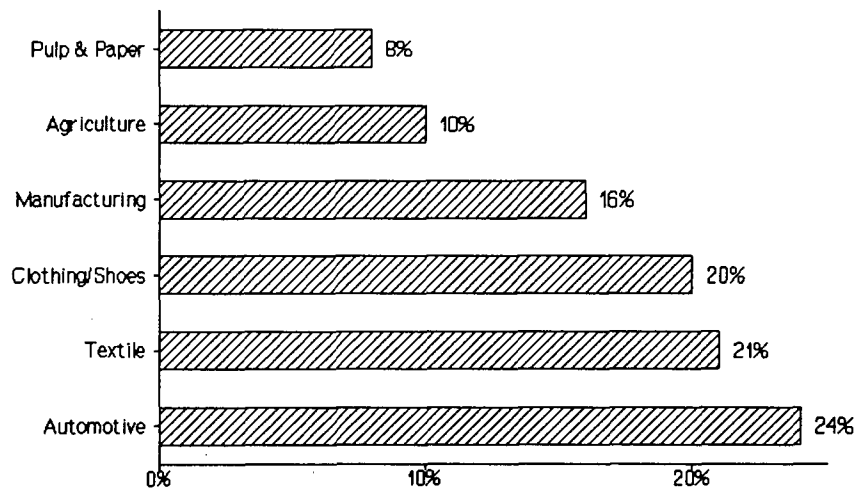


This apparent pessimism was most characteristic of respondents from Manitoba-Saskatchewan (33%), women (28%), those with not more than a high school education (28%) and lower income respondents (27%). The next most common responses were: computer/telecommunications companies or other hi-tech industries (17%, up to 24% in Quebec); the pulp and paper/forestry sector (12%, almost double this in B.C. - 21%); automobile manufacturers (10%); the energy sector (6%, nearly triple this in Alberta - 15%); and agriculture-related industries (6%, twice as many in the prairie provinces and on the east coast).

Meanwhile, respondents find it much easier to pinpoint industries in this country which they expect would be adversely affected by the NAFTA [figure 31].

**Figure 31**  
Industries That Will Be Hurt By NAFTA  
- Volunteered Responses -



Three types of companies were at the top of respondents' "top-of-mind" list of industries which they believe would be harmed by a trilateral free trade agreement with the United States and Mexico: automobile manufacturers (24%, rising to 32% in Ontario where most