

Douglas Reid referred to the rarity of tubercle in India, which he thought was due to the natives always boiling their milk before using it, and also to the exclusion of beef from the diet of a large portion of the population.

George Carpenter mentioned two cases of abdominal tuberculosis in his practice, which had not been fed on cow's milk, but were breast-fed infants. In one of them there was a simple chemic peritonitis, and when the false membrane was stripped off and examined microscopically, many tubercle were found.

W. J. G.