

and again in 1957, the Commission for Aeronautical Meteorology held sessions in Montreal simultaneously with the Meteorological Division of ICAO. The Commission for Aeronautical Meteorology met in Toronto in July 1952. The joint fourth session of the Commission for Aeronautical Meteorology and the Fifth All-Naval Conference of ICAO was held in Montreal in 1957. The Extraordinary Session of the Commission for Aeronautical Meteorology (a conjoint session with the GREAT Navigation Conference) was held in Montreal in April 1959. The head of the Canadian Weather Service, Mr. J.R.H. Noble, is a member of the Executive Committee and is also President of Regional Association IV (North and Central America). Members of the Canadian Weather Service have served on all Technical Commissions, either as chairman, full member, or technical adviser.

Canada has undertaken to add the few additional observing stations needed in accordance with the World Weather Watch plan, and its communications system is to be converted to an automated system. The Canadian Government has also pledged \$500,000 between 1968 and 1971 to assist developing countries in the implementation of improvements required of them by the World Weather Watch plan.

Canadian ships on the high seas report their weather by radio to the nearest land station, and receive in return forecasts and storm warnings for the area through which they are sailing. In return, vessels of foreign registry frequently provide reports of their local weather to Canadian coastal stations, and receive Canadian forecasts and storm warnings for marine areas contiguous to the Atlantic and Pacific shores of Canada. There is no charge for transmissions to ships. The Canadian Weather Service in question bears the cost of transmitting the ship reports to shore stations in the United States.

Under the agreement, the Canadian Weather Service will provide weather maps and forecasts to ships in the North Atlantic and Pacific Oceans. The Canadian Weather Service will also provide weather maps and forecasts to ships in the North Atlantic and Pacific Oceans. The Canadian Weather Service will also provide weather maps and forecasts to ships in the North Atlantic and Pacific Oceans.

of the WMO. In 1967, the WMO was established as an international organization for the promotion of international co-operation in meteorology.

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