Toronto-Subject: "On the use of Jequirity in affections of the eye." Obstetrics—Chairman, Dr. Temple, Toronto—Subject: "Intra-uterine medication."

CHILDREN'S TONIC.—The most pleasant and Palatable disguise for quinine may be extemporized as follows:

R—Quiniæ sulph., grs. xl.	
Acid tannic, grs. xx.	
Tinct. opii camph., 3 ss.	
Tinct. cinchona, 3 ss.	
Spts. lavender co., 3 iij.	
Syrup simp., ad., 3 iv.—	-∙M.

Shake well before using. The dose will be usually one teaspoonful three times a day, but the amount of quinia desired to be administered should govern the size of the dose. It will make a beautiful creamy mixture, if the quinia and tannin are rubbed together on a pill tile or a sheet of paper with a spatula until all lumps disappear, then put in a suitable bottle and first add the paregoric, shaking at once, then the cinchona and lavender, followed by the syrup.

DAVOS-PLATZ AS A HEALTH RESORT. — The merits of Davos-Platz, Switzerland, as a health resort are becoming more and more appreciated by the highest medical authorities of Great Britain. The place possesses the great advantage of salubrity at all seasons of the year, so that patients may be sent there the moment it is discovered that their health requires the aid of its pure, bracing, dry and rarified air, and can remain without interruption until their recovery is complete. accommodation, suited to the habits and wishes of English visitors, may be had at the Hotel Belvedere, under the management of Mr. Cöester, who will gladly furnish any information that may be desired.

BRITISH DIPLOMAS.—The following gentlemen have successfully passed the examination of the Royal College of Surgeons, England, and were admitted members—Drs. H. W. Aikins (Toronto); C. E. Gooding, G. B. Rowell, and J. B. Loring (McGill). The following have taken the L.R.C.P., London: -Drs. G. L. Airth, W. M. Brown, and E. H. Williams (Trinity); E. E. Bronstorph and A. Stewart (McGill); and J. F. Bell (Toronto). The following have received the double qualification of again postponed till a more convenient season.

L.R.C.P. & S., Edin :- Drs. S. A. McKeague, W. E. Sprague, J. Johnstoa, O. M. Belfry, R. Ovens, A. S. Thompson, and E. T. Eade (Trinity); J. Hutchison and W. Porteus (McGill).

Another Cholera Commission.—We have had the French commission and the German commission, and now at the eleventh hour we are to have an English commission. Prof. Klein and Dr. Gibbes are to proceed to India and study the nature of cholera, and to act in conjunction with a native commission recently appointed. The gentlemen named are well qualified for this important work and their investigations will be of service to the world, but we fear that the earlier German commission has robbed them of whatever distinction they might have obtained in their investigations.

TREPHINING IN EPILEPSY.—Dr. Briggs, of Nashville, read a paper at the recent meeting of the Am. Surgical Association (Am. Pract., July), in which he claims the most brilliant results from trephining in epilepsy arising from traumatic causes. In his record of 30 cases, he gives 25 cured, 3 relieved, 1 not benefited, and 1 died. No antiseptic precautions were used. Such results clearly indicate the propriety of resorting to the operation.

A GOOD DIURETIC.—The following combination recommended by Dr. Fothergill, will be found a useful diuretic:

Pot citrat. 3iiss. Spt. Juniper Co. 3j. Tr. Digitalis 3iiss Ziiss. Inf. Buchu. ad. 3viij.—M.

One to two tablespoonfuls three or four times a day.

MEDICAL LIFE PEERS. - An amendment has been proposed to the British Medical Act Amendment Bill, to the effect that two physicians of over twenty years' standing be made life peers, and act as lord justices of appeal in medico-legal trials. Some such measure has been frequently urged by members of the profession in England, and if carried out will considerably strengthen the hands of justice.

The passing of the British Medical Bill has been