descend into our hearts. Teach us what we must do; we us the way in which we should walk; work Thou the k we are to bring about. Do Thou suggest: do Thou omplish our judgments, who alone with the Father and Son, dost possess the glorious name; join us efficaciously Thy gift of grace, alone, that we may be one in Thee, and y in nothing swerve from the truth; that being gathered ether in Thy name, we may in all things hold fast to justy, tempered with piety, so that here our judgment may in thing contend with Thee, and hereafter we may obtain the rnal reward for what we have well done."

Two things our Blessed Lord has promised to ecclesiastisynods, provided they be called together in His name, mely: A judicial power of binding and loosing, and a die assistance in their deliberations. Our Blessed Lord id to His apostles, and through them to their successors, Bishops of the Catholic Church: "Amen, I say to you, natsoever you shall bind on earth shall be bound also in aven, and whatsoever you shall lose on earth shall be loosed so in heaven.—Matt. xviii. 18. Our Divine Redeemer also akes the following promise: "Again I say unto you, that if o of you shall consent upon earth concerning anything whatever they shall ask, it shall be done to them by my Father no is in heaven: for where two or three are gathered together my name, there I am in the midst of them."-Matt. xvi.), 20. These words have according to Catholic tradition a pecial application to the Synods of the Church. Yet what ean the words "gathered together in My name"? Catholic ishops are gathered together in the name of Christ, when ey assemble in Synod according to the order prescribed by hrist himself, namely: obedience to, and in communion ith Christ's Supreme Vicar upon earth. It is to St. Peter nd his successors that our Lord committed the charge of His atire flock: i.e., Bishops, priests and laity, when he said, Feed my lambs, feed my sheep."-John xxi. chap. The

ope is the rock-foundation on which the Church is built,

proof against the lig right and prerogative in the faith, and to s lative acts. Hence th Roman Pontiff belongs diction over the entir appertain to faith and the discipline and gove out the world.

It is for this reaso usage, the decrees of of sent to the Holy See for have been returned stan authority, and hencefor force over the whole eco

UTILITY

The fact that the C intervals, of Provincial great utility. In such zealous and experienced "as the chords of a lyr state of religion in their Ecclesiastical Province; wants of the Church; the abuses that may exi have taken place among toral care. They delibe lishing or preserving e abuses; of stimulating promoting the growth amongst the laity, and th as in their judgment are the aforesaid objects. S immense utility and imp amount of good they ar