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The Toronto World.

INDIA RUBBER GOODS
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Toronto Rubber Company.
T. McIlroy, Jr., & Co.
King-Street West. Factories—Port Dalhousie.

TWELFTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 20 1892. ONE CENT.

THE TALE OF THE TROLLEY.

ANOTHER INTERESTING CHAPTER OF THE SERIAL.

Further Evidence of the Superiority of the Trolley Over All Other Systems in Use—Inhabitants of the Smoky City And the Quaker City Testify to Its Merits.

PHILADELPHIA, April 17.—We arrived in Philadelphia to-night, having traveled by rail (tell it not in Gath, whisper it not in the Ministerial Association) all of Sunday over the splendid Pennsylvania railroad that threads the Alleghany mountains between Pittsburgh and this city of brotherly love. In all the cities which we passed through we could see the cheerful trolley car with its trailer plying through the streets, except in this city, where the cable cars and horse cars are at this moment lumbering by the hotel.

Sunday Cars in the Quaker City.

Perhaps it would not be out of place to state at this point that the street cars are operated on Sunday both in Pittsburgh and in Philadelphia, yet it would be impossible to conceive two more staid and placid cities than these are on the Lord's day. We have not seen nor heard so much of Philadelphia in this respect, but we have walked through the principal streets and despite the street cars there is a Sabbath respectability and repose on all hands. We heard an excellent report regarding Pittsburgh. It is an extraordinarily active bustling city, full of great works like the Edgar Thomson Steel Works, where thousands of brawny fellows earn big wages, and yet we are informed that Sunday is a particularly quiet day.

Mr. Greenwood, the manager of the Pittsburgh, Alleghany and Manchester Street Railway, informed me that the receipts for Sunday were very much smaller than for any other day of the week. Sunday drinking simply does not exist. It is put down with the strong hand, with the consequence that the Sabbath of this sweltering, grimy city of tall chimneys is as sweet and reposeful as Toronto's at least.

The Trolley in Perfection.

But this is beside the subject. The theme of these letters is trolley v. storage and we must return to our muttons. We have seen the trolley system in perfection in two places—Cleveland and Pittsburg. In Pittsburg we have seen it under the most trying conditions—narrow and crowded streets—narrower and more crowded, both with vehicles and human beings, than Toronto's streets ever are, unless we include high days and holidays. Yet there seemed but little difficulty in the trolley car careening safely through the throng.

It may perhaps be too early to speak of the two points which are chiefly alleged against the trolley, namely, its danger and its unsightliness; but I can speak of it so far as we have gone.

The Safety of the System.

First, then, with regard to the safety of the system, and in considering this question the cardinal point in the discussion must not be lost sight of. Why is Toronto desirous of abandoning her horse cars? Because her widened borders and the spirit of the age demand rapid transit. We cannot have rapid transit without accepting all that goes with it. Now, so far as we can learn, there is no danger connected with the trolley except what is incidental to any surface method of rapid transit. The danger does not arise from the trolley wire, but from the rapidity with which the vehicles move through the streets. The companies using the trolley simply defy anyone to prove that their wire has ever killed anybody. They are quite candid about it, having no occasion to be anything else. Mr. Greenwood said if a man caught hold of the wire with both hands with his feet in firm connection with wet ground he would get a shock that would be mighty unpleasant, but it would not kill him. The tracks are certainly not good recreation grounds for children, neither would they be, as I said before, in any rapid transit surface system. The deadliness of the electric light wires has given the trolley wire a bad name, but it should always be remembered that the latter transmits but 500 volts, while the former is about 2000. We never heard any serious objections to the electric light wire, however.

Neither Ugly Nor Unsightly.

Now with respect to its unsightliness, it is certainly not an ornament to the streets we have seen, but I must say if we were not looking for them I am sure we would never observe them. They are certainly not obtrusive, and the people in both the cities we have been in say they never think of them. At a street corner where cars come from four directions, there are quite a number of wires, especially where a turn is made, but they do not form nearly so unsightly a spectacle as the network of wires we now endure without a murmur. The unsightliness is a myth, and once the wires were strung up in our city we would never hear anything more about it.

Philadelphia possesses but little interest for us. It has neither trolley nor storage cars, the cable and horses being the two systems. However, this is the headquarters of the Washington storage cars, and we will have an interview with them to-morrow. We are told that there was formerly a storage battery car running in this city in Lehigh-avenue, but it has been withdrawn for some months.

Phenomenal Gaspereaux Catch.

ST. JOHN, N.B., April 19.—Gaspereaux fishing on the St. John and Kennebecassis rivers near this city is phenomenally large and St. John fishermen are making immense catches. Boats are arriving at Indiantown loaded to the gunwales, and every truck team at the north end of the city is engaged hauling the fish from the wharves to the curing houses on the west side of the harbor.

Enterprising boys can make 50c. to $1 every morning by selling The Toronto World.

Niagara Falls' First Mayor.

NIAGARA FALLS, N.Y., April 19.—At the first election of the new city of Niagara Falls held to-day, George W. Wright (Democrat) was elected mayor over Benjamin Flagler (Republican) by 539. Probably seven out of eight aldermen are Democratic.

In neckwear we lead. Our Mr. Hickman having just returned from the Easter markets, New York and London, we have no hesitation in saying we have the latest styles for dressy people ever brought to Toronto. Don't fail to see Hickman's New York and London styles. Remember the place, Richardson's, 65 King-street west.

Struck By a Falling Derrick.

HAMILTON, April 19.—A large derrick used for raising stone for the foundation of the new street railway power house in James-street collapsed this morning and two laborers named John Goden and W. Hines were painfully injured, but will recover.

Enterprising boys can make 50c. to $1 every morning by selling The Toronto World.

Bishop of Quebec Ill.

QUEBEC, April 19.—Bishop Williams is seriously ill and prayers were offered up for him last evening in St. Matthew's Church. He is suffering from congestion of the lungs and passed a very bad night and is no better this morning.

Send us a post card and have sent home a dollar's worth (6 crates) of dry kindling-wood. Harvie & Co., 20 Sheppard-street. Telephone 1570. ed

Try the Hub Restaurant; smoking room upstairs.

THE CHILDREN KICKED

And Then the Patriarchal Brimstin Wilted—Miss Jennie Wants Balm for Her Wounded Feelings.

Man, thy name is Fickleness! And this same little failing often gets some of them into trouble. James Brimstin, a hardware man at 360 Yonge-street, is the unlucky one this time, for Miss Jennie Nixon, 227 Logan-avenue, is now on his trail. The couple, so the story goes, were going to be married on Good Friday night and everything was in readiness, at least so far as the prospective bride was concerned, when the groom suddenly wilted and at the last moment had a note sent to her breaking off the match. Miss Nixon was terribly disappointed, and her heart was so badly broken that she thinks it will take $5000 to fix it again, and has inaugurated a suit against the groom that was to be for that amount.

Mr. Brimstin is well known in the city, having carried on a business for nearly 25 years. He is a widower and is the father of several grown-up children. The latter, it is said, caused the match to be broken. Brimstin, like all men in such cases, wrote many affectionate letters, and Miss Nixon, like all women, carefully preserved them in a nice little box, and intends to make good use of them if the affair comes into court.

Mr. Brimstin is well up in years and his hair is white. He was seen by The World last night and said that he did not care whether a writ had been issued or not. His wife has not yet been dead eight months. Her last request, he said, was that he should marry Miss Nixon, who was her niece. He courted the latter and wrote her letters, and would have married her had she consented to use his children right. He was not going to see his family abused, however, and when Miss Nixon told his daughter that after the marriage she was going to be "boss" he thought that things should be settled differently. His daughter, who is 23 years of age, has been managing the household since Mrs. Brimstin's death, and she told her father on Friday that if he married Miss Nixon she would leave the home forever. The old man was between two stools and he finally decided to stick to his children and abandoned his betrothed. He had nothing against Miss Nixon, he said, and would have married her if she had consented to run the children and household properly.

"She's a good deal older than 27," added the patriarch. "I think 37 would be nearer." Then, with a knowing wink, he remarked that no unmarried woman ever became older than 27.

ONLY A FEW WEEKS MARRIED.

Husband and Wife Find a Watery Grave Together.

MALLORYTOWN, Ont, April 19.—Eabert Shippey, who resides on Grenadier Island, went out on the river accompanied by his young wife to inspect some nets which he had set for pike. The couple did not return and an inspection of their house revealed some bread which had been set the night previous running over the pan into the oven. Later the boat which the young couple left home in was found in the river, and there is every reason to suppose that they have met a watery grave. Searching parties are now out looking for the bodies. The couple have been married but a few weeks.

Beet Sugar Industry.

OTTAWA, April 19.—A large deputation of persons interested in the beet sugar industry in Quebec had an interview with Hon. Mr. Foster and other members of the ministry this afternoon and urged that the bounty of two cents a pound granted last year for two years be continued for five or ten years longer. It was represented that the quality of beets was rapidly improving and the industry promised to become highly successful.

Mr. Foster said that the matter would receive due consideration.

Ottawa University's Law Faculty.

OTTAWA, April 19.—A law faculty has been organized in connection with the Ottawa University with officers as follows: Dean, Sir John Thompson; vice-dean, Mr. Justice Fournier; delegate of the faculty and the senate of the university, Hon. R. W. Scott; secretary of the faculty, N. A. Belcourt. The faculty for the present confines itself to granting degrees upon examination. The first examination has been fixed for the first Tuesday in June.

The Chain Broke.

BRANTFORD, April 19.—Roger McKinnon, aged 50, employed at the Waterous Engine Works, was operating a lathe and the chain which held up a heavy piece of work which he was working on broke, allowing it to fall on him, crushing his hip and breaking both legs. He was taken to the hospital.

Finest in the World.

Ivory finished photographs at Herbert E. Simpson's, 143 College-street. Persons desiring to test the superiority of this finish to all others may do so by procuring cards of the same at $1, for a short time only. Telephone 2857. 136

Sir John All Right.

OTTAWA, April 19.—A telegram received yesterday from Halifax, N.S., stated the court had decided that the petition against the return of Sir John Thompson was not lodged till after time had expired, and the petition is therefore dismissed.

Mr. Grieve Again Nominated.

MILVERTON, Ont., April 19.—At a large and representative convention of the Liberals of North Perth held this morning James Grieve, ex-M.P., Millbank, was tendered and accepted the unanimous nomination as their candidate in the coming bye-election for the House of Commons.

Island News.

Residents wishing to move over at small expense send word to W. A. Clark, 601 Yonge-street, or telephone to 3384. He will take all responsibility and move you from your city residence to the Island residence at the shortest notice. Remember the address, W. A. Clark, Island Grocer, Butcher, Baker and Milk Dealer. 136

A Small Art Gallery.

There is now on view at Oliver, Coate & Co.'s auction rooms a varied and valuable private collection of oil and water colors well worthy of the attention of intending buyers. All the pictures are by first-class artists and will be guaranteed as represented. The sale will take place at 2 p.m. this day, Wednesday.

For Calling a Man a Thief.

LINDSAY, Ont., April 19.—At the assizes to-day the action for slander, Brandon v. Pohnn, wherein it was alleged that defendant had charged the plaintiff with being a thief, a verdict was returned for defendant.

Canada's Baby City.

WINDSOR, April 19.—The Windsor council has decided to celebrate the incorporation of the place as a city on Queen's Birthday, and $1000 of the taxes have been voted for the jubilation.

Discovery of Nickel.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 19.—A rich vein of nickel has been discovered near Keewatin. The gorge is nearly solid ore and contains four per cent. of nickel, which would give $48 a ton.

Enterprising boys can make 50c to $1 every morning by selling The Toronto World

Grand Opening of Messrs. William Gray & Sons'

Carriage Repository, 88 King-street west, Wednesday, 20th; Thursday, 21st, and Friday, 22nd. Everybody come. Open until 10 p.m. J. Silver, manager.

IT WAS A PEDAGOGICAL DAY.

ONTARIO TEACHERS OF VARIOUS GRADES IN CONCLAVE.

A Large Amount of Business Transacted—Good Work in the Sections—A Movement Towards Unity—Many Able Papers—Interesting Discussions—Valuable Suggestions.

The Ontario Teachers' Association opened their thirty-first annual convention yesterday morning in the Public Hall, Education Department. The Board of Directors met at 9 a.m. and transacted the routine business connected with the arrangement of the program. The association was called to order shortly after 10 by the president, Mr. William Macintosh, P.S.I., Madoc, and Mr. R. W. Doan, Toronto, in the secretary's chair.

The usual business over, Dr. I. J. Richard, Ph.D. of Brantford, presented the report of the Committee on Revision of the Constitution. This report recommended radical changes, involving a change of name to the Ontario Educational Association and an amalgamation of all branches of educational work into the one great association. On motion of Dr. A. P. Knight, Kingston Collegiate Institute, the discussion of the report was postponed till Thursday. Some discussion took place, the main difficulty being the relations the various special associations—modern languages, science, classical, mathematical, etc.—shall bear to the general association. The meeting then adjourned.

Several of the sections held short meetings for organization. After this, while in the public school section, Mr. S. B. Sinclair, B.A., of Hamilton, the president, delivered an able address on the influence of teachers' conventions upon the public school teachers' environment, and on the means of increasing the good influence exerted upon teachers by conventions. He welcomed the delegates that were strangers in the convention and urged them to take an active part in the proceedings on the ground that it would benefit the meeting and would interest individuals. He closed with a plea for specializing in convention work and sat down with hearty applause. The meeting then adjourned.

In the Afternoon.

The afternoon was devoted to the meetings of the various sections, the public school section as the most numerous having the public hall. After the treasurer's report had been read, showing receipts amounting to $721.04, and a balance on hand of $247.61, Rev. W. J. Somerville, M.A., of Owen Sound opened proceedings by reading an outspoken and valuable examination of County Model schools. While recognizing the valuable work done in the past, Mr. Somerville was of opinion that the time has come for greater strides. He held that at present the system is half the way between a mere theoretical training and a regular apprenticeship, and expressed himself in favor of making the Model school a supervising principal and amalgamating his functions with those of the inspector would reduce to a minimum the hurt done the school by the presence of the teachers in training, and give more efficient instruction. In the discussion, it was pointed out how much progress on these lines has already been made. Mr. Sinclair outlined a radical but thorough plan which is to meet the consideration of the association this morning.

Mr. W. Wilkinson, M.A., Brantford, then read a paper on "Character Training in Public Schools," strongly advocating moral training and discipline as a means of character formation.

There was but little discussion upon this and the meeting adjourned.

Among the Scientists.

The science section met in the afternoon and first heard an exceedingly interesting address from Dr. A. P. Knight, Kingston Collegiate Institute, entitled, "Penikess and Wood Hall." The first part of the paper was an unusually attractive sketch of the great biological schools of the United States, that of Penikess being Agassiz's laboratory, the latter the one now existing. After a strong appeal for similar biological laboratories for Ontario for the benefit of teachers and university men, Dr. Knight passed to some practical biological work which elicited high praise from those present. Prof. T. H. Smyth then read an able and technical paper upon "The Borderland of Physics and Chemistry," illustrating in many ways the light that each throws upon the other.

The Modern Language Association.

This section or association was remarkably well attended, the room assigned to it being too small. Vice-President G. A. Chase, B.A., in the chair. Vice-Chancellor Boyd, the honorary president, read his address, speaking strongly in favor of education in political functions and of British connection.

A paper on "American Speech and Standard English" was sent by F. H. Sykes, M.A., of Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, and was read by Mr. J. H. Cameron of University College.

Mr. Sykes considers the peculiarities of American-English to be derived in great part from the provincialisms and dialectal forms imported from England with the first colonists. These peculiarities are largely confined to the colloquial speech, though they are not, and in the nature of things cannot be, entirely eliminated from the written language. A very large list of words can be given which have been created, or which is much more usual, modified from others, to designate objects and operations that are distinctively American. The phonetic differences between English and American speech were not treated in detail, as the subject is very extensive, but attention was called to the several important points, such as the nasal quality of the American voice, the bringing forward of the articulation from the throat and palate to the front of the mouth, the manner of forming the "r" and so on. This interesting paper closed with the words of Charles McKay, who thinks that "our noble speech promises to become the predominant language of civilization of the coming centuries, and is already heard like the morning drum-beat of British power in every part of the globe."

Miss Eliza Balmer, B.A., then read an interesting paper upon the methods in use in German schools, it being remarked in the discussion which followed that considerable use is made of dancing. The association adjourned after several votes of thanks.

Classical Association.

The Classical Association met in a classroom at 2 p.m. and was opened by Mr. A. B. Nicholson, M.A., Lecturer in Philology Queen's University, with an excellent paper on "Aryan Culture Before the Separation." After insisting on the continuity of all history, ancient and modern, Mr. Nicholson directed the attention of his audience to the common origin of the Aryan or Indo-European family of nations and languages, and from the discourses afforded by the comparative study of languages drew a most interesting picture of the civilization of pre-historic ages. Their manner of living, their social customs, their progress in war, agriculture, pastoral life and their religious convictions can largely be ascertained from the comparison, and the speaker gave many instances of words found in enough of the related languages to prove that the objects they represent were known to the primitive people. The paper closed with a sketch of the transition from primitive culture to the later Greek civilization as shown in Homer.

Mr. J. Henderson, M.A., St. Catharines, read a paper on "The Matriculation Examination," in which he took up the cudgels on behalf of Greek in the High school course, especially urging the greater teaching of it in the lower forms and outlining on the blackboard a plan of study for primary and leaving examinations which would give Greek a better chance of being taken up early in the course. All present favored any feasible way of encouraging Greek, but many feared that the tendency of the proposed scheme would be the reverse—to drive pupils to moderns, and particularly science.

Notes.

The Mathematical Association met for a few moments and organized its program for the succeeding days.

There was perceptible a general struggle towards greater unity, and to-day and to-morrow the question will be answered. From the spirit shown it is likely that some kind of amalgamation will be tried.

A Good Night's Business.

In the evening two meetings were held; the science, modern language and classical associations combining in the library of the Canadian Institute, and the public school section in the Normal School. At the Canadian Institute, the lecture of the evening was by Mr. Seath, High School Inspector, on "University Matriculation." In it he showed the practical inferiority of the matriculation standard to that of the junior leaving examination, to which it is supposed to be assimilated, and made a strong plea for the raising the standard of matriculation, vigorously assailing the arguments advanced against this reform. He then submitted a scheme of study for primary and for senior and junior leaving examinations, differing from the present plan in advocating the abolition of the supplemental matriculation, the complete amalgamation of the junior leaving and the matriculation examinations, and some details of obligatory and optional work. He was questioned a good deal, and fear was expressed by classical men that the study of Greek would be even more discouraged than at present, while the modern language men were alarmed for the safety of French. The meeting lasted for a long time, but finally adjourned, only to have a supplementary meeting held, in which the question of drawing closer to the Teachers' Association was discussed, the general feeling being earnestly in favor of general unity. Finally it was resolved to postpone the discussion till noon to-day.

The Public School Teachers held their open meeting in the Public Hall at 8 p.m. Mr. Macintosh, the president, was in the chair, supported on the platform by the Hon. G. W. Ross. The president's address was the first thing on the program and in it Mr. Mackintosh acquitted himself well. He reviewed his 25 years, connected with the association and uttered an earnest appeal for unity of all educational interests so as to most increase the influence of the profession and to improve its position, instancing the great Educational Association of the United States.

The paper of the evening then came on, "Education in the Twentieth Century," by Mr. J. E. Bryant, M.A. Mr. Bryant went about his subject in a thorough manner, first treating of the intellectual and social trend of events, and concluding that the tendency is towards the securing of absolutely equal civil rights to every citizen and the greatest possible amount of local self-government. Then, after a review of the work of the 19th century, regarding it in the most roseate manner as the most wonderful period in mechanical progress with literature and religious and moral progress that the world has ever seen, Mr. Bryant proceeded to declare himself strongly in favor of the Socialistic idea. Outlining the present wretched condition of life he predicted a period of collectivism, somewhat resembling that outlined by Mr. Bellamy. From these premises he proceeded to assail the present university ideal of education, and to put forth a scheme of education, of a utilitarian type, in which he advocated a great reduction of arithmetic and grammar and a scheme of state-aided free university education. The classics should be all but eliminated and moderns and science elevated to the chief place.

A Miser's End.

MONTREAL, April 19.—Patrick O'Reilly, 81 years of age, who for the past 30 years has eked out a livelihood by picking up cigar ends and selling the dried tobacco to small storekeepers, died in the General Hospital last night. He was brought to the hospital on April 1 suffering from internal injuries, having been knocked down by a cart. He was clad in filthy rags, but would not allow his clothes to be taken away. A nurse accidentally discovered that the old man's hat was lined with bank bills. When she spoke about the matter he tried to scratch her eyes out, but only succeeded in badly marking her face. In one pocket a City and District Bank book was found, showing a deposit of $947. The account has been running since 1876. It will was also found leaving the money to St. Patrick's parish.

Watching Mr. Sims.

WATERLOO, April 19.—P. H. Sims, for 17 years secretary of the Mercantile Fire Insurance Company, who has recently accepted the position of manager of the Canadian department of the British America Assurance Company, Toronto, was tendered a complimentary dinner last night at the Zimmerman House.

The chairman, Mr. I. E. Bowman, M.P., the President of the Mercantile, read an address expressive of the high esteem in which Mr. Sims was held by the directors of the company, and accompanied the address by the presentation of a splendid gold watch.

It Pays to Be Posted.

It pays a man to become thoroughly posted on matters affecting his interests.

Therefore, no matter where you have been buying your hats heretofore, for your own interest visit Dineen's, corner King and Yonge-streets, once and notice the difference in the greater variety of the newest hat styles; note how much easier you can make a perfectly becoming selection and how much better pleased you are with Dineen's prices.

It's the people who are posted on new styles, fine quality and low prices of men's fashionable headwear who comprise the patronage at W. & D. Dineen's, corner King and Yonge-streets.

Pin Tickets.

A full line of pin tickets and string tags always in stock. H. M. Blight, 51 Yonge-street. 246

Hon. Alex. Mackenzie. 246

Photograph can be obtained at Herbert E. Simpson, 143 College-street, by sending 25c.

The Best of Chums.

The success that has crowned our efforts to place before the public a superior "Cut lug" smoking tobacco is unprecedented in the annals of the tobacco trade, as shown by the great and continuously increasing demand for our "Old Chum Cut Plug," and which has encouraged us to make the Old Chum in plug form as well as in cut. We have no hesitation in stating that the "Old Chum Plug" is the finest ever placed before the public. A trial will convince the most skeptical. D. Ritchie & Co., Montreal. The largest cigarette and oldest cut tobacco manufacturers in Canada. 136

Madame Vermilyea's Artistic Corsets to order, fitted to the form while you wait. 338 Spadina-avenue.

For a Few Days Longer.

It is not to be wondered at that thousands found their way to quinn's great fifty cent necktie sale on Thursday and Saturday. Those who purchased were well requited and strangers were astonished at the multitudinous variety. The sale will be continued all this week. Choice of any tie in the store for fifty cents. Come early for the better ones. ed

Enterprising boys can make 50c. to $1 every morning by selling The Toronto World.

This concerns all men, men of taste, men of economy. It involves the newest, the best, the finest silk and satin, plain and patterned spring and Easter neckwear, at less than half the established and well-known values. Try Richardson, the Men's Furnisher, 65 King-street west.

Enterprising boys can make 50c. to $1 every morning by selling The Toronto World.

THE VOICE OF PARLIAMENT.

ELOQUENT TRIBUTES TO THE WORTH OF THE EX-PREMIER.

Sir John Thompson and Hon. Mr. Laurier Speak in Affectionate Terms of the Dead Commoner—Resolutions of Condolence Passed by the Liberal and Conservative Members of the House.

OTTAWA, April 19.—The proceedings in the House to-day were exceedingly brief, lasting only twenty minutes, and consisted merely of the pro forma report of petitions and the delivery of eulogies on the late Mr. Mackenzie by Sir John Thompson, Hon. Mr. Laurier and Mr. Mills. The speeches were all exceedingly brief, Sir John's occupying only three minutes, while Mr. Laurier and Mr. Mills took five minutes each.

Sir John Thompson bore a manly testimony to Mr. Mackenzie's noble qualities as a statesman and as a man, and regretted that his personal acquaintance with him had not been of a more intimate character, as Mr. Mackenzie had almost ceased to take an active part in politics before he (Sir John) became a member of the House of Commons.

Mr. Laurier, on rising to second the motion, showed signs of deep emotion and his usually clear and ringing voice trembled so that at times he was partially indistinct. He paid an eloquent and touching tribute to the memory of his old colleague and orstwhile leader, dwelling briefly on the many strong and sterling qualities which marked the character of the deceased statesman. He touched on Mr. Mackenzie's well-known devotion to what he considered his duty, and referred to the strong Puritan feeling that permeated his life. Briefly but tenderly, he dwelt on the years of suffering which Mr. Mackenzie had undergone, and marked the contrast between the death of Sir John Macdonald less than a year ago, who had been struck down suddenly while still in the height of life, and the slow wasting away of Mr. Mackenzie, to whom death at last must have been a relief. He very happily alluded to the fact that Mr. Mackenzie died early on Easter morning, that day of all days in the year which Christians regard as the anniversary of the great victory over death, and ended a brief but brilliant speech with a few touching words of sympathy for the bereaved members of the family.

Meetings of the two parties were held immediately after adjournment to make arrangements for attending the funeral. The Conservatives met in room 16 and appointed delegates from each of the provinces to represent the party at the funeral. The following telegram was drawn up and sent to Mrs. Mackenzie:

DEAR MADAME,—The Conservative members of the House of Commons of Canada have learned with deep regret of the death of their late distinguished colleague, the Hon. Alexander Mackenzie, and beg leave to tender you their heartfelt sympathy in this hour of your great sorrow. They desire to express their genuine appreciation of the many noble qualities that marked in your lamented husband the character of patriot and statesman, which will cause his name to live in the history of our country as one of Canada's best and truest friends.

Signed on behalf of our colleagues.

CLARKE WALLACE.
J. J. CURRAN.
P. E. GRANDBOIS.
J. B. MILLS.
S. HUGHES.

At the same time the Liberal Senators and members held their meeting in room No. 6, when this resolution of condolence was drawn up and despatched to Mrs. Mackenzie:

The Liberal members of the Senate and House of Commons assembling immediately after the adjournment of the House to-day tender to you their deep sympathy at the great loss the whole country has sustained by the death of your husband, their late leader, whose eminent public services form an honorable and unsullied page in the history of Canada.

(Signed)
WILFRID LAURIER,
R. W. SCOTT,
JAMES SUTHERLAND.

The City Fathers Will Attend.

The City Council have been requested to meet at the City Hall this morning at 11.30 to attend the funeral of the Hon. Alexander Mackenzie.

More Condolences.

Mrs. Mackenzie has received telegrams of condolence from the Liberals of Vancouver, of West Durham, of West York, of North Perth, of East York, from the Liberal members of the House of Commons, the Conservative members of the House of Commons, from Chief Justice Ritchie, Sheriff Sweetland, Ottawa; Gov. Schultz of Manitoba; E. Holton, Montreal, and also a cable despatch from Mrs. George Brown, Edinburgh.

The Funeral Procession.

The order will be as follows:

Physicians.
Clergymen.
Pallbearers.
Hearse.
Relatives.
East York Reform Association.
Members of the Dominion Parliament.
Members of the Ontario Legislature.
Societies.
Carriages.

There will be a special Pullman sleeper with the express leaving Sarnia at 2 a.m. Friday, reaching Toronto at 7.30, for the accommodation of those attending the funeral on Thursday.

The pall-bearers will be Hon. O. Mowat, Hon. G. W. Ross, Judge Burton, Judge McLennan, Major Greig, Mr. Thomas C. Irving, Hon. G. W. Allan, Mr. J. L. Blaikie, Mr. Robert Jaffray, Sir Richard Cartwright, Hon. Edward Blake, Hon. T. W. Anglin.

The chief mourners will be Charles Mackenzie, M.L.A.; Rev. Dr. Thompson W. Buckingham, late secretary; Henry Beatty, manager of the C.P.R. steamers, and Thomas Hodgins.

Hon. Messrs. Laurier, Bowell, Patterson and Sir John Thompson will attend the funeral.

The Young Liberals' Tribute.

The Young Liberals have passed the following resolution: "The Young Men's Liberal Club of Toronto tenders its deep sympathy to Mrs. Mackenzie in her great grief and loss and in Canada's loss of an upright and self-sacrificing statesman. As young Canadian Liberals they feel that in the long and successful life work of Alexander Mackenzie, built on the solid foundation of Christian integrity and honesty, they have the best of examples to follow and the highest of inspirations to encourage them. From him they learn that the only enduring success is that which is won by a consistent fidelity to principle and the pursuing of a high and noble aim and ideal."

The East York Conservatives.

The following resolution was passed at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the East York Liberal-Conservative Association: "Irrespective of all party considerations the name of the Honorable Alexander Mackenzie, Prime Minister of Canada from 1873 to 1878, will long be enshrined on the roll of distinguished and patriotic Canadians. The Executive Committee of the Liberal-Conservative Association of East York therefore takes this opportunity of expressing sympathy with Mrs. Mackenzie in the loss of her husband and also of expressing on behalf of the Conservatives of East York their appreciation of the public services of our late member.

"And be it further resolved that the officers of the association, together with our candidates in the two last elections, attend the funeral as representatives of the association."

"Crocusses and several other kinds of cusses flourish in the Dominion just now."—Homer's Iliad.

"The flowers that bloom in the spring, tra, la!"—Macbeth, Act 2, Scene 4.

"March winds and April showers bring forth May flowers."—Paradise Lost.

THE NOVA SCOTIA THIEVES.

ASTOUNDING DISCLOSURES IN THE INVESTIGATION.

Forgery on a Large Scale in Connection With the Distribution of Road Money—Signatures of Foremen Affixed to Bogus Pay Sheets—Even the Government Supporters Staggered.

HALIFAX, April 19.—The most sensational evidence yet adduced in the road expenditure investigation was produced before the Committee on Privileges to-night. Benjamin Fraser, returned as foreman for the expenditure of $629, the disbursement of which was purported to have been declared to by him before a magistrate, was too sick to attend, but sent a letter, in which he stated that he had only expended $93, of which he gave the details. He also sent a copy of a letter from Mr. Fraser, the member, authorizing him to expend $30. This was the most barefaced swindle yet made public and staggered even the Government supporters on the committee.

Roderick Campbell swore to expending only $34, but the pay sheet and declaration in the Government offices, purporting to be made by him, showed an expenditure of $118. The declaration purports to have been made before Mr. Fraser, the member. Campbell swore he never gave the pay sheet and never made the declaration.

Francis McKinnon swore he expended $50 and made an affirmation of the correctness of the same, and is amazed to find the amount swelled in the bogus return sent to the Government to $129.

The most sensational part of the evidence to-night was given by R. E. Burke, who was returned as making an expenditure of $140. He swears that he never spent a dollar; that he never made a declaration and that his signature is a forgery.

A Corpse On the Driver's Seat.

RENFREW, Ont., April 19.—Robert Cameron, who lives about three miles from Renfrew, walked into the village yesterday afternoon. Returning home, when on the outskirts of the village, he was overtaken by a man with a buggy, whom he asked for a drive. Soon after taking his seat in the rig the driver heard a gurgling noise and on looking at Cameron saw that his face had become livid. This was followed by a deathly pallor and a moment afterwards the man was dead. The cause was attributed to heart failure.

A Reserve for Breeding Beavers.

MONTREAL, April 19.—Mr. Robert Kilgore of Bascom, Ga., is in the city on his way to the northern section of the St. Maurice, where he intends to establish a reserve for the breeding of beavers. Mr. Kilgore's father has already a similar establishment in Georgia, where there are at present nearly two hundred of these interesting animals, but he believes that the climate of this province is more advantageous for the carrying out of this industry, which should be a paying one considering that beavers have now become very scarce and their furs bring high prices.

The Brantford Bigamy Case.

BRANTFORD, April 19.—John Read was charged at the police court this morning with bigamy. On the 20th day of May, 1890, he married a woman named Mary Jane Lefler of Brantford, having previously been married to a woman in Cardwell county. Three years ago Read deserted his first wife and six children and they have not heard from him since. The prisoner elected to be tried by magistrate.

The prisoner pleaded guilty to the charge and was remanded until Monday.

A Buffalo Murder.

BUFFALO, April 19.—Mrs. Edward Beaver was discovered dead in her bed this afternoon at 2.10 o'clock, with her skull crushed in and an ax covered with blood lying beside her. She lived with her husband in three little rooms in the rear part of the house at 278 Carroll-street. Her husband is missing, and he it was that did the bloody deed. He is a lake fireman, and the crime was probably done Sunday night. Both husband and wife had been drinking.

Death Roll of a Day.

Roswell Smith, president of The Century Co., died in New York yesterday.

Friedrich Martin Bodensted, the author, died in Berlin yesterday.

Warning—Ask your druggist for Gibbons' Toothache Gum. Take no other.

The First Salt Sent Back.

BUFFALO, April 19.—Inspector De Barry sent back to Canada yesterday Charles Stanton, a sailor from Port Stanley, and Elias Leander Kindly, a carpenter of Rainham, who was coming under contract to work for a Forest-avenue contractor.

A Wonderful invigorator of the entire system, Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum, worth more than its weight in gold to those suffering from dyspepsia.

$600 Damages.

SARNIA, April 19.—At the assizes to-day a verdict for $600 was rendered in the Conlin-Mullins seduction case.

One Doz oysters and a glass of ale, 25c, at the Hub.

LORD GREVILLE'S BROTHER

CHARGED WITH IMITATING VALENTINE BAKER.

A Young Lady Named Price Accuses Him of Assaulting Her in a Compartment of an English Railway Train Running from Brighton to London—He Claims That it is a Case of Blackmail.

LONDON, April 19.—Hon. Patrick Greville-Nagent, brother of Lord Greville, was to-day arraigned in the Police Court on the charge of having indecently assaulted a young lady named Price. The offence is alleged to have been committed last night in a compartment of a train running to London from Brighton.

Miss Price stated she made a most desperate struggle against her assailant and that he only succeeded in his attempt after she was exhausted by her fighting against him.

The prisoner was remanded in bail of £400. He strenuously denies the charge and declares the case is one of attempted blackmail.

The affair has caused a tremendous sensation.

RUSSIANS SHOOT AT A COMET.

It is Now Believed the Supposed Balloon Was a Celestial Tramp.

BERLIN, April 19.—The latest reports tend to confirm the Czar's visit to Berlin this summer and an agreement between Germany and Russia on the question of trade. Altogether the outlook is most peaceful and nothing disturbs the air but balloons. An article republished here to-day gives details of the appearance of a balloon over Grodno, with the names of the witnesses. It is certain that something has been seen, but the question is what was it.

Oddly enough the details confirm the view of the staff officers here who supposed that the balloon was really a comet. It appears about dusk and disappears in the west like all heavenly bodies, and there is no known war balloon of sufficient lifting power to carry an electric light plant, if free, but the streamers from comets are very like the illuminated cords of a balloon. As yet Maxim's laurels are not in danger.

This theory also explains why the Russians cannot hit the supposed balloon. It is a remarkable fact, but well authenticated, that the Chinese also shoot at comets to drive them away.

HE POISONED THE GIRLS.

A Londoner Dines With Females and Then Kills Them.

LONDON, April 19.—The Stamford-street poison case, in which two girls named Marsh and Shrivell were found dying after having had supper with an unknown man whom they called "Fred," continues to be a mystery. The girls appear to have died by strychnine, and the police have been unable to find "Fred," who is also known as the "Doctor." This case has some points of similarity with that of the girl mysteriously poisoned in the Waterloo-road some months back.

Cursed Out of Church by a Priest.

DUBLIN, April 19.—When Mrs. Conners and her family entered Ballyclough Church, near Mallow, this morning to attend mass several persons in the congregation cried, "Grabber, grabber." Father Leadre, the priest, at once left the altar, and as those who made the outcry started for the door he followed them, calling:

"May the curse of God fall upon you for promoting such sacrilege in God's house."

The excitement in the church was intense, and when Father Leadre turned back to the altar the congregation, except Mrs. Conners and her family, left the building. The service, however, was carried out as usual.

Wagging Tongues, Beware.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 19.—The measures adopted by the Council of the Empire to prevent the divulging of any facts in connection with Russian affairs provide that any civilian who betrays official secrets to a foreign power will be exiled to the most remote part of Siberia. In the case of officials betraying the trust reposed in them, they will first be condemned to seven years' imprisonment in the fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul, after which they will be exiled to Siberia for life. Officials whose negligence leads to the betrayal of secrets will be liable to several years' imprisonment.

Famous German Aeronaut Dead.

BERLIN, April 19.—Herr Damm, the famous German aeronaut, died to-day in this city. He has a world-wide reputation and has frequently made ascents in the United States. During the Franco-Prussian war Damm obtained from the Prussians the balloon in which Gambetta escaped from Paris to Tours, and which was turned adrift as soon as Gambetta had effected his purpose. With this he performed many experiments and made some of his most daring voyages.

Fighting in Burmah.

RANGOON, April 19.