

By Electric Telegraph.

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST

Europe.

LONDON, Dec 4—Gladstone had an audience with the Queen yesterday, and formally accepted the appointment of Prime Minister; there was a large gathering of Liberals at Gladstone's residence in the evening.

The Times says Romilly will be Chancellor of Exchequer; Sir Roundell Palmer, Master of the Rolls; Sir Robert Collier will probably be Attorney General; John Bright has been asked to join the new Ministry.

LONDON, Dec 3—Gladstone has gone to Windsor. Parliament will hold an informal meeting on the 5th, and then will adjourn to February the 15th, to give time for the selection of a new Ministry.

The Times comments with severity on Disraeli's resignation, and denounces his retreat as cowardly; it says it is unprecedented, except in the case of the resignation of the Earl of Ripon, who had become Premier, however, only during a recess.

The Post, Telegraph, News and Standard applaud the prompt action of the Premier as calculated to save the Queen from embarrassment, and his party from needless mortification.

MALDEN, Dec 3—An Imperial newspaper predicts that the republicans will succeed in the forthcoming election, and a new Ministry will be formed with Espartaco as Prime Minister.

LONDON, Dec 5—Dr Playfair, Liberal, is elected to the House of Commons for Edinburgh.

The Times says the new Ministry will be completed this afternoon. We believe the following were to have been selected: Earl Russell will have a seat without a portfolio; Earl of Clarendon, Secretary for Foreign Affairs; Robert Lowe, Chancellor of the Exchequer; Edward Caldwell, Secretary of War; John Bright, Secretary of State for India; Henry Wood, Lord Chancellor; J D Colledge, Solicitor General; Chickester Fortesque, Secretary for Ireland; H C Childers, 1st Lord of the Admiralty.

LONDON, Dec 4—There are vague rumors afloat in this city of a general seizure of newspapers and conflicts between the troops and mobs in Paris. These rumors, though not confirmed caused a panic in the commercial circles in this city.

The Times in an editorial on the Alabama claims, argues against the Government yielding to the new demand of Mr Seward; that the question of international law be submitted to the Commission. The Times says the American Commission will come committed against English claims and by a national law, the British Commissioners be driven to the opposite view. The Times regrets that Lord Stanley has been robbed of the glory of settling these international difficulties, but it is certain that Lord Clarendon, or whoever the Foreign Secretary may be, will pursue the same policy.

LONDON, Dec 4—Evening—It is reported that John Bright has peremptorily declined the office of Secretary of State. The appointment of the Earl of Kimberley as Foreign Secretary in the place of Earl Clarendon, is believed to be his wish. In this connection it may be asserted that the full list of Ministers will be completed on Monday.

MADRID, Dec 4—Espartaco has been asked to become temporarily dictator of Spain.

LONDON, Nov 29—The majority of the late elections has been in favor of conservatives who always had disproportionate strength in the counties. Their gain in present instances is also undoubtedly to be attributed largely to the indifference of the Liberals, who were rendered careless by the heavy majority they secured during the first week of the elections. In the manufacturing districts there has been a spirited Orange organization elicited against the candidates, who favor the disestablishment. The entrance of this element into the strife in some quarters led to the mobbing and the intimidation of voters. It is charged that without responsibility for these excesses, the Liberal party have suffered so severely from them that it has become almost a unity in favor of voting by ballot.

LONDON, Dec 3—Despatches from Paris report that when the police learned that the manifestations would be made in honor of Bandin, they took every precaution to prevent the people from assembling at the tomb. A crowd of people however, gathered in the neighborhood of the cemetery; the police dispersed the crowd, but they returned sullenly and continued for some time to occupy the neighboring streets; a few of the more obstinate persons were arrested, but there was no actual violence; at last accounts all was quiet. Impressive of editors and publishers for promoting the Bandin movement still continues.

Eastern States.

RICHMOND, Dec 4—In Davis' case Judge Chase announced that the Court was divided he (Chase) being in favor of quashing the indictment, and District Judge Underwood opposing it.

NEW YORK, Dec 3—In conversation recently, Senator Cameron told a Washington correspondent that firmness in the administration of the laws will restore tranquility; that firmness is what the country obtains in fact.

Central America.

NEW YORK, Nov 30—The civil war in the State of Panama is closed, Government putting down the insurgents. The revolutionary movement in Costa Rica proved successful.

Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Dec 3—Despatches received at the State Department from our Consul General at Cuba state that the revolutionists were badly defeated in their late operations, and the general impression seems to be that the revolutionists will fall in their efforts to overthrow the present Government.

HAVANA, Dec 3—The revolutionists report that the future of their cause looks much brighter; they will not surrender, and they expect reinforcements from the Americans.

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec 4—Wells Fargo, & Co, advertise through tickets overland from San Francisco to New York at \$284 20, currency, time 11 days.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec 4—Flour \$5 75 @ 5 87 1/2. Wheat \$1 75 @ 1 80. Barley \$2 10 @ 2 17. Oats \$1 80 @ 1 90.

ARRIVED, Dec 4—Bark Victor, from Bellingham Bay. Cleared, Dec 4—Steamer Ajax, Astoria; French ship Jeanne Alice, Port Townsend.

Sailed, Dec 4—Bark Rival, Port Townsend; brig Crimea, Port Ladlow; schooner General Harney, Sitka. Legal Tenders 73 1/2 @ 74. Gold 135 1/2.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec 4—The brig R. triever arrived to-day with a portion of the cargo of the ship Golden Hind of Boston, which put into Rio in distress.

ARRIVED, Dec 4—Bark Rival, Port Ladlow; bkine Grace Roberts, Port Orchard. Dec 2—Bk Carlotta, from Seabeck.

DELAYED DISPATCHES.

Eastern States.

ST. LOUIS, Dec 1—A Cheyenne village of Black Kettle's band, on the North Fork of Wichita river, was captured yesterday at daylight by cavalry under General Curtis. Ten Indians were killed, 53 taken prisoners and a large amount of property captured. The property consists of 100 mules and horses, arms, ammunition, equipments, &c., most of which were destroyed. Black Kettle, the chief, was killed, and Capt Lewis Hamilton was killed.

NEW YORK, Dec 1—Gen Grant declines all public demonstrations. Senator Sumner expresses his determination to take a stand in Congress in favor of the immediate resumption of specie payments.

CHICAGO, Dec 1—The Republican's special says that it is asserted Seward insists upon the following points regarding negotiations for the settlement of the Alabama claims: First. The appointment of Commissioners shall be understood to constitute the admission that England was wrong in recognizing the belligerency of the South. Second. Claims of British subjects which have been decided adversely in their own Courts, shall not be brought before the Commission.

IT is feared the final agreement between the two countries will not be reached until both Seward and the present British Ministry retire from office.

RICHMOND, Dec 3—In the U S Court to-day, Chief Justice Chase on the Bench, argument was commenced on the motion of indictment against Jeff Davis. Robert Ould, counsel for accused, argued that the disfranchisement punishment on Davis commenced on the day of the adoption of the Fourteenth Article, and therefore he cannot now be punished in any other way.

NEW YORK, Dec 3—Gen Custer has whipped the Indians on the Plains, and captured 875 horses, 1118 buffalo robes, 555 pounds of powder, 1000 pounds of lead, 4000 arrows, tobacco, rifles, and immense quantities of provisions, &c. Two white children were recaptured. One white woman was murdered by the Indians when the fight commenced.

A fire occurred in Fort Lafayette to-day which consumed the officers quarters and store-rooms. The ruins were still burning at midnight. The magazine, containing thirty tons of powder, is considered out of danger. Several shells exploded but no one was hurt.

LATER reports state that nothing is left of Fort Lafayette but a mass of brick and mortar. The Government loss is \$500,000.

LOUISVILLE, Dec 3—In Jefferson county a band of ruffians violated the persons of two negro girls, then shot them dead, and threw their bodies into a creek. Six of them have been arrested.

NEW YORK, Dec 3—It is stated that Seward and several of his friends are making preparations to visit Europe in the spring, immediately after Grant takes the Presidential chair.

PORTLAND, Dec 4—Alvan Flanders was arrested in Charlestown on a claim of \$3000, by one Roberts of San Francisco. Flanders claimed his release on a writ of habeas corpus. The writ was granted by Judge Fowler.

RICHMOND, Dec 4—In the Davis case, Judge Chase announced that the Court was divided, he (Chase) being in favor of quashing the indictment and District Judge Underwood opposing it.

NEW YORK, Dec 3—In conversation recently, Senator Cameron told a Washington correspondent that firmness in the administration of the laws will restore tranquility; that firmness is what the country obtains in fact.

WASHINGTON, Dec 5—The Republic State Central Committee of Virginia Richmond has considered the subject of the restoration of the State to its former relations in the Union, and decided to ask Congress to continue the Freedmen's Bureau in the unreconstructed States till their admission to the Union, and order an election for a Constitutional Assembly at an early day, and petition that the present Constitution should be submitted as a whole as it now stands.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov 27—Gen John O'Neil has been unanimously elected President of the Fenian Brotherhood at the Congress in this city. The delegates pledged their entire support to the plan submitted by him and resolved to use their influence to stop all recrimination among Irishmen laboring for the independence of Ireland. After a harmonious session the Congress adjourned.

NEW YORK, Nov 28—The Herald's Washington special says the terms of the Protocol now in the hands of the President are as already telegraphed, except that the number of the Commissioners is four instead of three, two to be appointed by each party. Claims are to be decided immediately, or referred to arbitration.

IT is said the forthcoming public debt statement will show an increase of about eleven millions, directly due to the reduction of coin in the Treasury, paid on account of coin interest.

The Times publishes a statement of the building operations in this city during the war, from which it appears that over eight thousand structures were erected, at a total cost of not less than \$25,000,000, including twenty-five churches, costing about two millions. About thirty-four miles of new buildings were erected, many of the edifices being of costly marble.

CHICAGO, Dec 1—The Republican's special says it is asserted that Seward insists upon the following points in regard to the negotiations for settling the Alabama claims:

- 1. That the appointment of commissioners shall be understood to constitute the admission that England was wrong in recognizing the belligerents of the South.
2. That the claims of British subjects, which have been decided adversely in their own Courts, shall not be brought before the Commissioners.

IT is probable that the claims which have only been disallowed by the American Courts, will not be included in this negotiation. It is feared that the final agreement between the two countries will not be reached until both Seward and the present British Ministry retire from office, thus bequeathing the entire question to new men on both sides.

WASHINGTON, Dec 1—The public debt statement will probably show an increase of ten millions for the month.

NEW YORK, Dec 1—The Herald's Washington special says Senator Sumner recently expressed himself determined to take a stand in Congress for the immediate resumption of specie payment. He thinks nothing more need be done to the reconstruction laws, as Grant will enforce them. He was entirely disgusted with Reverdy Johnson, and was sorry he had consented to his confirmation.

MONTGOMERY, Dec 5—The Senate has passed a bill making the wearing of masks or disguises a crime, punishable with fine and imprisonment.

CHICAGO, Dec 5—The National Board of Trade, in session at Cincinnati, spent yesterday in discussing the questions how to restore our shipping to its former supremacy on the ocean, the postal telegraph system and the question of specie payments.

Gen Garfield announced his intention to press to a vote at the earliest opportunity a bill abolishing the Indian Bureau, and charging the War Department with the discharge of its functions. This bill was agreed to most unanimously by the Military Committee last session, but was lost for lack of time. It now apparently has a good chance of success.

An extraordinary snow storm prevailed here all day yesterday.

A fearful collision occurred on the Ohio river at half-past seven o'clock last night. About two miles above Warsaw, on the Indiana side, the steamer America was ascending the river, when she struck the steamer United States sinking to the main deck in two minutes. The collision occurred from mistake in signals. The United States had on board a quantity of petroleum oil, which took fire. It is supposed that 75 or 80 persons lost their lives. Both boats were the finest and largest afloat on the Ohio. Hundreds owe their lives to the courage and coolness of the officers and crew of the America, whose engines were kept moving until men were driven away by the flames. There were several bridal parties on board the America; and in all there were 350 ladies on board.

NEW YORK, Nov 26—The Herald's Washington special gives what purports to be the substance of a Convention between Minister Johnson and Lord Stanley, which received the approval of the British Government. It is now under consideration by the President. All claims are to be submitted to a commission of persons, two of whom are to be selected by Queen Victoria and one by the President, to meet in Washington. It shall examine and decide according to

justice and equity, without favor or affection. In case the Commissioners are unable to agree upon any claim, they shall select an arbitrator some sovereign of Europe, friendly to both Governments, whose decision shall be final and absolute. The convention prescribed the manner in which evidence shall be taken and the decision rendered. Each government shall appoint one person to attend the Commission and an agent in its behalf to perfect the report and reply to the claims and represent it generally. In all matters connected with the investigation both the contracting parties shall agree to consider the decision of the Commissioners absolute and conclusive, and give full effect to such decision without evasion or delay. Every claim must be represented within six months after the first meeting, unless good reason shall be shown to account for delay, in which case the time may be extended, not exceeding three months. The Commissioners are bound to examine and decide upon every claim within a year from the first meeting. All sums of money allowed by the Commission on any claims shall be paid by England within twelve months, without interest or deduction. This plan may be changed to give us an equal representation in the Commission and have meetings at Washington and London alternately.

Europe.

DUBLIN, Nov 26—A requiem mass was celebrated at Cork and Queenstown for the repose of the souls of the Fenians executed at Manchester. In both cases great demonstrations were made, the people attending in large numbers. There was no interference on the part of the authorities, and order was maintained.

LONDON, Nov 26—Several persons have been arrested in Paris by the police for making speeches at public meetings.

PARIS, Nov 26—The Moniteur de Soir, in an editorial on the Presidential election, says Grant's large majority will insure concord and tranquility, and it believes his policy will be to heal wounds of the late war by measures of conciliation. The same journal, in an article on South American affairs, says the hopes held out by his allied powers of ending the war with Paraguay; have not been realized. It adds that President Lopez is strongly entrenched at Villita, and will continue the war even after the fall of Asuncion.

Letters from Constantinople say the war in Crete is virtually ended. Several bands in the mountainous districts occasionally encounter the Turkish forces, but are daily diminishing. They find no aid or sympathy from the inhabitants.

The anniversary of the battle of Mentana was celebrated with great pomp throughout Italy.

It is rumored that another attack on Rome is in operation. LONDON, Nov 30—The Times comments on the rapid progress of the Pacific Railroad, and commends the enterprise of the American people in overcoming obstacles heretofore deemed insurmountable. It explains the influence this project will have on the commerce of the world.

DUBLIN, Nov 30—The nomination of Mr O'Connor as member of Parliament from the county of Sligo was seconded by Rev Mr Conway, a Catholic priest, who, in a speech on the occasion, declared that the Fenians in America were strong in numbers, organization and armament, and should the right of Ireland be withheld they would assist her in her liberation.

PARIS, Nov 30—Mr Hale, the American Minister to Spain is here, consulting with the medical fraternity relative to his failing health.

LONDON, Nov 30—It is creditably stated that the Emperor Napoleon is suffering from an attack of Diabetes, so that he cannot give full attention to business and that the Empress takes daily a large share in the details of the administration, relieving the Emperor from many of his burdens.

LONDON, Dec 2—Prime Minister DIsraeli has published an address announcing and defining the resignation of his Ministry. He reviews the progress of the resolution in favor of the disestablishment of the Irish Church. Believing that the country could not sanction such a measure, the Government awarded the election, for the holding of which all expedition was urged. The result shows that the Ministry cannot command the respect of the House of Commons; therefore they feel it due to their own honor and policy not to continue in office a single day. They are ready to support reform in Ireland, but still offer resistance to the policy enunciated by Gladstone.

LONDON, Nov 29—The alleged outrages upon foreigners in Paraguay have been disproved.

Much indignation is roused among British ship owners by the rumor that the Alabama treaty does not allow the claims of Englishmen based on decisions of American prize courts to be reopened before the Commission. The Shipping Gazette says such a provision is contrary to precedents established by the Americans themselves, and excludes claims undoubtedly well founded, and it declares if this report be true the convention is a capitulation and Parliament will never sanction it. A writer in the Observer takes the same view of the subject. He discourses it at length, citing many authorities.

The Times' Paris correspondent and other London papers have lately given currency to rumors that the health of the Emperor Napoleon is fast failing.

A Madrid dispatch says the popular subscription to the national loan now amounts to 319,000,000 reals. Apprehensions of bloodshed in Spain are increasing. It is thought a collision between the Monarchists and Republicans will be the inevitable result of such excited political contests.

VIENNA, Nov 29—The Austrian Government has fitted out and dispatched from Trieste an expedition to sail around the world. It is under the command of Carl Schurz.

MADRID, Nov 26—The Provisional Government has appointed December 18th as a day for holding the election for Cortes. It is positively denied that the Spanish squadron in the Pacific has refused to give in its adhesion to the revolutionary government.

LONDON, Nov 26—Jefferson Davis, who is stopping at Leamington, delivered a discourse on the importance of exploring Jerusalem, and the peculiar fitness of Englishmen for the honorable task.

LONDON, Dec 1—A dispatch from Constantinople says it is believed that the Sublime Porte will recall his Embassy from Athens, unless recruiting for Crete ceases in Greece.

The Queen has recovered from her slight indisposition and will leave Osborne soon after the meeting of Parliament.

A grand testimonial banquet is projected in Liverpool in honor of the members of the expiring Cabinet. Gladstone's chapter of an autobiography is generally thought to be a needless and injurious publication, and it alienated many friends.

PARIS, Dec 1—General Prim in his letter to Gaulla, declares the Spanish government will have no dealings with the Bourbons. He denounces with indignation the truth of the report that he proposes a coup d'etat.

BERLIN, Nov 1—In the House of Deputies today the Minister of Justice, Count von Lappe, made a speech urging legislation for making the legal system for the Prussian Kingdom uniform with the system of the North German States.

MADRID, Dec 1—On Monday a political meeting of Moderists at Valladolid was broken up by Republicans.

MADRID, Dec 1—A rumor is abroad that the United States Government has recognized the Cuban insurgents as belligerents. Admiral Mendez has arrived at Madrid. The Republicans attacked and dispersed a meeting of Monarchists in the town of Orense.

LONDON, Dec 2—The great curl race on the Thames to-day between Joseph Sadder and Kelley resulted in the defeat of Sadder by four lengths. Weather fine and immense crowds in attendance.

CORK, Dec 2—Sullivan, who was struck from the Commission of Peace for alleged sympathy with Fenianism, has been elected Mayor of this city.

LONDON, Dec 4—Hon Reverdy Johnson was entertained at a banquet last night by the Chamber of Commerce at Birmingham. John Bright was one of the guests. Mr Johnson, in response to the usual complimentary toast, referred to a change in the Ministry, and said he knew those who were likely to succeed to the Government were anxious to continue the present policy in the negotiations between England and the United States.

Oregon.

SALEM, Dec 2—Official majority in the State for Seymour electors is 164. The Democratic electors met and cast the State vote for Seymour and Blair.

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ARRIVED: Dec 5—Sip Ocean Queen, Nelson, San Juan. Dec 5—Sip Harriet, Kamala, San Juan. Dec 5—Sip Caroline, Victoria, San Juan. Dec 5—Sip Sabina, Anderson, Port Townsend. Dec 5—Sip Thornton, Warren, Nanaimo. Dec 5—Sip Lady Franklin, Fitzchar, San Juan. Dec 5—Sip Christie, North Coast. Dec 5—Sip Katerpelt, Swanson, New Westminster. Dec 5—Sip Killa, Middleton, Saanich. Dec 5—Sip Thomson, Burrard Inlet. Dec 5—Sip Miss Anderson, Finch, Port Townsend. Dec 5—Sip Hamley, Hollis, Nanaimo. Dec 5—Sip Star, Coastville, Wagon, Port Townsend. Dec 5—Sip Emma, McAlloch, San Juan. Dec 5—Sip Miss McKenzie, San Juan. Dec 5—Sip Star Active, Shell, Astoria.

CLEARED: Dec 4—Sip Industry, Watkins, Nanaimo. Dec 4—Sip Harriet, Kamala, San Juan. Dec 4—Sip Elsie, Vine, Sooke. Dec 4—Sip Albert, Carleton, Nanaimo. Dec 4—Sip Star Emma, McAlloch, San Juan. Dec 4—Sip Starprise, Carleton, Nanaimo. Dec 4—Sip Killa, Middleton, Saanich. Dec 4—Sip Star Isabel, Devereaux, Burrard Inlet. Dec 4—Sip Hamley, Hollis, Nanaimo. Dec 4—Sip Invariable, Coffee, San Juan. Dec 4—Sip Star, Port Townsend. Dec 4—Sip Ocean Queen, Evans, San Juan. Dec 4—Sip Miss McKenzie, San Juan. Dec 4—Sip Star Elizabeth, Finch, Port Townsend. Dec 4—Sip Sabina, Anderson, Port Townsend.

PASSENGERS.

PER STAR ACTIVE from Portland—Lieut J G Hamner, R N, Lieut Moore, R N, Lieut W P Wright, R N, Lieut White, R N, Mr Davison, Paymaster R N, Mr Laird, Chief Eng R N, Col W H Johnson, Paymaster U S A, F Holidy, U S A, Mrs Sanders and 2 children, Mrs N O McGregor, W T Popham, J A Popham, John King, M Gorton, F M Hanna, D Banbury, D B Ford, T D Searby, Rev P Kerby, Bishop, Deacons, J J Whitford, J Gaston, J McDermott, G Fletcher, J Lechin, Rev W C Chadwin, wife and 2 children, J D Pemberton, E DeYoung, Mrs Brady and 2 children, J Downey, J P Davies, W Dunlop, J Arthur, J Gillany, Jos Hamilton, J McCallister, D Binney, G W Reynolds, J Ramsey, T Taylor, Wyatt, John Margatit, Thomas Drew, and 6 others.

CONSIGNEES.

PER STAR ELIZA ANDERSON from Purget Sound—Caps, Stamps, Reynolds, Durgen, Jackson, Murray, Stuart & Co, Fort, Swany. PER STAR ACTIVE from Portland—H A C, J C S, G P W & S, B B Imperial Mills, F C D, M P T, W H & H, G S, H E L, Blum, J B J, P D & N S, L Broc, O & M, T S M, Lawrence Miller, North, Hamill Hills, W B E, T D B F, H B C, C J R, J Dickson, M Y, N B O, F I M, W G Norris, J Keyser, M Mark, J D Pemberton, Stafford, & Hicks, J Gaston.

IMPORTS.

PER STAR ELIZA ANDERSON from Purget Sound—10 bu cattle, 17 sheep, 5 muzzons, chequered, 41 hogs, 8 lbs beef, 7 lbs tallow, 5 blb corn beef, 6 lbs plants, 1 bx meat, 9 pigs skins, 60 fides, 67 lbs brns, 8 lbs apples, 1 copper, boiler.

PER STAR ACTIVE from Portland—4222 lbs flour, 116 lbs wheat, 170 lbs middlings, 30 lbs feed, 500 lbs sack oats, 320 bush apples, 18 lbs pears, 30 lbs fruit, 5 gummiu hams, 2 do bacon, 20 lbs lard, 3 blb butter, 2 gummiu oatmeal, 6 lbs rye, 18 lbs mace, 4 c household goods, 4 lbs eggs, 1 blb socks, 2 lbs sweet potatoes, 10 pieces machinery, 1 roll maps, 1 c baggage, 2 pigs cheese, 2 pigs hams, 4 boxes, 10 l sheep, 10 lb cattle, 19 pigs mail and express matter.

DIED.

On the 6th inst., Lucretia Mary, the beloved wife of John R. Greenleaf, Colquhoun Farm, aged 18 years and 8 months.

On Dec. 9th, Walter, the second son of John Skespe, aged 4 years.

Table with subscription rates: Per Annum, 10/6; Six Months, 6/6; Three Months, 3/6; Single Copies, 1/6. Also includes 'PAYABLE IN ADVANCE' and 'TERMS' sections.

ALTHOUGH we can

plous correspondents pray at the prospect of the session of the House of Commons which opens to-day, that nothing will be done to moderate the temper of the members of the House of Commons. Several measures will be brought forward during the session, and moderation and good Council will be required of their merits in a form that will permanently improve the Empire. It is proposed to give measures that most are these Ordinances productive and meritorious which in the past have hardly met with the hands of the Council. Had reason to expect touched upon various during the past proposed to introduce laid before the House their defeat, amendment on occasion may seem to be as we sincerely constitute of the House not without hope that the popular members.

The telegraph brings an insurrection in Spain. A Republic out of the left behind by the Royal and the adherents of Queen remain within the limits of the general turmoil to assist them in winning to her standard, have rebels. The centre of the at Cadix, whither a strong ment troops have been the rising if possible. Insurrection is of course but in view of the fact of the Provisional Government approach of the day on are to decide by ballot the erment under which the we think the rebel chances exceedingly small. These Spain, however, cannot powerful effect upon the who are becoming victorious towards the Imperial policy any but feelings of equanimity.

The letter of Mr Joseph Scotia—an abstract of the most obdurate republicans upon the proposition of the Union. Mr Howe's manly and loyal. He stated that he supported repeal of the Repeal Party were make any sacrifice in views, that then he all connexion with them. Of Mr Howe is a severe