpass in business, number of employees, capital and influence the most powerful of their rivals, among whom are the Bergmann (Elektrizitatswerke (Berlin) and Brown-Boveri (Mannheim).

UNITED STATES ALREADY DOES BULK OF BUSINESS WITH CUBA. Amount of German Trade Left is of Comparatively Small Importance—Total Exports Last Year Were \$165,125,059.

An American Consular report on the trade and industries of Cuba, which has recently been issued, contains a good deal which is of particular interest. The moment (says "The South American Journal") the details show that the United States already does the bulk of the business with the island, so that the amount of German trade left is of comparatively small importance. The report in question deals with the trade for the year 1913, the figures being given in United States currency. The total value of the exports during the year under review was \$165,125,059, representing a decline of \$7,853,293, while the imports into Cuba at \$148,828,863, represent an increase of \$17,324,833, so that the total foreign trade of Cuba, compared with 1912, showed a gain of \$10,475,570 or more than \$2,000,000. No less than \$27,738 per cent. of the imports came from the United States, while \$11.1 per cent. came from Great Britain, Spain supplying 7.7; Germany 6.7, and France 6.0. Compared with 1912 these percentages all show improvement, except in the case of the United Kingdom, where there was a decline from 13 per cent. in 1912. In view of the political relations between Cuba and the United States, and the geographical position of the two countries, it is not surprising to find that most of the trade, both imports and exports, of the island is with the United States.



THE MOLSONS BANK

THE MOLSONS BANK Incorporated 1841. Head Office—MONTREAL. 97 BROADWAY, N. Y. C. A General Banking Business Transacted.

ROLLING OFF OF OVER MILLION IN DOMINION REVENUE

There Was Increase of Over Six Million in Current Expenditure During Same Period—April to September.

(Special Correspondence.) Ottawa, October 5.—The financial statement of the Dominion for the first half of the present fiscal year (April to September) inclusive, shows a falling off in revenue of \$1,648,000, as compared with the same period of last year, while current expenditures increased by \$6,815,541. The net debt of the Dominion at the end of September stood at \$341,886,684, an increase of \$11,224,651 during the month and of \$40,700,000 as compared with September 30th of last year. A considerable decrease especially in the current month is expected. The total revenue for the month was \$18,000,000, a decrease of \$5,296,155 as compared with September of last year. Customs receipts for the month totalled \$1,644,472 as compared with \$9,696,131 for September of last year, a decrease of \$4,051,309 or over forty per cent. The decrease is, of course, due to the practical cessation of imports at Pacific and Atlantic ports. Imports from the United States have not been resumed, shown an increase rather than a decrease. For the six months the total revenue has been \$70,000,000 as compared with \$86,877,711 for the corresponding period of last year. Customs revenue for the six months totalled \$41,506,684, a decrease of \$14,947,000. Expenditure on Consolidated Fund Account for the six months totalled \$55,515,839 and on capital account \$10,317,726. The issue of Dominion notes on September 30th totalled \$12,432,100, as compared with \$11,811,169 on September 30th, of last year. Temporary loans made by the Government totalled at the end of the month \$3,273,333, as compared with \$4,844,606 on the same date last year.

CLAIMS RUSSIANS HAVE TAKEN PRZEMYSL

London, October 5.—Daily Mail's correspondent at Przemysl following dispatch early to-day: "I have news from a private source that the Russians have taken Przemysl."

BRITISH VICTORY COMPLETE.

Paris, October 5.—Attache of the staff of General Gallieni, Military Governor of Paris, claim that the British victory on the River Aisne is now complete. The Germans have evacuated most of their important trenches in the "Bloody Angle," formed by the confluence of the Aisne and Oise.

The battle of the Aisne is not yet ended, but in the past few days the successes of the Allies have been more pronounced, according to official claims.

GERMANS REPULSED WITH TWENTY THOUSAND KILLED.

Rotterdam, October 5.—Twenty thousand German soldiers were killed and wounded in the charge by which the Belgian defense along the River Nete at Antwerp was finally overthrown, according to the correspondent of the Nieuwe Rotterdamse Courant, who arrived to-day from the beleaguered city.

"There were undoubtedly 20,000 German casualties killed or struck," he said. "After a gap was made in the outer line of forts, heavy fighting took place along the Nete between Duffel and Lierre, in a stretch of country over which the inundations do not extend."

"Belgians blew up all bridges across the river and raised all high buildings which could be used for observation or on which German machine guns could be mounted."

"Germans were repulsed here, but succeeded in reaching still further north. "Lierre was shelled by the Germans and burned to the ground."

SAYS ANTWERP CAN HOLD OUT.

Ottawa, October 5.—While the Germans are smashing away at the inner defenses of Antwerp, their country is making an exciting movement to the bridge over the river Scheldt.

The Belgian Government declares they are confident Antwerp will be able to hold out and in spite of the fact that the Germans are going to meet with great success. They do not reveal what this surprise will be.

GREAT BATTLE BETWEEN RUSSIAN AND AUSTRIGERIAN ARMIES.

Przemysl, October 5.—Great battle between the Russian and Austro-German armies is in full swing, according to reports received from the front. The war in that region is Russian Poland, and the operations forces are engaged in the conflict.

The news of a raid by two Cosack regiments south of Przemysl and southeast of Cracow indicates the Russians are inaugurating a flanking movement in Galicia. This will force the Austro-German forces north also advancing a large force to a point near there, and the German forces in East Prussia, the Russians west, and split the German forces in such a fashion that they will be unable to co-operate.