

The Semi-Weekly Colonist.

THIRTY-EIGHTH YEAR.

VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA THURSDAY JUNE 11 1896.

VOLUME XXXVIII, NO. 57

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Valuable Consignment of Sealskins—Artillery Instruction—Birds for Westminster's Museum.

Political Meeting at Wellington—Miners and Mine Laborers—Minerals From Howe Sound.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, June 8.—The Vancouver market was opened on Saturday. There were quantities of eggs, butter, vegetables and rhubarb sold.

The Bishop of New Westminster is to officiate at Christ church during the month of June. Rev. Mr. Tucker, pastor of the church, having taken a month's holiday.

VANCOUVER, June 9.—The new cannery, under process of construction, had all their nets stolen by thieves early this morning. The loss is a heavy one. The police are on the trail.

The Artillery men on the Mainland are quite satisfied with the choice. That has been made of representatives for British Columbia at the Shoeburness artillery tournament. Sergeant Thomas, of Victoria, is well known here, while Sergeant Major Cornish is one of the most popular men in companies 4, 5 and 6. The expenses of the British Columbia representatives between here and Quebec will be met by the local companies. The expenses from Quebec to England are guaranteed by the Dominion government.

The annual Baptist convention opened this morning. The forenoon session was almost entirely taken up by a very able sermon by Rev. F. O. Langens. The afternoon session was taken up with prayer and hymns and the choosing of a committee to strike standing committees.

James Stewart, a C.P.R. conductor, died suddenly early this morning. The city council has received a number of letters from ministers and others asking them not to consider favorably the applications received by them for licenses to run variety halls in Vancouver.

Sixty-two new electric street lights have been placed in position on the streets of Vancouver.

The council requires that the World's Regatta committee report on Thursday next whether or not they are going to hold a world's regatta. If a negative answer is received \$1,600 will be granted towards the usual Dominion Day celebration.

Should the annual regatta match take place at Central park, Vancouver will present a challenge cup to cost \$50 for competition.

No boat can be secured to run between Chilliwack, Langley and Vancouver. A boat that could ascend the Fraser could not draw more than two feet of water, and such a boat could not navigate safely in the Gulf. This is a serious handicap to the Vancouver market.

At the council meeting last night a by-law authorizing the signing of the electric light agreement was passed.

The S. G. Iron Works Co. some time ago asked for exemption from taxation on extensions. The council has asked for further particulars and has received the reply that \$100,000 would be spent on a marine railway, \$125,000 on the extension of the present works for the

manufacture of mining machinery, and \$100,000 addition to working capital. Two hundred hands will be employed. The finance committee are considering this application and an application in similar terms from J. Findlay & Co., a firm who announce that they are going to establish a plant for the manufacture of mining machinery in B. C.

WESTMINSTER.

WESTMINSTER, June 8.—The value of a number of sacks of sealskins consigned to London by the steamer Rithet from Victoria on her last trip was \$53,480. Some fifty passengers left by steamer yesterday for Fort Douglas.

The sixty-four pounder used by the Vancouver school of artillery instructors, has been shipped by train to Westminster for use in Company drill.

Mr. John Fannin, curator of the Provincial museum, has sent to the library commissioners forty stuffed and mounted birds.

Mr. Hutchison, ex-Conservative candidate for Westminster, wishes the press to publish the statement that he found it necessary to retire from his candidature solely on account of ill-health and not on account of reasons assigned by certain newspapers.

WESTMINSTER, June 9.—C. K. Snell left on Sunday for the East. Mr. Snell was one of the strongest players on the local lacrosse team. He will remain East probably during the entire summer.

The residence of E. Whyman and contents were partially destroyed by fire last night. The property was insured for \$3,000. The fire was caused by the explosion of a coal oil lamp.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, June 8.—On Saturday evening a numerous attended meeting of electors was held at Wellington, under the presidency of Mr. Mathews, J. P. Mr. Haggart, the first speaker, made a rousing speech, in which he referred to the excellent reception with which he had met, and declared that the main question at issue was Protection vs. Free Trade. The people, he averred, amid considerable cheering, were not content to entrust the Liberal party with the reins of power, in view of their peculiar tariff tactics. He pointed out how every class of the community had been benefited under the open policy of Canada, but would have properly demanded the support of all fair-minded Canadians for the policy of the government on this question.

The Journal (Independent) speaking of the Grip-Patron-McCarthy exposure, says: "The unpleasant fact revealed is that the Ontario Liberal whip, Mr. Sutherland, the organizer, Mr. A. Smith, and Mr. Dalton McCarthy, have all been utilizing Mr. Edward Farrer's services, in place of showing respect to themselves and their country by allying themselves only with people with decent records. As the Journal has already stated, Mr. Edward Farrer's services should not show any toleration of them, although now discredited and unimportant, was once in a position to do this country grave harm, and tried to do so."

The steamer "Mamie," Capt. E. C. Bridgman, with a school of lumber in tow, passed a school of large whales near the entrance, Island Light, Gulf of Georgia.

The quartz found by Messrs. Abinger and Glennie in the vicinity of Howe Sound has been assayed and yields rich returns in gold, silver and copper. The discoverer will shortly proceed with the further development of the edge, which they consider one of the best in this vicinity.

A mass meeting of the Miners and Mine Laborers' Protective Association was held in the opera house on Saturday morning for the purpose of considering the question of continuing the office of the agency and secretaryship now held by Mr. Ralph Smith. Mr. Smith had previously expressed a wish to have the matter openly discussed at a mass meeting. As the result, it was almost unanimously resolved to continue the agency, with Mr. Smith as agent. It was decided to substitute monthly for weekly meetings during the summer months, such meetings to be held on the first Saturday in every month.

CHEMUNUS.

CHEMUNUS, June 6.—Last Sunday Rev. Mr. Manuel preached his farewell sermon in the school house. At the close of the service he was presented with a purse containing about \$50, contributed by members of the congregation to show their appreciation of his faithful ministry in this place. Mr. Misenor, his successor, will hold his first service here on Sunday next.

Arthur Howe has opened a butcher shop here and is doing a rushing business.

Constable Greaves, of Duncan's, passed through here to-day.

The schooner Hesper left on Friday with a shipload of lumber for China, being towed out by the tug Mystery.

The Victoria Lumber Co. are running their sawmill night and day. The Arranmore is loading lumber for Australia.

Fishermen report good catches of fish in the Chemunus river.

Recent showers have revived the appearance of the crops. There is every prospect of a good fruit crop this year.

ROSSLAND.

(From the Miner.)

The Apache group on the Deer Mountain range have been bonded to Mr. Jamieson, mining expert for the Lillooet, Fraser River and Cariboo Gold Fields Company Limited, for \$30,000, who have also bonded the Red Mountain for \$16,000 and a second group in the Waterloo camp.

The tunnel on the Monte Christo is just breaking through the hanging wall into the one body and the face looks very well. The two big cuts above the tunnel show enormous bodies of solid ore.

A deal was consummated in Rossland on Monday, which is likely to result in the opening up of a new section of the Trail mining division. T. C. Collins and his partners gave an option on the 10th of May to J. B. McArthur on four claims, the Free Colonge, Jeff Davis, Stonewall and Empress, situated on the divide between Bear and Champion creeks.

TUPPER'S FINE SPEECH RHODES BANQUETTED.

Fallacies of the Liberal Policy Expounded—The Farrer-Laurier-McCarthy Combination.

Generosity to Protestants in Quebec—Making Matters Hot for Illegal Fishermen.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, June 8.—Sir Charles Tupper opened his Ontario tour here to-night, when 5,000 people heard him in the Rideau rink. A hoodlum faction supporting McVeity, anti-Remedial candidate, endeavored to break up the meeting, but were frustrated. Sir Charles Tupper had a good hearing, but Hon. Mr. Desjardins was not allowed to speak, and this will work irreparable injury to the Liberals and anti-Remedialists.

Sir Charles Tupper delivered a grand speech in which he exposed the fallacies of the Liberal policy. He called attention to an inscription denouncing the Farrer, Laurier and McCarthy combination and said that in 1891 Sir John Macdonald had exposed one of the most despicable attempts to undermine the policy made by that contemptible traitor, this man who had disgraced Canada and Canadians, entering into an immoral, disreputable and disgraceful combination with Messrs. Farrer, Laurier and McCarthy. (Loud cheers and hisses.) The Premier then briefly alluded to the school question, and cited the able arguments of Hon. David Mills in support of the government's position and referred to the manner in which Protestant rights had been respected in the province of Quebec. Had the rights of the Protestants in that province been interfered with, as was the case with the Catholics of Manitoba, there was not a Protestant pulpit in Canada, but would have properly demanded the support of all fair-minded Canadians for the policy of the government on this question.

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The Notable South African Statesman Sketches the History of Rhodesia.

He Outlines the Policy Which He Has Pursued and Invites Co-operation.

BULAWAYO, June 6.—At a banquet given here Hon. Cecil Rhodes made an important speech in which he briefly sketched the history of Rhodesia. He said a railway from the south was advancing rapidly, and it might reach Pampy within a year. He expressed confidence in the development of the mines and ennobled General Carrington, in command of the Imperial forces in South Africa, as the man he would himself have selected to quell the rebellion. He deplored the great loss of life, but said the Matabele had displayed unusual obstinacy. When they had been subdued General Carrington and General Martin would select sites for permanent forts.

He was surprised, he continued, that the farmers of Matabeleland were so prosperous before the outbreak of the rinderpest. The disease, he argued, might not reappear in a century. In Rhodesia he saw the future prosperity of Matabeleland was assured. It was the best grazing country in the world. He referred to the creditable action of the British Chartered South African Co. in the matter of compensation for the loss of the neighboring states had been discussing and settling the future of Rhodesia without considering that the Rhodesians had a voice in the matter. The settlements on the Niger and East Africa were failures, he claimed, because the climate was not suited to Europeans.

On the completion of the railway, Rhodesia, he thought, would become thickly populated with whites. If he were allowed to remain to work with them, he looked to the future for the charter to lapse and the colony to become self-governing. This would be possible without detriment to the holders. Mr. Rhodes ridiculed the idea of the amalgamation of the Transvaal or its annexation to Cape Colony. Of the possessions now bounded by the Zambezi and the Limpopo, he said, a valuable portion of the country would be recognized as lying north of the Zambezi. He rested with the people, he said, to cooperate with him to carry out his scheme.

He argued, was too small for self-government, but representation in the legislative council would be an intermediate stage to the ultimate object. He advised the people always to look to independence in the future and to keep their hearts the idea of free trade and quick communication with the Cape. He also favored a system of joint defence, with, as a condition, no federation.

His policy had, he says, been the same self government in the north, and while he had the say in the country that policy would never change. He would advise the people to be satisfied, if he altered the idea, he would be glad to be again invited to the co-operation of the people in his scheme of making Rhodesia one of the South African states.

Canadian cruisers on the Great Lakes are making it hot for illegal fishermen.

THE GREEN BOOK.

LONDON, June 6.—The chief political feature of the week has been the stir created by the Italian green book relating to the communications exchanged with Great Britain regarding the Sudan expedition and containing information which the opposition here complains the Marquis of Salisbury refused to communicate to the British parliament.

Several of the communications published in this green book are obviously intended for his rival's information and were published by the Italian premier, the Marquis di Rudini, in order to damage the reputation of the British government.

Mr. Henry Labouchere raised the question in the House of Commons yesterday in an attack on the government, and in the course of his explanation Mr. A. J. Balfour, the government leader and first lord of the treasury, severely rebuffed the Italian government, saying that the latter's action in regard to the green book, was, trusted, was an exceptional and an accidental circumstance which might possibly find excuse in the recent affairs of the Italian administration. But, he added, no confidential communications could proceed between the powers unless greater discretion was shown.

The incident recalls a similar breach of confidence upon the part of the Italian government in 1893, in publishing in a great book opinions of the German, French and Belgian ministers regarding the bad faith of Venezuela in financial matters, resulting in Venezuela giving the ministers their passports.

THE LADIES' RACE.

ERSOM, June 6.—Lord Derby's Canterbury Pilgrim was the winner of yesterday's race for the Oaks stakes, one of the most highly prized honors among British turf events. The Prince of Wales' This was second, J. C. Hill's Proposition third. The Oaks stakes was 4,500 sovereigns, for 3-year-old fillies, to carry 120 pounds each. Bright sunshine and a fair course favored ladies and the favor of the Epsom summer meeting. The crowd was enormous. The Prince of Wales and party met with one of the most enthusiastic receptions on record on their arrival from London. Since he wore the blue ribbon of the turf the Prince seems to have risen in the

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

TRADE PARLIAMENT.

Opening in London of the British Congress of the British Empire.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell on the Relations of Canada to the Mother Country.

LONDON, June 8.—The third congress of the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire opened to-day in the hall of the Company of Grocers, with the reception of the delegates. The Canadian delegates include Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Mr. Sanford Fleming. After the reception the majority of the delegates visited the London and India docks, by invitation of the London and India docks joint committee, and enjoyed luncheon on board the steamship Caledonia, where they were the guests of the Peninsula and Oriental Steam Navigation company. Some of the delegates visited the East London trades and exhibition and art exhibitions and the general exhibition of the work of the students in the Polytechnic and Technical institutes, the People's Palace and other like places of interest.

The first sitting of the congress will occur to-morrow morning, when the members will be welcomed by Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, and honorary president of the congress. The congress will be continued at 4 p.m. to-morrow under the presidency of Sir Albert K. Rolitt, president of the London Chamber of Commerce, and there will be a reception at the Mansion House by the Lord Mayor and Lady Mayoress at nine o'clock the same evening.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell, in an interview during the course of the day on the subject of the work of the congress, said that its object was to bring the Empire together at the proper time, which was not far distant, when much closer trade relations between the colonies would be arrived at. He added that while he was not a free-trader, was willing not so hidebound for protection as not to believe that the time was fast coming when the colonies would be quite prepared to make concessions, provided Great Britain would make some trifling concessions.

At the luncheon Sir Mackenzie Bowell replied to the toast of "The British Empire." In doing so, he said that the British Empire was second to none in the world, and that the colonies were accused of spread-eagleism, and if he boasted, living as he did alongside the United States, he hoped for forgiveness. The ex-premier of Canada then lauded the loyalty of Canada, and referring to the possibility of war with the United States, said that the people of Canada would rather die to-morrow than be brought under the stars and stripes. Canada to-day, he said, was willing to surrender a portion of her fiscal policy in order to meet the sentiments of England, and Canadians wished to make Canada the highway to the East.

VENEZUELAN QUESTION.

LONDON, June 6.—The Venezuelan question has again crept to the front. The Speaker, for instance, says it bears disquieting news in connection with the negotiations looking to a peaceful settlement of the boundary dispute between British Guiana and Venezuela. It adds, however, that nothing definite has yet happened, and says that perhaps there is no cause for immediate anxiety. But the Speaker continues, "The facts are perfectly clear—i.e. the report of the American commission is expected ere long, and in the event of refusal to accept its recommendations we shall have an outburst of feeling in the United States, compared with which that of last December will be trifling; and that in the circumstances the foreign office is not making any attempt to hasten the close of the incident and is simply pursuing the old plan of letting things drift. We speak with confidence when we say that in the highest quarters of the Opposition there is a feeling of grave anxiety as to the future of the question."

TURKEY WARNED.

VIENNA, June 9.—In an address to the Austrian delegation to-day, Count Coluchowski, minister of foreign affairs, explained the foreign policy of the government, in the course of his remarks declaring that the situation in Crete was of such a character that it was impossible to say what would happen next. The condition of things prevailing on the island, he said, was due to the maldistribution of public affairs by the Turkish authorities. Turkey, he added, ought to take measures in her European and Asiatic provinces which would justify confidence in the vital forces of the Ottoman empire, otherwise Turkey's best friends, including Austria, would be unable to prevent the empire's fall.

HOME RULE FOR CUBA.

LONDON, June 9.—A despatch to the Times from Havana says: There is much talk in official circles of arranging the Cuban question on the basis of a concession of Home Rule similar to that in Canada. The Cubans are inclined to accept this proposal, provided Spain takes the Cuban debt and the United States guarantees the Spanish performance of the compact. U. S. Consul General Fitzhugh Lee has arrived here specially intrusted to report immediately upon the precise condition of affairs.

A Confidence Game....

At ch'ch' las night—
Miss Lucy.
Oh, dat's all right—
Miss Lucy.
Ez sma' kin be,
n't hide fom me;
Miss Lucy.
Right you's awful keen—
Miss Lucy.
I done's I seen;
Miss Lucy.
O' alm jes so,
outside de do'—
at man's yo' beat—
Miss Lucy.
Y, wha' d' he say?
Miss Lucy.
—dat's yo' pal!
—iss Lucy.
—an' I'm yo' pal!
his othah gal—
—but name is Sal—
Miss Lucy.
Dunbar in the June

Wrinkled Loveliness!
Crinkled Prettiness!
Pucker'd Beauty!
Knotted Elegance!

Of course, every lady whose eye catches this heading will know that it leads up to Crepons. Count any fabric ever prescribed by fashion is described in the same way. They're very odd; but they're also nice and new. A large stock of fancy colored and plain to select from, 20c. to 40c. per yard.

Wash Fabrics.
Percales.
Teazle Down.
Crepe Llamas.

Of course, in white goods we have the very best for the money. Natsbooks and lawns from 12 1/2 cts. India Linens, Victoria Lawns, Divinity and Swiss, from 10 cts. per yard. Fibre Fabric, for lining, good as the best, 15 cts. per yard. Harecloth and imitation harecloth, at 15c. 20c. 25c. Crinolines 10c. 12c. 15c. Imperials, Silkes, worth 25c., now 20c., Silkline 15c. and 20c., Sateens 12 1/2 cts. and 15c.

The Westside.

J. HUTCHESON & COY.
June 10th, 1896.

DR. W. G. BROWN'S
WINDING
MACHINE
PERFECT MADE.
Made of Tarter Powder. Free
from any other adulterants.
THE STANDARD.