At the close of your Letter you say, "If you ask me how an individual could venture, not simply to hold, but to publish such views of a communion so ancient, so wide-spreading, so fruitful in saints, I answer that I said to myself, 'I am not speaking my own words, I am but following almost a consensus of the divines of my Church. They have ever used the strongest language against Rome, even the most able and learned of them. I wish to their system. While I say what they say, I am safe.'" You add, "Such views too are necessary for our position."

At the close of your Letter you say, "If you ask me how an individual could venture, not simply to hold, but to accuse, he expressed in intention of shooting the Chancellor. That personage, thereupon, applied to the magistrates for a warrant to a close, he expressed his intention of shooting the Chancellor. That personage, thereupon, applied to the magistrates for a warrant to a present of shooting the Chancellor. The pressed his intention of shooting the matter to a close, he expressed his intention of shooting the matter to a close, he expressed his intention of shooting the matter to a close, he expressed his intention of shooting the matter to a close, he expressed his intention of shooting the Chancellor. That personage, thereupon, applied to the magistrates for a warrant to a close, he expressed his intention of shooting the matter to a close, he expressed his intention of shooting the matter to a close, he expressed his intention of shooting the matter to a close, he expressed his intention of shooting the matter to a close, he expressed his intention of shooting the matter to a close, he expressed his intention of shooting the matter to a close, he expressed his intention of shooting the matter to a close, he expressed his intention of shooting the matter to a close, he expressed his intention of shooting the matter to a close, he expressed his intention of shooting the matter to a close, he expresed his intention of shooting the matter to a close, he expressed

Now, Sir, in your letter, which is dated Dec. 12, 1842, you make no reference (why, I shall not stop to enquire) to your Letter to Dr. Jelf, dated March 13, 1841, in which, and therefore not quite two years ago, you used the fellowing language, which I am wholly unable to account for by the foregoing explanation.

But you inform us that you satisfied your conscience in others."

and holy?

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient, humble servant, A MEMBER OF CONVOCATION. Feb. 21, 1843.

* Panzani. See his Memoirs by Berington. [We do not believe this story against Bishop Montague.-

hence that the duty devolves on us of quoting from the Freeman's Journal—the acknowledged organ of the Roman Catholic priests and b shops of Ireland in the 19th century—the following pretended miracle, obviously manufactured in a foreign loom for the use of the Irish

(From The Freeman's Journal of yesterday)

"The Univers of the 12th February, inst., contains the

following remarkable statement: —
"The accounts from China attest facts of another description, and which to Christians, will explain those we have above announced. The silence we have preserved during the last fortnight will be a guarantee to our readers that if we speak out to-day, it is on testimony the most weighty and worthy of belief. A letter which we received yesterday from Rome contains the following: - Authentic letters from the Chinese missionaries con firm the astounding miracle of the apparition of our Lord in the presence of a vast number of the faithful and un-

"The Univers states it has received other details, but (adds the Freeman) confirm its details :-

'Intelligence of undoubted authority has arrived from the Apostolic Vicariate of China, stating that a great multitude of Christians and Pagans belonging to that nation saw in the air, the heavens being serene and clear, the image of Christ Jesus crucified."

The Health of Her Majesty.—Her Majesty continues

We really resist the indulgence of an impatient desire to comment on this audacious forgery; for we could not trust ourselves to comment upon it with the reverent feeling in which such themes should be discussed. But we cannot forbear calling attention to the course of fraud which seems to be the universal policy of the Church of Rome at present—namely, the lying miracles inherent in their church. The Chinese impostor, however, puts to shame the invention and credulity of all modern Shrewsburies, and throws the Estaticas and Addoloratas

POPISH PROPAGANDA.—A short time since it was anced that the sums extracted from the pauperism of Treland, and sent to the propaganda secretary at Paris
for the last year amounted to above 7,000l.! We now
see by the Freeman's Journal that the sum collected between January 2nd and February 6th, being one month's
return, amounts to 1,056l. 3s. 4\frac{1}{2}d.\frac{1}{2} and that Mr. Clineh

H. Stowell to Sir Robert Peel, on National Education and Church Extension;—" The late disturbances, if closely examined, indicate, not uncertainly, both the primary fact that the whole had its rise and its centre in that crowded tract of country which extends from Oldham to Stockport, the very district pointed out by the admirable Bishop of this diocese, in the notes to one of his Charges, as the most ecclesiastically and educationally destitute in Lancashire, probably in the kingdom. Here was the medical examination. At Guildhall on the 21st ult., Charles poured into all the manufacturing neighbourhoods.—
Another prominent characteristic of the late riots was the combination which they presented of unsanctified nowledge with purblind ignorance. The bulk of the mobs was composed, as appeared in the cases of the persons arrested, of such as had been altogether strangers to instruction, and who were, consequently, an easy prey to the demagogue; but these were highly officered, and led by men neither wanting in knowledge, nor contemptible is tolant whose have learned and eminent divine, the Bake of the state of his mind. The man laboured under a delusion, the state of his mind. The man laboured under a delusion, that some passage in Chambers' Edinburgh Journal, reflecting of the Belfats News-Letter, we find a short extract, copied from the organ of the Ulster priests, strongly and clearly indicating the spirit which at present actuates the recognised champions of the privileges claimed, as a matter of just right, by the ministers of "Holy Mother Church" in this island. The extract has reference to the construction, and who were, consequently, an easy prey to the demagogue; but these were highly officered, and led by men neither wanting in knowledge, nor contemptible is tolate. Whose learned and eminent divine, the Books of Subscription for the secretion of a new Episcopal Church in the above-named town on Tuesday last, by that learned and eminent divine, the Bishon on Tuesday last, by that learned and eminent divine, the Bishon on Tuesday last, by that learned and eminent divine, the Bishon on Tuesday last, by that learned and eminent divine, the Bishon on Tuesday last, by that learned and eminent divine, the Bishon on Tuesday last, by that learned and eminent divine, the Bishon on Tuesday last, by that learned and eminent divine, the Bishon on Tuesday last, by that learned and eminent divine, the Bishon on Tuesday last, by that learned and eminent divine, the Bishon on Tuesday last, by that learned and eminent divine, the Bishon on Tuesday last, by that learned and instruction, and who were, consequently, an easy prey to the deamogague; but these were highly officered, and led by men neither wanting in knowledge, nor contemptible in talent, whose knowledge and talent, however, were unaccompanied by sound principle, and unguarded by right disposition. The great proportion of these had been taugit, for educated in the true sense of the word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been experimentally the contempt of the self-word they had not been expected in the true sense of the word that they work the contempt of the self-word that provided the proportion of these word that the subject of the self-word that provided the self-word that prov

rinciple of the state, and of the disastrous consequences

for by the foregoing explanation.

"As to the present authoritative teaching of the Church of Rome, to judge by what we see of it in public. I think it goes very far indeed to substitute another Gospel for the true that Sections as well as socialist lecturers have visited and the theorem. goes very fur indeed to substitute another Gospel for the true one; instead of setting before the soul the Holy Trinity, and Heaven, and Hell, it does seem to me, as a popular system, to preach the Blessed Virgin, and the Saints, and Pargatory. Or, to use words in which I have only a year ago expressed myself, when contrasting Romanism with the tree through the angient Characteristics. The tree through the angient Characteristics are the second of the properties of the angient Characteristics and the second of the properties of the angient Characteristics and the second of the properties of the angient Characteristics and the second of the properties of the angient Characteristics and the second of the properties of the angient Characteristics and the second of the properties of the angient characteristics and the second of the properties of the angient characteristics and the second of the properties of the angient characteristics and the second of the properties of the angient characteristics and the second of the properties of the angient characteristics are the second of the properties of the angient characteristics and the second of the properties of the second of the seco the teaching of the ancient Church, 'that a certain change in objective and external religion has come over the Latin, nay, and in a measure the Greek Church, we consider to be a plain historical fact; a change sufficiently startling to recal to our minds with very unpleasant sen- and Scholes, and a nucleus of other such densely inhabited, startling to recal to our minds with very unpleasant sensations the awful words, 'though we, or an angel from heaven preach any other Gospel unto you than that ye have received, let him be accursed."

Now, Sir, when you here say that the corruption of the Romish system is a "plain his orical fact," and "you judge by what you see of it in public, 'that it "goes far to substitute another Gospel for the true one," do you qually most disproportionably supplied, there insubordingly most disproportionably supplied, there insubording the results meant that these are not your own words, and that the search of the such densely inhabited, seditions, and a wfully neglected places, where for years there was not a pastor for 20,000—we may safely say 20,000—no man that cared for their souls? It was cheering to watch their progress through the various neighbour-hoods they passed—it was cheering in this point of view, that, where the ordinances of religion were most inade-quately, most disproportionably supplied, there insubording the control of the supplied of the such as and a wfully neglected places, where for years there was not a pastor for 20,000—we may safely say 20,000—no man that cared for their souls? It was cheering to watch their progress through the various neighbour-hoods they passed—it was cheering in this point of view, that, where the ordinances of religion were most inade-quately, most disproportionably supplied, there insubording the various neighbour-hoods they passed—it was cheering in this point of view, that, where the ordinances of religion were most inade-quately, most disproportionably supplied, there insubording the various neighbour-hoods they passed—it was cheering in this point of view, that, where the ordinances of religion were most inade-quately most disproportionably supplied, there insubording the various neighbour-hoods they passed—it was cheering in this point of view, that, where the ordinances of religion were most inade-quately most disproportionably supplied. really mean that these are not your own words, and that not may really mean that these are not your own words, and that not may really mean that these are not your own words, and that not may reper whilst, where the church was seen, there, as by an unknown spell upon the hearts of many, peace divines of your Church?" Is this οἰκονομία οτ φινακτσμός, prevailed, and every solicitation to revolt was studiously resisted. It was the case in my own district—it was so in others."

But you inform us that you satisfied your conscience with another reflection, viz. that "such views were necessary for your position." I am at a loss to understand you here. Is your excuse that of Bishop Montague, when the Pope's agent* reproached him with his censures of the Church of Rome, "Oh, they are things of form, chiefly to humour the populace, and are not to be too much regarded?" And if you do not mean this, allow me to ask what you do mean?

In others."

Thanks-giving.—Among the recent donations to the Pastoral Aid Society, is one of 100%, which is thus amounced:—"A part of a large share of the abundance of the late harvest, offered also in thankfulness for other special mercies, since then vouchsafed by Almighty God.

Directed to be sent by Sir William Geary, Bart." It may be recollected that the hon. bart. experienced a severe accident a few months ago, which for some time placed his life in imminent danger.

that you may be laying up for yourself the pain and repair of having beforehand branded with opprobrious and afflicting names that which you now discover to be good and holy?"

The pair of the expense attendant on that divine worship, which, even in a temporal point of view, leads to results at which all patriots and philanthropists cannot but rejoice.—Church & State Gazette.

State Gazette.

The bottom appeared to, sated that he such application, the two being appeared to, sated that he such application. It is the sectionary, in being appeared to, sated that he such application. It is the section of the subject of the two being appeared to, sated that he such application. It is the section of the subject of the subj

dral, published in The Lincolnshie Caronicle:—
"New Church, Newport, Lincoln.—The undersigned begs to return his most sincere thanks to the friends of the establishment by whose prompt assistance he has been enabled to remove the most pressing causes

A vote of thanks to the chairman, directors, and addition then terminated the proceedings; and it was announced that the friends of the establishment by whose prompt assistance he has been enabled to remove the most pressing causes.

Death of Dr. Southey.—We regret to announce the he has been enabled to remove the most pressing causes

Later from England.

ARRIVAL OF THE BRITANNIA. (From The N. Y. Commercial Advertiser, April 20, and chiefly from Willmer's European Times.)

ELEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The packet steamer Britannia, Hewett, arrived at Boston about one o'clock yesterday morning. The Britannia had sixty-four passengers to Halifax—left nineteen at that port, and took on board twenty for Boston. A large quantity of specie was brought out. By this arrival we have received from our correspondents copious files of papers-London to the evening of April 3d, and Liverpool to the 4th, both dates inclusive. The commercial news is rather favourable; there were large sales of cotton at Liverpool during the last two weeks in March, amounting to over 100,090 bales, and prices advanced about \$\frac{1}{8}d\$.

THE ASHBURTON TREATY.-Lord Palmerston brough forward his long promised and often deferred motion, for copies of all communications relating to the treaty of Washington, on Tuesday the 21st of March. The result was a miserable contents itself with quoting some observations from the Guzette du Simplon of the 8th of February. Our letters defeat of his Lordship in every sense. In the debate he was utterly overthrown on every point by Sir Robert Peel—the debate was cut short on the second day by the absence of a quorum, so little care did ministers take to secure a vote in their favour-and finally Lord Palmerston himself abandoned

to be in the enjoyment of excellent health; and notwithstan-ding the proximity of the event which is looked forward to with so much interest, Her Majesty and Prince Albert are daily to be seen walking in the gardens of Buckingham Palace as early as eight o'clock in the morning. The Prince of Wales and the Princess Royal are also in the enjoyment of robust health, but during the prevalence of the present cold easterly winds their royal highnesses are not allowed to go out, and the picture-gallery is appropriated to them, as the place of their infantine exercises and sports, instead of the open grounds of the palace. Their royal highnesses have to be dressed and en parade every morning by nine. Both her Majesty and the Prince are re-

markable for their early hours. return, amounts to 1,056l. 3s. $4\frac{1}{2}d$.! and that Mr. Clinch (apt name) attends every Sunday to receive subscriptions and give information.—Statesman.

Necessity of Education being conducted on Church Principles.—Extract of a letter from the Rev.

H. Stowell to Sir Robert Peel, on National Education and was remanded, and will be detained during the pleasure of the Secretary of State. On the 20th ult. at Bow street, John Edward Freak, aged twenty-eight, was charged on suspicion of causes of the evils under which we labour, and the means which must be employed to remove them. One feature ingham Palace. A Policeman of the A division observed him Stockport, the very district pointed out by the admirable very incoherently, and made use of threatening and violent crater of the volcano from which successive eruptions poured into all the manufacturing neighbourhoods.— the state of his mind. The man laboured under a delusion,

on the fifth count; twenty-one, including O Connor, W. Hill, and tarrey, on the fifth count; twenty-one, including William Scholcield, the court of the charitst preacher, and Richard Pilling, (who is said to have boasted, that he originated the strike in the Manchester district,) were acquitted; and seven including the younger Scholefield, had been acquitted by consent in the course of the proceedings.

Scotland.—Great preparations are making in Scotland for the new secession of Non intrusionists from the Established Church. Members of the body are perambulating the country, giving lectures and canvassing for support for the "free Presbyterian Church." The project, in which Dr. Chalmers takes the lead and an active part, is to create a general fund by substituted in allowances for the support of the several churches and their ministers; an arrange ment intended to protect the poorer congregations from the leads of the upper classes. Dr. Chalmers announced at a lecture in Glagow, that, in his capacity of convener of the lecture of the protectant Church—in fact, Jordship, as associated with episonacy, is a purely secular dignity, voluntarily to the imperation of the contract of the several churches and their ministers; an arrange that a policie of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the several church." The project, in which Dr. Chalmers takes to genius of our contemporary has not only elevated Dr. Denvir somewhat gains any other contingency, we will not eigen and only station we would desire, upon each application we would desire, upon each of its in the inferitation we would desire, upon each application

IRELAND.—Illicit distillation is greatly on the increase in Ireland since the act of last session, laying an additional duty on whiskey.

CANADA COMPANY.—The Annual General Court of the Proprictors was held on the 29th ult., at the house of the Company, St. Heleu's place, London, for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report, and of electing four directors and one auditor, in conformity with the provisions of the charter.

Mr. Charles Franks, the governor, having taken the chair, entered upon the business of the day by reading a statement, from which it appeared that the sale of lands on the Company's estates effected during the past year amounted to 37,477 acres, at an average price of 12s. 11d. per acre currency, and that in the Huron tract 28,127 had been disposed of, at the rate of 11s. 7d. per acre, giving a total of 65,064 acres, and producing, together with other sales, a nett profit of £66,270. The expenses of management in London amounted to £2,230, and in Canada to £5,070. The total on the debit side of the be recollected that the hone bart, experienced a severe much regarded? And if you do not mean this, allow me to ask what you do mean?

At all security, the properties of the Church and Dissent.—The following is taken from an address by the second senior vicar of Lincoln cathedral, published in The Lincolnshire Chronicle:—

M. T. Smith, and Mr. A. Stewart, were re-elected directors, and Mr. Poynder and Mr. Evedson auditors of the Company.

A vote of thanks to the chairman, directors, and auditors then

Fanzani. See his Memoirs by Bernigton.

[We do not believe this story against Bishop Montague.—
ED. Ch.]

PIOUS FRAUDS.

(From The Dublin Evening Mail.)

Popery, said the advocates of emancipation, is not what it was. Some explained the meaning of this oracle by saying that Rome had shared in the general enlightenment of the world; others, by showing that the Pope had become an old woman. Without entering upon, the question as to whether Popery is better or worse than it question as to whether Popery is better or worse than it was, we may assert that it is as bad as ever. The example with which we are about to confirm our opinion is so extravagant that we approach it with considerable doubt and fear—doubt, whether we ought to make our columns even at second hand, the vehicle of an impious ample with which we are about to confirm our opinion is so extravagant that we approach it with considerable doubt and fear—doubt, whether we ought to make our columns, even at second hand, the vehicle of an impious fraud—and fear, lest in so doing we offend the just reserve and rational sensibility of true Christians on such subjects. But we believe that imposture is best countered by being exposed to the daylight of truth, and hence that the duty devolves on us of quoting from the colony in the back woods of America, where guilt and sorrow should be unknown, and perfect equality, freedom, and happiness should reign for ever. A better knowledge of the world soon dissipated these Utopian reveries. As a poet, with an exuberance of imagination seldom equalled, and a mastery of versification never surpassed-and as a prose writer, at once anguage in which he wrote. The "wild and wondrous tale" anguage in which he wrote. The "wild and wondrous fale" of "Thalaba," and the almost equally wondrous "Carse of Kehama," are the poetical pieces on which his fame will principally rest. As a prose writer he was a perfect model of style—easy but not feeble—stately but not cumbrous—and rned but not pedantic. Besides innumerable articles in the Quarterly Review, to which he was a principal contributor, we believe, for nearly thirty years, his chief prose works are a "Life of Nelson," "The Book of the Church," "A History of the Peninsular War," "Letters from Spain and Portugal," "Essays on the Progress and Prospects of Society," "A History of Brazil," "Lives of the British Admirals," &c. He wrote biographies of Kirk White and Chatterton, and edited their works, besides editing collections both of the prin-

cipal and minor English poets.

He was appointed poet-laureate in 1812. He was twice married—first in very early life, and again but a few years before the mournful overclouding of his intellect, to Miss Caroline Bowles, a lady whose name as a poetess had been long and favourably known to the public, and who in the last sad blank years of his life watched over him with the tenderest solicitude, and did all that the most devoted affection could do to lighten the heavy load of his existence.

In all the relations of life Dr. Southey was universally

owed, by those who knew him best, to be truly exemplary. By his own family he was adored; and we have always understood that the burthen of maintaining the family of a man of genius, whose irregular habits ill qualified him for the discharge of the ordinary duties of life, chiefly devolved on Dr. they. Advantage, we fear, was but too often taken of the kind and amiable disposition of Southey by those who were less provident or less industrious than himself. Till his mind was unhinged, he maintained his habitual kindness of disposition; and the accomplished gentleman who accompanied him, a year or two ago, on a continental tour, undertaken for the sake of his health, dwelt with fond affection on the many amiable traits of his character which broke forth amidst all his

Dr. Southey was a gentleman in the best sense of the word. His house at the Lakes was ever open to all who presented themselves with suitable introduction, and there are few persons of any distinction who passed through that picturesque region who have not partaken of his hospitality.

CHURCH EXTENSION .- Some anonymous donor has pre-

sented to the Bishop of London 5,000% to be expended in build-LAMENTABLE.—A Protestant Clergyman in Cavan, who lately adopted the Cross on the hinder part of his surplice, has become an object of popular indignation. It is said that he has received notice not to go to his church in future, as his life is in peril in consequence.—Limerick Chronicle.—[We hope this is not true: if it be, the Clergyman ought to resign his

From our English Files.

USURPED DIGNITIES-AUDACITY OF ROMANISM.

At the close of your Letter you say, "If you ask me cation, and 'the means of grace,' administered by the back, but has never been able to procure a settlement, and, as to add a single word to the following able and dignified com-

unlawfully assembling, and forcing peaceable subjects to leave their occupations; and the fifth, which alleged incitement to mere commoners; and the first absurdity is, that according to disaffection, to hatred of the laws, and to combine in producing a cessation of labour: fifteen prisoners, including Bairstow, Thomas Cooper, and Leech, were found guilty on both those counts; sixteen, including O'Connor, W. Hill, and Harney, on the fifth count; twenty-one, including William Scholefield, Absurdity the third is, that there is not, and never has been, in the Counts and the state of the English language, Bishop at all! Absurdity the second six a necessary corollary from the first, and amounts to this, that Dr. Denvir is in law the bishop of the aforesaid diocese.—

Absurdity the third is, that there is not, and never has been, in the County is considered with the second producing to our contemporary's enlightened use of the English language, Bishop at all! Absurdity the second six a necessary corollary from the first, and amounts to this, that Dr. Denvir is in law the bishop of the aforesaid diocese.—

Absurdity the third is, that there is not, and never has been, in the County is the second producing the our contemporary's enlightened use of the English language, Bishop at all! Absurdity the second producing the county is not a contemporary in the first absurdity is, that a decording to our contemporary's enlightened use of the English language, Bishop at all! Absurdity the second producing the county is not a contemporary in the second producing the county is not a contemporary in the second producing the county is not a contemporary in the second producing the county is not a contemporary in the second producing the county is not a contemporary in the second producing the county is not a contemporary in the second producing the county is not a contemporary in the second producing the contemporary is not a contemporary in the second producing the contemporary is not a contemporary in the second producing the contemporary is not a contemporary in the second producing the contemporary is not a contemporary in the second producing the contemporary is not a contemporary in the second producing the c

bostility of the upper classes. Dr. Chalmers announced at a lecture in Gla-gow, that, in his capacity of convener of the financial committee, he should, at the first general assembly, support an equal distribution of the funds. He also mentioned the sacrifices which several ministers had made.

IRELAND.—Illicit distillation is greatly on the increase in Ireland since the act of last session, laying an additional duty

PIEDMONTESE PEDLARS IN ENGLAND. (From "Borrow's Bible in Spain.")

perhaps convey a message to my poor countryman," said a voice to me one morning in broken English, as I was standing at the door of my Posada, in the royal street of Coruna.

exertions in obtaining a canoe from his residence with as much dispatch as possible, otherwise the calamity must have been more extensive and frightful.

I looked round and perceived a man standing near me at the door of a slop contiguous to the inn. He appeared to be about sixty-five, with a pale face and remarkably red nose. He was Truly the ways of the Lord are inscrutable—and his judgedressed in a loose green coat, in his mouth was a long clay pipe, ments are righteous, though His objects be hidden from poor in his hand a long painted stick. "Who are you, and who is your countryman?" I demanded;

"I do not know you." "I know you, however," replied the man; "you pu the first knife that I ever sold at market-place of N ******.'

I knew you formerly in England as an itinerant pedlar, and occasionally as master of a stall in the market-place of a country town. I now find you in a sea-port of Spain, the proprictor, seemingly, of a considerable shop. I cannot see why you should regret the difference.

Luigi (dashing his pipe on the ground).—Regret the difference! Do you know one thing? England is the heaven of the Picdmontese and Milanese, and especially those of Como. We never lie down to rest but we dream of it, whether we are in our own country or in a foreign land, as I am now. Regret the difference, Giorgio! Do I hear such words from your lips, and you an Englishman? I would rather be the poorest tramper on the roads of England, than lord of all within ten leagues of the shore of the lake of Como, and much the same say all my country men who have visited England, wherever they now be. Regret the difference! I have ten letters, from as many counymen in America, who say they are rich and thriving, and incipal men and merchants; but every night, when their eads are reposing on their pillows, their souls austandra, hurry-ing away to England, and its green lanes and farm-yards. And there they are with their boxes on the ground, displaying their ooking glasses and other goods to the houest rustics and their laughing just as of old. And there they are again at nightfall in the hedge alchouses, [though not indulging in drink to any ex-cess, for these Piedmontese are a sober race,] eating their toasted cheese and their bread, and drinking the Suffolk ale, and listenng to the roaring song and merry jests of the labourers. Now,

ing to the roating song and merry jests of the labourers. Now, if they regret England so who are in America, which they own to be a happy country, and good for those of Picdmont and of Como, how much more must I regret it, when, after the lapse of so many years, I find myself in Spain, in this frightful town of Coruna, driving a ruinous trade, and where months pass by without my seeing a single English place, or hearing a word of the blessed English tongue.

Myself.—With such a predilection for England, what could have induced you to leave it and come to Spain?

Luigi.—I will tell you: about sixteen years ago a universal desire seized our people in England to become something more than they had hitherto been, pedlars and trampers; they wished moreover (for mankind are never satisfied,) to see other countries: so the greater part forsook England. Where formerly there had been ten, at present searcely lingers one. Almost all went to America, which, as I told you before, is a happy country, and specially good for us men of Como.

The BE SOLD OR RENTED,

THAT delightfully situated COTTAGE residence, on Division Street, one nile from the Church and Post Office, now occupied by Mr. Neville. The house contains Dining and Drawing Rooms, this Closet, large Kitchen, Wash House, a Rain Water Cistern under, which holds a six months' supply, with Pump attached a very extensive Wood House adjoining Wash House, a capital Well of Water, Cellar under a greater part of the house.—Also a large Burn and Three Stall Stable, Cow House, &c. &c., all of the heappy country, and specially good for us men of Como.

A Farm of 56 Acres of Land adjoining to be sold or rented. For further particulars, apply to D'Arey E. Boulton. Esq., or J. C. Boswell, Esq., Cobourg; M. F. Whitchead, Esq., Port Hope; John Verner, Esq., Post Office, Nontreal; Messrs. Rowsell, Foronto; or the occupant on the premises.

Cobourg, April 26, 1843. country, and specially good for us men of Como. In an evil day I left England and came to Spain.

Myself .- Did you not say that you had a countryman at

Luigi.—Yes, a poor honest fellow, who, like myself by some strange chance, found his way to Galicia. I sometimes contrive to send him a few goods, which he sells at St. James at a greater profit than I can here. He is a happy fellow, for he has never been in England, and knows not the difference between the two countries. Oh, the green English hedgerows! and the alchouses! and, what is much more, the fair dealing and security. I have travelled all over England and never met papists, upon my telling them to leave all their mummeries and go to the parish church as I did, and as all my countrymen in England did; for know one thing, Signor Giorgio, not one of us who have lived in England, whether Piedmontese or men of charge, and pray to God to forgive him for the scandal and breach of unity to which his infatuation is likely to lead. actually become a member of it.

Myself .- What do you propose to do at present, Luigi?

What are your prospects? Luigi.—My prospects are a blank, Giorgio; my prospects are a blank. I propose nothing but to die in Coruna, perhaps in the hospital, if they will admit me. Years ago I thought of fleeing, even if I left all behind me, and either returning to

"' Were we not to endeavour to exercise some little discre tion, as to the parties to whom we should grant leases, the general benefit we trust we are producing might be attended with some alloy—for instance: Take the people employed upon the excavation of the canals, who, as a body, (although here are no doubt individual exceptions among them.) ar from the nature of their previous employment, but ill calculated to encounter the hardships and privations of the 'Bush,' with a probability of advantage to themselves, the province, or the ompany. By facilitating, more than can be avoided, such a class of settlement, we should be rendering a very questionable benefit to any party. When the excavators have hired out, been some little time in the country, and acquired sufficient knowledge and aptitude for their new career, the case is, of ourse, essentially altered. I know we cannot always obtain the infermation we would desire, upon each applicant, although, for their own interest, we will endeavour to do it: so, again, to

On Sunday afternoon, as the Rev. Richard Flood, the worthy Parson of Delaware, and 17 other gentlemen of his congregation, were returning from Divine Service, in crossing the river in a small scow adjacent to the site where the Bridge has been swept away, the temporary convenience was hurried down when, sorrowful to relate, four human beings met a watery grave. The whole party clung to the tree, and remained there for upwards of 4 hours, and until a canoe could be obtained from the village of Kilworth, six miles distant from the theatre of the unhappy tragedy; four of them were chilled through, and thereby unable to retain their situation, perished in view of their companions and spectators on sho plan devised for their rescue having failed, owing to the rapid and velocity of the river, long before any assistance from Kilworth had time to arrive. The dreadful occurrence took place about two o'clock, P. M., but before the canoe arrived on the spot, and the last of the sufferers was rescued, one by one, from their frightful situation, the sun was sinking, never more to

in London and the surrounding country—as never before, such an appalling calamity has been experienced in this neighbour-The names of the persons who perished are, Major Somers James Rawlings, George Robinson, and William Edmonds, all

natives of England. Mr. Somers was a highly respectable and well educated gentleman, and was connected with the 5th regiment of Middlesex Militia, and during the rebellion was a very efficient and Toronto, 13th April, 1843. zealous officer in the discharge of his duty. He has left a wife and amiable family of young ladies and gentlemen, to lament the tragical end of a kind husband and an affectionate parent. George Robinson, well known as one of the best Stage-drivers on the Western route, has left a wife to mourn his timely fate. The other two individuals, Rawlings and Edmonds, were single men, and although they have filled an untimely grave, it must be some source of consolation that they have left no orphans to lament their sudden demise. Our Correspondent Mr. Lardner, informs us that the greatest credit "Are you going to Saint James, Giorgio? If so, you will is due to Mr. Francis Carey, of the village of Kilworth, for his dispatch as possible, otherwise the calamity must have been more extensive and frightful.

None of the bodies have as yet been found, or is it likely dependent creatures here below.

ITEMS .- Two vessels have arrived at Quebec from England : Two vessels have arrived at Quebec from England: the Great Britain from London, and the other, we believe, and Cobourg, (weather permitting), on MONDAY next, the 10th from Bridgewater.....Capt. Petrie is reported as the Conservative Candidate for the County of Russell, vacated by Mr. Draper's elevation to the Legislative Council......A Constitutional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. Mr. Ermaturional Society has been formed at St. Thomas. to repair to your stall, and listen to you and your countrymen discoursing in Milanese.

Luigi. At those were beauty and some time and some ti discoursing in Milanese.

Luigi Ah, those were happy times to me. Oh, how they been acquitted—we think that his conduct was that of a Chiisbeen acquitted—we think that his conduct was that of a Chiisbeen acquitted—we think that his conduct was real mercy and imperaance when I saw you ride up to the tian warrior, and that his severity was real mercy and impera door of the posada. I instantly went in, closed my shop, lay down upon my bed and wept.

Myself.—I see no reason why you should much regret those times.

Lines of the posada. I instantly went in, closed my shop, lay down upon my bed and wept.

St. George's Day has been duly celebrated in all directions. In this city, we are told that the Rev. H. Scadding preached an appropriate and practical sermon.

(From the Canada Gazette.)

SECRETARY'S OPPICE. (West.)

Kingston. 13th April, 1843.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to grant a License to Dr. Throphilus Mack, of Amherstburgh, to practise Physic, Surgery and Midwifery, in the Province of Canada.

Serrary's Opping,
Kingston, 17th April, 1843.

His Excellency the Governor Germal has been pleased to es
the Honourable William Henry Draper, to the Legislative Cour
cit of this Province.

Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto, THE MONTHLY MEETING OF THE CENTRAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT will be held on Wednesday the 3rd

DEPOSITORY, 144, KING STREET,

AT THREE O'CLOCK IN THE AFTER JOHN KENT, Secretary. Toronto, April 28, 1843.

LAY COMMITTEE dames and their daughters, and selling away and chaffering and Of the Church Society of the Biocese of Coronto. THE Stated Monthly Meeting of the Lay Committee of the Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto, will be held at the Society's House, 144 King Street, on Saturday afternoon, the 29th inst., at 3

> Secretary to the Lay Committee, C. S. D. T. Committee Room, 27th April. 1843. THOS CHAMPION.

Cobourg, April 26, 1843. NOTICE.

THE Subscriber continues to transact business as a GENERAL AGENT and COMMISSION MERCHANT—Also, will act as a BROKER in the Purchase and Sale of COLONIAL and FOREIGN PRODUCE of every description and Exchange.

Office St. Helen Street. F. H. HEWARD.

University of King's College. THE OPENING OF THE UNIVERSITY, announced for April 24th, is unavoidably

POSTPONED.

Due notice will be given of the days, on which Students will be Matriculated, and the Inaugural Lectures delivered.

As the commencement of attendance on the regular duties is necessarily deferred, the delay will afford the opportunity to those Candidates qualified for admission, who have been prevented from presenting themselves by the unusual lateness of the Season of Navigation, of keeping the ensuing Term. JOHN MCCAUL, LL.D.,

Vice-President, King's College. King's College, Toronto, April 20th, 1843. 302-3.

OTICE is hereby given, that the Books of Subscription for the new Stock of the Bank of Upper Canada, as authorized by the Provincial Act 6th Victoria, chapter 27, will be opened on Monday the first day of May next, at the following places, viz: ext, at the following places, viz:—
, at the Bank of Upper Canada.

"Office of the Bank of Upper Canada.

Office of the Bank of Upper Canada.
Agency of do do.
Office of Jacob F. Pringle, Esq.
Office of J. G. Irvine, Esq.
Agency of the Bank of Upper Canada.
Agency of do.
Gore Bank.
Office of the Bank of Upper Canada.
Office of do. Hamilton, ... Niagara, Office of do. CONDITIONS.

These Books will be closed on the thirtieth day of June following. Ten per cent. on the amount subscribed, must be paid at the time subscribing; but Subscribers may pay up their whole subscription than shores. ent Contingent Fund will be divided amongst the holders

By Order of the Board, THOS. G. RIDOUT,

HOME DISTRICT MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Company for the Election of Directors for the ensuring year, will be held at the Office of the Subscriber, No. 7, City Buildings, ON MONDAY STR JUNE NEXT,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., when a statement of its affairs will be submitted.

By order of the Board,

J. HAINS, Secretary.

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FASHIONABLE TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT. REMEMBER. ROBERT HAWKE, in tendering his sincere thinks to his friends particularly and the public generally, begs leave to inform them that he has Removed his Tailoring Exablishment, from his old stand, East side of the Market Square, to

No. 6. Waterloo Buildings,

VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY.

BY AUCTION. THE Subscriber is instructed to Lease, by Public Auction, on Tucsday, May 2nd, 1843, at so much per foot, several BUILDING LOTS.

On Grave Street, Market Street, Front Street, and York Street, being a portion of the Square on which the Lord Bishop of Toronto The Leases to be for twenty-one years, renewable for ever, with The Leases to be for recompose years, renewable for every successful conditions for Buildings.

These Lois are beautifully situated in a healthy part of the city, commanding a view of the Harbour, the Bay, and Lake Ontario, and will form excellent building lots for private gentlemen's residences.

Every information can be obtained by applying to J. M. STRACHAN, Esq., King Street, Toronto, where Plans of the Lots may be seen.

Sale at Twelve o'clock precisely, in front of each lot as it is sold. Toronto, April 20, 1843. WM. WAKEFIELD, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

BRITISH AMERICA FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

Authorised by Act of Parliament to grant INLAND MARINE ASSURANCE. THIS Company will be prepared, on the 25th instant to take risks in the MARINE DEPARTMENT, as empowered by Act of their frightful situation, the sun was sinking, never more to rise upon the unhappy men who thus unfortunately perished in the prime of life.

The castrophe has castadeep gloom over our inhabitants, both in London and the surrounding country—as never before, such

of the Company, viz.:

JOHN MACAULAY ... Kingston.
JO EPH WENHAM ... Montreat.
WILLIAM STEVEN ... Hamilton. T. W. BIRCHALL.

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PROFITABLE INVESTMENT. TO BE DISPOSED OF,

A COUNTRY STORE within eighteen miles of the City of Toronto, eligibly structed in a well settled neighbourhood, yielding a nett Profit of £500 per annum.) together with the good will in the business. Any person possessed of Capital and a know-adge of business could not meet with a more suitable situation. Apply, if by letter Post-paid, to—

MOORE & BROTHER.

Toronto, 11th April, 1843.

THE STEAMER GORE, CAPTAIN ROBERT KERR,

WILL commence her trips from TORONTO to WELLINGTON SQUARE. (an i HAMLEON, should the ice permit), on
MONDAY next, at Etort o'clock.

THE STEAMER AMERICA. CAPTAIN HENRY TWOHY,

CURIZ CANADENSES, THE CANADIAN LAW COURTS.

DESCRIBING the several Courts of Law and Equity, which have been erected from time to time in the Canadas; with copicus notes explanatory and historical, and an Appendix of much useful

Itur in antiquam Sylvam, stabula alta ferarum Procumbunt piceæ: sonat leta securibus ilex, Fraxincæque trabes: cuneis et fissile robur Scinditur: advolvunt ingentes montibus ornos.—Firgil. BY PLINIUS SECUNDUS. Price 6s. 3d. bound in cloth.
H. & W. ROWSELL.

Toronto, March 29, 1843.

JUST PUBLINERED. THE ANNUAL DIGEST of Cases decided in the Queen's Bench and Practice Courts during the year 1842. By John Hillyard Cameron, Esq., Barrister-at-Law.

For sale, price 2s. 6d., by the Publishers,

H. & W. ROWSELL, Toronto. January 24, 1843.

THE SECOND EDITION OF THE -PROVINCIAL JUSTICE,

MAGISTRATE'S MANUAL, BY W. C. KEELE, ESQ. ATTORNEY AT LAW, &c. IS NOW IN THE PRESS, AND WILL BE SHORMLY PUBLISHED,

AT "THE CHURCH" PRINTING OFFICE, TORONTO. COMPRISING the whole of the new Criminal Law, and a variety of other useful and necessary matter, with numerous forms for the guidance of

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE. The work full bound will be delivered to subscribers (only) at £1 5s. reders (post paid) received by Messrs. H. & W. Rowsell, Church Printing Office, Toronto, where a Subscription-list has been opened. Editors of the following papers inserting the above weekly, with he notice of publication when issued, will be presented with a full the notes of bioleanous with issued, will be presented with a full bound copy of the work.

Quebec Mercury, Montreal Herald, Kingston Chronicle and British Whig, Cobourg Star, Toronto Patriot, Colonist, and Herald, Hamilton Gazette, Niagara Chronicle, London Herald,

Toronto, 30th March, 1843. tf-269

THE EVERY BOY'S BOOK. BEING A DIGEST OF THE BRITISH CONSTITUTION, Compiled and arranged for the use of Schools and private families, by JOHN GEORGE BRIDGES. PRICE, 2s. 8d.

The above Work is now ready, and the Subscribers to it are respectfully informed that it can be had on spilication at the Store of H. & W. Rowsell, Booksellers, Stationers, and Printers, No. 163, 1996 Street. TO LET, The Premises No. 2, Waterloo Buildings,

KING STREET TORONTO, AT PRESENT OCCUPIED BY H. & W. ROWSELL, THEY BEING REMOVING TO

No. 163, KING STREET.

THE Premises are large and commodious, with good yard, (in which is a Well.) Coach-house, Stable, back Store-house, &c. &c. There is a good Cellar, the full size of the Store, and also an excellent Brick-vaulted Cellar in addition, rendering the Premises well adapted for a Grocery or Wholesale Store. Apply on the Premises. Possession can be given as early as may be desired. Toronto, 2nd March, 1843.

MARRIED.

MARRIED.

By the Rev. Paul Shirley, on the 9th day of March, 1843, Mr. Thomas Moberey, to Miss Mary Ann Brown, both of Sheffield.

By the same, on the 21st March, 1843, Mr. Thomas Driver, to Miss Catharine Dowder, both of Canden.

By the same, on the 17th of April, instant, Mr. John Murton, township of Portland, to Miss Sarah Blandagton, of the Addition of the Township of Knagston.

At St. Catharines, on the 20th instant, by the Rev. A. F. Atkinson, Rector, Mr. Michael Boyle, of Port Robinson, to Miss Margaret Smyth, of Grantham.

At Eim Bauk, on Thursday, the 13th instant, by the Rev. Dr. Phillips, D.D., Mr. John A. Donaldson, merchant, village of Weston township of York, to Miss Isabella Grubb, second daughter of John Grubb, Esq., township of Etobicoke.

LETTERS received during the week ending Thursday, April, 27th :--LETTERS received during the week ending Thursday, April, 27th:—
Rev. J. Pyke; P. M., Port Robinson; Rev. P. Shirley, add. sub.;
Mrs. Brown, rem. in full Vol. 6; C. C. Neville Esq.; Rob't Harvey
Esq., rem. in full Vol. 6; Rev. C. C. Brough, rem.; J. W. Breut,
Esq. rem.; W. W. Smith Esq., P. M.; Mr. W. Campbell [fils request
is acceded to]; Rev. H. Burges; Dr. Reynolds [with pleasure];
George Hall Esq., add. subs. and rem. [much obliged]; Rev. John
Black, add. sub [the back Nos. sent except Nos. 27 and 29, and they
shall be procured if possible. The List o Agents shall be published
in next week's paper.]

in next week's paper.]

To Correspondents..." Truth" is anonymous, and therefore inadmissible. We think we know who the writer is, and regret that he
could not trust us. We respect his motives, and would gladly oblige
him. If he had favoured us with his address, we would have communicated to him some reasons, which we think, he would admit as binding, for not mooting the point on which his letter turns.

We have not had time to read attentively a letter upon a delicate,
though important, subjects, but from the glance we gave at it, we
think it ought to be inserted.

Our Prescott Correspondent shall be written to in a day or two.